IN compliance with the foregoing requisition, I hereby convene a Meeting of the inhabitants of Calcutta, to be held at the Town Hall, on Wednesday, the 13th of February next, at half past 3 o'clock, for the purposes above-mentioned.

J. H. FERGUSSON,
Sheriff.

CALCUTTA,
29th January 1856.

Sheriff's Office, the 6th February 1855.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of *Oyer* and *Terminer* and Gaol Delivery, and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Saturday, the First day of March next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

J. H. FERGUSSON,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস ৬ ফিবরুয়ারি ১৮৫৬ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামী ১ মার্চ ১৮৫৬ সাল শনিবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফোর্ট উইলেমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্তে বঙ্গদেশের ফোর্ট উইলএমের সুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেলটী অর্থাৎ মহাসমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মকদ্দমা নিস্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশীয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান জতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘন্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখুন।

J. H. FERGUSSON,
Sheriff.

Notice.

COMMANDERS of Vessels or others having young Rams from Australia or the Cape, of the Merino breed, suitable for Breeding purposes, for sale, are invited to apply at the Commissariat Office, No. 9, Hastings Street, any day, except Sunday, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

FRED. LLOYD,
Offg. Asst. Comy. General.

FORT WILLIAM,
Executive Comt. Office,
The 30th January 1856.

In the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

ECCLESIASTICAL SIDE.

In the Goods of William Johnstone Long, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application has been made, on the Twenty-ninth day of January last, to the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for Letters of Administration to the Estate and Effects of William Johnstone Long, late a Civil Surgeon in the Service of the East India Company, deceased, to be granted unto Charles Swinton Hogg, Esquire, Administrator General of Bengal.

N. PALIOLOGUS,
Proctor.

Notice.

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to an Order of the Supreme Court at Fort William, dated 14th August 1855, in an Equity Suit, wherein WOMESCHUNDER MITTER and others are Complainants and RAJKISTO MITTER and others are Defendants, at the Office of the Master, on Friday, the 29th day of February next, at 12 o'clock, the following property belonging to the Estate of RAMKISSEN MITTER, deceased, *viz.* :—

1*st.*—A Two-storied Dwelling House, formerly known as No. 7, but now as No. 4 Wellington Square, with a piece of land, containing seven cottahs or thereabouts, bounded on the West by No. 3 Wellington Square, on the South by a public Road, on the East by No. 5 Wellington Square, and on the North by the House of Ramnarain Dutt.

2*nd.*—A Stable and piece of land known, as No. 6 Wellington Square, containing one cottah or thereabouts, bounded on the North by Uckoor Dutt's Lane, on the East by a public Lane, on the South by premises belonging to Radha Madhub Paul, and on the West by a House belonging to Mr. Edmonds.

3*rd.*—A Two-storied House, No. 17 College Street, Puttuldangah, in Calcutta, with a piece of land, countaining about four cottahs and a half, bounded on the West by the Fever Hospital, on the South by the House of Horromohun Chatterjee, on the East by College Street, and on the North by the House of Sadoolah Jemadar.

4*th.*—A Lower-roomed House, No. 45 Emambaug Lane, Cossitollah, in Calcutta, with a piece of land, containing about two cottahs and three chittacks, bounded on the West and North by the House and land of Sookia Meah, on the South by Emambaug Lane, and on the East by Messieurs Cook and Company's House.

5*th.*—A piece of Land at Mullungah, in Calcutta, containing about one biggah and one cottah, bounded on the West by the House of Bissonath Curmocar, on the South by land of Moulovee Hajee Sahib, on the East by the House of Mr. Bampton, and on the North by Mullungah Lane.

6*th.*—A piece of land at Mullungah, known as No. 11 Uckoor Dutt's Lane, containing about three cottahs and twelve chittacks, bounded on the West by the House of Muddenmohun Mitter, on the South by the House of Gunganarain Ghose,

on the East by the House of Sumboochunder Ghose, and on the North by the Garden of Hurrymohun Shoe.

7th.—An Upper-roomed House, Godowns, Stables, and a piece of land, containing about seven cottahs, known as part of No. 7 Uckoor Dutt's Lane, bounded on the West and North by Hurrymohun Shoe's House on the East by the House No. 7 Family Dwelling House hereinafter described, and on the South by Uckoor Dutts Lane.

8th.—A Two-storied Family Dwelling House, No. 7 Uckoor Dutt's Lane, with a Tank and piece of land, containing two biggahs and twelve chittacks or thereabouts, bounded on the West by the piece of land lastly hereinbefore mentioned, on the East by the House of Surroopchunder Ghose, on the North by a Temple, and on the South by Uckoor Dutt's Lane.

Further particulars and Conditions of Sale may be had at the Office of the Master, or of Messieurs LYONS & BELL, Attorneys for the Complainants.

W. MACPHERSON,
Master.

LYONS & BELL,
Complainants' Attorneys.

CALCUTTA;
Supreme Court, Master's Office,
The 31st day of January 1856.

NOTICE.—In the event of these Dividends remaining unclaimed for six months from this date, they will be paid into the Court.

ESTATE MATHEW STEEL TEMPLETON, AN INSOLVENT.

Names of Creditors.		Amount of Claim.			1st Dividend at 10 per Cent., 7th July 1855.		
		Co.'s Rs	A.	P.	Rs	A.	P.
Bathgate and Co.,	...	40	0	0	4	0	0
Dick, G. S.,	...	250	0	0	25	0	0
Gobindchunder Shaw,	..	40	0	0	4	0	0
Hurrochunder Ghose,	...	30	0	0	3	0	0
Hay, G. C.,	...	25	0	0	2	8	0
Lepage and Co., R. C.,	...	137	0	0	13	11	2
Modoosoodun Day,	...	112	0	0	11	3	2
Nundololl Sein,	...	150	0	0	15	0	0
Rajbullob Seal and Co.,	...	50	0	0	5	0	0
Smith and Co., S.,	...	180	0	0	18	0	0
		Co's Rupees,			101	6	4

E. E.

ESTATE GREGORY GEORGE GREGORY, AN INSOLVENT.

Names of Creditors.		Amount of Claim.			1st Dividend at 12 per Cent., 7th July 1855.		
		Co.'s Rs	A	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Bhojon Bearer,	...	30	12	0	3	11	1
Banymaudub Shaw and Co.,	...	13	12	0	1	10	5
Bagram, M. G.,	...	30	0	0	3	9	7
Brigham, H.,	..	5	0	0	0	9	7
Bright and Co.,	...	25	0	0	3	0	0
Carbery, Mrs.,	...	40	0	0	4	12	10
Gopaul Lutchmunloll,	...	9	1	0	1	1	3
Goorooperaud Shaw and Co.,	...	8	4	0	0	15	10
Gervain and Co.,	...	25	0	0	3	0	0
Goluckchunder Shaw and Co.,	...	12	0	0	1	7	1
Gopeemohun Dutt and Co.,	...	51	14	6	6	3	8
Issurchunder Shaw,	...	6	8	0	0	12	6
Kessob Sing,	...	7	0	0	0	13	5
Leslie and Co., A.,	...	16	0	0	1	3	3
Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.,	...	15	0	0	1	12	10
Mendes and Co.,	...	40	4	0	4	13	4
Maumdee, J.,	...	10	0	0	1	3	3
Prawnkissen Mullick,	...	75	0	0	9	0	0
Ranken and Co.,	...	93	3	3	11	3	0
Schramm and Co.,	...	36	0	0	4	5	1
Sonatun Dutt,	...	35	0	0	4	3	2
Wilson and Co., D.,	...	63	8	0	7	10	0
		Co.'s Rupees,			77	1	2

E. E.

ESTATE JOHANNES GEORGE GREGORY, AN INSOLVENT.

Names of Creditors.		Amount of Claim.			1st Dividend at 12 per Cent., 7th July 1855.		
		Co.'s Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Apear and Co., A. G.,	...	30	0	0	3	9	7
Banymaudub Shaw and Co.,	...	24	8	0	2	15	0
Bagram, M. G.,	...	14	8	0	1	11	10
Gopaul Lutchmunloll,	...	11	4	0	1	5	7
Goopeemohun Dutt,	...	42	8	0	5	1	7
Gervain and Co.,	...	19	0	0	2	4	6
Hamilton and Co.,	...	50	0	0	6	0	0
Issurchunder Shaw and Co.,	...	4	0	0	0	7	8
Kessob Sing,	...	26	0	0	3	1	11
Leslie and Co., A.,	...	27	0	0	3	3	10
Marshman, J.,	...	48	0	0	5	12	2
Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.,	...	58	6	0	7	0	1
Nobokissen Seal,	...	119	2	2	14	5	7
Petruso, S. C. S.,	...	60	0	0	7	3	3
Sustechurn Paul and Co.,	...	41	8	0	4	15	8
		Co.'s Rupees,			69	2	3

E. E.

ESTATE GEORGE CANNING JERDAN, AN INSOLVENT.

Names of Creditors.		Amount of Claim.			1st Dividend at 25 per Cent. 7th July 1855		
		Co.'s Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Cuthbertson and Harper,	...	34	8	0	8	10	0
Day and Co., K. C.,	...	50	10	0	12	10	6
Forbes and Co., F.	...	33	0	0	8	4	0
Kussee Mullow, (Khansamah,)	...	41	0	0	10	4	0
Lepage and Co., R. C.,	...	76	0	0	19	0	0
Mooneeah Dhobenee,	...	14	0	0	3	8	0
Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.,	...	400	0	0	100	0	0
Newland, J.,	...	20	0	0	5	0	0
Pereira and Co.,	...	48	0	0	12	0	0
Stokeld, W.,	...	73	0	0	18	4	0
Smith, H.,	...	519	10	0	129	14	6
Solomons, H. B.,	...	25	0	0	6	4	0
Charles Nephew and Co.,	...	131	8	0	32	14	0
		Co.'s Rupees,			366	9	0

E. E.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Official Assignee.

Calcutta, 4th February 1856.

For Dacca and Assam.

NOTICE is hereby given, that from the 1st of March next, a Steamer, with a Flat in tow, will be despatched from Calcutta to Assam on the following dates, *viz.*, 1st and 20th of March, 10th of April, 1st and 20th of May, 10th of June, 1st and 19th of July.

For Freight and Passage, apply at the Government Boat Office.

By order of the Superintendent of Marine,

J. WOODLEY,
Clerk of the Govt. Boat Office.

5th February 1856.

Monthly Account of Salt in Store in the several Agencies and the Sulkea Golahs up to 31st January 1856, together with 4 per cent. Reserve for Golah Wastage.

AGENCIES.	1257 or 1850-51, and previous years.	1258 or 1851-52.	1259 or 1852-53.	1260 or 1853-54.	1261 or 1854-55	1262 or 1855-56.	Total Quantity in Store.
	Mds. S. C	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C	Mds. S. C	Mds. S. C	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.
Hidgellee.							
Pangah Salt, Ghaut Russoolpore,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1405 0 0	0 0 0	1405 0 0
Ditto do., Kissenugur,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1820 0 0	0 0 0	1820 0 0
Ditto do., Ramnugur,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	4984 0 0	0 0 0	4984 0 0
Do. do., North Kaleenugur,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	778 1 12	0 0 0	778 1 12
Do. do., Pooree Ghatta,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1058 6 12	67934 0 0	0 0 0	68992 6 12
Total,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1058 6 12	76921 1 12	0 0 0	77979 8 8
Tumlook.							
Pangah, Ghaut Narainpore,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	9128 30 11	0 0 0	9128 30 11
Total,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	9128 30 11	0 0 0	9128 30 11
Chittagong.							
Pangah, Narainpore, Ghaut Domeolly,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Ditto, Arracan ditto,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Ditto, Sudder Ghaut Agency,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	70804 5 0	0 0 0	70804 5 0
Ditto, ditto, Arracan,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Total,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	70804 5 0	0 0 0	70804 5 0
Sulkea.							
Pangah, Cuttack,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Do., Balasore,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	41790 0 0	0 0 0	41790 0 0
Do., Khoredah,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Do., Chilka,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Do., Hidgellee, Ramnugur,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Do. do., Russoolpore,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Do., 24-Perghs., Narainpore,	251742 32 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	251742 32 0
Do. do., Diamond Harbour,	1922 20 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1922 20 0
Do. do., Saugor,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Madras Permit Salt,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	284952 0 0	411261 20 0	696213 20 0
Chilka Kurkutch,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	94869 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	94869 0 0
Total,	253665 12 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	94869 0 0	326742 0 0	411261 20 0	1086537 32 0
Arracan.							
Pangah, Ghaut Kyouk Phyoo,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	104405 2 0	0 0 0	104405 2 0
Total,	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	104405 2 0	0 0 0	104405 2 0
Grand Total,	253665 12 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	95927 6 12	588000 39 7	411261 20 0	1348854 38 3

BOARD OF REVENUE;
Fort William,
The 4th February 1856.

E. T. TREVOR, *Offg. Junior Secretary.*

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Henry Hutcheson Atkinson, late of Mangoe Lane, in Calcutta, Broker and Agent, carrying on business as such under the name, style or firm of Messrs. Atkinson and Company, an Insolvent. — On Saturday, the 7th day of July 1855, it was ordered that the first Saturday in the month of July 1856 should be appointed for the further hearing in this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent should be discharged personally, as well as to his after-acquired property, from all liability for debts, claims and demands of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

Grant and Rogers, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Neterville Henry Alexander Campbell, an Insolvent. — On Saturday, the 5th day of January instant, it was ordered that Saturday, the 3rd day of January 1857, should be appointed for the further hearing in this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent should be discharged personally, as well as to his after-acquired property, from the demands of all the Creditors whose names are inserted in the *Order Nisi*, that is to say, Mrs. Jane Dunbar and Messrs. Mackintosh, Burn & Co., Patrick Sutherland, J. Vanderbeck, H.W. J. Wood, as Agent to the Calcutta Branch of the Agra Bank, J. M. Dove and Samuel Smith, Rajmohun Roy, Muttyloll Johery, J. A. Burkinyoung, Messrs. Willis and Earle, R. Graham, Messrs. Smith, Cowell and Co., Messrs. Tulloh and Co., Ramcoomar Chatterjee, Gopaulchunder Mookerjee, Moheschunder Bose, Sarah Dyson, Bulloram Roy, Messrs. Gordon, Stuart and Co., Ramchunder Bose, J. C. Mackintosh, Rajah Buddenauth Roy, Ramcoomar Chatterjee, Harranchunder Gangooley, benamee for Radhacoomar Roy, and Puddocoomar Roy, Sibchunder Laha, Sreenauth Ghose, R. H. Buckland and Co., and J. Johnston.

Marshall, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 28*th January* 1856.

In the matter of George Moss, a Government Pensioner in the Invalid Establishment, now of Calcutta, but formerly of Berhampore, in the Zillah of Moorshedabad, an Insolvent. — On Thursday, the 24th day of January instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent should be heard on Saturday, the 5th day of April next, and that the aids Insolvent should then attend to be examined by the said Court.

T. E. B. Judge, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Hyder Shaib, late of Amratollah Lane, in Calcutta, carrying on trade or business as a Hawker of Jewellery, an Insolvent. — On Wednesday, the 23rd day of January instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent should be heard on Saturday, the 5th day of April next, and that the said Insolvent should then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Mohendronauth Pranmanick, lately employed as Sircar in the liquor shop of Rambulub Shahah, at Colootoolah, in Calcutta, an Insolvent. — On Wednesday, the 23rd day of January instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent should be heard on Saturday, the 5th day of April next, and that the said Insolvent should then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, 31*st January* 1856.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA—BOMBAY

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Calcutta Branch of the Commercial Bank of India will be conducted for the present by the undersigned.

By order of the Directors,

EDGAR CORRIE,
Manager.

Calcutta,
29*th Nov.* 1855.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing, and carried on, under the style or firm of STEWART AND CALROW, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All outstandings will be settled by WM. C. STEWART.

WM. C. STEWART.
R. F. CALROW,
By his Attorney,
WM. C. STEWART.

Calcutta,
31*st December* 1855.

THE undersigned will continue the business as heretofore under the firm of WM. C. STEWART & Co.

WM. C. STEWART.

Calcutta,
1*st January* 1856.

Notice.

The Interest and Responsibility of MR. MAURICE CROSS, in our Firm at Rangoon, ceased on 30th November last, by mutual consent.

GLADSTONE, WYLIE & CO.

CALCUTTA;
The 21*st January* 1856.

Notice.

WANTED.—A Superintendent of Roads qualified to prepare Plans and Estimates of Works proposed, and to undertake the superintendence of Works in progress under the direction of the Maldah Ferry Fund Committee. Proposed salary; 50 Rs. per month. Satisfactory certificates of qualification or references and security will be required. Applications to be addressed to the undersigned.

E. C. CRASTER,
Secy. to the Ferry Fund Committee.

MALDAH;
Secy. F. F. Committee,
The 29*th Jany.* 1856.

Caution.

WHEREAS Shumsoon Nessa Begum, the only surviving daughter and child of Moonshee Hossain Ally, and the Niccatty wife of Moonshee Buzlool Rohim, of Sealdah, the younger son of Moonshee Ameer, having left her husband's protection, and her seal being detained by her said husband, the Public are hereby cautioned from purchasing from her said husband, or from any other person or persons, any Company's Paper or other property of the said Shumsoon Nessa Begum, and that no mark or seal which may be affixed to such Papers or Documents as her mark or seal shall be admissible without bearing the attestation of her constituted Attorney, Mr. Arratoon Carapiet, or being signed and endorsed by him as such her Attorney.

J. TEMPLETON.

اشتهار براي هوشياري

چون مسماة شمس النسا بيگم كه صرف دختري منشي حسن علي است وجوزهٔ منكوحه منشي بضل الرحيم پسر خورد منشي امير مرحوم ساكن سيالده حفاظت و پناه شوهر خود ترك گرديده است و چون مهر شمس النسا بيگم مذكوره بدست شوهرش است بنابران اشتهار هذا براي آگاهي و هوشياري برخاص و عام داده مي شود كه كسي كاغذ كمپني يا جايداد ديگر بيگم مذكوره خريد نكنيد زيراچه كاغذات كمپني يا دلايل ديگر با مهر و نشان دستخط شمس النسا بيگم مذكوره بغير دستخط مستر آرتن كرابيت صاحب كه مختار شمس النسا بيگم مذكوره اند اگر خريد كنند تا همچنان كاغذ كمپني ودلايل ديگر ناقص و باطل خواهد شد فقط

جي ٹيمپلي ٹون

সাবধানের বিজ্ঞাপন।

যেহেতুক সমসুন্নেশা বেগম যিনি মুন্সি হোসেনআলির কেবল এক জীবিত কন্যা মাত্র এবং যাঁহার নিকা সেয়ালদহ নিবাসি মুন্সি আমিরের কনিষ্ঠ পুত্র শ্রীযুত বজলল রহিমের সহিত হইয়াছিল তিনি আপন স্বামির আশ্রয় পরিত্যাগ করিয়া গিয়াছেন এবং যেহেতু তাহার মোহর উক্ত স্বামি আটক করিয়া রাখিয়াছেন অতএব সর্ব্ব সাধারণকে এতদ্দ্বারা সাবধান করা যাইতেছে যে উক্ত সমসুন্নেশা বেগমের উক্ত স্বামির নিকট হইতে অথবা অন্য কোন ব্যক্তির নিকট হইতে উক্ত সমসুন্নেশা বেগমের কোন কোম্পানির কাগজ অথবা অন্য কোন জায়দাদ খরিদ না করেন কারণ উক্ত সমসুন্নেশা বেগমের মোক্তার মেষ্টর আরাটুন কেরাপিয়ট সাহেবের দস্তখত ব্যতিরেক কোন নিশানি সহি অথবা মোহর যাহা উক্ত কোম্পানির কাগজে কি অন্য কোন দলিলাদিতে করা যাইবেক তাহা গ্রাহ্য হইবেক না ইতি।

জে, টেমপ্লি টান।

LOST.—The Right-hand Half of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 17862, for Co.'s Rs. 1,000; the Left-hand Half of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 19387, for Co.'s Rs. 1,000; the payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Notice.

STOLEN.—From a Registered letter No. 2864, despatched from the Benares Post Office on the 17th November last, and lost in the General Post Office, Calcutta, the right-hand half of a Bengal Bank Note, No. 13884, dated 15th April 1853, for Company's Rupees (50) Fifty, payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Just Published,

ON FLOWERS AND FLOWER GARDENS,

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PRICE THREE RUPEES.

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The new book by D. L. R., which we have for some time past been anxiously looking for, is published, and will no doubt be as popular as the preceding works of this justly favorite author, whose writings are even more highly esteemed in England and America than in India.—*Bengal Hurkaru, September* 28, 1855.

He is well known in the literary circles of England as one of the purest English writers of the day. To say that the work before us is among the happiest productions of his pen, is to say more for it than the highest eulogy can express. It has been long expected, but public patience has received an ample reward.—*Eastern Star, September* 29, 1855.

It is a valuable contribution to our Indian Literature.—*Calcutta Christian Advocate, October* 6.

A Book of Gems, well worthy the Author's high reputation.—*Central Star, October* 13.

We cannot but recommend this volume to all who admire sprightly writing and elegantly selected poetry.—*Indian Times, October* 17.

Mr. Richardson—better known to the reading public as "D. L. R."—has a wide reputation as a careful and polished writer.—*Bombay Telegraph and Courier, October* 22.

A very pleasant book which we can cordially recommend to the attention of our readers—A delightful *melange* about flowers and flower gardens, floriculture in general, and the enjoyments of rural life.—*Bombay Times, October* 27, 1855.

His last work is well worthy of a post in any library where the *quality* and not *quantity* of books is considered.—*Phœnix, November* 13, 1855.

"THE MERCHANT SHIPPING ACT, 1854,"

Price 5 Rupees.

Apply at the Office of the *Bengal Hurkaru.*

Just Published

[BY MESSRS. THACKER, SPINK AND CO.]

THE

NEW BENGAL DIRECTORY FOR 1856.

IN announcing the above Publication, Messrs. SAMUEL SMITH AND CO. beg to inform their Subscribers and the Public that they have completed their DIRECTORY for the present year which, in every Department of Information or Reference, has been amplified and corrected up to the latest date, and which, for convenience of Form, comprehensiveness, and elegance, considerably surpasses its predecessor of 1855.

Post Office Notifications.

No. 1058.

OVERLAND MAIL.

THE Overland Mail, *viâ* Marseilles and Southampton, and the intermediate Ports, (Madras, Ceylon, and Aden, per P. and O. Co.'s Steamer *Oriental*, will be closed at this Office on Friday, the 8th proximo.

Letters for the United Kingdom, directed *viâ* Marseilles, cannot be pre-paid in this Country. Pre-payment of Steam Postage on Letters *viâ* Southampton is optional.

Steam Postage on all Letters for Foreign Europe *viâ* Marseilles or *viâ* Trieste, and for the United Kingdom *viâ* Trieste, as well as for places in the Mediterranean and in Egypt, must be pre-paid, but Letters for Foreign Europe *viâ* Southampton cannot be pre-paid.

Letters for the United Kingdom, directed *viâ* Trieste, if posted unpaid, (or insufficiently paid by Stamps,) will be forwarded to London *viâ* Marseilles. Those for Foreign Europe will be sent to London *viâ* Southampton, bearing the full amount of Postage due thereon, and Letters for places in Egypt and the Mediterranean will be detained and treated as Unclaimed Letters.

No money will be received in payment of Postage on Letters, which must be paid by Stamps.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, Bombay, Aden, Malacca, Penang, Singapore, and Hong-Kong, despatched by the P. and O. Co.'s Contract Steamer, are chargeable with Steam Postage, the pre-payment being optional.

Letters for the Mauritius, Australian Colonies, China (except Hong-Kong,) Manilla, Batavia, Java Bourbon, or any place not a British Possession, must be pre-paid by Steam Postage.

With regard to Newspapers and Prices Current the following abstract of Rules relating to British Postage, chargeable under a Treasury Warrant of 30th June 1855, is published for general information :—

Newspapers or Prices Current posted in India for Great Britain are not subject in India to any charge for British Postage, but Newspapers, &c. posted in India, addressed to any British Colony or Possession, or any Foreign Port, or any Port in India, are, if sent by Her Majesty's Mail Steamers, or *viâ* Southampton through England, liable to a Steam Postage charge of One Penny (Nine Pie,) which must be pre-paid in cash. Newspapers, &c. sent through Great Britain *viâ* Marseilles are liable to a Postage charge of Four Pence, and if addressed to British North America *viâ* the United States, a charge of One Penny must be levied on account of the United States in addition to all other Postage.

Newspapers, &c. brought to India by Her Majesty's Packets from a Foreign Port, without having passed through Great Britain, are chargeable with British Postage of One Penny (Nine Pie) on delivery.

Only one paper can be sent in one cover.

C. K. DOVE,
Deputy Post-master General.

FORT WILLIAM ;
General Post Office,
The 30th January 1856.

Notice.

No. 1079.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an After Packet for the P. and O. Co.'s Steamer *Oriental* will be made up at this Office on Saturday, the 9th instant, at 1 P. M., with the chance of overtaking her at Kedgeree.

C. K. DOVE,
Deputy Post-master General.

FORT WILLIAM ;
General Post Office,
The 1st February 1856.

N. B.—The public are particularly requested to observe, that, in addition to Steam Postage, the Inland Postage to Kedgeree must be pre-paid at the following rates, on letters forwarded to Egypt or to any Foreign Ports in Egypt :—

¼ Tolah,	0 0 6
½ Ditto,	0 1 0
1 Ditto,	0 2 0
1½ Ditto,	0 3 0
2 Ditto,	0 4 0

And for every Tolah or fraction of a Tolah above two Tolahs two additional annas.

Letters sent after 1 o'clock, for the purpose of being posted, will not be received under any circumstances.

No. 1060.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Mails for Rangoon and Moulmein, for transmission per H. C. Steamer *Tenasserim*, will be closed at this Office on Wednesday, the 6th proximo.

FORT WILLIAM;
General Post Office,
The 30th January 1856.

C. K. DOVE,
Deputy Post-master General.

Post Office Notification showing the hour at which the Mails reached the General Post Office and the time occupied in sending the Letters and Papers out for delivery.

Name of the Steamer.	Date and Hour of Arrival of the Mails at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left the Post Office.
Bentinck,	2nd Feb. 1856, at 11 A. M.,	1½ P. M., ...	2¾ P. M.

CALCUTTA;
General Post Office,
The 4th February 1856.

C. K. DOVE,
Deputy Post-master General.

Notice.

1. FROM the 1st February 1856, the Postage on Letters conveyed *viâ* Southampton, between Great Britain and any part of India, will be reduced to four annas the half ounce, according to the annexed scale; Letters which are pre-paid in England, after the 1st February 1856, will be delivered in any part of India without any additional charge on account of Indian Inland Postage; so also Letters pre-paid in India, after 1st February 1856, will be delivered in any part of Great Britain without further charge. Unpaid Southampton Letters, posted in Great Britain or in India, will, on delivery, be charged the uniform rate mentioned above, in which is included both English and Indian Inland Postage. Section XIX. of Act XVII. of 1854 will no longer apply to Letters posted in India and addressed to Great Britain. Letters received from England, if re-directed in any Indian Post Office, will be charged Forward Postage, according to the Indian scale of Inland Postage.

2. Letters *viâ* Marseilles cannot be pre-paid in India, but the Postage paid in Great Britain, after the 1st February 1856, on Letters for India addressed *viâ* Marseilles, will include Indian Inland Postage.

3. Unpaid Letters posted in India, addressed to Great Britain, will be forwarded to their destination. Indian Inland Postage will not be payable in India on such Letters.

4. The present Notice relates only to the correspondence between Great Britain and India. A further Notice will be issued on receipt of the Treasury Warrant under which the alteration in the Steam Postage Rates has been made.

H. B. RIDDELL,
Director General of the Post Office in India.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

On Letters not exceeding in weight half an ounce, ...	0	4	0
Exceeding half an ounce and not exceeding one ounce, ...	0	8	0
Exceeding one ounce and not exceeding two ounces, ...	1	0	0

One Rupee for every additional ounce; a fraction of an ounce will be charged as an ounce.

H. B. RIDDELL,
Director General of the Post Office in India.

IT is hereby notified, that unless marked for particular Ships, all Letters received at the General Post Office, between Monday, the 28th January 1856, and Sunday, the 3rd February 1856, both dates inclusive, were despatched by the under-mentioned Vessels, which sailed from Calcutta on dates specified:—

Letters received on dates, from and to	*By what Ship despatched.*	*Bound to*	*Remarks.*
28th Jan. 1856, ...	Shaw Allum, ...	Mauritius, ...	Left town on the 29th Jan.
29th do., ..	Gladialus, ...	Ditto, ...	Ditto on the 30th ditto.
28th do. to 3rd Feb. 1856,	Sutlej, ...	Cape and London, ..	Ditto on the 5th ditto.
28th do. to 3rd do., ...	Steamer Tenasserim, ...	Rangoon and Maulmain, ..	Will sail on the 7th Feb.
28th do. to 3rd do., ..	Royal Saxon, ...	Melbourne, ...	Will sail in a few days.
28th do. to 3rd do., ..	Circassian, ...	Singapore, ...	Left town on the 5th Feb.

C. K. DOVE,
Deputy Post-master General.

Calcutta; General Post Office, the 5th February 1856.

CALCUTTA:—Printed and Published by THOMAS JONES, *at the* "CALCUTTA GAZETTE" OFFICE, *No. 54, Council-House Street,—for the Government Contractors,* SAMUEL SMITH AND CO.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

Published by Authority.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1856.

Land-Sale Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates in Zillah Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Friday, the 15th of February 1856, for arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 26th December 1855 :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Mehals.

No. 44.—Mouzah Anondee Manoollah ; proprietor, Ramchunder Dey ; sudder jumma, rupees 1,160-0-3.

No. 48.—Turruff Ainoollah Jumrooth ; proprietors, Abool Fyaz, Poran Bibee and Azeezurnessah ; sudder jumma, rupees 214-2-6.

No. 283.—Turruff Jumruth Khan ; proprietors, Abool Fyaz, Poran Bibee and Azeezurnessah ; sudder jumma, rupees 144-7-6.

No. 307.—Turruff Keojay Washany ; proprietors, Radharam Dabeechurn Hoolaug, Maradhee, Ramshurn Ruckeet, Trahiram, Ramlochon, Joyshing, Kajhooree, Roopchand, Jeosee, Poran Bobourchee, Ramshurn Sircar, Kisnochurn, Ramchurn Beparee, Gooroopershad Ghose, Byrubchunder, and Sheik Futteh Alli Nazir ; sudder jumma, rupees 1,129-8-3.

No. 327.—Turruff Monoohur Rai, exclusive of the shares of Anondo Mohee, Ramcoomar Rai, Anondo Mohee Chowdrain, Moheschunder Rai, Ornopoornah, Hurshondoree, Joy Mongol Rai, Raj Mongol Rai, Donjetty and Doorgahkripah Rai, Jebunkishno Rai, Sharutchunder Rai, Ramcoomar Rai, Anondo Mohee, Ramjoy Dey, and Ramchunder Dey, whose Estates are under Butwarrah and paid their respective shares, the remaining shares will be sold. The entire sudder jumma of the Mehal is rupees 2,491-10-0.

No. 443.—Kismut Ramdial ; proprietors, Goreechurn Sein, Brindabun and Ramhoree Dutt ; sudder jumma, rupees 211-15-3.

No. 509.—Turruff Ramnarian Gomastah Canoongoe, exclusive of the shares of Krishnochunder Dass, Ramhuree Pal, Bholanath, Eshanchunder, Bunmally, Hassun Ally, Sumshere Ally, Suffer Ally Sepoy, Bakurally, whose Estates are under Butwarrah and paid their respective shares, the remaining shares will be sold. The entire sudder jumma, rupees 97-3-3.

No. 560.—Turruff Shamsoonder Sein ; proprietors, Shaick Monoo Jemadar, Hassunally Showdagur, brother of Boseer Mahomed Showdagur ; sudder jumma, rupees 194-10-0.

No. 1106.—Kismut Kallikahpershad ; proprietors, Usmut Ally and Usmut Ally ; sudder jumma, rupees 43-7-0.

No. 1179.—Turruff Chand Moozuffur ; proprietor, Ram lass Chowdry ; sudder jumma, rupees 58-8-3.

No. 1750.—Talook Junoollah Afzal, proprietor, Ebrahim ; sudder jumma, rupees 56-0-3.

No. 2916.—Turruff Sogeer Mohmud ; proprietor, Sreemontoram Dass ; sudder jumma rupees 28-1-6.

No. 2965.—Turruff Pullay Afzul ; proprietor, Ramsoonder Dutt ; sudder jumma, rupees 23-8-9.

Mehal Lakhiraj resumed.

No. 429.—Talook Sharutchunder Conoongoe, Nilmonee Dustidar ; proprietors, Sharutchunder Conoongoe and Nilmonee Dustidar ; sudder jumma, rupees 98-10-3.

No. 4307.—Talook Omrao Shing, Inder Shing and Guzraj Shing ; proprietors, Omrao Shing, Inder Shing and Guzraj Shing ; sudder jumma, rupees 57-1-9.

Mehals to be sold on account of Butwarrah expenses.

No. 437.—Nilam Nundokallah, the rights and interests of Gopeenath Dustidar, will be sold. The sudder jumma of the entire Mehal is rupees 88-6-6.

CHITTAGONG; COLLECTOR'S OFFICE.
The Collectors office,

J. S. SPANKIE,
Offg. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates in Zillah Midnapore will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 15th day of February 1856, for arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 12th day of January 1856 :—

Clause I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 87.—Mehal Norooll Ramchunderpoor, Pergunnah Cossijorah ; recorded proprietor, Soondernarain Misser ; sudder jumma, rupees 222-6-4¾.

No. 88.—Mehal ditto, Pergunnah ditto ; recorded proprietor, ditto ; sudder jumma, ditto.

No. 753.—Mehal Burdah, Pergunnah Seepoor ; recorded proprietors, Sebopershad Chowdry, Goureechurn Das, Kishtopershad Missree, Radhakisto Das Mohapatur, and Lukheenarain Das Mohapatur ; sudder jumma, rupees 519-6-1.

Clause II.—Estates not permanently-settled.

No. 2065-2.—Mehal Roghoonath Chuck, Pergunnah Daroodoomuan ; recorded proprietor, Bhugwanchunder Banoorjea ; sudder jumma, rupees 10-10-2¼.

No. 2065-3.—Mehal ditto, Pergunnah ditto ; recorded proprietor, Groodas Banoorjea ; sudder jumma, rupees 34-14-10¾.

No. 2237.—Mehal Gorahar Koournarain Chuck, Pergunnah Turf Bissian ; recorded proprietor, Koournarain Roy ; sudder jumma, rupees 128-3-4.

Clause IV.—Estates to be sold for arrears due on account of other Estates.

No. 4-2.—Rights and interests of Tarachand Punda, in Mehal Goorchaklee, Pergunnah Cossijora ; sudder jumma, rupees 538-4-8¼.

MIDNAPORE COLLECTOR'S OFFICE.
The 19th January 1856.

W. H. BRODHURST,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates in Zillah Monghyr will be put up to public and un-reserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District on the 15th day of February 1856, for arrears of Revenue, and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue, due on the 14th day of January 1856 :—

Clause I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 1055.—Mehal Muthoorah Sreeram, Pergunnah Nyepoor ; recorded proprietors, Goordhyal Jha, Gunnesh Mahton, Dhoutal Mahton and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 65-1-1.

No. 1145.—Mehal Nooroollahpoor, Pergunnah Bhoosarry ; recorded proprietors, Wajedally and Ramdyal Singh ; sudder jumma, rupees 48-0-0.

No. 1224.—Mehal Gobindpoor Pergunnah Akberpoor Rannee ; recorded proprietors, Jhoomuck Lall, Umrith Lall, Goordyal Singh, Horil Singh, Hazaree Lall, Seaum Lall and Johun Lall, and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 13-6-4.

No. 2481.—Mehal Urazie Invalid Thannah Jaffrah, Pergunnah Furkeeah, Jagheer of Needhan Singh, Subadar ; recorded proprietors, Mossammut Radho, Runghee Lall and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 28-0-0.

No. 2489.—Mehal Urazie Invalid Thannah Jaffrah, Pergunnah Furkeeah, Jagheer of Bhageeruth Havildar ; recorded proprietor, Bhuwanny ; sudder jumma, rupees 10-0-0.

No. 2527.—Mehal Urazie Invalid Thannah Roopowley, Pergunnah Furkeeah, Jagheer of Peer-Khan, Sepoy ; recorded proprietors, Mussammut Salun, and Byjnath Shahoo and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 13-10-9¾-4.

No. 2535.—Mehal Chuck Bahadoor, Pergunnah Nyepoor ; recorded proprietors, Deen Mohummud and Sheikh Buxoo ; sudder jumma, rupees, 12-10-0.

No. 2786.—Mehal Urazie Invalid Thannah Sullindabad, Pergunnah Ootturkhund ; recorded proprietors, Mussammut Sunful and Debee Dutt Jha, heir of Choonnee Jha, Havildar ; sudder jumma, rupees 13-2-5¼.

No. 2872.—Mehal Urazie Invalid Thannah Suhursah, Pergunnah Ootturkhund ; recorded proprietor, Shewpershaud, heir of Salmun Havildar ; sudder jumma, rupees 7-0-0.

Clause IV.—Estates to be sold for arrears due on account of other Estates.

No. 420.—Rights and Interests of Radhey Singh, Nowab Singh, and Ammannee Singh, in six annas' share of Mouzahs Arnawan, Fungo, Mozufferpoor, Saum, Sooghur Saum, Beerah, Goash, and Moorassee ; sudder jumma, rupees 349-12-3.

MONGHYR ;
Collector's Office,
The 21st January 1856.

W. T. TUCKER,
Officiating Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estate in Zillah Tipperah will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 9th day of February 1856, for arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due for the years 1259 and 1260 B. S. :—

Clause III.—Arrears other than those of the current or of the preceding year.

No. 1340.—Dhee No. 3, Kismut Muddunairgoan, &c., in Pergunnah Suckdee; recorded proprietors, Kally Nauth Sein, Ramcoomar Doss, and Issur Chunder Chuckerbutty; sudder jumma, rupees 551-3-3.

This Mehal was settled with Kally Nauth Sein and others for fifty years by public competition, under orders of the Government No. 204, dated 26th August 1846, a copy of which was transmitted with the Commissioner and Sudder Board's letter No. 645, dated 8th October 1846. The Commissioner, in the 7th para. of his letter No. 1176, dated the 1st March 1846, directed that the Mehal will be sold in the event of arrears of Revenue under Act I. of 1845, and again, in the 6th para. of the Ishtihar forwarded with his letter cited above, he states that the purchasers of the Dhee will be in all respects Malicks of the lands purchased, and that in the event of a new settlement being made at the expiration of the fifty years, should the purchasers not agree to the jumma that may then be assessed, they will be entitled to Malikanah in the Mofussil Jumma of the new settlement at the rate 1-11. The Jumma assessed at the decennial settlement will be considered a perpetual one, but that fixed with the purchasers will last only for fifty years. The purchasers having failed to liquidate the balance within the period prescribed in the Etlanamah served upon them under Clause 3 Section V. Act I. of 1845, this Mehal is advertized for sale.

J. H. MUSPRATT,
Officiating Collector.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE;
Tipperah,
The 15th January 1856.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates in Zillah Purneah will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 13th day of February 1856, for arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 14th day of January 1856 :—

Class I.—Mehals permanently settled paying a jumma exceeding Rupees 100.

No. 241.—Mouzah Gumereah, Pergunnah Futtehpore Singhea; recorded proprietors, Goordut Chowdry and others; sudder jumma, rupees 250-11-11.

No. 869 on Register.—Mouzah Koorsaha, Pergunnah ditto; recorded propietor, Nundeeput Jha, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 144-1-7.

Class II.—Mehals permanently settled paying a jumma not exceeding Rupees 100.

No. 122.—Mouzah Belwah, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietors, Gokool Misser and others; sudder jumma, rupees 36-15-1.

No. 128.—Mouzah Nawabgunge, Pergunnah Hurrawoth; recorded proprietors, Beharee Misser and others; sudder jumma, rupees 34-12-11.

No. 147.—Mouzah Peermokam, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietors, Sheik Nuthoo and others; sudder jumma, rupees 28-13-2.

No. 159.—Mouzah ditto, Pergunnah ditto; ditto ditto; sudder jumma, rupees 36-10-6.

No. 172.—Mouzah Burdaha, Pergunnah Hurrawoth; recorded proprietor, Oogurnath Jha *alias* Munnoo Jha; sudder jumma, rupees 15-13-2.

No. 186.—Mouzah Belasuddee, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietor, Gopeekissen Chowdry; sudder jumma, rupees 25-15-5.

No. 194.—Mouzah Burmotra Ruqba Bowraha, Pergunnah Hurrawoth; recorded proprietors, Oomrao Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 50-14-2.

No. 211.—Mouzah Bohitgown, Pergunnah Sultanpore; recorded proprietor, Mector Jha; sudder jumma, rupees 39-3-9.

No. 228.—Mouzah Shapore Dhurmee, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietor, Beharee Doss; sudder jumma, rupees 50-3-6.

No. 235.—Mouzah and Pergunnah Powakhalee; recorded proprietors, Pusput Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 19-12-7.

No. 246.—Mouzah Burrata Sham, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietors, Sumbhoonath Doss and others; sudder jumma, rupees 26-3-11.

No. 248.—Mouzah Khotakirpal, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Gunneshmuhto; sudder jumma, rupees 12-4-0.

No. 254.—Mouzah Singhea Tuppa Chumra Coomea, Pergunnah Futtehpore Singhea; recorded proprietors, Elaheebux and others; sudder jumma, rupees 30-6-6.

No. 273.—Mouzah Sugoona, Pergunnah Sultanpore; recorded proprietors, Eklal Chowdry and others; sudder jumma, rupees 29-5-11.

No. 276.—Mouzah Mujlispore, Pergunnah Soorjapore; recorded proprietor, Asmutoollah, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 28-11-3.

No. 283.—Mouzah Doorgapore Tirghuttee Nundlal, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietor, Gopal Roy, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 38-12-11.

No. 298.—Mouzah Deerakhawaspore, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Musst. Ooditmonee Ojhain, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 16-0-9.

No. 300.—Mouzah ditto, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Musst. ditto, ditto ditto; sudder jumma, rupees 33-6-4.

No. 304.—Mouzah Mirzapore Pakurmul, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Mahunt Goorchurrun Dass; sudder jumma, rupees 31-0-0.

No. 339.—Mouzah Chandpore Nawlukhee, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Kishenkuntroy; sudder jumma, rupees 22-9-0.

No. 345.—Mouzah Shapore Dhurmee, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Gungagobind Chuckerbutty; sudder jumma, rupees 24-9-11.

No. 346.—Mouzah and Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, ditto; sudder jumma, rupees 24-10-2.

No. 378.—Mouzah Koorailah, Pergunnah Sreepore; recorded proprietors, Gungapersad and others; sudder jumma, rupees 78-0-7.

No. 398.—Mouzah Nusseeroollah Nuggur, Pergunnah Havellee; recorded proprietor, Golam Ahea, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 31-7-10.

No. 431.—Mouzah Choorlee Chowkut, Pergunnah Futtehpore Singhea; recorded proprietor, Musst. Ranee Pudmabuttee; sudder jumma, rupees 23-3-0.

No. 455.—Mouzah Mehtooa, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietors, Juggun Misser and others; sudder jumma, rupees 22-15-8.

No. 459.—Mouzah Sohsa Bisenpore, Pergunnah Kudwa; recorded proprietor, Hussundai, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 72-9-11.

No. 470.—Mouzah Bhatabaree, Pergunnah Hurrawoth; recorded proprietors, Bhatoodass and others; sudder jumma, rupees 23-9-9.

No. 489.—Mouzah Maheshpore Kirparam, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietor, Bunseedhur Jha; sudder jumma, rupees 18-7-6.

No. 489.—Mouzah Bhorha, Talooka Tarabaree, Pergunnah Sultanpore; recorded proprietor, Kesree Chowdry; sudder jumma, rupees 16-8-0.

No. 492.—Mouzah Mahes Khoot, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Mahunt Mahadeo Bhartee; sudder jumma, rupees 44-10-10

No. 517.—Mouzah Karabharee, Talook Sohagmaro, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietors, Dabekant Jha and others; sudder jumma, rupees 21-6-7.

No. 519.—Mouzah Moorsundah, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietor, Ahmud Allee; sudder jumma, rupees 32-10-0.

No. 536.—Mouzah Maldoar, Pergunnah Soorjapore; recorded proprietors, Musst. Alleejan and others; sudder jumma, rupees 40-2-2.

No. 548.—Mouzah Suddashibpore Putteepuchma, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietors, Hurree Chowdry and others; sudder jumma, rupees 15-12-10.

No. 794.—Mouzah Byjnathpore, Pergunnah Sultanpore; recorded proprietors, Muneargeer and others; sudder jumma, rupees 35-1-9.

No. 924.—Mouzah Arerea, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietors, Goornath Chowdry and others; sudder jumma, rupees 22-12-2.

No. 982.—Mouzah Hossanabaugh, near Doomerea Syfgunge, Pergunnah Havellee; recorded proprietor, Mahomed Bux; sudder jumma, rupees 18-2-3.

No. 1096.—Mouzah Seetulpore Mohrimpore, Pergunnah Badour; recorded proprietor, Goornath Chowdry; sudder jumma, rupees 32-2-4.

No. 2101 on Register.—Mouzah Sumessur and others, Pergunnah Futtehpore Singhea, &c.; recorded proprietors, Ramtunoo Surma and others; sudder jumma, rupees 71-4-4.

Class III.—Mehals temporarily settled or let in farm.

No. 178.—Mouzah Anuntpore Dhurmnarain, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietor, Girburnarain, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 24-15-9.

No. 407.—Mouzah Gobindpore Persaguree, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietors, Folchund and others; sudder jumma, rupees 10-8-11.

No. 446.—Mouzah Moradpore Puttee Dabeepore, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Baneemadub Sing; sudder jumma, rupees 12-1-9.

No. 466.—Mouzah Dewangunge, Pergunnah Havellee; recorded proprietors, Goornath Chowdry and others; sudder jumma, rupees 60-10-7.

No. 743.—Mouzah Mudbunee Moortugapore, &c., Pergunnah Havellee, &c.; recorded proprietors, Mr. L. E. Burford and others; sudder jumma, rupees 156-14-8.

No. 1055.—Mouzah Aleyanuggur, Pergunnah Tajpore; recorded proprietor, Musst. Sumputtee Sahoon; sudder jumma, rupees 12-15-10.

No. 1066.—Mouzah Buramussea, Pergunnah Futtehpore Singhea; recorded proprietor, Kesree Sing, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 13-2-8.

Class IV.—Estates to be sold for Arears due on account of other Estates.

15 Beegahs of Land, including Mangoe and Palm-trees, in the Baree of Golam Hossein, deceased Mahala Lullye Chownee, Pergunnah Havellee, the property of Ally Bux, surety of Oomed Ally, mostajir of Mouzah Khuneabad, Pergunnah Futtehpore Singhea.

Mouzah Surrabhutna, Pergunnah Havellee, the property of Meer Meran Ahmed Hossein Khan.

Mouzah Deogown and Bojgown Istumrar, Pergunnah Havellee, the property of ditto.

J. P. DESSA,
Uncov. Deputy Collector in charge.

ZILLAH PURNEAH;
Collector's Office,
The 26th January 1856.

THOS. JONES, "CALCUTTA GAZETTE" OFFICE.

The Calcutta Gazette.

Published by Authority.

Notifications.

THE 14TH MAY 1855.—*The Government of Bengal having entered into a Contract with Messrs. Samuel Smith and Co., for the execution of the Government Printing Work, from the 1st July next, Public Officers employed under this Government are hereby directed not to employ any other Printing Establishment for the execution of the Government Work from and after that date.*

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

THE 2ND FEBRUARY 1855.—*The Government of Bengal having entered into a Contract with Messrs Samuel Smith and Co., for the execution of the Government Printing Work, all Public Officers under the Government of India at the Presidency are hereby directed not to employ any other Printing Establishment for the execution of Government Work.*

CECIL BEADON.
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1856.

Legislative Council.

The 2nd February 1856.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council on the 2nd February 1856, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 6th of May next:—

A Bill to amend the Articles of War for the Native Army relating to the forfeiture of pay and service in certain cases.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient that Native Officers and Soldiers, when imprisoned or absent by reason of being prisoners of war, should be subject to the same forfeiture of pay and time of service as European Soldiers are in like cases: It is enacted as follows:—

Laws repealed.

I. So much of the 113th Article of War for the Native Army as is still in force, and Act XXXVI of 1850, except so far as it repeals the said Article of War, are hereby repealed.

Time passed in imprisonment, &c. not to reckon as service.

II. From and after the day of next, if any Native Officer, Soldier, or Public Follower, in the Military Service of the East India Company, by reason of his imprisonment, whether under sentence of a Court Martial or of any other Court duly authorized to pass such sentence, or by reason of his confinement for debt, or by reason of his desertion, shall have been absent from his duty during any portion of the time limited by his enlistment or re-engagement, such portion of his time shall not be reckoned as service; and no such Native Officer or Soldier, or Public Follower, shall be entitled to pay or to reckon service towards pay or pension when in such confinement, or during any such absence or any absence from duty by commitment or confinement under any charge of which he shall be afterwards convicted: and when any Native Officer or Soldier shall be absent as a prisoner of war, he shall not be entitled to pay or to reckon service towards pay or pension for the period of such absence; but, on re-joining the East India Company's Service, due enquiry shall be made by a Court Martial, and, unless it shall be proved to the satisfaction of such Court that the said Native Officer or Soldier or Public Follower was taken prisoner through wilful neglect of duty on his part, or that he had served with, or under, or in some manner aided the enemy, or that he had not returned as soon as possible to the East India Company's Service, he may thereupon be recommended by such Court to receive either the whole of such arrears of pay or a proportion thereof, and to reckon service during his absence. Provided that, when any sentence shall have been wholly remitted and the offence pardoned by competent authority, the Native Officer or Soldier, or Public Follower, shall be entitled to reckon service towards pay or pension for the days he may have been in confinement previous to trial and until such pardon had been pronounced.

Forfeiture of pay, &c. during imprisonment, &c.

Absence of prisoners of war.

Proviso.

Act to be taken as part of Act XIX of 1847.

III. This Act shall be read with, and taken as part of, Act XIX of 1847.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Notifications, Appointments, &c.

No. 193.

Fort William, Home Department,

The 7th February 1856.

Notifications.—Messrs. W. M. Low, E. Macnaghten, H. W. Alexander, and W. C. Turner, appointed by the Hon'ble the Court of Directors Members of the Civil Service in the Bengal Establishment, reported their arrival at the Presidency on the 1st instant, by the Steam-ship *Bentinck.*

No. 196.

Mr. J. E. L. Brandreth, of the Civil Service, embarked for England in the Steamer which left Bombay on the 17th ultimo.

CECIL BEADON,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 712.

Fort William, Foreign Department,

The 7th February 1856.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council has been pleased to appoint the Hon'ble H. B. Devereux, of the Bengal Civil Service, to be Judicial Commissioner in the Territories of the Rajah of Mysore.

No. 713.

The 8th February 1856.

Mr. T. H. Kavanagh, Extra Assistant in the Punjab, has obtained leave of absence, on private affairs, from the 16th to the 31st ultimo, in extension of a month's indulgence leave previously granted to him by the Chief Commissioner of the Punjaub.

Mr. W. E. Blyth, Extra Assistant at Umritsur, has obtained fifteen days' leave, in extension of one month's indulgence leave allowed him by the Chief Commissioner of the Punjab on the 14th November last. The additional leave will count from the 15th ultimo.

No. 714.

The Reverend W. W. Phelps, Chaplain of Peshawur, has obtained general leave under the Military Rules, from the date of his leaving Peshawur to that on which he may embark from Bombay to Europe, on furlough, on Medical certificate. This cancels the leave for three months granted to him in G. O. dated 15th ultimo, No. 266.

No. 715.

Lieutenant-Colonel G. H. Macgregor, C. B., Agent to the Governor General at Moorshedabad, has obtained leave of absence for three months, from the 15th March next, to visit Darjeeling, on private affairs.

G. F. EDMONSTONE,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 22.

Fort William, Public Works Department,

PUBLIC.

The 6th February 1856.

Appointments.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment, as a temporary arrangement :—

Lieutenant J. S. Henderson, of Her Majesty's 29th Regiment, to be Assistant Executive Officer on the Meeaday, Prome and Toungoop Road, for a period of six months, commencing from the 30th November 1855.

No. 23.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Lieutenant T. L. Scott, of the 19th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, to be Executive Officer of the Padoung Section of the Toungoop Road, as a temporary measure, with effect from the 18th December 1855, in succession to Mr. T. G. Forlong, resigned.

No. 24.

Notification.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to confirm the Peshawur Division Order, dated 7th November 1855, directing Lieutenant W. Jackson, of the 51st Regiment Native Infantry, to officiate as Executive Engineer, as a temporary arrangement, in succession to Lieutenant H. Phillpotts, of the 15th Regiment Native Infantry, officiating Assistant District Officer, ordered to rejoin his Regiment.

No. 25.

The 4th February 1856.

Appointments.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Lieutenants E. A. Saunders and W. O. Swanston, of the 7th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, to be Executive Officers of 2nd Class Divisions, Department of Public Works, Nagpore Provinces.

No. 26.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment:—

Mr. W. Boate to be an Assistant Civil Engineer, and to be attached to the 1st Division Dacca and Arracan Road, on a salary of Rupees 200 per mensem, *vice* Serjeant Harper, Assistant Executive Officer, transferred to another appointment.

W. E. BAKER, *Lieut.-Colonel,*

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 373.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Leave of Absence.—The 4th February 1856.—Mr. E. McDonell, Principal Assistant to the Opium Agent of Behar, for fourteen days, in extension of the leave granted to him by the Opium Agent.

Notification.—The 6th February 1856.—The receipt of the following further Subscriptions to the "Wellington Endowment Fund" is acknowledged:—

Captain James Murray, ... Rs. 20
Lieutenant A. G. Priestley, „ 50

W. Grey,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor North-Western Provinces.

No. 122 A. of 1856.

General Department,

Agra, the 31st January 1856.

Notification.—The services of Assistant Surgeon E. James are re-placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, from this date.

No. 651 of 1856.

Leave of Absence.—Three months' special leave, under Section VI., Clause 4 of the new Rules, is granted to Mr. Henry Stewart Reid, Director of Public Instruction, North-Western Provinces, to the date of embarkation for England, under the leave, on Medical certificate, granted in Orders of the 9th instant.

No. 663 of 1856.

Judicial and Revenue Department,

The 1st February 1856.

Appointment.—Mr. Robert Spankie to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Seharunpore, making over charge of his Office to the Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector Mr. John Robert Mackillop, who will officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Cawnpore, till further orders.

No. 667 of 1856.

General Department.

Leave of Absence.—Three months' special leave, under Section VI., Clause 4, of the new Rules, is granted to Mr. Charles Grant, Accountant, North-Western Provinces, to the date of embarkation for England, under the leave, on Medical certificate, granted in Orders of the 15th January.

No. 695 of 1856.

Judicial and Revenue Department,

The 2nd February 1856.

Appointment.—Mr. Charles Paget Carmichael to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade, from the date of Mr. W. S. Paterson's promotion, but to continue to officiate as Assistant Secretary to the Government, North-Western Provinces.

W. Muir,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

General Orders by the Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council.

Fort William, 6th February 1856.

No. 214 of 1856.—The following Notification, from the Home Department, is published in General Orders:—

No. 158, *dated* 31*st January* 1856.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the following addition to be made to the List No. 1, published under date the 29th September 1854, of parties authorized to send by Post, without actual payment of Postage, all Letters, Packets, or Parcels, *bonâ fide* and exclusively on the Public Service.

List No. 1.

Superintendent of Regimental Schools.

No. 215 *of* 1856.—The following Notifications, from the Foreign Department, are published in General Orders:—

No. 657, *dated* 30*th January* 1856.—The leave of absence granted to Captain G. F. D'Oyly, in General Order dated 31st December last, is extended to the date of the sailing of the Vessel on which he may embark for Europe, under the Rules applicable to Military Officers on Staff employ.

No. 659, *dated 5th February* 1856.—Lieutenant R. J. D. Ferris, Assistant Commissioner of Khangurh, has obtained leave of absence for one month, from such date as he may avail himself of the same, under the Military Rules.

No. 660, *dated 5th February* 1856.—Colonel W. M. Ramsay, 62nd Regiment Native Infantry, to be Brigadier Commandant of the Gwalior Contingent, in succession to Brigadier W. Hill, transferred to the Hyderabad Contingent.

Captain A. Blackwood, Second in Command of the Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment, to be Commandant of Infantry, United Malwa Contingent, *vice* Major G. Pott.

Lieutenant C. Martin, 1st Regiment Light Cavalry, to be Adjutant of the 2nd Regiment of Cavalry, Gwalior Contingent, *vice* Lieutenant D. W. Wise, who resigns on the 16th instant.

Apothecary G. E. Pool, of the 2nd Regiment of Infantry, Nagpore Irregular Force, to hold Medical charge of the 1st Regiment of Infantry, Gwalior Contingent, *vice* Sub-Assistant Surgeon Norris, deceased.

No. 216 *of* 1856.—The following Notification, from the Public Works Department, is published in General Orders :—

"*No.* 21, *dated* 5*th February* 1856.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to confirm the leave of absence, for six months, from the 15th October 1855 to the 15th April 1856, to visit the Presidency, on urgent private affairs, under the old Regulations, granted by the Chief Commissioner in the Punjaub to Lieutenant C. W. Nightingale, Superintendent Punjaub District Roads.

No. 217 *of* 1856.—The following Notifications, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal, are published in General Orders :—

Appointment.—4*th February* 1856.—Assistant Surgeon T. B. Farncombe, of the Hill Rangers, to be in charge of the Civil Medical duties of Bhaugulpore. This appointment to date from the 15th of November last.

Leave of Absence.—1*st February* 1856.—The unexpired portion of the leave granted to Lieutenant T. Lamb, Junior Assistant to the Commissioner of Assam, on the 28th of November last, is cancelled from the 21st ultimo.

No. 218 *of* 1856.—The following Notifications, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces, are published in General Orders :—

"*No.* 121 *A.*, *dated* 31*st January.*—*Leave of Absence.*—Captain A. Allen, Superintendent of the Roorkee Work-shops, for three months, on Medical certificate, from the 1st proximo, or from such date as he may avail himself of the leave, preparatory to applying for furlough to Europe."

"*Appointment*—Lieutenant George Baillie to officiate as Superintendent of the Roorkee Work-shops, during the absence of Captain Allen, or till further orders."

"*No.* 624, *dated* 30*th January* 1856.—*Leave of Absence.*—Civil Assistant Surgeon G. R. Pemberton, at Mirzapore, for two months, on private affairs, under the Rules applicable to Military Officers on Staff Employ, from the 1st February next, or from such date as he may avail himself of the leave, making over charge of his duties to the Sub-Assistant Surgeon of the District."

No. 219 *of* 1856.—The Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to sanction an exchange of appointments between Captain G. E. Holmes, Commandant of the Kelat i-Ghilzie Regiment, and Captain C. F. M. Mundy, Major of Brigade at Jullundur.

Captain Mundy is accordingly placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, and Captain Holmes is appointed a Brigade Major on the Establishment.

No. 220 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick certificate :—

Assistant Surgeon Sydney George Bousfield, of the Medical Department, ...	For three years, under the old Rules.

No. 221 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officers of the Infantry are promoted to the rank of Captain by Brevet, from the dates expressed opposite to their names :—

8th Regiment Native Infantry.

Lieutenant Edward Oakes, ... 2nd February 1856.

60th Regiment Native Infantry.

Lieutenant William Clarke Green, 4th Feby. 1856.

No. 222 *of* 1856.—Captain George Hickson Fagan, of the Corps of Engineers, Garrison Engineer of Fort William, is permitted to retire from the Service of the East India Company, on the pension of a Major, from this date.

No. 223 *of* 1856.—With reference to Government General Order No. 207, of the 5th instant, the Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

First Lieutenant Frederic Day Urquhart, of the Regiment of Artillery, to be 3rd Assistant Military Auditor General.

Fort William, 7th February 1856.

No. 224 *of* 1856.—Lieutenant James Adeane Law, of the 66th or Goorka Regiment, is allowed leave of absence, from the 25th January to the 25th April 1856, to visit Mooltan and Bombay, with permission to proceed thence to Europe on furlough, on private affairs, for two years, under the new Regulations.

No. 225 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officer has returned to his duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to his rank, by permission of the Hon'ble the Court of Directors :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Lieutenant Charles Reay, of the 32nd Regiment Native Infantry, ...	2nd Feb. 1856.

No. 226 *of* 1856.—The Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to make the following promotions :—

69th Regiment Native Infantry.

Ensign Thomas Plumptre Harrison to be Lieutenant, from the 28th January 1856, *vice* Lieutenant Francis Charles Kemp, dismissed by the sentence of a General Court Martial.

Medical Department.

Assistant Surgeon Daniel James O'Callaghan to be Surgeon, from the 31st of January 1856, *vice* Surgeon John McCosh, M. D., retired.

No. 227 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe, on furlough, on private affairs :—

First Lieutenant Henry LeGeyt Bruce, of the Regiment of Artillery, Commandant No. 3 Horse Light Field Battery, Punjaub Irregular Force, ... Assistant Surgeon Robert James Atkinson, Garrison Assistant Surgeon, Chunar, ...	For two years each, under the new Regulations.

Assistant Surgeon Atkinson is appointed to the Medical charge of the Invalids of the Hon'ble

Company's Service, proceeding to England on the Ship *Prince of Wales*.

No. 228 *of* 1856.—With reference to Government General Order No. 990, of the 28th September 1855, Captain H. L. Blackburn, of the 41st Regiment Native Infantry is at his own request, placed on the retired half-pay list, from the 15th April 1856.

Fort William, 8th February 1856.

No. 229 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick certificate :—

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel George Henry Swinley, of the Regiment of Artillery,... } For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 230 *of* 1856.—The Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to make the following promotions in the under-mentioned Corps of the Native Army :—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose Room.
Gun Lascar detail attached to the Regt. of Artillery, ..	Jemadar Saddock Khan, ..	Subadar, ...	22nd Oct. 1855,..	Sahib Allie, deceased.
	Havildar Rambuccus, ..	Jemadar, ...	Ditto, ...	Saddock Khan, promoted.
3rd Regt. N. I.,...	Subadar Jewram Pattuck, ..	Subadar Major,..	8th Feb. 1856. ...	To complete the establishment.
8th Regt. N. I.,..	Havildar Sewgolam Sing, ..	Jemadar, ..	15th Sept. 1855,...	Mohun Opadeah, deceased.
9th Regt. N. I.,	Havildar Dhunput Doobey, ..	Jemadar, ...	18th Nov. 1855,..	Sowhy Pautuck, deceased.
	Havildar Rambuccus Tewarry, ..	Jemadar, ..	16th Dec. 1855,..	Bissonauth Misser, deceased.
19th Regt. N. I.	Havildar Geordharey Sing, ..	Jemadar, ..	1st Dec. 1855,..	Bhagwan Sing, deceased.
20th Regt. N. I.,	Jemadar Busty Khan, ..	Subadar, ...	15th Dec. 1855,..	Meer Cassim Ally, deceased.
	Havildar Shaick Ausud Ally, ..	Jemadar, ..	Ditto, ..	Busty Khan, promoted.
	Havildar Salegram Pattuck, ..	Jemadar, ..	21st Dec. 1855,..	Tickahram, deceased.
23rd Regt. N. I.,	Jemadar Drigpaul Pandy, ..	Subadar, ...	9th Oct. 1855,...	Mirzah Awlud Ally, deceased.
	Havildar Davy Sing, ..	Jemadar, ...	Ditto, ...	Drigpaul Pandy, promoted.
33rd Regt. N. I.,	Jemadar Puhlwan Sing, ..	Subadar, ...	4th June 1855,..	Jurbhundhun Sing, deceased.
	Havildar Nowrung Khan, ..	Jemadar, ...	Ditto. ..	Puhlwan Sing, promoted.
34th Regt. N. I.,	Subadar Ramlal Doobie, ..	Subadar Major,..	19th Oct. 1855,...	Shekh Astoolah, deceased.
	Jemadar Lalla Gopal, ..	Subadar, ...	Ditto, ...	Ditto ditto ditto.
	Havildar Essree Awustie, ..	Jemadar, ...	Ditto, ..	Lalla Gopal, promoted.
	Havildar Sewchurn Pandey, ..	Jemadar, ..	4th Nov. 1855,..	Sewdial Sookul, deceased.
37th Regt. N. I.,..	Havildar Nundah Opadia, ..	Jemadar, ..	3rd Nov. 1855,..	Annunt Sing, deceased.
41st Regt. N. I.,	Jemadar Gungapersaud Pande, ..	Subadar, ..	2nd Nov. 1855,..	Rampershaud Pande, deceased
	Havildar Sawuh Oppudeeah, ..	Jemadar, ..	Ditto, ..	Gungapersaud Pande, promoted.
61st Regt. N. I.,..	Havildar Hurruck Sing, ..	Jemadar, ..	28th Sept. 1855, ..	Juggernauth Misser, deceased.
62nd Regt. N. I.,	Havildar Sewsahaie Misser, ..	Jemadar, ..	18th Nov. 1855, ..	Loochun Tewary, deceased.
66th or Goorkha Regt.,.....	Jemadar Bhemnarain, ..	Subadar, ..	19th Oct. 1855, ...	Ram Sing Goorung, deceased.
	Havildar Nain Sing, ..	Jemadar, ..	Ditto, ..	Bhemnarain, promoted.
72nd Regt. N. I.,	Jemadar Goorpersaud Sing, ..	Subadar, ..	19th Sept. 1855,..	Ramanoruth Sing, deceased.
	Havildar Sewchurn Sing, ..	Jemadar, ..	Ditto, ..	Goorpersaud Sing, promoted.
Sylhet Light I. Battalion, ...	Jemadar Degumber Sing, ..	Subadar, ..	1st May 1855,..	Dulkhumb Thapah, invalided.
	Havildar Bullee Ram Sing, ..	Jemadar, ..	Ditto, ..	Degumber Sing, promoted.
Sirmoor Battalion, ...	Jemadar Rutton, ..	Subadar, ..	23rd Nov. 1855,..	Nurbeer Rana, deceased.
	Havildar Boodeea, ..	Jemadar, ..	Ditto, ..	Rutton, promoted.
Nusseree Battalion, ...	Jemadar Sookteah, ..	Subadar, ..	1st Nov. 1855,	Motee, invalided.
	Jemadar Chunderbeer, ..	Ditto, ..		Gajinder, invalided.
	Havildar Dheerjeea, ..	Jemadar, ..		Sookteah, promoted.
	Havildar Khurruck Sing, ..	Ditto, ..		Chunderbeer, promoted.
8th Regt. Irregular Cavalry,	Ressaidar Meer Wullait Hosein, ..	Ressaldar, ..	4th Aug. 1855,..	Meer Mughur Ally, deceased.
	Naib Ressaldar Suliman Khan (Woordie Major,) ..	Ressaidar, ..	8th Feb. 1856, ..	Retaining the appointment of Woordie Major.
	Naib Ressaldar Imdad Ally, ..	Ressaidar, ..	4th Aug. 1855,..	Meer Wullait Hosein, promoted.
	Jemadar Ramzan Khan, ..	Naib Ressaldar,..	Ditto, ..	Imdad Ally, promoted.
	Kote Duffadar Shere Mahomed Khan,	Jemadar, ..	Ditto, ..	Ramzan Khan, promoted.

No. 231 *of* 1856.—Major W. G. Prendergast, of the 8th Regiment Light Cavalry, is permitted, at his own request, to resign the Command of the 3rd Regiment of Punjaub Cavalry, from the 31st January 1856, on proceeding on Furlough.

R. J. H. Birch, *Colonel*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India, in the Mily. Dept.

Notification.

Bills at par on the Public Treasuries of the under-mentioned Districts may be had on application to the Accountant to the Government of Bengal :—

Districts.	*Amounts available on this date.*
Bogra, ...	1,00,000
Bancoorah, ...	40,000
* Bullooah, ...	2,00,000
Cachar, ...	18,000
Cuttack, C. D.	30,000
* Chittagong, ...	1,00,000
* Hooghly, ...	1,25,000
* Midnapore, ...	3,00,000
* Mymensing, ...	3,00,000
Pooree, ...	30,000
Rungpore, ...	50,000
* Tipperah, ...	3,50,000

G. G. Mackintosh,
Accountant to the Govt. of Bengal.

Accountant's Office,
The 8th Feb. 1856.

* N. B.—These Treasuries will be cleared shortly, if the amounts available are not taken up in Bills.

Bills applied for after 2 P. M. will not be issued till the following day.

No. 257.

Notification.

In order to obviate the inconvenience and delay which so frequently occur at present in the audit of Bills and Abstracts received from Judges, Collectors and Magistrates, when on Circuit Duty in the interior of their Districts, and when subordinates are consequently required to sign the documents alluded to, the undersigned requests that, whenever Officers of the former class are on tour in the interior, they will be good enough to inform him of the date of their departure from their Stations, and the probable date of their return thereto.

W. P. Palmer,
Civil Auditor.

Fort William;
Civil Auditor's Office,
The 28th January 1856.

No. 12.

Notification.

Syud Azeemooddeen Hossen, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector, received charge of the Shahabad Treasury on the 29th ultimo.

G. G. Mackintosh,
Accountant Government of Bengal.

Fort William;
Office of Acct. Govt. of Bengal,
The 5th February 1856.

No. 13.

Notification.

Mr. R. C. B. Perry, Sub-Assistant Commissioner of Manbhoon, received charge of the Treasury of that District, on the 5th instant.

G. G. Mackintosh,
Accountant to the Govt. of Bengal.

Fort William;
Office of Acct. to the Govt. of Bengal,
The 8th February 1856.

Notice.

The General Treasury will be closed on Monday, the 11th instant, on account of the Hindoo Holiday, Shree Punchomee.

J. I. Harvey,
Sub-Treasurer.

General Treasury,
The 1st February 1856.

Opium Notification.

Notice is hereby given, that the Second Sale of Opium, the Provision of 1854-55, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Tuesday, the 12th February 1856, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,460 Chests, *viz.* :—

Behar Opium, ...	2,440
Benares Ditto, ...	1,020
Total, Chests,...	3,460

2nd. The general Conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 11th December 1855 and published in the *Calcutta* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3rd. The latest dates for Deposit and Clearance will be the 18th and 27th February 1856, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities, that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the Sales, will be received after 4 P. M. of Monday, the 18th February 1856, and no Treasury Receipts, in full payment of Lots, will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Wednesday, the 27th February 1856.

4th. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities,* more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below; the Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so :—

	Chests.
* Behar Opium of 1854-55,	23,938
Benares do. of do.,	10,190
Behar do. of 1853-54, (re-manufactured,) ..	460
Chests, ...	34,588

	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 10th March 1856, ..	2,440	1,020	3,460
On or about Monday, 14th April 1856, ..	2,440	1,020	3,460
On or about Friday, 9th May 1856, ..	2,440	1,020	3,460
On or about Monday, 9th June 1856, ..	2,440	1,020	3,460
On or about Thursday, 10th July 1856, ...	2,440	1,020	3,460
On or about Monday, 11th August 1856, ..	2,440	1,020	3,460
On or about Wednesday, 10th September 1856, ..	2,440	1,020	3,460
On or about Friday, 10th October 1856, ..	2,440	1,020	3,460
On or about Monday, 10th November 1856, ..	2,440	1,020	3,460
On or about Monday, 8th December 1856, ..	2,438	1,010	3,448
Total, ..	24,398	10,190	34,588

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. Trevor,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

Fort William,
The 28th January 1856.

Notification.

THE following list of English, Mahomedan and Hindoo Holidays, to be observed in the Revenue Offices of the Lower Provinces, during the year 1856, is published for general information :—

NAMES OF HOLIDAYS.	ENGLISH MONTH.	BENGALEE MONTH.	DAYS OF THE WEEK.
New Year's Day, ...	1st January 1856,	18th Pous 1262, ...	Tuesday.
Bissunt Punchoomee, ...	10th and 11th Feb.,	29th and 30th Maugh, ...	Sunday and Monday.
Sheorattee, ...	5th and 6th March,	23rd and 24th Falgoon,	Wednesday and Thursday.
Dole Jatrah, ...	21st to 23rd ditto,	9th to 11th Choitro, ...	Friday to Sunday.
Baroonee Usnan, ..	2nd April, ...	21st ditto, ...	Wednesday.
Churruck Poojah, ...	10th and 11th ditto,	29th and 30th ditto, ...	Thursday and Friday.
Ramnobomee, ...	13th ditto, ...	2nd Bysack 1263, ...	Sunday.
Subeburrat, ...	20th ditto, ...	9th ditto, ...	Sunday ; but if the Moon be not visible on the 6th April, then on the 21st April, Monday.
Queen's Birth Day, ...	24th May, ...	12th Joist, ...	Saturday.
Eodool Fitur, ...	5th and 6th June,	24th and 25th ditto, ..	Thursday and Friday ; but if the Moon be not visible on the 4th June, then on the 6th and 7th June, Friday and Saturday.
Dussohera Gunga Poojah	12th ditto, ...	31st ditto, ...	Thursday.
Usnan Juttra, ...	18th ditto, ...	6th Assaur, ...	Wednesday.
Ruth Juttra, ...	4th July, ...	22nd ditto, ...	Friday.
Ooltah Ruth, ...	12th ditto, ...	30th ditto, ...	Saturday.
Edo Zohah, ...	12th and 13th Aug.,	29th and 30th Srawun,	Tuesday and Wednesday ; but if the Moon be visible on the 1st August, then on the 11th and 12th August, Monday and Tuesday.
Ruksha Bundun, ...	16th ditto, ...	2nd Bhadoor, ...	Saturday.
Jumun Ushtomee, ...	23rd and 24th ditto,	9th and 10th ditto, ...	Saturday and Sunday.
Mohurrum, ...	2nd to 11th Sept.,	19th to 28th ditto, ...	Tuesday to Thursday ; but if the Moon be visible on the 31st Aug., then from 1st to 10th Sept., Monday to Wednesday.
Mohaloyah, ...	28th ditto, ...	14th Assin, ...	Sunday.
Sun Eclipse, ...	29th ditto, ...	15th ditto, ...	Monday.
Doorgah Poojah, ..	4th to 11th Oct., ...	20th to 27th ditto, ...	Saturday to Saturday.
Luckhee Poojah, ...	13th and 14th ditto,	29th and 30th ditto, ...	Monday and Tuesday.
Kalee Poojah, ...	28th and 29th ditto,	13th and 14th Kartick,	Tuesday and Wednesday.
Bhratesdeteah, ...	30th ditto, ...	15th ditto, ...	Thursday.
Jugudhathree Poojah, ...	6th and 7th Nov.,	22nd and 23rd ditto, ...	Thursday and Friday.
Futteh Doazdulrum, ...	11th ditto, ...	27th ditto, ...	Tuesday ; but if the Moon be visible on the 29th Oct., then on the 10th Nov., Monday.
Kartick Poojah, ...	14th and 15th ditto,	30th Kartick and 1st Aghran, ...	Friday and Saturday.
Christmas Day, ...	25th Dec., ...	12th Pous, ...	Thursday.

By order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces,

A. GROTE,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 23rd January 1856.

SEALED TENDERS, from Professional Builders only, will be received by the Civil Architect, in his Office in Calcutta, up to 4 P. M., on Saturday, the 23rd February 1856, for "white washing, sand rubbing, painting and repairing the Board of Revenue at Calcutta, (late Board of Customs, Salt and Opium.)"

Time for Execution, Two (2) Months.

Specification, Forms of Tender, and further information to be obtained from the Civil Architect's Office in Calcutta.

A Deposit in Cash of One Hundred (100) Rupees is required with each Tender.

Tenders not prepared in strict accordance with the "Contract Rules," dated Military Board Office, 28th March 1853, will be returned.

By order of the Chief Engineer, Lower Provinces,

C. B. YOUNG, *Captain,*
Civil Architect.

Notice.

COMMANDERS of Vessels or others having young Rams from Australia or the Cape, of the Merino breed, suitable for Breeding purposes, for sale, are invited to apply at the Commissariat Office, No. 9, Hastings' Street, any day, except Sunday, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

FRED. LLOYD,
Offg. Asst. Comy. General.

FORT WILLIAM,
Executive Comt. Office,
The 30th January 1856.

NOTICE.—Mean Time was this day shown to the Shipping in the River, from the Semaphore Tower in the Fort, one second (1s.) before Mean Noon.

C. S. REID, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Officiating Town Major.

Fort William,
1*st February* 1856.

Sheriff's Office, the 6th February 1856.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of *Oyer* and *Terminer* and Gaol Delivery, and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Saturday, the First day of March next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

J. H. FERGUSSON,
Sheriff.

শরিফ আফিস ৬ ফিবরুয়ারি ১৮৫৬ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামী ১ মার্চ ১৮৫৬ সাল শনিবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফোর্ট উইলেমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্তে বঙ্গদেশের ফোর্ট উইলএমের শুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেলটী অর্থাৎ মহাসমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মকদ্দমা নিস্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশীয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান জতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘন্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখুন।

J. H. FERGUSSON,
Sheriff.

J. H. FERGUSSON, ESQ.,
Sheriff of Calcutta.

SIR,

WE the undersigned have the honor to request you will call a Meeting of the Inhabitants of Calcutta, on some early day, for the purpose of addressing the Most Noble the Marquis of Dalhousie, on his approaching resignation of the high Office of Governor General of India, and considering the most fitting way of perpetuating the public sense of His Lordship's brilliant career in this Country.

We are,
SIR,
Your obedient Servants,

James Wm. Colvile.
A. T. T. Peterson.
John D. Bell.
J. S. Judge.
Arth. Buller.
C. R. M. Jackson.
David Cowie.
William Maitland.
C. B. Skinner.
John Bullen.
John Deffell.
J. Church.
W. McAdam Steuart.
Fred. Robinson.
J. Lyall.
Dudley R. Smith.
Henry Cowie.
J. B. Plumb.
W. Ritchie.
T. H. Cowie.
W. Blundell.
Geo. Barton.
Andrew Hay.
James Hume.
Seth A. Apcar.
David B. Lindsay.
J. Graham.
John Stephenson.
Jas. Pain.
N. M. Maniachi.
D. C. Mackey.
D Elliott.
Jno. R .Grey.
Henry Crooke.
J. Hardie.
Fred Schiller.
Edwd. D. Kilburn.
James M. Hall.
H. Marshall.
C. S. Leresche.
John Ker.
J. Clarke.
E. W. Wingrove.
W. Anderson.
A. R. Morinet
Degumber Mitter.
Wm. Fairlie.
H. Dundas.
R. Muirhead Reddie.
Lewis Balfour.
Alexander Wallace.
Thos. D. K. Watts.
Wm. J. Judge.
C. W. Macrae.
M. L. Ingram.
A. Walker.
A. Williamson.
E. S. Greenstreet.
G. F. Behrends.
Ns. G. Paspati.
T. E. Ralli.
L. A. DeSouza.
Wm. Thomson.
Robt. Dunlop.
James Stuart.
Nogendernauth Tagore.
Kissorey Chand Mittra.
Madhubchunder Sen.
Gobinchunder Sen.
Rowland Hamilton.
Sibnauth Dhur.
Prossunoocoomar Tagore.
R. Thomas.
J. W. Dalrymple.
A. C. Bidwell.
J. S. Torrens.
C. S. Hogg.
H. T. Raikes.
W. Spink.
Geo. M. Blacker.
A. Sconce.
C. Trevor.
B. J. Colvin.
Aber. Dick.
Ramapersaud Roy.
R. T. Allan.
Ameer Alle.
Shumboonauth Pundit.
Juggadanund Mookerjee.
C. T. Buckland.
D. I. Money.
Tarucknauth Sen.
Cecil Beadon.
A. R. Young.
J. Dunbar.
Henry Ricketts.
A. Grote.
E. T. Trevor.
J. Outram,
C. Allen.
A. Boulderson.
S. Powell.
P. W. LeGeyt.
G. R. Worcester.
E. Miller.
F. C. Sandes.
S. C. Collis.
T. M. Robinson.
R. Molloy.
Thos. E. B. Judge.
R. C. Lepage.
R. T. Callan.
James W. Browne.
D. Lattey.
J. Lawrie.
G. F. Remfry.
John Remfry.
H. Burkinyoung.
W. B. Thomson.
W. Macpherson.
Thos. Martin.
A. Goldie.
R. Ramsay.
J. S. Banks.
J. A. Rice.
W. Mayhew.
Aug. Abbott.
R. O'Shaughnessy.
Fred. D. Atkinson.
C. S. Reid.
Balcarras W. Ramsay.
A. Sanders.
H. P. Burn.
G. F. Edmonstone.
M. Turnbull.

In compliance with the foregoing requisition, I hereby convene a Meeting of the inhabitants of Calcutta, to be held at the Town Hall, on Wednesday, the 13th of February next, at half past 3 o'clock, for the purposes above-mentioned.

J. H. Fergusson,
Sheriff.

Calcutta,
29th January 1856.

Sheriff's Sale, Calcutta, the 9th February 1856.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Thursday, the Twenty-eighth day of February instant, at the hour of 12 o'clock, the Sheriff of Calcutta will put up to Public Sale at the Court House, by virtue of a Writ of *Fieri Facias* in his hands against the Effects of Ram Doss and Lutchmun Doss, Hindoos, carrying on trade and business at Calcutta, in Co-partnership under the name, style and firm of Syumberram, Ram Doss, General Merchants, &c. &c,

The Right, Title and Interest of the said Ram Doss and Lutchmun Doss, Hindoos, carrying on trade and business at Calcutta, in Co-partnership under the name, style and firm of Syumberram Ram Doss, as General Merchants, &c. &c., of, in and to the following landed property, *viz.* :—

1. Two upper-roomed tiled Bungalows, with a piece of land thereunto belonging, containing by estimation ten cottahs, more or less, situate at Mouzah Chutnaharee in Perguunah Lucknessur and in the Zillah of Ghazeepore.

2. Also a piece of land, with mangoe and several other fruit trees growing thereon, containing by estimation one biggah and ten cottahs, more or less, situate at the same place.

3. And also another piece of land, with mangoe and several other fruit trees growing thereon, containing by estimation two biggahs, more or less, situate at the same place.

The Conditions of Sale and further particulars may be known by applying at the Sheriff's Office.

J. H. Fergusson,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale, Calcutta, the 9th February 1856.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Thursday, the twenty-eighth day of February instant, at the hour of 12 o'clock, the Sheriff of Calcutta will put up to Public Sale at the Court House, by virtue of a Writ of *Fieri Facias* in his hands against the Effects of Brijrutton Doss.

The Right, Title and Interest of the said Brijrutton Doss of, in and to the following landed property, *viz* :

1. An upper-roomed brick-built house at Benares in Nundun Doss' Mohulla, with a piece of land belonging thereto.

2. Also an upper-roomed stone and brick-built house in Gopaul Doss' Mohulla at Benares aforesaid.

3. Also a three-storied stone and brick-built house in Gopaul Doss' Mohulla in Benares aforesaid.

4. Also a five-storied stone and brick-bullt house in Gopaul Doss' Mohulla in Benares aforesaid.

5. Also a lower-roomed house in Gopaul Doss' Mohulla in Benares aforesaid, with a piece of land thereunto belonging.

6. Also a three-storied stone and brick-built house in Gopaul Doss' Mohulla in Benares aforesaid.

7. Also a three-storied stone and brick-built house in Gopaul Doss' Mohulla in Benares aforesaid.

8. Also a three-storied stone and brick-built house in Gopaul Doss' Mohulla in Benares aforesaid.

9. Also a Garden at Sicrowr in Mouzah Kedgeree in the suburbs of the city of Benares.

10. And also a Chuck or Bazar in Burrobazar in Calcutta with a three-storied house.

The Conditions of Sale and further particulars may be known by applying at the Sheriff's Office.

J. H. Fergusson,
Sheriff.

NOTICE.—In the event of these Dividends remaining unclaimed for six months from this date, they will be paid into the Court.

Estate Mathew Steel Templeton, an Insolvent.

Names of Creditors.		Amount of Claim.			1st Dividend at 10 per Cent., 7th July 1855.		
	Co.'s Rs	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
Bathgate and Co.,	...	40	0	0	4	0	0
Dick, G. S.,	...	250	0	0	25	0	0
Gobindchunder Shaw,	...	40	0	0	4	0	0
Hurrochunder Ghose,	...	30	0	0	3	0	0
Hay, G. C.,	...	25	0	0	2	8	0
Lepage and Co., R. C.,	...	137	0	0	13	11	2
Modoosoodun Day,	...	112	0	0	11	3	2
Nundololl Sein,	...	150	0	0	15	0	0
Rajbullob Seal and Co.,	...	50	0	0	5	0	0
Smith and Co., S.,	...	180	0	0	18	0	0
	Co.'s Rupees,				101	6	4

E. E.

ESTATE GREGORY GEORGE GREGORY, AN INSOLVENT.

Names of Creditors.		Amount of Claim.			1st Dividend at 12 per Cent., 7th July 1855.		
		Co.'s Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Bhojon Bearer,	...	30	12	0	3	11	1
Banymaudub Shaw and Co.,	...	13	12	0	1	10	5
Bagram, M. G.,	...	30	0	0	3	9	7
Brigham, H.,	...	5	0	0	0	9	7
Bright and Co.,	...	25	0	0	3	0	0
Carbery, Mrs.,	...	40	0	0	4	12	10
Gopaul Lutchmunloll,	...	9	1	0	1	1	3
Gooroopersand Shaw and Co.,	...	8	4	0	0	15	10
Gervain and Co.,	...	25	0	0	3	0	0
Goluckchunder Shaw and Co.,	...	12	0	0	1	7	1
Gopeemohun Dutt and Co.,	...	51	14	6	6	3	8
Issurchunder Shaw,	...	6	8	0	0	12	6
Kessob Sing,	...	7	0	0	0	13	5
Leslie and Co., A.,	...	10	0	0	1	3	3
Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.,	...	15	0	0	1	12	10
Mendes and Co.,	...	40	4	0	4	13	4
Maumdee, J.,	...	10	0	0	1	3	3
Prawnkissen Mullick,	...	75	0	0	9	0	0
Ranken and Co.,	...	93	3	3	11	3	0
Schramm and Co.,	...	36	0	0	4	5	1
Senatun Dutt,	...	35	0	0	4	3	2
Wilson and Co., D.,	...	63	8	0	7	10	0
		Co.'s Rupees,			77	1	2

E. E.

ESTATE JOHANNES GEORGE GREGORY, AN INSOLVENT.

Names of Creditors.		Amount of Claim.			1st Dividend at 12 per Cent., 7th July 1855.		
		Co.'s Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Apcar and Co., A. G.,	...	30	0	0	3	9	7
Banymaudub Shaw and Co.,	...	24	8	0	2	15	0
Bagram, M. G.,	...	14	8	0	1	11	10
Gopaul Lutchmunloll,	...	11	4	0	1	5	7
Goopeemohun Dutt,	...	42	8	0	5	1	7
Gervain and Co.,	...	19	0	0	2	4	6
Hamilton and Co.,	...	50	0	0	6	0	0
Issurchunder Shaw and Co.,	...	4	0	0	0	7	8
Kessob Sing,	...	26	0	0	3	1	11
Leslie and Co., A.,	...	27	0	0	3	3	10
Marshman, J.,	...	48	0	0	5	12	2
Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.,	...	58	6	0	7	0	1
Nobokissen Seal,	...	119	9	2	14	5	7
Petruse, S. C. S.,	...	60	0	0	7	3	3
Sustechurn Paul and Co.,	...	41	8	0	4	15	8
		Co.'s Rupees,			69	2	3

E. E.

ESTATE GEORGE CANNING JERDAN, AN INSOLVENT.

Names of Creditors.		Amount of Claim.			1st Dividend at 25 per Cent. 7th July 1855		
		Co.'s Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Cuthbertson and Harper,	...	34	8	0	8	10	0
Day and Co., K. C.,	...	50	10	0	12	10	6
Forbes and Co., F.	...	33	0	0	8	4	0
Kussee Mullow, (Khansamah,)	...	41	0	0	10	4	0
Lepage and Co., R. C.,	...	76	0	0	19	0	0
Mooneeah Dhobenee,	...	14	0	0	3	8	0
Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.,	...	400	0	0	100	0	0
Newland, J.,	...	20	0	0	5	0	0
Pereira and Co.,	...	48	0	0	12	0	0
Stokeld, W.,	...	73	0	0	18	4	0
Smith, H.,	...	519	10	0	129	14	0
Solomons, H. B.,	...	25	0	0	6	4	0
Charles Nephew and Co.,	...	131	8	0	32	14	0
		Co.'s Rupees,			366	9	0

E. E.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Official Assignee.

Calcutta, 4th February 1856.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Henry Hutcheson Atkinson, late of Mangoe Lane, in Calcutta, Broker and Agent, carrying on business as such under the name, style or firm of Messrs. Atkinson and Company, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 7th day of July 1855, it was ordered that the first Saturday in the month of July 1856 should be appointed for the further hearing in this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent should be discharged personally, as well as to his after-acquired property, from all liability for debts, claims and demands of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

Grant and Rogers, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Neterville Henry Alexander Campbell, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 5th day of January instant, it was ordered that Saturday, the 3rd day of January 1857, should be appointed for the further hearing in this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent should be discharged personally, as well as to his after-acquired property, from the demands of all the Creditors whose names are inserted in the *Order Nisi*, that is to say, Mrs. Jane Dunbar and Messrs. Mackintosh, Burn & Co., Patrick Sutherland, J. Vanderbeck, H. W. J. Wood, as Agent to the Calcutta Branch of the Agra Bank, J. M. Dove and Samuel Smith, Rajmohun Roy, Muttyloll Johery, J. A. Burkinyoung, Messrs. Willis and Earle, R. Graham, Messrs. Smith, Cowell and Co., Messrs. Tulloh and Co., Ramcoomar Chatterjee, Gopaulchunder Mookerjee, Moheschunder Bose, Sarah Dyson, Bulloram Roy, Messrs. Gordon, Stuart and Co., Ramchunder Bose, J. C. Mackintosh, Rajah Buddenauth Roy, Ramcoomar Chatterjee, Harranchunder Gangooley, benamee for Radhacoomar Roy, and Puddocoomar Roy, Sibchunder Laha, Sreenauth Ghose, R. H. Buckland and Co., and J. Johnston.

Marshall, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 28th January 1856.

In the matter of Woomeschunder Mitter, late of Baug Bazar, in Calcutta, an Accountant in the London and Eastern Banking Corporation, an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Friday, the 15th day of February instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent, desirous "of opposing such application, must appear before the "said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Gillanders, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 7th February 1856.

In the matter of Frederick Henry Lochner, of No. 6, David Joseph's Lane, in Calcutta, a Clerk in the Office of the Accountant General to the Government of India, an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Friday, the 15th day of February instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent, desirous "of opposing such application, must appear before the "Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Paul, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Thomas William Brown, of Sibtollah Lane, in Calcutta, late an Assistant to His Highness the Rajah of Burdwan, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of February instant it was ordered that the hearing of this matter should stand adjourned until Saturday, the 1st day of March next, and that the said Insolvent should then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Shaik Budderuddy Moonshee, an Insolvent.
In the matter of Ramnarain Day, an Insolvent.
In the matter of Takoordoss Chuckerbutty, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of February instant, it was ordered, that the petitions of the said several Insolvents seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., should be dismissed.

Insolvent in person.

Anley and Watkins, *Attorneys.*

Sherrington, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Charles Alexander Martin, of Bow Bazar, in Calcutta, Undertaker and Stone Mason, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of February instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter should stand adjourned until Saturday, the 1st day of March next, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvent from arrest should be enlarged to the said 1st day of March next, and that the said Insolvent should then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Carapiet, *Attorney.*

In the matter of William Martin, and Mathew Alexander Pillans, of the late firm of Martin, Pillans and Co., Insolvents.

On Monday, the 8th day of October last, it was ordered that Saturday the 4th day of October 1856, should be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent William Martin should be discharged personally as well as to his after-acquired property, from all liability for debts, claims and demands of, and against, the said Insolvent in his said firm of Martin Pillans and Co., at the time of the filing of the petition for relief.

Grant and Rogers, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of William Martin and Matthew Alexander Pillans, of the late firm of Martin, Pillans and Co., Insolvents.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of February instant, it was ordered that the first Saturday in the month of February 1857, should be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent, Mathew Alexander Pillans, should be discharged personally, as well as to his after-acquired property, from all liability for debts, claims and demands of, and against, the said Insolvent, in his said firm of Martin, Pillans and Co., at the time of the filing of the petition for relief.

Grant and Rogers, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of George May, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of February instant, an account of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 1st day of December 1853 to the 30th day of January 1856, was filed, and may be inspected at the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered, that Saturday, the 1st day of March next, should be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a Dividend.

☞ "*Any Creditor or other person interested, who "may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the "Estate of the said Insolvent, may attend and be heard, "having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days "before the day of hearing.*"

In matter of Stephen Williams, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of February instant, an account of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 2nd day of May 1853 to the 1st day of February 1856, was filed, and may be inspected at the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered, that Saturday, the 1st day of March next, should be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a Dividend.

☞ "*Any Creditor or other person interested, "who may intend to establish or oppose any "claim upon the Estate of the said Insolvent, "may attend and be heard having given notice "to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the "day of hearing.*"

J. Cochrane, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of William Martin, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Matthew Alexander Pillans, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 8th day of October last, it was ordered, that Saturday, the 4th day of October 1856, should be appointed for the further hearing of these several matters, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvents should be discharged personal, as well as to their after-acquired property, from all liability for debts, claims and demands of, and against, the said Insolvents at the time of the filing of their petitions for relief.

Grant & Rogers, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 8th February 1856.

Lights on Flat Island and on the Coast of Mauritius.

LIGHT-HOUSES.—AMENDED SAILING DIRECTIONS.

THE following amended Sailing Directions are published for general information, several errors existing in those inserted in *Government Gazettes*, Nos. 43 and 44, of 8th and 15th September last: an asterisk has been affixed to those parts where corrections have been made.

(Signed) J. DOWLAND,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
26th October 1855.

LIGHT-HOUSES.

His Excellency the Governor directs it to be notified for general information, that the following Lights will be exhibited on Flat Island and on the Coast of Mauritius, on and from the 1st December next, *viz.* :—

A first class *revolving* Catoptric Light on Flat Island.

A first class *fixed* Catoptric Light on Cannonier Point.

A *red* Mast Light on the left bank, and at the mouth of Grand River.

A *green* Mast Light on Cooper's Island, at the mouth of the Harbour.

Detailed descriptions of, and sailing directions for these Lights, are published below for general information.

J. DOWLAND,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
7th September 1855.

Sailing Directions for making the Anchorage off the Harbour of Port Louis, Mauritius, with reference to the Light-Houses recently erected upon "Flat Island" and "Cannonier Point," and also the two Mast Lights near the entrance of the Harbour.

DESCRIPTION OF THE LIGHTS.

"FLAT ISLAND."

This is a *revolving* Catoptric Light of the first order, situated at the South-West or highest extremity of the Island, in Latitude S. 19° 53′ 26″ and Longitude E. 57° 38′ 8″, determined by Triangulation from the Observatory of Port Louis. Variation of the Compass 11° 47′ 13″ West.

Its elevation above the mean level of the sea (the rise of tide being only about 3 feet) is 366 feet, and it will be visible in clear weather from the deck of a vessel 13 feet above the water, a distance of about 25 Nautical Miles.

"CANNONIER POINT."

This is a *fixed* Catoptric Light, also of the first order.

It is situated in Latitude S. 20° 0′ 35″ and Longitude E. 57° *32′ 39″. Its elevation above the mean level of the sea is 39 feet 6 inches, and it will be seen from the deck of a vessel 13 feet above the water, a distance of about 10 Nautical Miles.

The objects of this Light are, to indicate the position of a dangerous shoal, nearly *1¼ miles from the shore, and to keep vessels clear of the coral reefs to the North-East and South-West of the Point.

"HARBOUR MAST LIGHTS."

One of these is placed as a leading Light (Red) at the Martello Tower at the mouth, and on the left bank of the Grand River; and the other (Green) at Fort George, on Tonnelier Island.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS.

Vessels making the land from the Eastward (Windward) side of the Island should give a berth of 2½ Miles to the reefs off Amber Island and be careful not to approach the Light on Flat Island on a course to the Westward of *N. N. W. ½ W., until Gunner's Quoin bears *West*, when they may shape a mid-channel course between Gunner's Quoin and Flat Island.

When to the Westward of the Quoin the Light at Cannonier Point will become visible and must be approached with the Flat Island Light, bearing astern E. N. E. ½ N., until abreast of Cannonier Point, when that Light will bear S. E. by S., a berth of rather more than 2 Nautical Miles being thus given to the dangerous reef and shoal off the Point. They may then haul up to S. W. by S. for the anchorage, distant about 10 Nautical Miles taking care to keep the Cannonier Point Light *white* for a distance of 6¾ Miles, when the Flat Island and Cannonier Lights will appear in one—the change of this color to red within that distance will indicate a too near approach to the land.

The *red* Light at the mouth of the Grand River will now be opened bearing S. S. W., for which vessels may safely steer until the Mast Light (Green) upon Fort George on Tonnelier Island bears S. E. ½ S., when they may immediately let go the anchor, being on the best ground—a nearer approach to the Light at Grand River would bring them too close to the reefs.

If the night is clear, the "Corps de Garde" Mountain will be clearly seen in line with the Grand River Light.

It is, however, generally advisable for vessels passing Cannonier Point at night, to lay to, keeping sail occasionally upon the ship, for the purpose of maintaining a good position for making the anchorage at day-break, in preference to attempting it at night, by which, in a very few instances, any time will be gained. Considerable risk, as well as the necessity for anchoring outside at all will also be thus avoided.

E. C. FROME,
Surveyor General.
EDWARD KELLY,
Harbour Master.

MEMO.

PUBLISHED for general information.

By order of the Supdt. of Marine,
JAS. SUTHERLAND,
Offg. Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 14th January 1856.

For Dacca and Assam.

NOTICE is hereby given, that from the 1st of March next, a Steamer, with a Flat in tow, will be despatched from Calcutta to Assam on the following dates, *viz.*, 1st and 20th of March, 10th of April, 1st and 20th of May, 10th of June, 1st and 19th of July.

For Freight and Passage, apply at the Government Boat Office.

By order of the Superintendent of Marine,
J. WOODLEY,
Clerk of the Govt. Boat Office.

5th February 1856.

CIVIL SERVICE ANNUITY FUND.

At an Annual General Meeting of Subscribers to the Civil Service Annuity Fund, held at the Town Hall, on the 9th January 1856.

Present :—Messrs. W. P. Palmer, Hon'ble E. Drummond, E. F. Radcliffe, T. C. Trotter, E. F. Harrison, J. W. Dalrymple, J. A. Crawford, E. Grey and H. T. Prinsep.

W. P. PALMER, ESQ, *in the Chair.*

The accounts for the past year, 1854-55, were submitted.

Abstract of the Accounts of the Bengal Civil Service Annuity Fund for 1854-55 (*30th year, 10th Triennial Period.*)

UNAPPROPRIATED FUNDS.	Co.'s Rs.	Interest.
Balance on 30th April 1854,	3675750 5 8	220545 0 4
Fines, &c. from C. G. Mansel, C. Garstin, W. Travers, R. K. Dick, E. Bentall, E. F. Tyler, H. F. James and W. M. Dirom,	126111 9 2	474 12 6
Premium from C. F. Thompson, (Annuitant of 1850-51) for Annuity being made payable Quarterly, &c.,	4475 11 4	268 8 8
Subscriptions received during the year,	329215 13 10	10652 11 1
Donation of the Hon'ble E. I. Company for the year,	1786720 0 0	
	5922273 8 0	231941 0 7
		5922273 8 0
		6154214 8 7
DEDUCT,		
Transfer to the Appropriated Fund of the Values of Annuities granted to C. W. Kinloch, S. S. Brown, N. H. E. Prowett, W. S. Donnithorne, T. Bruce, G. H. Smith, T. Wyatt, W. H. Tyler, R. Walker, C. G. Mansel, C. Garstin and D. B. Morrieson.	1280311 12 8	
Interest thereon from their several dates of transfer,	55818 14 7	
Additional value of the Annuity of C. F. Thompson,	4475 11 4	
Interest thereon,	268 8 8	
Refund to 10 Annuitants of overpayment of Fine,	1216 10 8	
Interest thereon,	43 5 0	
Establishment and Printing charges, &c.,	10947 7 9	
		1353062 6 8
Balance,	....	4801132 1 11
LESS,		
Transfer to Appropriated Funds under the 10th Triennial adjustment required by Rule 15,	....	1133291 0 0
Balance on 30th April 1855, Co.'s Rs,	....	3667841 1 11

APPROPRIATED FUNDS.	Co.'s Rs.	Interest.
Balance on 30th April 1854,	14504176 8 1	870250 9 5
Transfer from the Unappropriated Fund of the Values of the abovementioned Annuities,	1280311 12 8	55818 14 7
Transfer from Unappropriated Funds of the additional value of C F. Thompson's Annuity being made payable quarterly &c.,	4475 11 4	268 8 8
Recredit on account of excess payment of the Annuities of the late R. H. Tulloh and H. Smith,	10934 4 4	356 1 5
	15808898 4 5	926694 2 1
		15808898 4 5
		16735592 6 6
DEDUCT,		
Payments to 148 Annuitants of their quarterly Annuities,	1484767 0 8	
Ditto to 36 Annual ditto,	376000 0 0	
Interest charged upon the quarterly-paid Annuities,	33361 12 7	1894128 13 3
		14841463 9 3
ADD,		
Amount of Transfer from Unappropriated Funds under the valuation Adjustment made under Rule 15,	....	1133291 0 0
Balance 30th April 1855, Co's. Rs.	....	15974754 9 3
Total Balance, Company's Rupees,	....	19642595 11 2

Errors Excepted.

J. W. DALRYMPLE, *Secretary and Accountant.*

Proposed by Mr. E. F. Radcliff and seconded by Mr. T. C. Trotter, that the Accounts be approved and passed. *Carried unanimously.*

An election of Managers for the ensuing year then took place, when Messrs. E. Currie, C. Allen, G. G. Mackintosh, A. R. Young, and C. T. Buckland, were duly elected.

A vote of thanks was passed to the Chairman,

W. P. PALMER,
Chairman.

CIVIL SERVICE ANNUITY FUND OFFICE, }
The 9th January 1856. }

BENGAL CIVIL FUND.

At a Half-yearly General Meeting of Subscribers to the Bengal Civil Fund, held at the Town Hall on the 30th January 1856.

PRESENT:

Messrs. C. Allen, G G. Mackintosh, Hon'ble E. Drummond, C. Beadon, A. R. Young, J. W. Dalrymple, C. T. Buckland, G. G. Morris, E. F. Harrison, J. A. Crawford, and S. Lushington.

C. ALLEN, ESQUIRE, *in the Chair.*

Read the following Report, with Statement of Account, submitted by the Managers:—

"The Managers submit their proceedings for the past half-year for the consideration and sanction of the Meeting.

"Subject to the approval of the Subscribers, they have admitted to the benefits of the Fund the following Family:—

Mrs. Cunliffe, ...	£ 300 0
Four Children, ...	„ 860 0
Yearly allowance, ...	„ 660 0

"The Widow and four Children (Daughters) of the late Mr. R. E. Cunliffe, (Annuitant of 14th February 1853,) who died in England on the 31st March 1855, from that date.

"Mr. F. J. Cockburn has applied for the admission of his wife to the benefits of the Fund on the payment of a fine of Rupees 100. Mr. Cockburn was married in Van Dieman's Land on the 25th January 1855, and leaving Melbourne on the following 20th June, he arrived in Calcutta on the 17th August, and reported his marriage on the 20th idem. As Mr. Cockburn had not reported his marriage within six months, which expired on the 25th of July, he was informed, that under Art. 6 of the Rules, his wife could only be admitted by a General Meeting. Mr. Cockburn contended, that as it was impossible for him to report his marriage during the thirty-five days of the six months spent on board of Ship, that time ought not to be counted as part of the six months. The Managers were of opinion, that if Mr. Cockburn had reported his marriage immediately on his arrival, he might perhaps have been held to have constructively complied with the Rule; but as he had not made that report for some days after his arrival, he could not in any way be considered to have done so. The Managers recommend that Mr. Cockburn's wife be admitted to the benefits of the Fund, on payment by that Gentleman of a fine of Rupees 500.

"The Meeting held in January last year requested the Managers to report at this Meeting the financial result of the alteration in practice, from assessing, in the case of absentee Subscribers, the gross salary of the Office, to that of deducting Subscriptions from the sums *actually received* by Subscribers. Although the Accounts ending 30th April 1855, now submitted, do not embrace a year of the operations of the new Absentee Rules, yet from the data collected for a year up to December last, it may be pretty accurately stated that the loss to the Fund has been about Rupees 7,870, which is less than was anticipated.

"The Accounts for the past year, 1854-55, are submitted. It will be observed that the amount at credit of the Unappropriated Fund differs from the Estimate made in the Secretary's Report, which was among the printed papers circulated in August last, by about Rupees 49,000. This arises chiefly from a sum of Interest, Rupees 32,700, having been included in the Estimate, on the supposition that it was realized on 30th April, whereas it was not so till the following day, and to its having been impossible to estimate the value of Mrs. Latter's Pension, which has proved to be Rupees 13,697, owing to that Lady's age being then unknown.

"The subject mooted in the printed papers circulated amongst the Subscribers at large in August last is submitted for discussion at this Meeting.

Abstract of the Accounts of the Bengal Civil Fund for 1854-55.

	Bearing Interest at 8 per cent.	Bearing Interest at 4 per cent.	Bearing Interest at 8 per cent.
Unappropriated Funds.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
By Balance 1st May 1854,	863532 12 2	496456 9 5	0 0 0
„ Interest,	73337 10 10	10312 0 6	0 0 0
„ Subscriptions during the year,	218052 7 3	160767 5 3	0 0 0
„ Payment by four Annuitants to complete subscription balance of Rs. 25,000,	21539 4 3	0 0 0	0 0 0
„ Composition payment by six Annuitants,	0 0 0	20574 7 0	0 0 0
„ Contribution on Annuity by thirteen Annuitants,	0 0 0	5930 12 5	0 0 0
„ Fine from nine Subscribers under Rule VI.,	0 0 0	450 0 0	0 0 0
„ Transfer from Appropriated Funds of deduction of one-sixth from Pensions under Rule 7,	5213 0 11	2574 11 7	0 0 0
„ Hon'ble Court's Donation paid to Agents in England,	25600 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
	1207275 3 5	697065 14 2	0 0 0
Deduct—			
To transfers to Appropriated Funds.			
„ Value of Pensions of Mrs. Wm. Maples, two Daughters and three Sons, under the new Rules,	45236 11 9	33491 12 1	0 0 0
„ Ditto of Mrs. P. Melvill, two Daughters and one Son, ditto,	37657 14 5	28315 8 10	0 0 0
„ Ditto of Mrs. J. R. Barnes, three Daughters and one Son, ditto,	36938 12 0	28160 6 10	0 0 0
„ Ditto of Mrs. R. Walker, one Daughter and one Son, ditto,	29362 14 6	21671 13 0	0 0 0
„ Ditto of Mrs. R. E. Cunliffe and four Daughters, ditto,	46297 11 3	33694 13 2	0 0 0
„ Ditto of Mrs. Lane Magniac, under the old Rules,	27380 11 2	0 0 0	0 0 0
„ Ditto of Mrs. C. Latter (formerly Mrs. Sealy) ditto,	13697 2 10	0 0 0	0 0 0
„ Interest thereon,	10170 10 2	3323 9 2	0 0 0
„ The above Donation for payment of Pensions under old Rules,	25600 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
	272342 8 1	148657 15 1	0 0 0
„ Refunds of over-paid subscriptions,	376 5 11	49 9 4	0 0 0
„ Establishment, &c.,	140 0 0	4044 15 3	0 0 0
„ Printing bills,	0 0 0	72 8 0	0 0 0
„ Donation on marriage under Rule 30,	0 0 0	3000 0 0	0 0 0
	272858 14 0	155824 15 8	0 0 0
Balance 30th April 1855, Rupees	934416 5 5	541240 14 6	0 0 0
Appropriated Funds.			
By Balance 1st May 1854,	455459 10 8	312955 12 9	910621 11 5
„ Interest,	30601 15 1	15479 5 0	55942 7 8
„ Transfer from Unappropriated Funds, Values of Pensions granted to seven families within the year as above,	236571 13 11	145334 5 11	0 0 0
„ Interest,	10170 10 2	3323 9 2	0 0 0
„ Transfer from ditto of the Donation for payment of Pensions,	0 0 0	0 0 0	25600 0 0
	732804 1 10	477093 0 10	992164 3 1
Deduct—			
To Pensions paid in England under old Rules,	0 0 0	0 0 0	267345 14 8
„ Ditto in India ditto,	0 0 0	0 0 0	15698 5 9
„ Ditto in England under new Rules,	23429 2 0	11714 9 0	0 0 0
„ Ditto in India ditto,	6347 1 10	3173 8 11	0 0 0
„ Transfer to Unappropriated Funds of the deduction of one-sixth from Pensions under Rule 7,	5213 0 11	2574 11 7	0 0 0
	34989 4 9	17462 13 6	283044 4 5
Balance 30th April 1855, Rs.	697814 13 1	459630 3 4	709119 14 8
Total Balance 30th April 1855, Co.'s Rs.	1632231 2 6	1000871 1 10	709119 14 8

Comparison of the Balance.

Balance 30th April 1854,	Rs.	3039026 8 5
Ditto 30th April 1855,	„	3342222 3 0
Increase,	„	303195 10 7

Investment of the Balance.

In Treasury Notes at 8 per cent.	Rs.	2145119 2 3
„ Company's Paper at 4 and 5 per cent.,	„	909042 2 0
Uninvested at 8 per cent. (since invested in Treasury Notes,)	„	196231 14 11
Uninvested at 4 per cent. (since invested in 5 per cent. Company's Paper,)	„	91828 15 10
	Co.'s Rs.	3342222 3 0

E. E.

J. W. Dalrymple, *Honorary Secretary.*

Resolved, that the Accounts for 1854-55 be passed.

Resolved, that the admission of the Family of the late Mr. R. E. Cunliffe be approved.

Resolved, that the Managers' recommendation with regard to the admission of Mr. Cockburn's wife to the benefits of the Fund on payment of a fine of Rupees 500 be adopted.

Proposed by Mr. Beadon and seconded by Mr. Mackintosh, and resolved *nem con*, that with reference to the Resolution of the Managers dated the 22nd August 1855, and to the present state of the Fund no increase of Subscription is at present necessary.

The following gentlemen were elected Managers for the ensuing year Messrs. E. Currie, C. Allen, G. G. Mackintosh, Hon'ble E. Drummond, and A. R. Young.

A vote of thanks was passed to the Chairman.

C. ALLEN,
Chairman.

Civil Fund Office,
The 30th January 1856.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 6th February 1856.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
Proprietors' Capital, ...	1,07,00,000	0	0	Government Securities, ...	25,18,796	5	10
Reserve Fund, ...	1,98,245	8	4	Dues from Government, ...	19,165	3	11
Current Accounts, ...	78,05,219	11	6	Mint Certificates, Undue, ...	19,84,625	13	5
Other Claims, ...	1,01,818	2	3	Cash, ...	72,99,623	9	3
Bank Notes and Post Bills, ...	1,29,51,911	10	7	Loans on Deposit of Securities and Accounts of Credit on ditto, ...	1,70,99,048	8	0
				Government Bills Discounted, ...	2,43,379	1	7
				Mercantile Bills ditto, ...	24,30,038	9	10
				Dead Stock, ...	1,62,517	12	10
	Co.'s Rs. ... 3,17,57,195	0	8		Co.'s Rs. ... 3,17,57,195	0	8

Published by order of the Directors,

J. B. PLUMB,
Secretary and Treasurer.

C. N. COOKE,
Accountant.

ABSTRACT of Operations of the Government Savings Bank, from 1st May 1854 to 30th April 1855.

Balance due to 10,397 Depositors in 1853-54,				1109591	4	5
Deposits in 1854-55, ...	1034503	4	0			
Interest allowed to Depositors in 1854-55, ...	41052	9	10			
				1075555	13	10
				2185147	2	3
DEDUCT.						
Withdrawals in 1854-55, ...	845529	11	9			
Investment in Government Loans, ...	246787	1	11			
				1092316	13	8
Balance Co.'s Rs.,...				1092830	4	7

DEBTS.						
Balance due to 10,243 Depositors in 1854-55,	1092830	4	7			
Ditto at credit of Bank Book Fund, ...	5609	0	0			
Ditto ditto of Suspense Deposit Account,	765	7	4½			
				1099204	11	11½
ASSETS.						
Due by General Books, ...	1058152	2	1½			
Interest allowed to Depositors in 1854-55, ...	41052	9	10			
				1099204	11	11½

H. B. DEVEREUX,
Secy., Govt. Savings Bank.

HURCHUNDER DUTT,
Actuary.

Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.

CALCUTTA BRANCH.

RATES OF EXCHANGE
ON LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK,

	s.	d.	
At 6 months' sight, ...	2	2	per Rupee.
At 3 months' sight, ...	2	1½	,,
At 3 days' sight, ...	2	1	,,
On Scotland, or Ireland on demand, ..	2	1	,,

The Bank grants Drafts and Letters of Credit on the Head Office at Bombay and on its Branches and Agencies at the following places, London, Ceylon, Madras, Singapore, Canton, and Shanghai. Bills collected at any of the above places at a uniform charge of ½ per cent.

For the convenience of parties travelling through Europe, Egypt and the Australian Colonies, the Bank issues Circular Notes payable in all of the principal towns in those countries.

The Bank will act as Agents for the purchase or sale of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities; Draw Interest and Dividends payable in Calcutta, when due. Commission charged ¼ per cent.

No charge made when the proceeds of sale or amount of Interest or Dividends drawn is remitted in the Bank's Bills.

Government Paper and other Securities received for safe custody, free of charge, to the constituents of the Bank.

Rates of Interest allowed

ON DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO

3 months' notice of withdrawal,...	4	per Cent. per annum
6 Ditto, ...	5	,,
12 Ditto, ...	6	,,

Notice may be given when the money is lodged or at any time thereafter, but will be dispensed with in cases when the money is to be remitted through the Bank.

Current Accounts kept, and on Balances of Rs. 500 and upwards, Interest at 2 per cent. per annum will be allowed.

N.B.—Hours of business 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. On Saturdays 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

D. T. ROBERTSON,
Manager.

LYONS' RANGE;
Calcutta,
27 *th June* 1855.

Agra and United Service Bank.

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA having, by Notification of 25th January 1855, signified its intention to dissolve its existing connexion with the Government Agency, the AGRA AND UNITED SERVICE BANK will, on being furnished with the necessary powers, receive charge of Government Paper and Bank Shares from the Agent, and realize the Interest when due and Dividends when declared. The Bank will also sell or invest in these Securities for Constituents.

Forms of Letters and Powers of Attorney may be obtained on application to the Bank at Calcutta, or its Branches at Agra and Lahore.

When the proceeds of Government Paper or Shares sold, or of Interest and Dividends realized, are remitted by the Bank's Drafts on England, or on its Indian Branches, no Commission will be charged.

If otherwise paid, or when the Paper or Shares are delivered over, the charge for Commission will be ¼ per cent.

HOURS OF BUSINESS.

From and after Wednesday, the 1st August from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., except on Saturday, when the Bank will be closed at 1 P. M.

FRANCIS R. NEILSON,
Secretary.

No. 2, Council-House Street,
Calcutta, 30th January 1855.

London and Eastern Banking Corporation.

REFERRING to the Government Notification No. 5, dated Fort William, Financial Department, 24th January 1855, giving notice of the intention of Government to withdraw the authority hitherto granted to the Government Agent at Fort William, and to the Accountants General and the Sub-Treasurers at Fort Saint George and Bombay, to act as Agents on behalf of Proprietors of Government Securities, or Shares in the Capital Stock of the Banks of Bengal, Madras or Bombay respectively.

THE LONDON AND EASTERN BANKING CORPORATION offers to receive charge and undertake the safe custody of any Government Securities and Certificates of Shares in the Bank of Bengal, and other local stock, which the Proprietors may wish to deposit with the Bank; and will receive the interest on such Government Securities, and the dividend on such Bank-share certificates, and other local stock, as it falls due, and either remit the amount of such Interest and Dividend to England in Bills of the Bank, or pay the amount as Proprietors may desire.

The London and Eastern Banking Corporation will also receive remittances for investment in Government Securities, Bank of Bengal Shares and other stock, and will negotiate the sale of such Securities and stock, when required to do so.

One quarter per cent. commission will be charged on the sale or purchase of Government Securities and Bank stock, &c., and on realizing Interest and Dividends. But when the proceeds of Government Paper or other stock, or the Interest or Dividends on the same, are to be remitted through the Bank, *no commission will be charged.*

J. MACKELLAR,
Manager, Calcutta Branch.

London and Eastern Banking Corporation
Calcutta, January 30, 1855.

Report showing the smallest Depth of Water in the Bhaugiruttee, Jellinghee, and Matabangah Rivers, on the 31st January 1856.

Names of Rivers.	*Smallest Depth of Water.* F.	I.	*Where Shallowest.*
Bhaugiruttee River.			
At its entrance, ...	0	3	
Below the entrance, ...	0	3	
From thence to Jungypore, ...	0	2	At Gareeah.
From Jungypore to Sadduckbaugh, ..	1	7	„ Dufferpore.
From Sadduckbaugh to Berhampore, ...	1	7	„ Berhampore.
From Berhampore to Cutwa, ...	1	5	„ Kalleegunge.
And from Cutwa to Nuddea, ...	1	9	„ Chackoondeeah.
Jellinghee River.			
At its entrance, ..	0	0	Closed.
From thence to Bausemarree, ...	0	0	
From Bausemarree to Teeahkattah,			
From Teeahkattah to Sonatullah, ...			
And from Sonatullah to Moisgunge,			
*Matabangah River.**			
At its entrance, ...	4	0	
From thence to Haut Boleah, ...	2	3	At Dewangunge.
	2	3	„ Malleeparrah.
From Haut Boleah to Katchikattah, ...	3	0	„ Boleah Entrance.
	2	5	„ Bhaugberriah.
	2	6	„ Kattabangah.
	2	9	„ Terronullah.
	2	11	Above Moispore.
	2	6	At Asmancolly.
	2	6	Below Ramnugghur.
	2	1	At Onoopnugghur.
	2	7	Below Katchikattah.
From Katchikattah to Kishengunge,	2	0	At Neemtullah.
	2	6	Below Khadeempore.
	2	8	At Ahkundberriah.
	4	0	„ Jeerat.
And from Kishengunge to Seebpore,	3	6	„ Doorgahpore.
	2	9	„ Goispore.

Height of water on Gauge at Berhampore, on the 31st January 1856, + 0 Foot 3½ Inches.

J. LANG,
Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.

Kishnaghur,
5th February 1856.

* Since last Report, the channel of this river, at Terronullah has been deepened by the construction of Bandahs, from 2' to 2' 9", above Moispore from 2' 5" to 2' 11", below Katchikattah from 2' 2" to 2'7", at Ahkundberriah from 2' to 2' 8", at Jeeratt from 2' to 4', and at Doorgahpore from 1' 9" to 3' 6".

India General Steam Navigation Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Half-yearly General Meeting of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the Company's Office on Monday, the 10th of March next, at 3 P. M., for passing the Accounts and declaring a Dividend.

By order of the Directors,

J. F. STACE,
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
26th January 1856.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing, and carried on, under the style or firm of STEWART AND CALROW, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All outstandings will be settled by WM. C. STEWART.

WM. C. STEWART.
R. F. CALROW,
By his Attorney,
WM. C. STEWART.

Calcutta,
31st December 1855.

THE undersigned will continue the business as heretofore under the firm of WM. C. STEWART & Co.

WM. C. STEWART.

Calcutta,
1st January 1856.

Notice.

WANTED.—A Superintendent of Roads qualified to prepare Plans and Estimates of Works proposed, and to undertake the superintendence of Works in progress under the direction of the Maldah Ferry Fund Committee. Proposed salary; 50 Rs. per month. Satisfactory certificates of qualification or references and security will be required. Applications to be addressed to the undersigned.

E. C. CRASTER,
Secy. to the Ferry Fund Committee.

MALDAH;
Secy. F. F. Committee,
The 29th Jany. 1856.

Calcutta, 1st January 1856.

GENTLEMEN,

WE beg to announce that CONSTANTINE THEODORE RALLI, PANDIA THEODORE RALLI, and AMBROSE THEODORE RALLI, three of the Sons of the late THEODORE RALLI, of Constantinople, and in conjunction with our Brother-in-Law, MR. PETER J. VLASTO, have established ourselves in this City, under the undersigned Firm of P. T. RALLI & Co. This business will be conducted by PANDIA THEODORE RALLI.

The business in London will be conducted by CONSTANTINE THEODORE RALLI, who is about to return to London, and AMBROSE T. RALLI, under the Firm of THEODORE RALLI, SONS & Co.

We have also established a House at Marseilles, under the Firm of RALLI, VLASTO & Co., which will be conducted by MR. VLASTO.

We remain,

Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servants,

P. T. RALLI & Co.

MR. PANDIA T. RALLI will sign

P. T. RALLI & Co.

INTIMATION.—In a Process of Multiplepoinding and Exoneration raised before the Court of Session in Scotland, (Mr. George Shield, D. C. S., clerk,) at the instance of MISS ELIZABETH SMITH, residing at No. 60, Northumberland Street, Edinburgh, daughter of the deceased MUNGO SMITH, Esquire, of Drongan, ALLEN GILMORE, Esquire, lately residing at Stanford Hill, near London, now residing at No. 27, Upper Montague Street, Montague Square, London, and JOHN KHANIM FULLARTON, Esquire, residing in Edinburgh, the surviving assumed and acting Trustees under the Trust, Disposition and Settlement executed by the said Mungo Smith of Drongan, dated the 5th day of February 1801, and Codicil thereto, dated the 24th day of July 1807, both registered in the Sheriff Court Books of Ayrshire, the 18th day of February 1814, *Pursuers* and *Real Raisers*,—against JOHN SMITH, Lieutenant in the 44th Regiment of Bengal Native Infantry, and Adjutant in the Bengal Irregular Cavalry, formerly at Jhansi, in the Presidency of Bengal, East Indies, and now or lately at the Cape of Good Hope,—only son of, and nearest and lawful heir entitled to succeed to, the deceased JOHN SMITH, merchant in Calcutta, a Partner in the House of Fairlie, Fergusson, & Co., or Fergusson & Co., merchants and agents at Calcutta, who was only son of the said deceased Mungo Smith of Drongan,—and also nearest and lawful heir entitled to succeed to the said deceased Mungo Smith of Drongan, his grandfather, and others, specially called *Defenders;* and all others whomsoever, having, or pretending to have, right and interest in the funds and estate of the said deceased Mungo Smith, or the residue thereof,—Lord Handyside, Ordinary, pronounced the following Interlocutor :—" *18th December* 1855.—Lord Handyside.—*Act.* Lorimer. " *Alt.* Gordon, *et* Wilson.—Having heard parties' " procurators on the Minute for the Real Raisers, " No. 15 of Process, appoints the dependence of " this action of Multiplepoinding and Exonera- " tion to be advertised twice in the *Calcutta*

"*Gazette* and *North British Advertiser*, for the "information of all having interest in the fund "*in medio*; and appoints the creditors, claimants "on said fund, to lodge their condescendences "and claims with the Clerk to the Process by "the Lord Ordinary's first sederunt day in Fe-"bruary 1856; further conjoins with this Process "the Action of Count, reckoning, and payment "in this day's Roll at the instance of Mrs. Mary "Fulton or Dewar, and others, against two of the "present Pursuers, the Real Raisers of the Multi-"plepoinding." (Signed) "R. HANDYSIDE:" In terms whereof Intimation is hereby made of the said Dependence and Interlocutor.

JOPP & JOHNSTON, *W. S.*,
30, *Albany Street, Edinburgh,*
Agents for the Pursuers
and Real Raisers.

20th December 1855.

LOST.—First Half of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 1518, for Company's Rupees 100, the payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Lost or Missing.

From the Dwelling House of the under-mentioned, certain Title Deeds, Pottah, &c. of the House, No. 27, in Zig-Zag Lane, and also all the Title Deeds, Deeds, &c. of the House No. 27-1, adjoining the former, both standing in the name of his late father Mothoormohun Ghose.—Any person giving information as to lead to their recovery shall be (if required) suitably rewarded.

GOLUCK CHUNDER GHOSE.

No. 17, *Puttotollah Lane.*

Just Published,

ON FLOWERS AND FLOWER GARDENS,

BY D. L. RICHARDSON.

PRICE THREE RUPEES.

Published by Messrs. P. S. DeRozario & Co.

*** The book extends to 264 full-sized octavo pages.

The new book by D. L. R., which we have for some time past been anxiously looking for, is published, and will no doubt be as popular as the preceding works of this justly favorite author, whose writings are even more highly esteemed in England and America than in India.—*Bengal Hurkaru, September* 28, 1855.

He is well known in the literary circles of England as one of the purest English writers of the day. To say that the work before us is among the happiest productions of his pen, is to say more for it than the highest eulogy can express. It has been long expected, but public patience has received an ample reward.—*Eastern Star, September* 29, 1855.

It is a valuable contribution to our Indian Literature.—*Calcutta Christian Advocate, October* 6.

A Book of Gems, well worthy the Author's high reputation.—*Central Star, October* 13.

We cannot but recommend this volume to all who admire sprightly writing and elegantly selected poetry.—*Indian Times, October* 17.

Mr. Richardson—better known to the reading public as "D. L. R."—has a wide reputation as a careful and polished writer.—*Bombay Telegraph and Courier, October* 22.

A very pleasant book which we can cordially recommend to the attention of our readers—A delightful *melange* about flowers and flower gardens, floriculture in general, and the enjoyments of rural life.—*Bombay Times, October* 27, 1855.

His last work is well worthy of a post in any library where the *quality* and not *quantity* of books is considered. —*Phœnix, November* 13, 1855.

"THE MERCHANT SHIPPING ACT, 1854,"

Price 5 Rupees.

Apply at the Office of the *Bengal Hurkaru.*

Just Published

[BY MESSRS. THACKER, SPINK AND CO.]

THE

NEW BENGAL DIRECTORY FOR 1856.

IN announcing the above Publication, Messrs. SAMUEL SMITH AND CO. beg to inform their Subscribers and the Public that they have completed their DIRECTORY for the present year which, in every Department of Information or Reference, has been amplified and corrected up to the latest date, and which, for convenience of Form, comprehensiveness, and elegance, considerably surpasses its predecessor of 1855.

Post Office Notifications.

Notice.

No. 1079.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an After Packet for the P. and O. Co.'s Steamer *Oriental* will be made up at this Office on Saturday, the 9th instant, at 1 P. M., with the chance of overtaking her at Kedgeree.

C. K. DOVE,
Deputy Post-master General.

FORT WILLIAM;
General Post Office,
The 1st February 1856.

N. B.—The public are particularly requested to observe, that, in addition to Steam Postage, the Inland Postage to Kedgeree must be pre-paid at the following rates, on letters forwarded to Egypt or to any Foreign Ports in Egypt :—

¼ Tolah,	0 0 6
½ Ditto,	0 1 0
1 Ditto,	0 2 0
1½ Ditto,	0 3 0
2 Ditto,	0 4 0

And for every Tolah or fraction of a Tolah above two Tolahs two additional annas.

Letters sent after 1 o'clock, for the purpose of being posted, will not be received under any circumstances.

Packets for the reception of Letters by the following Ships are open at this Office :—

Names of Vessels.	Agents.	Intended Departure.	For what Port.	Touching at	Remarks.
Royal Saxon,	Gordon, Stuart and Co.,	In a day or two,	Melbourne.		
Str. Oriental	P. and O. S. N. Co.,	9th Feb. 1856,	Suez,	Madras, Ceylon & Aden.	
Agamemnon,	Allan Deffell and Co.	17th ditto,	London.		
Prince of Wales,	Allan Deffell and Co.,	17th ditto,	Ditto.		

C. K. DOVE,
Deputy Post-master General.

CALCUTTA;
General Post Office,
The 8th February 1856.

CALCUTTA :—Printed and Published by THOMAS JONES, *at the* "CALCUTTA GAZETTE" OFFICE, *No. 5½, Council-House Street,—for the Government Contractors,* SAMUEL SMITH AND CO.

AUSPICIO REGIS ET SENATUS ANGLIÆ

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

Published by Authority.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1856.

Land-Sale Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates in Zillah Monghyr will be put up to public and un-reserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District on the 15th day of February 1856, for arrears of Revenue, and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue, due on the 14th day of January 1856 :—

Clause I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 1055.—Mehal Muthoorah Sreeram, Pergunnah Nyepoor; recorded proprietors, Goordhyal Jha, Gunnesh Mahton, Dhoutal Mahton and others; sudder jumma, rupees 65-1-1.

No. 1145.—Mehal Nooroollahpoor, Pergunnah Bhoosarry; recorded proprietors Wajedally and Ramdyal Singh; sudder jumma, rupees 48-0-0.

No. 1224.—Mehal Gobindpoor Pergunnah Akberpoor Rannee; recorded proprietors, Jhoomuck Lall, Umrith Lall, Goordyal Singh, Horil Singh, Hazaree Lall, Seaum Lall and Johun Lall, and others; sudder jumma, rupees 13-6-4.

No. 2481.—Mehal Urazie Invalid Thannah Jaffrah, Pergunnah Furkeeah, Jagheer of Needhan Singh, Subadar; recorded proprietors, Mossammut Radho, Runghee Lall and others; sudder jumma, rupees 28-0-0.

No. 2489.—Mehal Urazie Invalid Thannah Jaffrah, Pergunnah Furkeeah, Jagheer of Bhageeruth Havildar; recorded proprietor, Bhuwanny; sudder jumma, rupees 10-0-0.

No. 2527.—Mehal Urazie Invalid Thannah Roopowley, Pergunnah Furkeeah, Jagheer of Peer-Khan, Sepoy; recorded proprietors, Mussammut Salun, and Byjnath Shahoo and others; sudder jumma, rupees 13-10-9¼-4.

No. 2535.—Mehal Chuck Bahadoor, Pergunnah Nyepoor; recorded proprietors, Deen Mohummud and Sheikh Buxoo; sudder jumma, rupees, 12-10-0.

No. 2786.—Mehal Urazie Invalid Thannah Sullindabad, Pergunnah Ootturkhund; recorded proprietors, Mussammut Sunful and Debee Dutt Jha, heir of Choonnee Jha, Havildar; sudder jumma, rupees 13-2-5¼.

No. 2872.—Mehal Urazie Invalid Thannah Suhursah, Pergunnah Ootturkhund; recorded proprietor, Shewpershaud, heir of Salmun Havildar; sudder jumma, rupees 7-0-0.

Clause IV.—Estates to be sold for arrears due on account of other Estates.

No. 420.—Rights and Interests of Radhey Singh, Nowab Singh, and Ammannee Singh, in six annas' share of Mouzahs Arnawan, Fungo, Mozufferpoor, Saum, Sooghur Saum, Beerah, Goash, and Moorassee; sudder jumma, rupees 349-12-3.

MONGHYR;
Collector's Office,
The 21st January 1856.

W. T. TUCKER,
Officiating Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act. I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates in Zillah Purneah will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 13th day of February 1856, for arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 14th day of January 1856:—

Class I.—Mehals permanently settled paying a jumma exceeding Rupees 100.

No. 241.—Mouzah Gumereah, Pergunnah Futtehpore Singhea; recorded proprietors, Goordut Chowdry and others; sudder jumma, rupees 250-11-11.

No. 869 on Register.—Mouzah Koorsaha, Pergunnah ditto; recorded propietor, Numdeeput Jha, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 144-1-7.

Class II.—Mehals permanently settled paying a jumma not exceeding Rupees 100.

No. 122.—Mouzah Belwah, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietors, Gokool Misser and others; sudder jumma, rupees 36-15-1.

No. 128.—Mouzah Nawabgunge, Pergunnah Hurrawoth; recorded proprietors, Beharee Misser ond others; sudder jumma, rupees 34-12-11.

No. 147.—Mouzah Peermokam, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietors, Sheik Nuthoo and others; sudder jumma, rupees 28-13-2.

No. 159.—Mouzah ditto, Pergunnah ditto; ditto ditto; sudder jumma, rupees 36-10-6.

No. 172.—Mouzah Burdaha, Pergunnah Hurrawoth; recorded proprietor, Oogurnath Jha *alias* Munnoo Jha; sudder jumma, rupees 15-13-2.

No. 186.—Mouzah Belasuddee, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietor, Gopeekissen Chowdry; sudder jumma, rupees 25-15-5.

No. 194.—Mouzah Burmotra Ruqba Bowraha, Pergunnah Hurrawoth; recorded proprietors, Oomrao Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 50-14-2.

No. 211.—Mouzah Bohitgown, Pergunnah Sultanpore; recorded proprietor, Mector Jha; sudder jumma, rupees 39-3-9.

No. 228.—Mouzah Shapore Dhurmee, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietor, Beharee Doss; sudder jumma, rupees 50-3-6.

No. 235.—Mouzah and Pergunnah Powakhalee; recorded proprietors, Pusput Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 19-12-7.

No. 246.—Mouzah Burrata Sham, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietors, Sumbhoonath Doss and others; sudder jumma, rupees 26-3-11.

No. 248.—Mouzah Khotakirpal, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Gunneshmuhto; sudder jumma, rupees 12-4-0.

No. 254.—Mouzah Singhea Tuppa Chumra Coomea, Pergunnah Futtehpore Singhea; recorded proprietors, Elaheebux and others; sudder jumma, rupees 30-6-6.

No. 273.—Mouzah Sugoona, Pergunnah Sultanpore; recorded proprietors, Eklal Chowdry and others; sudder jumma, rupees 29-5-11.

No. 276.—Mouzah Mujlispore, Pergunnah Soorjapore; recorded proprietor, Asmutoollah, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 28-11-3.

No. 283.—Mouzah Doorgapore Tirghuttee Nundlal, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietor, Gopal Roy, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 38-12-11.

No. 298.—Mouzah Deerakhawaspore, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Musst. Ooditmonee Ojhain, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 16-0-9.

No. 300.—Mouzah ditto, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Musst. ditto, ditto ditto; sudder jumma, rupees 33-6-4.

No. 304.—Mouzah Mirzapore Pakurmul, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Mahunt Goorchurrun Dass; sudder jumma, rupees 31-0-0.

No. 339.—Mouzah Chandpore Nawlukhee, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Kishenkuntro; sudder jumma, rupees 22-9-0.

No. 345.—Mouzah Shapore Dhurmee, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Gungagobind Chuckerbutty; sudder jumma, rupees 24-9-11.

No. 346.—Mouzah and Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, ditto; sudder jumma, rupees 24-10-2.

No. 378.—Mouzah Koorailah, Pergunnah Sreepore; recorded proprietors, Gungapersad and others; sudder jumma, rupees 78-0-7.

No. 398.—Mouzah Nusseeroollah Nuggur, Pergunnah Havellee; recorded proprietor, Golam Ahea, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 31-7-10.

No. 431.—Mouzah Choorlee Chowkut, Pergunnah Futtehpore Singhea; recorded proprietor, Musst. Ranee Pudmabuttee; sudder jumma, rupees 23-3-0.

No. 455.—Mouzah Mehtooa, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietors, Juggun Misser and others; sudder jumma, rupees 22-15-8.

No. 459.—Mouzah Sohsa Bisenpore, Pergunnah Kudwa; recorded proprietor, Hussundai, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 72-9-11.

No. 470.—Mouzah Bhatabaree, Pergunnah Hurrawoth; recorded proprietors, Bhatoodass and others; sudder jumma, rupees 23-9-9.

No. 489.—Mouzah Maheshpore Kirparam, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietor, Bunseedhur Jha; sudder jumma, rupees 18-7-6.

No. 489.—Mouzah Bhorha, Talooka Tarabaree, Pergunnah Sultanpore; recorded proprietor, Kesree Chowdry; sudder jumma, rupees 16-8-0.

No. 492.—Mouzah Mahes Khoot, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Mahunt Mahadeo Bhartee; sudder jumma, rupees 44-10-10.

No. 517.—Mouzah Karabharee, Talook Sohagmaro, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietors, Dabekant Jha and others; sudder jumma, rupees 21-6-7.

No. 519.—Mouzah Moorsundah, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietor, Ahmud Allee; sudder jumma, rupees 32-10-0.

No. 536.—Mouzah Maldoar, Pergunnah Soorjapore; recorded proprietors, Musst. Alleejan and others; sudder jumma, rupees 40-2-2.

No. 548.—Mouzah Suddashibpore Putteepuchma, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietors, Hurree Chowdry and others; sudder jumma, rupees 15-12-10.

No. 794.—Mouzah Byjnathpore, Pergunnah Sultanpore; recorded proprietors, Muneargeer and others; sudder jumma, rupees 35-1-9.

No. 924.—Mouzah Arerea, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietors, Goornath Chowdry and others; sudder jumma, rupees 22-12-2.

No. 982.—Mouzah Hossanabaugh, near Doomerea Syfgunge, Pergunnah Havellee; recorded proprietor, Mahomed Bux; sudder jumma, rupees 18-2-3.

No. 1096.—Mouzah Seetulpore Mohrimpore, Pergunnah Badour; recorded proprietor, Goornath Chowdry; sudder jumma, rupees 32-2-4.

No. 2101 on Register.—Mouzah Sumessur and others, Pergunnah Futtehpore Singhea, &c.; recorded proprietors, Ramtunoo Surma and others; sudder jumma, rupees 71-4-4.

Class III.—Mehals temporarily settled or let in farm.

No. 178.—Mouzah Anuntpore Dhurmnarain, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietor, Girburnarain, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 24-15-9.

No. 407.—Mouzah Gobindpore Persaguree, Pergunnah Dhurmpore; recorded proprietors, Folchund and others; sudder jumma, rupees 10-8-11.

No. 446.—Mouzah Moradpore Puttee Dabeepore, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Baneemadub Sing; sudder jumma, rupees 12-1-9.

No. 466.—Mouzah Dewangunge, Pergunnah Havellee; recorded proprietors, Goornath Chowdry and others; sudder jumma, rupees 60-10-7.

No. 743.—Mouzah Mudbunee Moortugapore, &c., Pergunnah Havellee, &c.; recorded proprietors, Mr. L. E. Burford and others; sudder jumma, rupees 156-14-8.

No. 1055.—Mouzah Aleyanuggur, Pergunnah Tajpore; recorded proprietor, Musst. Sumputtee Sahoon; sudder jumma, rupees 12-15-10.

No. 1066.—Mouzah Buramussea, Pergunnah Futtehpore Singhea; recorded proprietor, Kesree Sing, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 13-2-8.

Class IV.—Estates to be sold for Arears due on account of other Estates.

15 Beegahs of Land, including Mangoe and Palm-trees, in the Baree of Golam Hossein, deceased Mahala Lullye Chownee, Pergunnah Havellee, the property of Ally Bux, surety of Oomed Ally, mostajir of Mouzah Khuneabad, Pergunnah Futtehpore Singhea.

Mouzah Surrabhutna, Pergunnah Havellee, the property of Meer Meran Ahmed Hossein Khan.

Mouzah Deogown and Bojgown Istumrar, Pergunnah Havellee, the property of ditto.

J. P. DESSA,
Uncov. Deputy Collector in charge.

ZILLAH PURNEAH;
Collector's Office,
The 26th January 1856.

THOS. JONES, "CALCUTTA GAZETTE" OFFICE.

Numb. 13. [225]

The Calcutta Gazette

Published by Authority.

Notifications.

THE 14TH MAY 1853.—*The Government of Bengal having entered into a Contract with Messrs. Samuel Smith and Co., for the execution of the Government Printing Work, from the 1st July next, Public Officers employed under this Government are hereby directed not to employ any other Printing Establishment for the execution of the Government Work from and after that date.*

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

THE 2ND FEBRUARY 1855.—*The Government of Bengal having entered into a Contract with Messrs. Samuel Smith and Co., for the execution of the Government Printing Work, all Public Officers under the Government of India at the Presidency are hereby directed not to employ any other Printing Establishment for the execution of Government Work.*

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1856.

Legislative Council.

The 9th February 1856.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Most Noble the Governor General on the 4th February 1856, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. II OF 1856.

An Act to enable Magistrates and certain other Officers to take cognizance of certain offences without requiring a written complaint.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to enable Magistrates and certain other Officers to take cognizance of all offences which affect the public, without requiring a complaint in writing or the attendance of a complainant : It is enacted as follows :—

Laws repealed.

I. So much of Section V Regulation IX. 1793, of Section V Regulation VI. 1803, of Section VI Regula- IX. 1807, of the Bengal Code, and so much of Section XV Regulation IX. 1816 of the Madras Code, and so much of any other enactment, as require a complaint in writing to be preferred to a Magistrate, or the attendance of a complainant, shall not apply to any offence which affects the public.

Magistrate may take cognizance of offences affecting the public on information sworn &c.

II. A Magistrate or other Officer having jurisdiction over such offence may, on the information of a Police Officer or other person, to be given on oath or affirmation, or on his own personal knowledge (having first recorded the grounds thereof in his own hand-writing), proceed against any person for such offence in the same manner as if a complaint in writing had been preferred and duly deposed to.

Appeal.

III. All proceedings under this Act shall be subject to the like appeal as other proceedings of such Magistrates and Officers.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council.

The 9th February 1856.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council, received the assent of the Most Noble the Governor General on the 8th February 1856, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. III OF 1856.

An Act to amend Act No. XI of 1849 *and Act No. XIX of* 1852.

Preamble.

WHEREAS the office of Commissioner for the superintendence of the Abkaree Revenue, heretofore existing under Act No. XXV of 1840, has been abolished, and it is expedient to make provision for the exercise of the powers and duties vested by Act No. XI of 1849 in the Commissioner of Abkaree; and whereas it is also expedient to declare the powers of Abkaree officers to make arrests in certain cases: It is enacted as follows :—

Powers and duties of Commissioner of Abkaree vested in Commissioner of Revenue.

I. The Commissioner of Revenue of the Division within which the Town of Calcutta is or may be situated, shall possess the powers and perform the duties vested by Act No. XI of 1849 in the Commissioner of Abkaree.

Abkaree officers empowered to make arrests in certain cases.

II. Whenever an Abkaree officer shall, under Section XIX Act XI of 1849 or Section XIX Act XIX of 1852, seize any spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs, as liable to con-

fiscation, he may also arrest the person in whose possession such liquors or drugs may be found; and all the provisions of the aforesaid Acts relative to arrests shall be applicable to arrests made under this Act.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council.

The 9th February 1856.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council, received the assent of the Most Noble the Governor General on the 8th February 1856, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. IV OF 1856.

An Act to prevent the malicious or wanton destruction of Cattle.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision for the apprehension and punishment of persons who maliciously or wantonly destroy cattle; It is enacted as follows :—

Malicious or wanton destruction of Cattle to be proceeded against under Regulation XX. 1817 as a heinous offence.

I. Within the territories under the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, whoever is charged with maliciously or wantonly causing the death of any cattle, the property of another, may be proceeded against in the mode prescribed in Section XXV Regulation XX. 1817 of the Bengal Code for proceeding against persons charged with a heinous offence, and shall, on conviction before a Magistrate or other officer exercising the powers of a Magistrate, be liable to imprisonment with hard labor for any period not exceeding three years, or, at the discretion of the said Magistrate, may be committed for trial before the Sessions Judge, and, on conviction, shall be liable to imprisonment with hard labor for any period not exceeding nine years.

Punishment.

Provisions of Act XVI. 1850 applicable.

II. The provisions of Act XVI of 1850 shall be applicable to persons convicted of offences under this Act.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council.

The 2nd February 1856.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council on the 2nd February 1856, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 6th of May next :—

A Bill to amend the Articles of War for the Native Army relating to the forfeiture of pay and service in certain cases.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient that Native Officers and Soldiers, when imprisoned or absent by reason of being prisoners of war, should be subject to the same forfeiture of pay and time of service as European Soldiers are in like cases: It is enacted as follows :—

Laws repealed.

I. So much of the 113th Article of War for the Native Army as is still in force, and Act XXXVI of 1850, except so far as it repeals the said Article of War, are hereby repealed.

Time passed in imprisonment, &c. not to reckon as service.

II. From and after the day of next, if any Native Officer, Soldier, or Public Follower, in the Military Service of the East India Company, by reason of his imprisonment, whether under sentence of a Court Martial or of any other Court duly authorized to pass such sentence, or by reason of his confinement for debt, or by reason of his desertion, shall have been absent from his duty during any portion of the time limited by his enlistment or re-engagement, such portion of his time shall not be reckoned as service; and no such Native Officer or Soldier, or Public Follower, shall be entitled to pay or to reckon service towards pay or pension when in such confinement, or during any such absence or any absence from duty by commitment or confinement under any charge of which he shall be afterwards convicted: and when any Native Officer or Soldier shall be absent as a prisoner of war, he shall not be entitled to pay or to reckon service towards pay or pension for the period of such absence; but, on re-joining the East India Company's Service, due enquiry shall be made by a Court Martial, and, unless it shall be proved to the satisfaction of such Court that the said Native Officer or Soldier or Public Follower was taken prisoner through wilful neglect of duty on his part, or that he had served with, or under, or in some manner aided the enemy, or that he had not returned as soon as possible to the East India Company's Service, he may thereupon be recommended by such Court to receive either the whole of such arrears of pay or a proportion thereof, and to reckon service during his absence. Provided that, when any sentence shall have been wholly remitted and the offence pardoned by competent authority, the Native Officer or Soldier, or Public Follower, shall be entitled to reckon service towards pay or pension for the days he may have been in confinement previous to trial and until such pardon had been pronounced.

Forfeiture of pay, &c. during imprisonment, &c.

Absence of prisoners of war.

Proviso.

Act to be taken as part of Act XIX of 1847.

III. This Act shall be read with, and taken as part of, Act XIX of 1847.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council.

The 9th February 1856.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council on the 9th February 1856, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 13th of April next :—

A Bill to consolidate and amend the Law relating to the Abkaree Revenue in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the laws relating to the manufacture of spirits and the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors and intoxicating drugs, and the collection of the revenue derived therefrom, should be consolidated and amended: It is enacted as follows :—

Regulations and Acts repealed.

I. Regulation II. 1802; Regulation X. 1813; Regulation XVII. 1814; Section XLI and the following Sections of Regulation XIII.

1816; Regulation XI. 1818; Regulation VII. 1824, except the first five Clauses of Section XVIII, and Sections XXIII and XXIV; and Regulation VIII. 1826, of the Bengal Code: and Act No. XXV of 1840; Act No. IX of 1841; and Act No. XXIII of 1848, are hereby repealed, except so far as they repeal the whole or part of any other Regulation or Act, and except as to acts done, offences committed, and liabilities incurred before the passing of this Act.

Collectors of Land Revenue to have charge of the Abkaree Revenue.

II. The collection of the revenue arising from the manufacture of spirits, and the sale of spirits and spirituous and fermented liquors and intoxicating drugs, shall be ordinarily under the charge of the Collectors of Land Revenue, who shall perform the duties connected therewith under the control and direction of the Commissioners of Revenue, and of the Boards of Revenue. But the Government may appoint any other qualified person to be Superintendent of Abkaree Revenue in any district or locality, and may vest such person with the charge of the Abkaree Revenue therein; and any person so appointed shall exercise in such district or locality all the powers and authority vested by this Act in the Collector of Land Revenue, and such powers and authority shall cease to be exercised in such district or locality by the Collector of Land Revenue during the continuance of such appointment.

Government may appoint Commissioners of Abkaree.

III. The Government may also appoint a Commissioner or Commissioners for the superintendence of the Abkaree Revenue in any district or districts: and when such appointment is made, the Commissioner of Abkaree shall exercise within such district or districts the powers and authority vested by this Act in Commissioners of Revenue; and the Revenue Commissioner shall cease to exercise such powers and authority in the said district or districts during the continuance of such appointment.

Collectors may make over any part of their duties to Deputy or Assistant Collectors.

IV. It shall be lawful for a Collector to make over to any Deputy or Assistant Collector, or to any Deputy Collector appointed under Regulation IX. 1833, all or any of the duties of a Collector under this Act, and to resume the same at his discretion.

Assistants not to exercise judicial powers.

Provided that no Assistant Collector, who has not been invested by Government with the powers of a Deputy Collector, shall exercise any judicial power conferred on Collectors by this Act.

Collectors may appoint Abkaree Officers.

V. Collectors may appoint darogahs, jemadars, peons, surveyors, gaugers, and other officers, for the collection of the Abkaree Revenue, and for the prevention of smuggling; and the officers so appointed shall, in addition to their ordinary designations, be styled Abkaree Officers. In districts where there are tuhseeldars and mofussil establishments for the collection of the land revenue, the office of Abkaree darogah may be united with that of tuhseeldar; and in such cases the tuhseeldar and the subordinate officers of his establishment shall be held and deemed to be Abkaree Officers within the meaning of this Act.

Tuhseeldars may be Abkaree darogahs.

European distilleries not to be constructed or worked without license.

VI. It shall not be lawful for any person to construct or work a distillery after the manner in which distilleries are constructed and worked in Europe, without a license under the signature of the Collector of the district in which such distillery is situated, or in case the distillery is within twenty miles of Calcutta, or such other distance less than twenty miles as may from time to time be prescribed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, under the signature of the Collector of Calcutta.

Board of Revenue to prescribe rules for regulating European distilleries.

VII. The Board of Revenue, with the sanction of Government, may prescribe such rules relative to the granting of licenses under the preceding Section, to the notices to be given by the proprietor of a licensed distillery when he commences and discontinues work, to the size and description of the stills, to the passing and storing of the spirits, to the inspection and examination of the distillery and warehouses, and of the spirits manufactured and stored therein, and to the furnishing of statements and lists of such spirits, and of the stills, coppers, casks, and other utensils used in the distillery, as may from time to time be judged expedient; and such rules, when sanctioned by Government, shall have the force of law.

Rate of duty to be levied on spirits.

VIII. A duty shall be levied on spirits manufactured at distilleries worked according to the European method at the rate of one rupee the imperial gallon London-proof, to be augmented or reduced in proportion to the strength of the spirit. No spirit shall be removed from any such distillery, or the warehouses connected therewith, upon which the aforesaid duty has not been paid, or for the duty chargeable on which a bond has not been executed as hereinafter provided; and for all spirits removed upon payment of duty or under bond, passes shall be issued by the Collector, which shall specify the quantity and strength of the spirit, the place of its destination, the person to whom it is consigned, and whether the duty has been paid or secured by bond.

Drawback on exportation.

IX. A drawback of the duty paid as above on spirits manufactured after the European method, and exported by sea, in the manner hereinafter prescribed, to any port not subject to the Government of the East India Company, or to the Straits of Malacca, shall be allowed by the Collector of Customs at the port of exportation. Provided always, that the exportation shall be made within one year from the date of the payment of duty under this Act, and that the spirits when brought to the Custom House shall be accompanied by the pass in which such payment is certified.

Spirits may be removed for exportation under bond.

X. Spirits may be removed from any licensed distillery for exportation as aforesaid without payment of duty, under such rules and restrictions as may be from time to time prescribed by the Board of Revenue, on the person removing them executing a bond with security to the East India Company in the Form A. hereunto annexed, for the payment of the prescribed duty upon such portion of the said spirits as may not be exported within four months from the date of the bond. Provided, however

that it shall be lawful for the Collector, with the sanction of the Commissioner, on sufficient cause shown, to extend the period allowed for the exportation of the spirits for a further term of four months.

Rules to be observed in the exportation of spirits.

XI. Spirits intended for exportation by sea shall be gauged and proved, previous to shipment, by an officer of the Customs. The amount of drawback to be allowed upon spirits for which duty has been paid shall be regulated according to the strength and quantity of the said spirits as ascertained by such proof and gauge; and the quantity of spirits brought for exportation under any bond shall be determined in the same manner. Spirits under bond shall be taken from the distillery direct to the Custom House Wharf under passes to be granted for that purpose by the Collector.

Duty to be recovered on any deficiency in spirits under bond.

XII. When spirits are passed from a distillery under bond, duty shall be recoverable upon any difference between the quantity of spirits so passed from the distillery and the quantity ascertained by gauge and proof at the Custom House, less such allowance for ullage and leakage as may be prescribed by the Board of Revenue. If, upon proof at the Custom House, the strength of any spirits shall be found to be less than that at which they were passed from the distillery, as entered in the pass or invoice thereto annexed by the surveyor or officer in charge of the distillery, such spirits, with the cask in which they are contained, shall be liable to confiscation.

Spirits deficient in strength to be liable to confiscation.

Spirits intended for exportation may be removed for local consumption.

XIII. Spirits brought to the Custom House Wharf under bond for exportation may nevertheless be removed for local consumption, under passes to be granted for that purpose by the Collector of Revenue, upon payment of the prescribed duty of one rupee the imperial gallon London-proof on the quantity so removed. Spirits so removed shall be treated on settlement of the bond in the same manner as if they had been exported by sea.

Recovery of sums due under bonds.

XIV. All sums due to Government under bonds executed according to the provisions of this Act may be recovered either by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the parties by whom the bonds are executed, or by suit on the bond against those parties in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Spirits how to be shipped.

XV. Spirits intended for exportation by sea, either under bond or with claim to drawback, shall not be shipped from any place except the Custom House, or upon any vessel to which a Custom House officer has not been appointed to superintend the receipt of export cargo. All spirits put on board of any vessel, otherwise than as above directed, shall be treated as if passed for local consumption. If the duty on the said spirits has been paid, no drawback shall be allowed; and if the spirits have been passed from the distillery under bond, the duty chargeable thereon shall remain due upon the bond. Spirits shipped for exportation shall not be re-landed without a special pass from the Collector of Revenue, in addition to the usual order of the Collector of Customs.

Spirits shipped for exportation not to be re-landed.

No drawback on spirits exported to Indian ports or shipped as stores.

XVI. No drawback shall be allowed on spirits exported to any Port to which the operation of Section III Act No. VI of 1848 may extend, or upon spirits shipped as stores; nor shall spirits under bond be so exported or shipped without payment of the duty prescribed by this Act.

Rum Shrub, &c. how to be charged with duty—may be exported under the same rules as spirits.

XVII. Rum shrub, cordials, and other liquors, prepared in a licensed distillery under the supervision of the surveyor or officer in charge of the distillery, shall be charged with duty according to the quantity of spirit used in the preparation; and all the provisions contained in this Act respecting spirits, except such as relate to gauge and proof, shall be applicable to such liquors. When any such liquors are removed for exportation without payment of duty, the bonds to be executed by the persons removing them shall be in the annexed Form B.

Distilleries within twenty miles of Calcutta to be under the Collector of Calcutta.

XVIII. All licensed distilleries constructed and worked after the European method, and situated within twenty miles of Calcutta or such other distance less than twenty miles as may from time to time be prescribed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, shall be under the superintendence and control of the Collector of Calcutta, who shall exercise, with respect to such distilleries and to the spirits manufactured therein, all the powers vested in Collectors by this Act; and the Collectors of districts in which any such distilleries are situated shall have no jurisdiction with respect to such distilleries, or to the spirits manufactured therein, except when any such spirits shall be passed out for local consumption in those districts.

Penalty for constructing or working a distillery, or collecting materials, without license.

XIX. Every person who shall construct or work, or collect materials for working, a distillery after the European method, without a license from the Collector, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding one thousand rupees; and all spirits so manufactured, and all materials and implements collected for the purpose of such manufacture, shall be liable to confiscation.

Penalty for non-observance of rules prescribed by Board of Revenue.

XX. Every proprietor or manager of a distillery licensed under Section VI of this Act, who shall omit to furnish any notice or any statement or list required of him under the rules prescribed by the Board of Revenue with the sanction of Government, or shall do any act in contravention of the said rules, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees; and if any such offence be committed a second time with respect to the same distillery, the license granted for the working of such distillery may be withdrawn.

Penalty for removing spirituous liquors without payment of duty.

XXI. Every person who shall remove or attempt to remove from any distillery licensed under Section VI of this Act any spirituous liquors upon which the duty has not been paid, or for the duty on which a bond has not been executed, or any spirituous liquors for which a proper pass has not been issued by the Collector, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum

not exceeding one thousand rupees: the license granted for the construction or working of the distillery from which such liquors have been removed or attempted to be removed may be withdrawn, and the spirits, materials, and utensils contained therein shall be liable to confiscation.

Penalty for irregular re-land of spirituous liquors.

XXII. Every person who shall re-land, or attempt to re-land, any spirituous liquors shipped for exportation, without a special pass from the Collector of Revenue at the place of exportation, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees; and the liquors, together with the casks and vessels containing the same, and the carts, boats, and animals employed in carrying them, shall be liable to confiscation.

Spirits from foreign territory subject to duty.

XXIII. Spirituous liquors manufactured at the foreign settlement of Chandernagore, or at any other place beyond the limits of the Company's territories, shall, on passing those limits, be charged with the duty prescribed for proof spirits in Section VIII of this Act; and any such liquors which may be found within the limits of the Company's territories subject to this Act, without a pass from the Collector certifying the payment of such duty, shall be liable to confiscation.

Spirituous and fermented liquors not to be sold without license.

XXIV. Spirituous liquors passed from distilleries worked according to the European method, and spirituous and fermented liquors imported either by land or by sea, shall not be sold except under license from the Collector.

Fee for wholesale license.

XXV. Persons taking out licenses for the wholesale vend of spirituous and fermented liquors as aforesaid, shall pay for every such license the sum of sixteen rupees. The license shall be current only during the official year and in the district in which it is granted. But travelling merchants may obtain a general license, authorizing them to sell by wholesale in any district which they may visit in the course of their travel, without taking out a fresh license for that district, under such rules and restrictions as may be from time to time prescribed by the Board of Revenue.

Fee for retail license

XXVI. Persons taking out licenses for the retail sale of spirituous and fermented liquors as aforesaid shall pay for every such license such fee or tax as may be fixed by the Board of Revenue, and such fee or tax shall be payable at such periods as the said Board may direct. Provided that such fee or tax shall be at such rate for each license as shall not exceed the total sum of one hundred rupees for the whole year. Any sale of spirituous or fermented liquors as aforesaid in less quantity than two imperial gallons, or one dozen of quart bottles, shall be held to be a retail sale.

Country spirits, liquors, and drugs not to be sold without license.

XXVII. It shall not be lawful for any person to manufacture spirits after the native process, nor to sell such spirits, or taree, or puchwye, or gunjah, bhang, churrus, opium, or any preparation or admixture of the same, except under license from the Collector.

Taree to be held to be a fermented liquor.

XXVIII. All the provisions relating to the sale or possession of fermented liquors contained in the following Sections of this Act shall be held applicable to the sale or possession of taree, whether in a fermented state or otherwise; and all taree, both fresh and fermented, shall be held to be included in the expression "fermented liquors" as used in the following Sections of this Act.

Proviso.

XXIX. Provided, however, that it shall be lawful for Government, on the report of the Board of Revenue, to pass an order suspending the operation of all the provisions relating to taree contained in this Act, with respect to any district in which the consumption of taree in a fermented state is inconsiderable; and after the passing of any such order, it shall be lawful for taree to be possessed and sold without license in any such district, notwithstanding any thing contained in this Act.

Collectors may establish distilleries for country spirits.

XXX. The Collector, with the sanction of the Board of Revenue, may establish at any place within his jurisdiction a distillery in which spirits may be manufactured after the native process; and may from time to time fix limits within which no country spirits, except such as are manufactured at the said distillery, shall be introduced or sold without a special pass from the Collector, and within which no stills shall be constructed or worked, or spirits manufactured, except at the said distillery. He may also, with the like sanction, discontinue any distillery so established whenever its discontinuance may appear to be expedient.

Board may prescribe rules for distilleries.

XXXI. The Board of Revenue may prescribe such rules relative to the internal management of distilleries established as above, to the conditions on which spirits may be manufactured in the said distilleries, and to the passes to be issued for the conveyance of such spirits to the shops of the vendors, as may from time to time be judged expedient.

And regulate the mode of supplying taree and intoxicating drugs to the licensed vendors thereof.

XXXII. The Board of Revenue may regulate the mode in which taree shall be supplied to licensed vendors of the same; and may frame rules for the grant of licenses or passes to persons purchasing, transporting, or storing gunjah, bhang, or churrus for the supply of the licensed vendors of those drugs. They may also place the cultivation, preparation, and store of the intoxicating drugs above-mentioned under such supervision as may be deemed necessary to secure the duty leviable thereon.

Supply of Opium to licensed vendors.

XXXIII. Opium shall be supplied to licensed vendors from the Government stores in such manner and at such prices as the Board of Revenue may direct; and no other description of opium shall be sold by such vendors.

Sale of more than specified quantities of country spirits, &c. prohibited.

XXXIV. Except for the supply of licensed vendors, country spirits, taree, and puchwye and intoxicating drugs shall not be sold in larger quantities than are hereunder specified—namely, country spirits one seer, taree or puchwye four seers, gunjah or bhang, or any preparation or admixture of the same, one quarter of a seer, churrus or opium, or any preparation or admixture of the same, five tolahs weight; and the sale of any such quantity as is herein allowed shall be deemed to be a retail sale within the meaning of this Act.

XXXV. Whenever a license for the retail sale of country spirits, taree, or puchwye, or intoxicating drugs, shall be granted under this Act, the Collector shall be authorized to demand in consideration of the privilege granted, such tax or duty, or a tax or duty adjusted on such principles, as may from time to time be fixed with the sanction of the Board of Revenue; and such tax or duty shall be payable at such periods as the said Board may direct. The Collector may grant special licenses for the sale of unfermented taree, only at those periods of the year when the fresh juice is in request: fees may be demanded for such special licenses at a rate not exceeding one rupee for each license; and the vendors shall not be subject to any other tax or duty.

Duty on the retail sale of country spirits, &c.

XXXVI. Persons taking out licenses for the retail sale of country spirits, taree, or puchwye or intoxicating drugs, shall give such security for the performance of their engagements, or make such deposit in lieu of security, as the Collector may require.

Licensed retail vendors of country spirits to furnish security.

XXXVII. Unless otherwise specially authorized by the Board of Revenue, licenses for retail sale as aforesaid shall be granted for the term of one year, and if continued to the holders thereof, shall be formally renewed from year to year. But it shall be incumbent on every person holding a license, who may intend not to renew it, to give notice of his intention to the Collector fifteen days previous to the expiration of the year; and if such notice be not given, and the license be not recalled by the Collector, the license held, and engagement entered into by every such person, shall remain in force as if the said license and engagement had been formally renewed.

Duration and renewal of license.

XXXVIII. The Board of Revenue shall have authority to regulate the form and conditions of all licenses granted under this Act; and every person taking out a license for the manufacture of country spirits, or for the retail sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs, shall execute a counterpart engagement in exact conformity with the tenor of such license.

Board to regulate form of license.

Parties taking out license to execute counterpart engagements.

XXXIX. The Collector may recall or cancel any license granted under this Act if the tax or duty therein stipulated be not duly paid, or in case of a violation of any other condition thereof, or of the holder being convicted of a breach of the peace or any other criminal offence. If the Collector desire to recall a license for any cause other than those above specified, he shall give one month's previous notice, or make such compensation for default of notice as the Commissioner or Board of Revenue shall direct.

License may be recalled in certain cases.

XL. Any licensed retail vendor may surrender his license on giving fifteen days' previous notice to the Collector, and paying a sum equal to the tax for fifteen days over and above the sum payable under the license.

Surrender of license.

XLI. The Collector may recover any arrear of tax or duty due on account of any license granted under this Act, by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person from whom the same is due or of his surety, or by any other process which is or may be in force for the recovery of arrears of revenue due from farmers of land or their sureties.

Recovery of arrears of tax or duty.

XLII. Every person licensed to manufacture country spirits, or to sell spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs, who shall refuse or be unable to produce his license on the demand of any Abkaree officer, or who shall commit any act in breach of any of the conditions of his license not otherwise provided for in this Act, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding fifty rupees.

Penalty for refusing to produce license on demand of Abkaree Officer or for breach of license.

XLIII. Every licensed retail vendor, who shall sell any greater quantity of spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, than is allowed to be sold by retail by the provisions of this Act, and every licensed wholesale vendor who shall make a retail sale, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding two hundred rupees.

Penalty for sale in contravention of license.

XLIV. Every person who shall convey or attempt to convey any country spirits from a distillery established under Section XXX of this Act without a pass, or exceeding the quantity for which a pass shall have been granted, or shall introduce or attempt to introduce any country spirits manufactured at another place into the limits fixed for the consumption of spirits manufactured at such distillery, or shall wilfully contravene any rule prescribed by the Board of Revenue for the management of such distillery, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Penalty for conveying country spirits from distillery without pass, &c.

XLV. Every person other than a licensed manufacturer, who shall manufacture any country spirits, and every person other than a licensed vendor, or a person duly authorized to supply licensed vendors, who shall sell any spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, and every person authorized to supply licensed vendors, who shall sell any such liquors or drugs to any person other than a licensed vendor, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Penalty for illicit manufacture or sale of country spirits, &c.

XLVI. Every person, other than a licensed manufacturer or vendor, or a person duly authorized to supply licensed vendors, who shall have in his possession any greater quantity of country spirits, or taree, or puchwye, or intoxicating drugs, except opium, than may legally be sold by retail under the provisions of Section XXXIV of this Act, or shall transport by land or by water, or have in his possession any spirituous liquors made at a distillery worked according to the European method, or any imported spirituous or fermented liquors, in larger quantity than two gallons, without a pass from the Collector or other officer duly empowered in that behalf, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding two hundred rupees; and the liquors and drugs, together with the vessels, packages, and coverings in which they are found, and the animals and conveyances used in carrying them, shall be liable to confiscation. Provided always, that nothing in this Section

Penalty for illegal possession of country spirits, &c.

Proviso.

shall extend to any spirituous liquors, wines, or beer, purchased by any person for his private use and not for sale.

Provisions of the two preceding Sections not to apply to the sale and possession of taree when supplied to sugar manufactories, nor to the sale and possession of gunjah and bhang by cultivators.

XLVII. The provisions of the two last preceding Sections, so far as they relate to the sale and possession of fermented liquors, shall not be held applicable to the sale and possession of taree, the produce of the date tree, when supplied or used for the manufacture of goor or molasses; and the provisions of the said Sections relating to the sale and possession of intoxicating drugs shall not be held applicable to the sale and possession of gunjah or bhang by the cultivators of the plants which produce those drugs respectively. But such cultivators are prohibited from selling any gunjah or bhang to any one other than a licensed vendor, or a person duly authorized to purchase by pass or license from the Collector; and every such cultivator who shall act in breach of this prohibition shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Cultivators of gunjah or bhang to sell only to licensed persons.

Penalty for having in possession a greater quantity of opium than five tolahs weight.

XLVIII. Every person other than a licensed vendor, who shall have in his possession a greater quantity of opium than five tolahs weight, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees, unless the opium found in the possession of such person shall exceed the weight of thirty-one seers and a quarter, in which case the penalty may be increased at a rate not exceeding sixteen rupees the seer for all the opium so found in excess of that weight: and the opium, together with the vessels, packages, and coverings in which it is found, and the animals and conveyances used in carrying it, shall be liable to confiscation.

Exception in favor of—

XLIX. Provided always, that nothing in the last preceding Section shall extend to the persons and circumstances hereinafter specified, namely—

Opium cultivators.

1. Authorized opium cultivators having newly extracted opium in their possession during the usual period, between the full growth of the poppy and the delivery of the produce to the opium agent.

Travellers.

2. Travellers and visitants from foreign states or countries having in their possession any quantity of foreign opium not exceeding two seers, the produce of such states and countries, and intended for the private use of such travellers and visitants, or their attendants, and not for sale or traffic.

And horse dealers.

3. Dealers in horses travelling with strings of horses from beyond the South West frontier of the territory under the Government of the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces, and having in their possession opium, the produce of foreign states or countries, not exceeding in quantity the proportion of ten tolahs weight for each horse.

Penalty for possession of excessive quantity of opium by travellers, &c.

If opium be found in the possession of any traveller or visitant, or any dealer in horses as aforesaid, in excess of the quantities above specified, such excess shall be liable to confiscation, but the persons in whose possession it may be found shall not be subject to any further penalty.

Penalties for sale of adulterated opium, &c. to licensed vendors.

L. Every licensed vendor who shall sell or offer for sale opium adulterated with any foreign substance, not being a preparation or admixture of opium for the sale of which such vendor may have taken out a license, or shall sell or have in his possession any opium other than the opium supplied to him from the Government stores, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees, the license held by him shall be withdrawn, and the opium, together with the vessels or packages in which it is found, shall be seized and confiscated.

Penalty for conniving at the illicit manufacture or sale of spirits, &c.

LI. Every proprietor, farmer, tuhseeldar, gomashta, or other manager of land, who shall authorize or connive at the manufacture of country spirits or the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs by any unlicensed person, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Power of Abkaree officers to inspect shops.

LII. Any Abkaree officer may enter and inspect at any time by day or by night the shop or premises in which any licensed manufacturer or retail vendor shall carry on the manufacture of country spirits, or the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs.

And to arrest persons carrying spirits, &c. liable to confiscation.

LIII. Any Abkaree officer may stop and detain any person carrying any spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs liable to confiscation under this Act, and may seize the liquors or drugs, with the vessels, packages, or coverings in which they are contained, and the animals and conveyances used in carrying them; and may also arrest the person in whose possession such liquors or drugs are found.

And to arrest unlicensed distillers, &c.

LIV. Any Abkaree officer above the rank of a jemadar of peons may arrest any person having an unlicensed still in his possession, or engaged in the unlawful sale of spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, and may seize such still with the materials for working it, and all such liquors and drugs.

Power of Abkaree officers to search on information of illicit manufacture or possession.

LV. Whenever any Abkaree officer above the rank of a jemadar of peons shall have good reason to believe from information given by any person, which information shall be taken down in writing, that spirits are unlawfully manufactured, or that any spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, liable to confiscation under this Act, are kept or concealed in any house, boat, or other place, such officer may, between sunrise and sunset, but always in the presence of a darogah or other officer of Police not being under the grade of a jemadar, enter into any such house, boat, or place, and in case of resistance may break open any door, and force and remove any other obstacle to such entry; and may seize and carry away all stills and materials used in the manufacture of such spirits, and all such liquors and drugs; and may also arrest the owner or occupier of the house, boat, or place with all other persons concerned in the manufacture of such spirits, or in the keeping and concealing of such liquors or drugs.

Collector may issue warrant to search, &c.

LVI. A Collector may issue his warrant for the search of any house, boat, or other place in which he may have good reason to believe, either from information given, or from his own knowledge, or from the proceedings in any other case, that spirits are unlawfully manufactured, or that spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs, liable to confiscation under this Act, are kept or concealed, and such warrant may be executed by any officer above the rank of a jemadar of peons in the manner prescribed in the last preceding Section.

Mode of executing warrant.

Officers of Police and Revenue Departments may be vested with same powers as Abkaree officers.

LVII. The powers of seizure, search, and arrest given to Abkaree officers by Sections LIII, LIV, and LV of this Act shall in regard to the seizure and search for contraband opium and the arrest of persons found in possession thereof, be vested also in the officers of the Police and Revenue Departments according to their respective grades. And it shall further be lawful for the Government to invest the officers of those departments, or of any of them, with the like powers with respect to the seizure of, and search for, spirituous and fermented liquors and intoxicating drugs of every description, and the arrest of persons found in possession of them; and all such officers, when so empowered, as well as all Police and Revenue officers when acting under the authority conferred by this Section for the suppression of illicit dealings in opium, shall be held and deemed to be Abkaree officers within the meaning of this Act.

Abkaree officer to report every arrest, seizure, or search to his official superior, and to carry the person arrested, &c., to the Collector for trial, &c.

LVIII. Whenever an Abkaree officer shall arrest any person, or seize any still or any liquors or drugs liable to confiscation under this Act, or enter any house, boat, or place for the purpose of searching for any such illicit articles, he shall, within twenty-four hours thereafter, make a full report of all the particulars of such arrest, or seizure, or search, to his official superior, and shall carry the person arrested, or the illicit articles seized, with all convenient despatch, to the Collector for trial or adjudication.

Penalty for obstructing Abkaree officers.

LIX. Every person who shall obstruct or molest any Abkaree officer in the due execution of this Act, or of any rules prescribed under the authority thereof, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, forfeit a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees; and shall be further liable, if an affray or breach of the peace shall happen in consequence of his resistance, to such punishment as is prescribed by law for cases of affray or breach of the peace, in addition to the penalty herein prescribed for resistance of process.

Police officers to assist Abkaree officers.

LX. All Police officers are required to aid the Abkaree officers in the due execution of this Act, upon notice given or request made by such officers; and any Police officer who, without lawful excuse, shall neglect or refuse to assist as aforesaid, and any darogah or other officer in charge of a Police station, who, on application made by an Abkaree officer under Section LV of this Act, shall fail to attend a search himself, or to depute a subordinate officer not being below the grade of a jemadar, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, forfeit for such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Penalty.

Penalty for maliciously giving false information.

LXI. Every person who shall maliciously give false information against any person as being engaged in the unlawful manufacture of spirits, or as having in his possession any spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs in contravention of this Act, and so procure that such person be arrested, or that any house, boat, or other place be searched to the injury or annoyance of such person, or any other person whatsoever, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, forfeit a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees, which sum, or any portion thereof, may be paid to the person aggrieved, and shall be further liable to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months.

Penalty for vexatious seizure.

LXII. Any Abkaree officer who shall vexatiously and unnecessarily seize the goods or chattels of any person on the pretence of seizing or searching for any spirituous liquors or intoxicating drugs liable to confiscation under this Act, or shall vexatiously and unnecessarily arrest any person, or commit any other excess not required for the execution of his duty, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, forfeit a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees, which sum, or any portion thereof, may be paid to the person aggrieved.

Penalty on Abkaree officers for delay in reporting arrest, &c. or in carrying person arrested to collector.

LXIII. Any Abkaree officer who shall neglect to report the particulars of an arrest, seizure, or search within twenty-four hours thereafter, or shall delay carrying to the Collector any person arrested or any illicit articles seized under this Act, shall forfeit for such offence a sum not exceeding two hundred rupees.

Penalty for conniving at escape of persons arrested, &c.

LXIV. Any Abkaree officer who shall unlawfully release or connive at the escape of any person arrested under this Act, or connive at the manufacture of spirits or the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs by any unlicensed person, or by any licensed person contrary to the terms of his license, or act in a manner inconsistent with his duty, for the purpose of enabling any person to do anything whereby any of the provisions of this Act may be evaded or broken, or the Abkaree Revenue defrauded; and any darogah of Police or other Officer invested with local jurisdiction, who shall authorize, countenance, or connive at the establishment of any unlicensed shop for the sale of such liquors or drugs as aforesaid in any place subject to his control—shall forfeit for such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Penalty for asking or taking gratuities and for offering bribes to officers.

LXV. Any Abkaree officer who shall ask or take any gratuity not authorized by any law or order of Government or of the Board of Revenue, in consideration of doing or omitting to do any act in his official capacity, and any person who shall offer any bribe to any such officer, in order to induce him to act in a manner inconsistent with his duty, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, forfeit a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Adjudication of penalties and seizures.

LXVI. All forfeitures leviable from Abkaree and other officers under Sections LXIII and LXIV shall be adjudged by the Collector,

Magistrate, or other authority to whom such Officers shall be respectively subordinate; and all other forfeitures and penalties prescribed for offences against the provisions of this Act, except as herein otherwise provided, and all seizures of goods declared liable to confiscation under this Act, shall be adjudged by the Collector.

Time and mode of preferring complaints on information.

LXVII. Complaints or informations of offences committed against the provisions of this Act shall be received on unstamped paper; but no such complaint or information shall be admitted unless it be preferred within the period of six months after the commission of the offence to which the complaint or information refers.

Collector may issue warrant of arrest in certain cases.

LXVIII. If from any complaint or information lodged before him, or from circumstances within his own knowledge, or the proceedings in any other case, a Collector has good reason to believe that any person has actually in his possession an illicit still, or any spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, liable to confiscation under this Act, he may issue his warrant for the arrest of the person believed to be in the possession of such illicit articles, or a warrant for search and arrest as provided in Section LVI of this Act.

In all other cases summons to issue.

LXIX. In all other cases of complaint or information of offences against the provisions of this Act, the cognizance whereof is vested in the Collector, that officer shall issue a summons requiring the attendance of the accused person on or before a certain day to be specified therein, and shall at the same time summon such witnesses as may be named by the informer or as he may judge it necessary to examine in proof of the accusation. If, on the summons being duly served, the accused person shall fail to attend, the Collector may issue a warrant for his apprehension.

If accused fail to attend, warrant may issue.

Mode of trial by Collector.

LXX. When an accused or suspected person shall be sent in to the Collector by any officer authorized to make arrests under this Act, or shall be apprehended on the warrant of the Collector, or shall attend in pursuance of summons, the Collector shall proceed to investigate the case with as little delay as possible. In the summoning and examination of witnesses the Collector shall exercise the same powers which he is authorized to exercise when acting judicially in the trial of summary suits for rent. Any person giving intentionally and deliberately a false deposition on oath or affirmation shall be held to be guilty of perjury, and shall be liable to the penalties prescribed for that offence by law.

Penalty for false deposition.

Recovery of penalty.

LXXI. Whenever any person shall be convicted of any offence and sentenced to pay any penalty forfeited under this Act, in case of non-payment of the same, the Collector, or other officer by whom the forfeiture shall have been adjudged, may issue his warrant for the distress and sale of any personal property belonging to the offender; and if no such property sufficient for the payment of the forfeiture be found, the Collector or other officer may pass an order that the offender be imprisoned in the criminal jail for any period not exceeding one month if the offence of which he has been convicted is punishable under this Act with a pecuniary penalty not exceeding fifty rupees, for a period not exceeding three months if the limit of the penalty is two hundred rupees, and for a period not exceeding six months if the limit is any sum above two hundred rupees. Provided always that, if the offender declare his inability to pay the forfeiture, it shall be lawful for the Collector or other officer, at his discretion, to pass an order for such imprisonment as aforesaid, instead of issuing a warrant of distress and sale. Provided also, that the imprisonment prescribed by this Section shall be in addition to any other period of imprisonment to which the offender may be sentenced under the provisions of this Act.

Punishment on second or subsequent conviction.

LXXII. Whenever any person shall be convicted of an offence against this Act, after having been previously convicted of a like offence, he shall be liable, in addition to the penalty attached to such offence, to imprisonment in the criminal jail for a period not exceeding six months; and a like punishment of imprisonment not exceeding six months shall be incurred, in addition to the punishment which may be inflicted for a first offence, upon every subsequent conviction after the second. The warrant of the Collector, or other officer adjudicating any case under the provisions of this Act, shall be authority for the Magistrate or other person in charge of the criminal jail to hold the person described therein in confinement in such jail, and for such time as may be specified and required in the said warrant.

Penalty for vexatious complaint or information.

LXXIII. Whenever any person shall attend on summons, in consequence of a complaint or information exhibited against him of any offence committed against this Act, if it shall appear on investigation that the complaint or information originated in malice or in motives clearly vexatious and unwarrantable, the Collector or other officer adjudicating the case may impose on the complainant or informant a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, which fine or any part thereof may on realization be paid to the party summoned, or may order such complainant or informant to be imprisoned for a period not exceeding fifteen days.

Disposal of goods and chattels adjudged to confiscation.

LXXIV. All goods and chattels adjudged to confiscation, except opium, shall be disposed of by the Collector by public sale. Opium seized and confiscated shall be sent for examination to the civil surgeon of the station, and, if declared by him to be fit for use, shall be transmitted to the Government factories, or otherwise disposed of in such manner as the Board of Revenue shall direct. If declared to be unfit for use, it shall be immediately destroyed.

Disposal of fines, &c. as rewards.

LXXV. One-half of all fines and forfeitures levied from persons convicted of the unlawful manufacture of spirits, or of the unlawful sale or possession of spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs, and one-half of the proceeds from sale of all confiscated articles, except opium, and in the case of opium confiscated and declared by the civil surgeon to be fit for use, a reward of one rupee eight annas for each seer shall, upon adjudication of the case, be awarded to the officer

or officers who apprehended the offender ; and the other half of such fines and forfeitures and proceeds of sale, or in the case of opium as aforesaid, a reward of one rupee eight annas for each seer, shall be given to the informer. If the fine or forfeiture is not realized, the Board of Revenue may grant such reasonable reward, not exceeding the sum of two hundred rupees, as may seem to them fit ; and the said Board may direct by general order what classes of Abkaree officers shall receive rewards, and what classes shall have no title to share therein.

Rewards where no fine is realized.

LXXVI. All fines and forfeitures levied under this Act, the disposal of which is not specially provided for, shall belong to Government ; but the Board of Revenue may appropriate any portion thereof, not exceeding one-half, for rewarding informers, or for compensating persons subjected to annoyance or injury by any proceedings under this Act.

Fines undisposed of to belong to Government.

Special rewards to informers.

LXXVII. All orders and sentences passed by a Collector or other officer under this Act shall be appealable in the usual manner under the laws and regulations in force relative to appeals from the orders of Collectors or of such other officers. Provided always, that all orders passed by an officer invested with the charge of the Abkaree Revenue shall be appealable to the Commissioner, in the same manner as if the orders were passed by a Collector.

Appeals from orders and sentences passed under this Act.

LXXVIII. It shall be lawful for the Collector, with the sanction of the Board of Revenue, to let in farm, for any period not exceeding five years, the duties leviable on the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, or any description of such liquors or drugs, except opium, in any pergunnah or other known division of a district.

Collector with the sanction of the Board of Revenue may farm out the duties leviable on the sale of spirits, &c., except opium.

LXXIX. The Board of Revenue may prescribe rules for the invitation and acceptance of tenders for such farms, and for the requisition of security for the due fulfilment of the engagements entered into by the farmers. The said Board may also regulate the form and conditions of lease ; and any breach of those conditions shall render the lease liable to annulment.

Board of Revenue to regulate form of tenders and conditions of lease.

LXXX. When the duties leviable on any of the articles above enumerated are let in farm, the farmer shall be at liberty to make his own arrangements with the manufacturers and vendors within the limits of his farm ; and all the penalties and forfeitures prescribed by this Act for the unlawful manufacture, sale, or possession of any such article shall be incurred by all persons manufacturing, selling, or possessing the same without license or authority from the farmer.

The farmer to make his own arrangements with the manufacturers and vendors within the limits of his farm, &c.

LXXXI. Provided always, that every such farmer shall be required to file in the Collector's office a list of all the licenses granted by him in such form as may be prescribed by the Board of Revenue. Provided also, that it shall be lawful for the Collector, with the sanction of the said Board, before entering into engagements for any such farm, to make such reservations or restrictions with respect to the grant of licenses as may be deemed proper and expedient.

Proviso.

LXXXII. If a farm be cancelled for any cause other than a breach on the part of the farmer of the conditions of the lease, or if any reservation or restriction with respect to the grant of licenses be imposed within the period of the lease, the farmer shall be entitled to receive such compensation for any loss which he may sustain thereby as the Board of Revenue shall think just and proper.

Compensation for losses to be granted to farmers in certain cases.

LXXXIII. The provisions of Section XLI of this Act shall be applicable to any arrear that may be due from any farmer of Abkaree revenue ; and every such farmer shall be authorized and empowered to use the same means and processes for the recovery of any arrear of tax or duty due to him from any authorized vendor, which may be lawfully used by zemindars and farmers of land for the recovery of arrears of rent due to them from their under-tenants.

Recovery of arrears of tax or duty from or by farmers.

LXXXIV. Within the limits of any military cantonment, and within a circle drawn at a distance of two miles, or such other distance as may in any case be prescribed by Government, from such limits, licenses for the manufacture of spirits and for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors shall not be granted, nor shall the duties leviable upon such spirits and liquors be let in farm, otherwise than with the knowledge and consent of the Commanding Officer ; and upon the requisition of such Officer, any license which may have been granted either by the Collector or by a farmer within such circle or limits shall be immediately withdrawn.

Rules respecting the manufacture and sale of spirits, &c. in military cantonments.

LXXXV. In all other respects the foregoing provisions of this Act shall have full force and effect within such circle and limits as aforesaid. Provided, however, that, when arrest or search is to be made within the limits of any cantonment, the Collector or other officer authorized under this Act to make arrest or search shall, whenever it may be practicable, give previous notice to the Commanding Officer, and in all other cases shall report the arrest or search to such Commanding Officer with as little delay as possible. Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall affect or interfere with the provisions of Act No. XVIII of 1853.

Mode of making arrest or search within military cantonments.

LXXXVI. In the districts in which the poppy is cultivated on account of Government, the Deputy Opium Agents and Sub-deputy Agents shall exercise the powers vested by this Act in Collectors and Deputy Collectors, so far as the same relate to the suppression or punishment of illegal dealings in opium; and the officers of the Opium Department shall exercise the powers vested by this Act in Abkaree officers for the seizure of illicit opium and the arrest of persons found in possession thereof, and, in respect to such seizures and arrests, shall be held and deemed to be Abkaree officers within the meaning of this Act.

Powers vested in officers of the Opium Department.

Proceedings of officers of the Opium Department.

LXXXVII. The proceedings of Sub-deputy Agents under this Act shall be subject to the revision of the Deputy Agents in the same manner as the proceedings of Deputy Collectors under Regulation IX of 1833 are subject to the revision of the Collectors; and all orders and decisions of a Deputy Agent or Sub-deputy Agent under this Act shall be appealable to the Commissioner, in the same manner as the orders and decisions of a Collector or Deputy Collector.

Provisions not applicable to the town of Calcutta.

LXXXVIII. Nothing in this Act relating to the grant of licenses for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors and intoxicating drugs, and the recovery of arrears of tax or duty due under such licenses, to the illicit sale, carrying, or possession of spirituous and fermented liquors and intoxicating drugs, and the penalties incurred thereby, and to the appointment, duties, and responsibilities of Abkaree officers, shall extend to the town of Calcutta; but the provisions of Act No. XI of 1849 shall continue in full force and effect as if this Act had not been passed.

Saving of provisions of Act XI. 1849.

Interpretation.

LXXXIX. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction.

The word "Government" means the Lieutenant-Governors of Bengal and of the North-Western Provinces.

The expression "Board of Revenue" means the Board of Revenue in Calcutta, and the Sudder Board of Revenue at Agra.

The word "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of a Revenue Division, or a Commissioner of Abkaree, whenever such officer shall be specially appointed for the superintendence of the Abkaree revenue.

The word "Collector" means any Collector, Deputy Collector, or other Revenue officer in independent charge of a district, or any officer specially invested with the charge of the Abkaree revenue.

The word "Magistrate" means any Magistrate, Joint Magistrate, or other person lawfully exercising the powers of a Magistrate.

The expression "Country spirit" means any spirit made by the native process of distillation.

Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

FORM.

A.

Know all men by these presents, That we

are jointly and severally held and firmly bound unto the Honorable the East India Company, in the sum of Company's Rupees

to be paid to the said East India Company, or their certain attorney, agents, successors, or assigns; for which payment well and truly to be made, we jointly and severally bind ourselves, and each of us binds himself and each and every one of our respective heirs, administrators, and representatives by these presents, sealed with our respective seals, dated the day of in the year of Christ one thousand eight hundred

Whereas the above-bounden

are justly and truly indebted to the East India Company in the sum of Company's Rupees

being the amount of duty payable to the East India Company, at the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon London-proof, for gallons of manufactured at which the said ha been allowed to remove thence direct to without having paid the amount of such duty, but in lieu thereof the above written obligation has been accepted by the said East India Company, the said bind ing themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, and representatives, to pay to the said East India Company, their successors, or assigns, duty at the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon London-proof, for so much thereof as shall not be exported, by sea within the space of four calendar months from the date of these presents. Now the condition of this obligation is such, that, if the above-bounden his or their heirs, executors, administrators, or representatives, or some or one of them, do and shall, at the expiration of four calendar months from the date of this obligation, well and truly pay or cause to be paid to the said East India Company, their successors, or assigns, duty at the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon London-proof for all or any portion of the above-mentioned which shall not have been then exported by sea [of which exportation, if any, due proof shall be given by the said to the Collector of aforesaid,] then this obligation to be void, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

Sealed and delivered in the presence of }

B.

Know all men by these presents, That we

are jointly and severally held and firmly bound unto the Honorable the East India Company, in the sum of Company's Rupees

to be paid to the said East India Company, or their certain attorney, agents, successors, or assigns; for which payment well and truly to be made, we jointly and severally bind ourselves, and each of us binds himself and each and every one of our respective heirs, administrators, and representatives by these presents, sealed with our respective seals, dated the day of in the year of Christ one thousand eight hundred and

Whereas the above-bounden

are justly and truly indebted to the said East

India Company in the sum of Company's Rupees being the amoun of duty payable to the East India Company a the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon of proo spirit, for dozens of bottles, or gallons of cordials and liqueurs as specified in the annexed Schedule, manufactured at which the said

have been allowed to remove thence direct to without having paid the amount of such duty, but in lieu thereof the above written obligation has been accepted by the said East India Company, the said binding themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, and representatives, to pay to the said East India Company, their successors, or assigns, duty at the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon of proof spirit for so much thereof as shall not be exported by sea within the space of four calendar months from the date of these presents. Now the condition of this obligation is such, that, if the above-bounden

his or their heirs, executors, administrators, or representatives, or some or one of them, do and shall, at the expiration of four calendar months from the date of this obligation, well and truly pay or cause to be paid to the said East India Company, their successors, or assigns, duty at the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon of proof spirit for all or any portion of the above-mentioned cordials and liqueurs which shall not have been then exported by sea [of which exportation, if any, due proof shall be given by the said

to the Collector of aforesaid,] then this obligation to be void, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

Sealed and delivered in the presence of }

SCHEDULE.

Description of Cordials and Liqueurs.	Quantity in bottles or gallons.	Quantity of proof spirit.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Notifications, Appointments, &c.

No. 207.

Fort William, Home Department,

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 19th January 1856.

Notifications.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to permit the Reverend H. Kirwan, Assistant Chaplain, to proceed to Europe on Furlough for a period of three years, from the date of the sailing of the vessel on which he may embark.

No. 206.

The 11th February 1856.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to grant the Reverend J. Blomefield, Assistant Chaplain, leave of absence for one month, and also leave for one year to proceed to Europe on urgent private affairs, from the date of the sailing of the vessel on which he may embark.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 814.

Fort William, Foreign Department,

The 8th February 1856.

Lieutenant D. W. Wise, Adjutant of the 2nd Regiment of Cavalry, Gwalior Contingent, is permitted to resign his appointment from the 15th instant, from which date his services are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 816.

The 12th February 1856.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. McLeod, Military Assistant to the Commissioner of Mysore, returned to his duty from leave on the 17th ultimo.

No. 817.

Mr. E. H. Anson, 1st Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General for Central India, has obtained leave of absence for one month, to proceed to Bombay, for the purpose of appearing before the Medical Board at that Presidency.

No. 818.

Captain J. Travers, Officiating Commandant, and Lieutenant F. L. Magniac, Officiating Second in Command of the Bhopal Contingent, are confirmed in their respective appointments from the date on which Major E. D. Townshend embarked for Europe.

No. 819.

Mr. E. L. Brandreth, Deputy Commissioner of Ferozepore, has obtained leave of absence for three months, from the 1st November last, or such other date as he may avail himself of it, preparatory to proceeding on Furlough to Europe.

No. 820.

Lieutenant F. R. Pollock, Deputy Commissioner in the Punjab, has obtained two months' leave, under the Rules applicable to Military Officers on Staff employ, from such date as he may avail himself of it, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on Furlough.

Lieutenant H. Stokes, Assistant Commissioner at Shahpore, has obtained leave of absence for four months, from the 1st instant, to visit Bombay, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe, under the Rules applicale to Military Officers on Staff employ.

No. 821.

The services of Salamut Rai, Extra Assistant in the Punjab, are placed at the disposal of the Lieutenant-Governor, North-western Provinces, from the date on which they may be dispensed with by the Chief Commissioner.

No. 822.

Dr. C. M. Smith, Civil Surgeon of Lahore, has obtained leave of absence on private affairs for eight days, from the 8th to the 15th October last, in addition to one month's indulgence leave granted to him in G. O. dated 7th August last, No. 2785, which expired on the first-named date.

G. F. EDMONSTONE,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 5.

Fort William, Financial Department,
The 12th February 1856.

Appointment.—Mr. J. A. Crawford to be Government Agent and Secretary to the Government Savings' Bank, Fort William.

C. HUGH LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 27.

Fort William, Public Works Department,

PUBLIC.

The 11th February 1856.

Notifications.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to grant to Colonel R. Napier, Chief Engineer, Punjaub, two months' leave of absence, from the 1st March next, or from the date of making over charge of his office, to visit the Presidency, preparatory to applying for leave to Europe on Medical certificate.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. Fraser, C. B., of Engineers, Officiating Superintending Engineer, 1st Circle, Lower Provinces, is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer, Punjaub, during the absence of Colonel Napier, or until further orders.

No. 28.

The 12th February 1856.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to grant Lieutenant H. Maxwell, Executive Officer, Meaday Division, Department of Public Works, leave of absence for three months, from the 8th ultimo, under the new Regulations, to proceed to Calcutta, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe on Medical certificate.

W. E. BAKER, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 398.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Appointments.—The 6th February 1856.—Mr. A. C. Barnard to be a Member of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Sylhet.

The 11th February 1856.—Baboo Sham Chand Sircar, Deputy Collector under Regulation IX. of 1833 in Pubna, is transferred to Sylhet.

Baboo Dwarkanath Bannerjee, Deputy Collector under Regulation IX. of 1833 in Sylhet, is transferred to Pubna.

Leave of Absence.—The 5th February 1856.—Mr. J. Weston, Additional Principal Sudder Ameen of Tirhoot, for one week, on private affairs.

Syud Abdool Mujeed, Deputy Magistrate of Backergunge, for a fortnight, from the 17th ultimo, on Medical certificate.

The 6th February 1856.—Mr. F. L. Beaufort, Officiating Judge of Jessore, for fifteen days, under Section XIV. of the new revised Absentee Rules, in addition to the time allowed for joining his appointment.

Notification.—The 2nd February 1856.—The unexpired portion of the leave granted to Mr. H. C. Raikes, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Chumparun, on the 12th ultimo, is cancelled from the 18th idem.

W. GREY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 706 of 1856.

General Department,
Agra, the 4th February 1856.

Notification.—The services of Sub-Assistant Surgeon Taruck Chunder Lahorey are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

Appointments.—Third Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon Cally Churn Lahorey is appointed to the charge of the Government Charitable Dispensary at Allyghur, *vice* Taruck Chunder Lahorey.

No. 717 of 1856.

Judicial Department.

Captain E. J. Rickards, Second in Command of the Maerwarra Local Battalion, to officiate as 2nd Assistant to the Commissioner of Ajmere, until further orders.

W. MUIR,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 705 of 1856.

Judicial Department,
Agra, the 4th February 1856.

Appointment.—Mr. E. P. Griffiths, Tehseeldar of Pergunnah Sarh Suleimpoor, in Zillah Cawnpoor, to be a Deputy Magistrate under Act XV. of 1843 within the limits of his jurisdiction, with the powers of a Covenanted Assistant under Section XX. Regulation IX. of 1807, as also with authority to receive and try cases under the provisions of Act X. of 1854.

No. 751 of 1856.

The 6th February 1856.

Leave of Absence.—Moulvee Hububoollah, Principal Sudder Ameen at Jounpoor, from the 14th to the 24th of January 1856, in extension of the leave granted him in Orders of the 30th ultimo.

By order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

C. P. CARMICHAEL,
Asst. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

General Orders by the Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council.

Fort William, 12th February 1856.

No. 232 *of* 1856.—The following Notification, from the Foreign Department, is published in General Orders :—

"*No.* 715, *dated 8th February* 1856.—Lieutenant-Colonel G. H. Macgregor, C. B., Agent to the Governor General at Moorshedabad, has obtained leave of absence for three months, from the 15th March next, to visit Darjeeling on private affairs."

No. 233 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough on private affairs :—

Lieutenant Charles Baily, of the 17th Regiment Native Infantry, ...	For three years, under the old Rules.

No. 234 *of* 1856.—The following Notification, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-western Provinces, is published in General Orders :—

"*No.* 122 *A., dated* 31*st January* 1856.—The services of Assistant Surgeon E. James are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief from this date."

No. 235 *of* 1856.—*Notification.*—It is hereby notified for general information, that no further admissions of Officers to the Invalid Establishment will be sanctioned by Government at the several Presidencies, until the orders of the Hon'ble the Court of Directors regarding that Establishment shall have been received.

No. 236 *of* 1856.—In continuation of Government General Order No. 1360, of the 27th December 1855, the Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

4th Regiment of Cavalry.

Lieutenant J. B. Speid, of the 34th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, to act as Adjutant, during the absence of Lieutenant Fraser with the 2nd Cavalry Regiment, or until further orders.

3rd Regiment of Infantry.

Assistant Surgeon Francis Day, of the Madras Establishment, to hold Medical charge, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Whitelock, proceeded to Europe.

4th Regiment of Infantry.

Lieutenant J. W. Sinclair, of the 51st Regiment Madras Native Infantry, to act as Commandant during the absence of Captain Wyndham, or until further orders.

No. 237 *of* 1856.—It is hereby notified for general information, that the under-mentioned family remittances of Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers of the Royal Army and of the East India Company's Service, and effects and credits of deceased Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers of the Royal Army, have been included in the General Quarterly Rolls commencing the 1st of November 1855 and ending the 31st January 1856, of the Office of Accountant, Military Department, which were forwarded to the Hon'ble the Court of Directors by the Peninsular and Oriental Company's Steam-vessel *Oriental*, which left Calcutta on the 9th instant :—

The Royal Army.

Sums paid into the Treasury of the Pay-master, Queen's Troops, on account of family remittances and effects and credits during the months of November and December 1855 and January 1856.

East India Company's Troops.

Sums paid into the Pay Office Treasuries at the Presidency, Benares, Cawnpore, Meerut, Rawul Pindee, Umballa, Lahore, Gwalior, Jullundur, and Pegu, during the above months.

No. 238 *of* 1856.—The services of Assistant Surgeon S. C. Amesbury are placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

No. 239 *of* 1856.—In continuation of Government General Order No. 122 of 1856, the Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to make the following further promotions, to complete the Establishment of Warrant Officers of the Army Commissariat Department :—

Serjeant Daniel Ryan, Serjeant Thomas Johnston, ...	To be Sub-Conductors, with effect from the 21st January 1856.

No. 240 *of* 1856.—The Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to make the following promotions :—

Corps of Engineers.

First Lieutenant William Drummond Alexander Robertson Short to be Captain, ... Second Lieutenant Julian St. John Hovenden to be First Lieutenant, ...	From the 6th of February 1856, in succession to Captain George Hickson Fagan, retired.

No. 241 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick certificate :—

Major John Rawdon Oldfeild, of the Corps of Engineers, Principal of the Thomason College of Civil Engineering at Roorkee,..... Surgeon Archibald Campbell, M. D., of the Medical Department, Superintendent of Darjeeling and in charge of the Political relations with Sikhim, ...	For fifteen months each, under the new Regulations.

No. 242 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Gentlemen are admitted to the Service, in conformity with their appointment by the Hon'ble the Court of Directors, as a Cadet of Infantry and an Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment. The Cadet of Infantry is promoted to the rank of Ensign from the date assigned to him in Government General Order No. 1303, of the 14th December 1855 :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Infantry. Mr. Frederick Folliot Oldfield, *Medical Department.* Mr. Frederic Carter, ...	9th Feb. 1856.

R. J. H. BIRCH, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
in the Mily. Dept.

No. 257.

Notification.

IN order to obviate the inconvenience and delay which so frequently occur at present in the audit of Bills and Abstracts received from Judges, Collectors and Magistrates, when on Circuit Duty in the interior of their Districts, and when subordinates are consequently required to sign the documents alluded to, the undersigned requests that, whenever Officers of the former class are on tour in the interior, they will be good enough to inform him of the date of their departure from their Stations, and the probable date of their return thereto.

W. P. PALMER,
Civil Auditor.

FORT WILLIAM ;
Civil Auditor's Office,
The 28th January 1856.

Government Notification.

THE following Notice is published for general information :—

By order,
ROBERT CHURCH,
Secy. to the Governor.

Singapore, 12th October 1855.

RAFFLES LIGHT HOUSE.

ON and after the 1st of November 1855, a fixed bright Dioptric Light of the third order will be exhibited from sun-set to sun-rise on the Islet called the "Coney" near Barn Island, at the Western entrance of the Straits of Singapore, situated according to the Admiralty Charts, in Latitude 1° 8′ 15″ North and Longitude 103° 45′ 20″ East.

The height of the centre of the Light from high water mark is 105 feet.

The Light will be visible from the decks of vessels at a distance of about 12 nautical miles.

The Light will illuminate about 233 degrees of the horizon, *viz.*, from Saint John's Island, proceeding Southerly to the North-westward near the Sultan Shoal.

Vessels losing the Light when to the Eastward or Westward will thereby be warned of the dangers respectively of Middle Island or of the Sultan Shoal, as laid down in Chart of the Straits of Singapore by Messrs. Congalton and Thomson, corrected up to 1855.

(Signed) J. RUSSELL,
Master Attendant.

Notification.

THE following Estimate of Cash, expected to be available at the under-mentioned Treasuries on the dates and to the extent mentioned, is published for general information. Bills at par and at sight may be had at the General Treasury, payable on those dates, or before, as funds become available ; and to prevent disappointment from the clearing out of Treasuries, parties requiring Bills are requested to communicate with the Accountant, Government of Bengal, at their early convenience.

Bills upon the Treasuries marked (*) may be obtained from the Collectors of Dacca, Moorshedabad, or Patna, to the extent available at the time of application.

This Estimate is published only as a guide to parties interested. The amounts available at the several Treasuries on intermediate dates will be notified as usual in the weekly lists.

		Bills available.
Bograh,*	to 1st November,	80,000
	15th January,	1,00,000
	1st April,	70,000
	1st July,	30,000
Bullooah,*	to 1st November,	2,00,000
	15th January,	2,50,000
	1st April,	2,50,000
	1st July,	2,00,000
Tipperah,*	to 10th November,	2,50,000
	15th January,	3,50,000
	1st April,	2,00,000
	1st July,	1,00,000
Mymensingh,*	10th November,	1,50,000
	15th January,	2,30,000
	1st April,	1,90,000
	1st July,	60,000
Sylhet,*	20th January,	1,00,000
	1st May,	1,00,000
Pubna,*	1st November,	1,00,000
	15th January,	1,00,000
	1st April,	80,000
Rungpore,*	1st November,	1,80,0000
	15th January,	2,70,000
	1st April,	3,50,000
	1st July,	1,00,000
Dinagepore,	1st November,	25,000
	15th January,	4,50,000
	1st April,	5,50,000
	1st July,	1,00,000
Nuddeeah,	1st November,	2,00,000
	15th January,	80,000
	1st April,	20,000
Jessore,	1st November,	3,00,000
	15th January,	3,00,000
	1st April,	3,00,000
Purneeah,	1st November,	1,00,000
	15th January,	3,00,000
	1st April,	4,90,000

EDMUND DRUMMOND,
Accountant to the
Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 9th October 1855.

SEALED TENDERS, from Professional Builders only, will be received by the Civil Architect, in his Office in Calcutta, up to 4 P. M., on Saturday, the 23rd February 1856, for "white washing, sand rubbing, painting and repairing the Board of Revenue at Calcutta, (late Board of Customs, Salt and Opium.)"

Time for Execution, Two (2) Months.

Specification, Forms of Tender, and further information to be obtained from the Civil Architect's Office in Calcutta.

A Deposit in Cash of One Hundred (100) Rupees is required with each Tender.

Tenders not prepared in strict accordance with the "Contract Rules," dated Military Board Office, 28th March 1853, will be returned.

By order of the Chief Engineer, Lower Provinces,

C. B. YOUNG, *Captain,*
Civil Architect.

NOTICE.—Mean Time was this day shown to the Shipping in the River, from the Semaphore Tower in the Fort, half a second (½*s.*) before Mean Noon.

Fort William,
8th February 1856.

NOTICE.—Mean time was this day shown to the Shipping in the River, from the Semaphore Tower in the Fort, one and a quarter seconds (1¼*s.*) after Mean Noon.

C. S. REID, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Officiating Town Major.

Fort William,
9th February 1856.

Notice.

THE Inspector of Jails, Lower Provinces, requests that from and after the 16th instant, such Officers as may have to communicate with him will cause their letters to be directed to the Presidency.

F. J. MOUAT,
Inspector of Jails, L. P.

Dated Camp Monghyr,
The 5th February 1856.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an Examination will be held on Monday, the 25th February 1856, for the purpose of testing the acquirements of Candidates for Certificates of Qualification as Regimental Moonshees, and as Teachers of the unpassed Civil Servants, according to General Orders by the President of the Council of India dated 9th October 1850, and the Government Notification dated the 24th January 1854, respectively.

Candidates are requested to send in their applications, stating the language or languages to be passed in, on or before the 23rd proximo.

WM. N. LEES,
Secy. to the Board of Examiners.

Fort William,
The 9th February 1856.

N. B.—The Board's Office has been removed to No. 1, Little Russell Street.

حسب حکم جنرل آرڈر مورخۂ نہم اکتوبر سنہ ۱۸۵۰ ع وحسب حکم گورمنٹ مورخۂ بست و چہارم جنوري سنہ ۱۸۵۴ ع اشتہار دادہ مي‌شود کہ تاریخ امتحان منشیان امتحان دہندگان براي عہدۂ مونشي پلٹن وبراي تعریس صاحبان اہل قلم در فورٹ ولیم کالج بست وپنجم ۲۵ فبروري روز دوشنبہ سنہ حال مقرر گردیدہ است ہرکرا امتحان دادن منظور باشد باید کہ تا بست وسوم ۲۳ این‌ماہ قطعۂ درخواست بقید زبان یعني در کدام کدام زبان امتحان خواہند داد نوشتہ نزد سکریٹري بورڈ آف اکزامنرس بگذرانند •

تحریرفي التاریخ نہم ۹ ماہ‌فبروري سنہ ۱۸۵۶ عیسوی

WM. N. LEES,
Secy. to the Board of Examiners.

و واضح باد کہ دفترخانہ بورڈ آف اکزامنرس در لیتل رسل ستریٹ چورنگي است

Sheriff's Office, the 6th February 1856.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of *Oyer* and *Terminer* and Gaol Delivery, and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Saturday, the First day of March next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

J. H. FERGUSSON,
Sheriff.

শরিফ আফিস ৬ ফিবরুয়ারি ১৮৫৬ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামী ১ মার্চ ১৮৫৬ সাল শনিবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার কোর্ট উইলেমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্তে বঙ্গদেশের কোর্ট উইলিয়মের সুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেল্‌টী অর্থাৎ জলধি সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশ্‌য়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান অতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘন্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখুন।

J. H. FERGUSSON,
Sheriff.

Forms of Letters and Powers of Attorney may be obtained on application to the Bank at Calcutta, or its Branches at Agra and Lahore.

When the proceeds of Government Paper or Shares sold, or of Interest and Dividends realized, are remitted by the Bank's Drafts on England, or on its Indian Branches, no Commission will be charged.

If otherwise paid, or when the Paper or Shares are delivered over, the charge for Commission will be ¼ per cent.

HOURS OF BUSINESS.

From and after Wednesday, the 1st August from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., except on Saturday, when the Bank will be closed at 1 P. M.

FRANCIS R. NEILSON,
Secretary.

No. 2, Council-House Street,
Calcutta, 30th January 1855.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that MAJOR RALPH THORPE has ceased to be a Shareholder of the Agra and United Service Bank.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing, and carried on, under the style or firm of STEWART AND CALROW, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All outstandings will be settled by WM. C. STEWART.

WM. C. STEWART.
R. F. CALROW,
By his Attorney,
WM. C. STEWART.

Calcutta,
31st December 1855.

THE undersigned will continue the business as heretofore under the firm of WM. C. STEWART & Co.

WM. C. STEWART.

Calcutta,
1st January 1856.

Notice.

WANTED.—A Superintendent of Roads qualified to prepare Plans and Estimates of Works proposed, and to undertake the superintendence of Works in progress under the direction of the Maldah Ferry Fund Committee. Proposed salary; 50 Rs. per month. Satisfactory certificates of qualification or references and security will be required. Applications to be addressed to the undersigned.

E. C. CRASTER,
Secy. to the Ferry Fund Committee.

MALDAH;
Secy. F. F. Committee,
The 29th Jany. 1856.

INTIMATION.—In a Process of Multiplepoinding and Exoneration raised before the Court of Session in Scotland, (Mr. George Shield, D. C. S., clerk,) at the instance of MISS ELIZABETH SMITH, residing at No. 60, Northumberland Street, Edinburgh, daughter of the deceased MUNGO SMITH, Esquire, of Drongan, ALLEN GILMORE, Esquire, lately residing at Stanford Hill, near London, now residing at No. 27, Upper Montague Street, Montague Square, London, and JOHN KHANIM FULLARTON, Esquire, residing in Edinburgh, the surviving assumed and acting Trustees under the Trust, Disposition and Settlement executed by the said Mungo Smith of Drongan, dated the 5th day of February 1801, and Codicil thereto, dated the 24th day of July 1807, both registered in the Sheriff Court Books of Ayrshire, the 18th day of February 1814, *Pursuers* and *Real Raisers*,—against JOHN SMITH, Lieutenant in the 44th Regiment of Bengal Native Infantry, and Adjutant in the Bengal Irregular Cavalry, formerly at Jhansi, in the Presidency of Bengal, East Indies, and now or lately at the Cape of Good Hope,—only son of, and nearest and lawful heir entitled to succeed to, the deceased JOHN SMITH, merchant in Calcutta, a Partner in the House of Fairlie, Fergusson, & Co., or Fergusson & Co., merchants and agents at Calcutta, who was only son of the said deceased Mungo Smith of Drongan,—and also nearest and lawful heir entitled to succeed to the said deceased Mungo Smith of Drongan, his grandfather, and others, specially called *Defenders*; and all others whomsoever, having, or pretending to have, right and interest in the funds and estate of the said deceased Mungo Smith, or the residue thereof,—Lord Handyside, Ordinary, pronounced the following Interlocutor:—"*18th December* 1855.—Lord Handyside.—*Act.* Lorimer' "*Alt.* Gordon, *et* Wilson.—Having heard parties "procurators on the Minute for the Real Raisers, "No. 15 of Process, appoints the dependence of "this action of Multiplepoinding and Exonera-"tion to be advertised twice in the *Calcutta* "*Gazette* and *North British Advertiser*, for the "information of all having interest in the fund "*in medio*; and appoints the creditors, claimants "on said fund, to lodge their condescendences "and claims with the Clerk to the Process by "the Lord Ordinary's first sederunt day in Fe-"bruary 1856; further conjoins with this Process "the Action of Count, reckoning, and payment "in this day's Roll at the instance of Mrs. Mary "Fulton or Dewar, and others, against two of the "present Pursuers, the Real Raisers of the Multi-"plepoinding." (Signed) "R. HANDYSIDE." In terms whereof Intimation is hereby made of the said Dependence and Interlocutor.

JOPP & JOHNSTON, *W. S.*,
30, *Albany Street, Edinburgh,*
Agents for the Pursuers
and Real Raisers.

20th December 1855.

Caution.

WHEREAS Shumsoon Nessa Begum, the only surviving daughter and child of Moonshee Hossain Ally, and the Niccatty wife of Moonshee Buzlool Rohim, of Sealdah, the younger son of Moonshee Ameer, having left her husband's protection, and her seal being detained by her said husband, the Public are hereby cautioned from purchasing from her said husband, or from any other person or persons, any Company's Paper or other property of the said Shumsoon Nessa Begum, and that no mark or seal which may be affixed to such Papers or Documents as her mark or seal shall be admissible without bearing the attestation of her constituted Attorney, Mr. Arratoon Carapiet, or being signed and endorsed by him as such her Attorney.

J. TEMPLETON.

اشتهار براي هوشياري

چون مسماة شمس النسا بيگم كه صرف دختري منشي حسن علي است وجوزهٔ منكوحهٔ منشي بضل الرحيم پسر خورد منشي امير مرحوم ساكن سيالدهٔ حفاظت وپناهٔ شوهر خود ترك گرديدهٔ است و چون مهر شمس النسا بيگم مذكوره بدست شوهرش است بنابران اشتهار هذا براي آگاهي و هوشياري برخاص وعام دادهٔ مي‌شود كه كسي كاغذ كمپني‌ياجايداد ديگربيگم مذكوره خريد نكنيد زيراچه كاغذات كمپني يا دلايل ديگر با مهر و نشان دستخط شمس النسا بيگم مذكوره بغير دستخط مستر آرتن كراپيت صاحب كه مختار شمس النسا بيگم مذكوره اند اگر خريد كنند تا همچنان كاغذ كمپني ودلايل ديگر ناقص و باطل خواهد شد فقط

جي ٹيمپلي ٹون

সাবধানের বিজ্ঞাপন।

যেহেতুক সমসুন্নেশা বেগম যিনি মুন্সি হোঁসেনআলির কেবল এক জীবিত কন্যা মাত্র এবং যাঁহার নিকা সেয়ালদহ নিবাসি মুন্সি আমিরের কনিষ্ঠ পুত্র শ্রীযুত বজলল রহিমের সহিত হইয়াছিল তিনি আপন স্বামির আশ্রয় পরিত্যাগ করিয়া গিয়াছেন এবং যেহেতু তাহার মোহর উক্ত স্বামি আটক করিয়া রাখিয়াছেন অতএব সর্ব্ব সাধারণকে এতদ্দ্বারা সাবধান করা যাইতেছে যে উক্ত সমসুন্নেশা বেগমের উক্ত স্বামির নিকট হইতে অথবা অন্য কোন ব্যক্তির নিকট হইতে কেউ সমসুন্নেশা বেগমের কোন কোম্পানির কাগজ অথবা অন্য কোন জায়দাদ খরিদ না করেন কারণ উক্ত সমসুন্নেশা বেগমের মোক্তার মেষ্টর আরাটুন কেরাপিয়েট সাহেবের দস্তখত ব্যতিরেক কোন নিশানি সহি অথবা মোহর যাহা উক্ত কোম্পানির কাগজে কি অন্য কোন দলিলাদিতে করা যাইবেক তাহা গ্রাহ্য হইবেক না ইতি।

জে, টেমপ্লিটান।

Just Published,

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The new book by D. L. R., which we have for some time past been anxiously looking for, is published, and will no doubt be as popular as the preceding works of this justly favorite author, whose writings are even more highly esteemed in England and America than in India.—*Bengal Hurkaru, September* 28, 1855.

He is well known in the literary circles of England as one of the purest English writers of the day. To say that the work before us is among the happiest productions of his pen, is to say more for it than the highest eulogy can express. It has been long expected, but public patience has received an ample reward.—*Eastern Star, September* 29, 1855.

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THE

NEW BENGAL DIRECTORY FOR 1856.

IN announcing the above Publication, Messrs. SAMUEL SMITH AND Co. beg to inform their Subscribers and the Public that they have completed their DIRECTORY for the present year which, in every Department of Information or Reference, has been amplified and corrected up to the latest date, and which, for convenience of Form, comprehensiveness, and elegance, considerably surpasses its predecessor of 1855.

Post Office Notification.

Postal Notice.

A POST OFFICE will be established temporarily at Mhayjee, in Khandeish, during the ensuing Fair, from the 15th instant to the 15th March next. All Letters, &c. for that place are to be enclosed in the Packets for the Post Office at Dhoolia.

(Signed) W. BLOWERS,
Officiating Post-master General.

BOMBAY;
Post-master Genl.'s Office,
The 16th Jan. 1856.

No. 4760.

THE above is notified for the information of the Public.

J. R. B. BENNETT,
Post-master General of Bengal.

Post-master General's Office;
Camp Chittagong, 7th Feb. 1856.

CALCUTTA;—*Printed and Published by* THOMAS JONES, *at the* "CALCUTTA GAZETTE" OFFICE, *No.* 5½, *Council-House Street,—for the Government Contractors,* SAMUEL SMITH AND CO.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

Published by Authority.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1856.

No. 761.

Proclamation.

FORT WILLIAM, FOREIGN DEPARTMENT,

THE 11TH FEBRUARY 1856.

BY a Treaty concluded in the year 1801 the Honorable East India Company engaged to protect the Sovereign of Oude against every foreign and domestic enemy; while the Sovereign of Oude, upon his part, bound himself to establish "such a system "of Administration, to be carried into effect by his own Officers, as should be conducive "to the prosperity of his Subjects, and calculated to secure the lives and properties of the "inhabitants."

The obligations which the Treaty imposed upon the Honorable East India Company have been observed by it for more than half-a-century, faithfully, constantly, and completely.

In all that time, though the British Government has itself been engaged in frequent wars, no foreign foe has ever set his foot on the soil of Oude; no rebellion has ever threatened the stability of its throne: British Troops have been stationed in close proximity to the King's person; and their aid has never been withheld whenever his power was wrongfully defied.

On the other hand, one chief and vital stipulation of the Treaty has been wholly disregarded by every successive ruler of Oude; and the pledge which was given for the establishment of such a system of Administration as should secure the lives and properties of the people of Oude, and be conducive to their prosperity, has from first to last been deliberately and systematically violated.

By reason of this violation of the compact made the British Government might long since have justly declared the Treaty void, and might have withdrawn its protection from the Rulers of Oude; but it has hitherto been reluctant to have recourse to measures which would be fatal to the power and authority of a royal race who, whatever their faults towards their own subjects, have ever been faithful and true to their friendship with the English nation.

Nevertheless, the British Government has not failed to labor, during all that time, earnestly and perseveringly, for the deliverance of the people of Oude from the grievous oppression and misrule under which they have suffered.

Many years have passed since the Governor General, Lord William Bentinck, perceiving that every previous endeavour to ameliorate the condition of the people of Oude had been thwarted or evaded, made formal declaration to the Court of Lucknow that it would become necessary that he should proceed to assume the direct management of the Oude Territories.

The words and the menace which were then employed by Lord William Bentinck were, eight years ago, repeated in person by Lord Hardinge to the King. The Sovereign of Oude was on that day solemnly bid remember that, whatever might now happen, "it would be manifest to all the world" that he "had received a friendly and "a timely warning."

But the friendly intentions of the British Government have been wholly defeated by the obstinacy, or incapacity, or apathy of the Vizeers and Kings of Oude. Disinterested counsel and indignant censure, alternating through more than fifty years with repeated warning, remonstrance and threats, have all proved ineffectual and vain. The chief condition of the Treaty remains unfulfilled; the promises of the King rest unperformed; and the people of Oude are still the victims of incompetency, corruption, and tyranny, without remedy or hope of relief.

It is notorious throughout the land, that the King, like most of his predecessors, takes no real share in the direction of public affairs.

The powers of Government throughout his Dominions are for the most part abandoned to worthless favourites of the Court, or to violent and corrupt men, unfit for their duties and unworthy of trust.

The Collectors of the Revenue hold sway over their Districts with uncontrolled authority, extorting the utmost payment from the people, without reference to past or present engagements.

The King's Troops, with rare exceptions, undisciplined and disorganized, and defrauded of their pay by those to whom it is entrusted, are permitted to plunder the villages for their own support; so that they have become a lasting scourge to the Country they are employed to protect.

Gangs of freebooters infest the districts; Law and Justice are unknown; armed violence and bloodshed are daily events; and life and property are nowhere secure for an hour.

The time has come when the British Government can no longer tolerate in Oude these evils and abuses, which its position under the Treaty serves indirectly to sustain, or continue to the Sovereign that protection, which alone upholds the power whereby such evils are inflicted.

Fifty years of sad experience have proved that the Treaty of 1801 has wholly failed to secure the happiness and prosperity of Oude; and have conclusively shown that no effectual security can be had for the release of the people of that Country from the grievous oppression they have long endured, unless the exclusive Administration of the Territories of Oude shall be permanently transferred to the British Government.

To that end it has been declared, by the special authority and consent of the Honorable the Court of Directors, that the Treaty of 1801, disregarded and violated by each succeeding Sovereign of Oude, is henceforth wholly null and void.

His Majesty Wajid Ali Shah was invited to enter into a new engagement, whereby the Government of the Territories of Oude should be vested exclusively, and for ever, in the Honorable East India Company; while ample provision should be made for the dignity, affluence, and honor of the King, and of his family.

But His Majesty the King refused to enter into the amicable agreement which was offered for his acceptance.

Inasmuch, then, as His Majesty Wajid Ali Shah, in common with all his predecessors, has refused or evaded or neglected to fulfil the obligation of the Treaty of 1801, whereby he was bound to establish within his Dominions such a system of Administration as should be conducive to the prosperity and happiness of his subjects; and inasmuch as the Treaty he thereby violated has been declared to be null and void; and inasmuch as His Majesty has refused to enter into other agreements which were offered to him in lieu of such Treaty; and inasmuch as the terms of that Treaty, if it had still been maintained in force, forbade the employment of British Officers in Oude, without which no efficient system of Administration could be established there; it is manifest to all that the British Government had but one alternative before it.

Either it must altogether desert the people of Oude, and deliver them up helpless to oppression and tyranny which, acting under the restrictions of Treaty, it has already too long appeared to countenance; or it must put forth its own great power on behalf of a people for whose happiness it more than fifty years ago engaged to interpose, and must at once assume to itself the exclusive and permanent Administration of the Territories of Oude.

The British Government has had no hesitation in choosing the latter alternative.

Wherefore Proclamation is hereby made that the Government of the Territories of Oude is henceforth vested, exclusively and for ever, in the Honorable East India Company.

All Amils, Nazims, Chuckladars, and other Servants of the Durbar; all Officers, Civil and Military; the Soldiers of the State, and all the Inhabitants of Oude, are required to render henceforth implicit and exclusive obedience to the Officers of the British Government.

If any Officer of the Durbar, Jageerdar, Zemindar, or other person, shall refuse to render such obedience; if he shall withhold the payment of Revenue or shall otherwise

dispute or defy the authority of the British Government ; he shall be declared a rebel : his person shall be seized, and his Jageers or lands shall be confiscated to the State.

To those who shall immediately and quietly submit themselves to the authority of the British Government, whether Amils or Public Officers, Jageerdars, Zemindars, or other Inhabitants of Oude, full assurance is hereby given of protection, consideration and favour.

The Revenue of the Districts shall be determined on a fair and settled basis.

The gradual improvement of the Oude Territories shall be steadily pursued.

Justice shall be measured out with an equal hand.

Protection shall be given to life and property ; and every man shall enjoy henceforth his just rights without fear or molestation.

By order of the Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council,

G. F. EDMONSTONE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 762.

Notification.

FORT WILLIAM,

Foreign Department, the 11th February 1856.

THE Most Noble the Governor General in Council has been pleased to make the following Appointments in the Province of Oude:—

To be Chief Commissioner, and Agent to the Governor General.

Major General J. OUTRAM, C. B.

Secretary.

Mr. G. Couper, C. S.

Military Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, and Assistant to the Agent Governor General.

Captain F. F. C. Hayes, M. A., 62nd Native Infantry.

Judicial Commissioner.

Mr. M. C. Ommanney, C. S.

Financial Commissioner.

Mr. Martin R. Gubbins, C. S.

To be Commissioners.

Mr. C. J. Wingfield, C. S.
" J. G. Christian, C. S.
Lieutenant-Colonel P. Goldney, 22nd N. I.
Major J. S. Banks, 33rd N. I.

To be Deputy Commissioners.

1ST CLASS.

Mr. H. B. Thornhill, C. S.
" R. Simson, C. S.
" W. A. Forbes, C. S.
" C. B. Denison, C. S.

2ND CLASS.

Mr. W. Balmain, C. S.
Captain A. Orr, (Oude Local Service.)
" Bunbury, (ditto.)
" H. L. Evans, 17th Bombay N. I.

3RD CLASS.

Captain P. Orr, (Oude Local Service.)
" L. Barrow, 5th Madras Cavalry.
Mr. C. E. Boileau, C. S.

* * * * * * * * *

Assistant Commissioners.

1ST CLASS.

Mr. W. R. Benson, C. S.
" H. Gonne, C. S.
" W. C. Capper, C. S.
Lieutenant J. Reid, 37th N. I.
" James Black, 2nd Bombay Grendrs.
Mr. A. H. G. Block, C. S.

2ND CLASS.

Mr. G. H. Lawrence, C. S.
" A. Jenkins, C. S.
" C. W. Cunliffe, C. S.
" J. B. Thornhill, C. S.
Lieutenant J. A. Grant, 3rd Madras Europeans.
" H. S. Lester, 32nd N. I.

3RD CLASS.

Lieutenant W. Vincent, 49th N. I.
" R. P. Anderson, 25th N. I.
" E. G. Clarke, 21st N. I.
" G. A. Mallock, 25th N. I.
" W. O. Swanston, 7th Madras N. I.
Mr. S. G. Stroyan, Extra Assistant, Punjab.

Special Assistant to the Deputy Commissioner of Lucknow, for charge of the City.

Captain J. W. Carnegie, 15th N. I.

Ditto Ditto, for Fyzabad.

Lieutenant F. A. V. Thurburn, 14th N. I.

Superintendent of Military Police.

Captain G. R. Weston, 65th N. I.

Commandants of Police Corps.

Lieutenant W. Hearsey, (Oude Local Service.)
" J. Hearsey. (ditto.)
" Adolphus Orr. (ditto.)

G. F. EDMONSTONE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 763.

FORT WILLIAM,

Foreign Department, the 11th February 1856.

The Governor-General in Council has been pleased to make the following appointments in the Oude Irregular Force :—

To be Brigadier.

Colonel J. C. Gray, 34th Regiment Bengal N. I.

Brigade Major.

Lieut. H. P. Wildig, 34th Regiment Bengal N. I.

Engineer.

Lieut. J. C. Anderson, Madras Engineers.

To be Commandants of Batteries.

1st Lieut. J. S. Tulloh, Bengal Artillery.
" St. George Ashe, Bengal Artillery.
" D. C. Alexander, Bengal Artillery.

* * * * * * * * * * *

To be Commandant of Reserve Company of Artillery, with charge of Ordnance Stores.

1st Lieut. R. Murray, Bengal Artillery.

Commandants of Cavalry.

Capt. G. H. L. Gall, 5th Madras Cavalry.
" H. Daly, 1st European Bombay Fusiliers.
Lieut. G. N. Hardinge, 45th Bengal N. I.

Second in Command.

Lieut. A. H. Alexander, 68th Regt. Bengal N. I.
" W. T. Johnson, 6th Bombay N. I.
" J. S. Shepherd, 7th Bengal Light Cavalry.

Adjutants.

Lieut. R. G. Hope Johnstone, 13th Bombay N. I.
" G. C. Rowcroft, 41st Bengal N. I.
Ensign F. W. Graham, 11th Bengal N. I.

Commandants of Infantry.

Captain G. T. Gowan, 27th Bengal N. I.
" J. H. M. Babington, 48th Madras N. I.
" G. W. Harding, 2nd Bombay N. I.
Lieut. W Smith, 58th Bengal N. I.
" M. Petrie, 21st Bengal N. I.
" C. W. Miles, 23rd Bengal N. I.
" W. H. Hawes, 63rd N. I., Cantonment Magistrate, Cawnpore.
Capt. G. W. Boileau, 34th Bengal N. I.

Second in Command.

Lieut. J. Sykes, 66th Bengal N. I.
" W. R. Gordon, 68th Bengal N. I.
" J. C. L. Clarke, 67th Bengal N. I.
" C. V. Jenkins, 47th Bengal N. I.
" G. Grant, 9th Bombay N. I.
" G. Lewin, 2nd Madras Europeans.
" J. A. Dorin, 68th Bengal N. I.
" T. A. Carey, 17th Bengal N. I.

Adjutants.

Lieut. G. J. H. Burnes, 1st Bombay European Fusiliers.
" R. D. Campbell, 63rd Bengal N. I.
Ensign C. H. Mecham, 27th Madras N. I.
Lieut. A. H. B. Bruce, 43rd Bengal N. I.
" A. Soppitt, 10th Bombay N. I.
" J. T. Watson, 12th Bengal N. I.
" C. M. Parsons, 31st Madras N. I.
" G. D. Barbor, 20th Bengal N. I.

G. F. EDMONSTONE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

THOS. JONES 'CALCUTTA GAZETTE" OFFICE.

AUSPICIO REGIS ET SENATUS ANGLIÆ

The Calcutta Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1856.

No. 761.

Proclamation.

FORT WILLIAM, FOREIGN DEPARTMENT,

THE 11TH FEBRUARY 1856.

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On the other hand, one chief and vital stipulation of the Treaty has been wholly disregarded by every successive ruler of Oude; and the pledge which was given for the establishment of such a system of Administration as should secure the lives and properties of the people of Oude, and be conducive to their prosperity, has from first to last been deliberately and systematically violated.

By reason of this violation of the compact made the British Government might long since have justly declared the Treaty void, and might have withdrawn its protection from the Rulers of Oude; but it has hitherto been reluctant to have recourse to measures which would be fatal to the power and authority of a royal race who, whatever their faults towards their own subjects, have ever been faithful and true to their friendship with the English nation.

Nevertheless, the British Government has not failed to labor, during all that time, earnestly and perseveringly, for the deliverance of the people of Oude from the grievous oppression and misrule under which they have suffered.

Many years have passed since the Governor General, Lord William Bentinck, perceiving that every previous endeavour to ameliorate the condition of the people of Oude had been thwarted or evaded, made formal declaration to the Court of Lucknow that it would become necessary that he should proceed to assume the direct management of the Oude Territories.

The words and the menace which were then employed by Lord William Bentinck were, eight years ago, repeated in person by Lord Hardinge to the King. The Sovereign of Oude was on that day solemnly bid remember that, whatever might now happen, "it would be manifest to all the world" that he "had received a friendly and "a timely warning."

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It is notorious throughout the land, that the King, like most of his predecessors, takes no real share in the direction of public affairs.

The powers of Government throughout his Dominions are for the most part abandoned to worthless favourites of the Court, or to violent and corrupt men, unfit for their duties and unworthy of trust.

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The King's Troops, with rare exceptions, undisciplined and disorganized, and defrauded of their pay by those to whom it is entrusted, are permitted to plunder the villages for their own support; so that they have become a lasting scourge to the Country they are employed to protect.

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Fifty years of sad experience have proved that the Treaty of 1801 has wholly failed to secure the happiness and prosperity of Oude; and have conclusively shown that no effectual security can be had for the release of the people of that Country from the grievous oppression they have long endured, unless the exclusive Administration of the Territories of Oude shall be permanently transferred to the British Government.

To that end it has been declared, by the special authority and consent of the Honorable the Court of Directors, that the Treaty of 1801, disregarded and violated by each succeeding Sovereign of Oude, is henceforth wholly null and void.

His Majesty Wajid Ali Shah was invited to enter into a new engagement, whereby the Government of the Territories of Oude should be vested exclusively, and for ever, in the Honorable East India Company; while ample provision should be made for the dignity, affluence, and honor of the King, and of his family.

But His Majesty the King refused to enter into the amicable agreement which was offered for his acceptance.

Inasmuch, then, as His Majesty Wajid Ali Shah, in common with all his predecessors, has refused or evaded or neglected to fulfil the obligation of the Treaty of 1801, whereby he was bound to establish within his Dominions such a system of Administration as should be conducive to the prosperity and happiness of his subjects; and inasmuch as the Treaty he thereby violated has been declared to be null and void; and inasmuch as His Majesty has refused to enter into other agreements which were offered to him in lieu of such Treaty; and inasmuch as the terms of that Treaty, if it had still been maintained in force, forbade the employment of British Officers in Oude, without which no efficient system of Administration could be established there; it is manifest to all that the British Government had but one alternative before it.

Either it must altogether desert the people of Oude, and deliver them up helpless to oppression and tyranny which, acting under the restrictions of Treaty, it has already too long appeared to countenance; or it must put forth its own great power on behalf of a people for whose happiness it more than fifty years ago engaged to interpose, and must at once assume to itself the exclusive and permanent Administration of the Territories of Oude.

The British Government has had no hesitation in choosing the latter alternative.

Wherefore Proclamation is hereby made that the Government of the Territories of Oude is henceforth vested, exclusively and for ever, in the Honorable East India Company.

All Amils, Nazims, Chuckladars, and other Servants of the Durbar; all Officers, Civil and Military; the Soldiers of the State, and all the Inhabitants of Oude, are required to render henceforth implicit and exclusive obedience to the Officers of the British Government.

If any Officer of the Durbar, Jageerdar, Zemindar, or other person, shall refuse to render such obedience; if he shall withhold the payment of Revenue or shall otherwise

dispute or defy the authority of the British Government ; he shall be declared a rebel : his person shall be seized, and his Jageers or lands shall be confiscated to the State.

To those who shall immediately and quietly submit themselves to the authority of the British Government, whether Amils or Public Officers, Jageerdars, Zemindars, or other Inhabitants of Oude, full assurance is hereby given of protection, consideration and favour.

The Revenue of the Districts shall be determined on a fair and settled basis.

The gradual improvement of the Oude Territories shall be steadily pursued.

Justice shall be measured out with an equal hand.

Protection shall be given to life and property ; and every man shall enjoy henceforth his just rights without fear or molestation.

By order of the Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council,

G. F. EDMONSTONE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

THOS. JONES, "CALCUTTA GAZETTE" OFFICE.

Numb. 14. [249]

The Calcutta Gazette.

Published by Authority.

Notifications.

THE 14TH MAY 1853.—*The Government of Bengal having entered into a Contract with Messrs. Samuel Smith and Co., for the execution of the Government Printing Work, from the 1st July next, Public Officers employed under this Government are hereby directed not to employ any other Printing Establishment for the execution of the Government Work from and after that date.*

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

THE 2ND FEBRUARY 1855.—*The Government of Bengal having entered into a Contract with Messrs. Samuel Smith and Co., for the execution of the Government Printing Work, all Public Officers under the Government of India at the Presidency are hereby directed not to employ any other Printing Establishment for the execution of Government Work.*

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1856.

Legislative Council.

The 9th February 1856.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Most Noble the Governor General on the 4th February 1856, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. II OF 1856.

An Act to enable Magistrates and certain other Officers to take cognizance of certain offences without requiring a written complaint.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to enable Magistrates and certain other Officers to take cognizance of all offences which affect the public, without requiring a complaint in writing or the attendance of a complainant : It is enacted as follows :—

Laws repealed.

I. So much of Section V Regulation IX. 1793, of Section V Regulation VI. 1803, of Section VI Regula- IX. 1807, of the Bengal Code, and so much of Section XV Regulation IX. 1816 of the Madras Code, and so much of any other enactment, as require a complaint in writing to be preferred to a Magistrate, or the attendance of a complainant, shall not apply to any offence which affects the public.

Magistrate may take cognizance of offences affecting the public on information sworn &c.

II. A Magistrate or other Officer having jurisdiction over such offence may, on the information of a Police Officer or other person, to be given on oath or affirmation, or on his own personal knowledge (having first recorded the grounds thereof in his own hand-writing), proceed against any person for such offence in the same manner as if a complaint in writing had been preferred and duly deposed to.

Appeal.

III. All proceedings under this Act shall be subject to the like appeal as other proceedings of such Magistrates and Officers.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council.

The 9th February 1856.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council, received the assent of the Most Noble the Governor General on the 8th February 1856, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. III OF 1856.

An Act to amend Act No. XI of 1849 *and Act No. XIX of* 1852.

Preamble.

WHEREAS the office of Commissioner for the superintendence of the Abkaree Revenue, heretofore existing under Act No. XXV of 1840, has been abolished, and it is expedient to make provision for the exercise of the powers and duties vested by Act No. XI of 1849 in the Commissioner of Abkaree; and whereas it is also expedient to declare the powers of Abkaree officers to make arrests in certain cases : It is enacted as follows :—

Powers and duties of Commissioner of Abkaree vested in Commissioner of Revenue.

I. The Commissioner of Revenue of the Division within which the Town of Calcutta is or may be situated, shall possess the powers and perform the duties vested by Act No. XI of 1849 in the Commissioner of Abkaree.

Abkaree officers empowered to make arrests in certain cases.

II. Whenever an Abkaree officer shall, under Section XIX Act XI of 1849 or Section XIX Act XIX of 1852, seize any spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs, as liable to con-

fiscation, he may also arrest the person in whose possession such liquors or drugs may be found; and all the provisions of the aforesaid Acts relative to arrests shall be applicable to arrests made under this Act.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council.

The 9th February 1856.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council, received the assent of the Most Noble the Governor General on the 8th February 1856, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. IV OF 1856.

An Act to prevent the malicious or wanton destruction of Cattle.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision for the apprehension and punishment of persons who maliciously or wantonly destroy cattle: It is enacted as follows :—

Malicious or wanton destruction of Cattle to be proceeded against under Regulation XX. 1817 as a heinous offence.

I. Within the territories under the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, whoever is charged with maliciously or wantonly causing the death of any cattle, the property of another, may be proceeded against in the mode prescribed in Section XXV Regulation XX. 1817 of the Bengal Code for proceeding against persons charged with a heinous offence, and shall, on conviction before a Magistrate or other officer exercising the powers of a Magistrate, be liable to imprisonment with hard labor for any period not exceeding three years, or, at the discretion of the said Magistrate, may be committed for trial before the Sessions Judge, and, on conviction, shall be liable to imprisonment with hard labor for any period not exceeding nine years.

Punishment.

Provisions of Act XVI. 1850 applicable.

II. The provisions of Act XVI of 1850 shall be applicable to persons convicted of offences under this Act.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council.

The 9th February 1856.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council on the 9th February 1856, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 13th of April next :—

A Bill to consolidate and amend the Law relating to the Abkaree Revenue in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the laws relating to the manufacture of spirits and the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors and intoxicating drugs, and the collection of the revenue derived therefrom, should be consolidated and amended: It is enacted as follows :—

Regulations and Acts repealed.

I. Regulation II. 1802; Regulation X. 1813; Regulation XVII. 1814; Section XLI and the following Sections of Regulation XIII. 1816; Regulation XI. 1818; Regulation VII. 1824, except the first five Clauses of Section XVIII, and Sections XXIII and XXIV; and Regulation VIII. 1826, of the Bengal Code; and Act No. XXV of 1840; Act No. IX of 1841; and Act No. XXIII of 1848, are hereby repealed, except so far as they repeal the whole or part of any other Regulation or Act, and except as to acts done, offences committed, and liabilities incurred before the passing of this Act.

Collectors of Land Revenue to have charge of the Abkaree Revenue.

II. The collection of the revenue arising from the manufacture of spirits, and the sale of spirits and spirituous and fermented liquors and intoxicating drugs, shall be ordinarily under the charge of the Collectors of Land Revenue, who shall perform the duties connected therewith under the control and direction of the Commissioners of Revenue, and of the Boards of Revenue. But the Government may appoint any other qualified person to be Superintendent of Abkaree Revenue in any district or locality, and may vest such person with the charge of the Abkaree Revenue therein; and any person so appointed shall exercise in such district or locality all the powers and authority vested by this Act in the Collector of Land Revenue, and such powers and authority shall cease to be exercised in such district or locality by the Collector of Land Revenue during the continuance of such appointment.

Government may appoint Commissioners of Abkaree

III. The Government may also appoint a Commissioner or Commissioners for the superintendence of the Abkaree Revenue in any district or districts: and when such appointment is made, the Commissioner of Abkaree shall exercise within such district or districts the powers and authority vested by this Act in Commissioners of Revenue; and the Revenue Commissioner shall cease to exercise such powers and authority in the said district or districts during the continuance of such appointment.

Collectors may make over any part of their duties to Deputy or Assistant Collectors.

IV. It shall be lawful for a Collector to make over to any Deputy or Assistant Collector, or to any Deputy Collector appointed under Regulation IX. 1833, all or any of the duties of a Collector under this Act, and to resume the same at his discretion.

Assistants not to exercise judicial powers.

Provided that no Assistant Collector, who has not been invested by Government with the powers of a Deputy Collector, shall exercise any judicial power conferred on Collectors by this Act.

Collectors may appoint Abkaree Officers.

V. Collectors may appoint darogahs, jemadars, peons, surveyors, gaugers, and other officers, for the collection of the Abkaree Revenue, and for the prevention of smuggling; and the officers so appointed shall, in addition to their ordinary designations, be styled Abkaree Officers. In districts

Tuhseeldars may be Abkaree darogahs.

where there are tuhseeldars and mofussil establishments for the collection of the land revenue, the office of Abkaree darogah may be united with that of tuhseeldar; and in such cases the tuhseeldar and the subordinate officers of his establishment shall be held and deemed to be Abkaree Officers within the meaning of this Act.

VI. It shall not be lawful for any person to construct or work a distillery after the manner in which distilleries are constructed and worked in Europe, without a license under the signature of the Collector of the district in which such distillery is situated, or in case the distillery is within twenty miles of Calcutta, or such other distance less than twenty miles as may from time to time be prescribed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, under the signature of the Collector of Calcutta.

European distilleries not to be constructed or worked without license.

VII. The Board of Revenue, with the sanction of Government, may prescribe such rules relative to the granting of licenses under the preceding Section, to the notices to be given by the proprietor of a licensed distillery when he commences and discontinues work, to the size and description of the stills, to the passing and storing of the spirits, to the inspection and examination of the distillery and warehouses, and of the spirits manufactured and stored therein, and to the furnishing of statements and lists of such spirits, and of the stills, coppers, casks, and other utensils used in the distillery, as may from time to time be judged expedient; and such rules, when sanctioned by Government, shall have the force of law.

Board of Revenue to prescribe rules for regulating European distilleries.

VIII. A duty shall be levied on spirits manufactured at distilleries worked according to the European method at the rate of one rupee the imperial gallon London-proof, to be augmented or reduced in proportion to the strength of the spirit. No spirit shall be removed from any such distillery, or the warehouses connected therewith, upon which the aforesaid duty has not been paid, or for the duty chargeable on which a bond has not been executed as hereinafter provided; and for all spirits removed upon payment of duty or under bond, passes shall be issued by the Collector, which shall specify the quantity and strength of the spirit, the place of its destination, the person to whom it is consigned, and whether the duty has been paid or secured by bond.

Rate of duty to be levied on spirits.

IX. A drawback of the duty paid as above on spirits manufactured after the European method, and exported by sea, in the manner hereinafter prescribed, to any port not subject to the Government of the East India Company, or to the Straits of Malacca, shall be allowed by the Collector of Customs at the port of exportation. Provided always, that the exportation shall be made within one year from the date of the payment of duty under this Act, and that the spirits when brought to the Custom House shall be accompanied by the pass in which such payment is certified.

Drawback on exportation.

X. Spirits may be removed from any licensed distillery for exportation as aforesaid without payment of duty, under such rules and restrictions as may be from time to time prescribed by the Board of Revenue, on the person removing them executing a bond with security to the East India Company in the Form A. hereunto annexed, for the payment of the prescribed duty upon such portion of the said spirits as may not be exported within four months from the date of the bond. Provided, however that it shall be lawful for the Collector, with the sanction of the Commissioner, on sufficient cause shown, to extend the period allowed for the exportation of the spirits for a further term of four months.

Spirits may be removed for exportation under bond.

XI. Spirits intended for exportation by sea shall be gauged and proved, previous to shipment, by an officer of the Customs. The amount of drawback to be allowed upon spirits for which duty has been paid shall be regulated according to the strength and quantity of the said spirits as ascertained by such proof and gauge; and the quantity of spirits brought for exportation under any bond shall be determined in the same manner. Spirits under bond shall be taken from the distillery direct to the Custom House Wharf under passes to be granted for that purpose by the Collector.

Rules to be observed in the exportation of spirits.

XII. When spirits are passed from a distillery under bond, duty shall be recoverable upon any difference between the quantity of spirits so passed from the distillery and the quantity ascertained by gauge and proof at the Custom House, less such allowance for ullage and leakage as may be prescribed by the Board of Revenue. If, upon proof at the Custom House, the strength of any spirits shall be found to be less than that at which they were passed from the distillery, as entered in the pass or invoice thereto annexed by the surveyor or officer in charge of the distillery, such spirits, with the cask in which they are contained, shall be liable to confiscation.

Duty to be recovered on any deficiency in spirits under bond.

Spirits deficient in strength to be liable to confiscation.

XIII. Spirits brought to the Custom House Wharf under bond for exportation may nevertheless be removed for local consumption, under passes to be granted for that purpose by the Collector of Revenue, upon payment of the prescribed duty of one rupee the imperial gallon London-proof on the quantity so removed. Spirits so removed shall be treated on settlement of the bond in the same manner as if they had been exported by sea.

Spirits intended for exportation may be removed for local consumption.

XIV. All sums due to Government under bonds executed according to the provisions of this Act may be recovered either by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the parties by whom the bonds are executed, or by suit on the bond against those parties in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Recovery of sums due under bonds.

XV. Spirits intended for exportation by sea, either under bond or with claim to drawback, shall not be shipped from any place except the Custom House, or upon any vessel to which a Custom House officer has not been appointed to superintend the receipt of export cargo. All spirits put on board of any vessel, otherwise than as above directed, shall be treated as if passed for local consumption. If the duty on the said spirits has been paid, no drawback shall be allowed; and if the spirits have been passed from the distillery under bond, the duty chargeable thereon shall remain due upon the bond. Spirits shipped for exportation shall not be re-landed without a special pass from the Collector of Revenue,

Spirits how to be shipped.

Spirits shipped for exportation not to be re-landed.

in addition to the usual order of the Collector of Customs.

No drawback on spirits exported to Indian ports or shipped as stores.

XVI. No drawback shall be allowed on spirits exported to any Port to which the operation of Section III Act No. VI of 1848 may extend, or upon spirits shipped as stores; nor shall spirits under bond be so exported or shipped without payment of the duty prescribed by this Act.

Rum Shrub, &c. how to be charged with duty—may be exported under the same rules as spirits.

XVII. Rum shrub, cordials, and other liquors, prepared in a licensed distillery under the supervision of the surveyor or officer in charge of the distillery, shall be charged with duty according to the quantity of spirit used in the preparation; and all the provisions contained in this Act respecting spirits, except such as relate to gauge and proof, shall be applicable to such liquors. When any such liquors are removed for exportation without payment of duty, the bonds to be executed by the persons removing them shall be in the annexed Form B.

Distilleries within twenty miles of Calcutta to be under the Collector of Calcutta.

XVIII. All licensed distilleries constructed and worked after the European method, and situated within twenty miles of Calcutta or such other distance less than twenty miles as may from time to time be prescribed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, shall be under the superintendence and control of the Collector of Calcutta, who shall exercise, with respect to such distilleries and to the spirits manufactured therein, all the powers vested in Collectors by this Act; and the Collectors of districts in which any such distilleries are situated shall have no jurisdiction with respect to such distilleries, or to the spirits manufactured therein, except when any such spirits shall be passed out for local consumption in those districts.

Penalty for constructing or working a distillery, or collecting materials, without license.

XIX. Every person who shall construct or work, or collect materials for working, a distillery after the European method, without a license from the Collector, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding one thousand rupees; and all spirits so manufactured, and all materials and implements collected for the purpose of such manufacture, shall be liable to confiscation.

Penalty for non-observance of rules prescribed by Board of Revenue.

XX. Every proprietor or manager of a distillery licensed under Section VI of this Act, who shall omit to furnish any notice or any statement or list required of him under the rules prescribed by the Board of Revenue with the sanction of Government, or shall do any act in contravention of the said rules, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees; and if any such offence be committed a second time with respect to the same distillery, the license granted for the working of such distillery may be withdrawn.

Penalty for removing spirituous liquors without payment of duty.

XXI. Every person who shall remove or attempt to remove from any distillery licensed under Section VI of this Act any spirituous liquors upon which the duty has not been paid, or for the duty on which a bond has not been executed, or any spirituous liquors for which a proper pass has not been issued by the Collector, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding one thousand rupees: the license granted for the construction or working of the distillery from which such liquors have been removed or attempted to be removed may be withdrawn, and the spirits, materials, and utensils contained therein shall be liable to confiscation.

Penalty for irregular re-land of spirituous liquors.

XXII. Every person who shall re-land, or attempt to re-land, any spirituous liquors shipped for exportation, without a special pass from the Collector of Revenue at the place of exportation, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees; and the liquors, together with the casks and vessels containing the same, and the carts, boats, and animals employed in carrying them, shall be liable to confiscation.

Spirits from foreign territory subject to duty.

XXIII. Spirituous liquors manufactured at the foreign settlement of Chandernagore, or at any other place beyond the limits of the Company's territories, shall, on passing those limits, be charged with the duty prescribed for proof spirits in Section VIII of this Act; and any such liquors which may be found within the limits of the Company's territories subject to this Act, without a pass from the Collector certifying the payment of such duty, shall be liable to confiscation.

Spirituous and fermented liquors not to be sold without license.

XXIV. Spirituous liquors passed from distilleries worked according to the European method, and spirituous and fermented liquors imported either by land or by sea, shall not be sold except under license from the Collector.

Fee for wholesale license.

XXV. Persons taking out licenses for the wholesale vend of spirituous and fermented liquors as aforesaid, shall pay for every such license the sum of sixteen rupees. The license shall be current only during the official year and in the district in which it is granted. But travelling merchants may obtain a general license, authorizing them to sell by wholesale in any district which they may visit in the course of their travel, without taking out a fresh license for that district, under such rules and restrictions as may be from time to time prescribed by the Board of Revenue.

Fee for retail license.

XXVI. Persons taking out licenses for the retail sale of spirituous and fermented liquors as aforesaid shall pay for every such license such fee or tax as may be fixed by the Board of Revenue, and such fee or tax shall be payable at such periods as the said Board may direct. Provided that such fee or tax shall be at such rate for each license as shall not exceed the total sum of one hundred rupees for the whole year. Any sale of spirituous or fermented liquors as aforesaid in less quantity than two imperial gallons, or one dozen of quart bottles, shall be held to be a retail sale.

Country spirits, liquors, and drugs not to be sold without license.

XXVII. It shall not be lawful for any person to manufacture spirits after the native process, nor to sell such spirits, or taree, or puchwye, or gunjah, bhang, churrus, opium, or any preparation or admixture of the same, except under license from the Collector.

Taree to be held to be a fermented liquor.

XXVIII. All the provisions relating to the sale or possession of fermented liquors contained in the following Sections of this Act shall

be held applicable to the sale or possession of taree, whether in a fermented state or otherwise; and all taree, both fresh and fermented, shall be held to be included in the expression "fermented liquors" as used in the following Sections of this Act.

Proviso.

XXIX. Provided, however, that it shall be lawful for Government, on the report of the Board of Revenue, to pass an order suspending the operation of all the provisions relating to taree contained in this Act, with respect to any district in which the consumption of taree in a fermented state is inconsiderable; and after the passing of any such order, it shall be lawful for taree to be possessed and sold without license in any such district, notwithstanding any thing contained in this Act.

Collectors may establish distilleries for country spirits.

XXX. The Collector, with the sanction of the Board of Revenue, may establish at any place within his jurisdiction a distillery in which spirits may be manufactured after the native process; and may from time to time fix limits within which no country spirits, except such as are manufactured at the said distillery, shall be introduced or sold without a special pass from the Collector, and within which no stills shall be constructed or worked, or spirits manufactured, except at the said distillery. He may also, with the like sanction, discontinue any distillery so established whenever its discontinuance may appear to be expedient.

Board may prescribe rules for distilleries.

XXXI. The Board of Revenue may prescribe such rules relative to the internal management of distilleries established as above, to the conditions on which spirits may be manufactured in the said distilleries, and to the passes to be issued for the conveyance of such spirits to the shops of the vendors, as may from time to time be judged expedient.

And regulate the mode of supplying taree and intoxicating drugs to the licensed vendors thereof.

XXXII. The Board of Revenue may regulate the mode in which taree shall be supplied to licensed vendors of the same; and may frame rules for the grant of licenses or passes to persons purchasing, transporting, or storing gunjah, bhang, or churrus for the supply of the licensed vendors of those drugs. They may also place the cultivation, preparation, and store of the intoxicating drugs above-mentioned under such supervision as may be deemed necessary to secure the duty leviable thereon.

Supply of Opium to licensed vendors.

XXXIII. Opium shall be supplied to licensed vendors from the Government stores in such manner and at such prices as the Board of Revenue may direct; and no other description of opium shall be sold by such vendors.

Sale of more than specified quantities of country spirits, &c. prohibited.

XXXIV. Except for the supply of licensed vendors, country spirits, taree, and puchwye and intoxicating drugs shall not be sold in larger quantities than are hereunder specified—namely, country spirits one seer, taree or puchwye four seers, gunjah or bhang, or any preparation or admixture of the same, one quarter of a seer, churrus or opium, or any preparation or admixture of the same, five tolahs weight; and the sale of any such quantity as is herein allowed shall be deemed to be a retail sale within the meaning of this Act.

Duty on the retail sale of country spirits, &c.

XXXV. Whenever a license for the retail sale of country spirits, taree, or puchwye, or intoxicating drugs, shall be granted under this Act, the Collector shall be authorized to demand in consideration of the privilege granted, such tax or duty, or a tax or duty adjusted on such principles, as may from time to time be fixed with the sanction of the Board of Revenue; and such tax or duty shall be payable at such periods as the said Board may direct. The Collector may grant special licenses for the sale of unfermented taree, only at those periods of the year when the fresh juice is in request: fees may be demanded for such special licenses at a rate not exceeding one rupee for each license; and the vendors shall not be subject to any other tax or duty.

Licensed retail vendors of country spirits to furnish security.

XXXVI. Persons taking out licenses for the retail sale of country spirits, taree, or puchwye or intoxicating drugs, shall give such security for the performance of their engagements, or make such deposit in lieu of security, as the Collector may require.

Duration and renewal of license.

XXXVII. Unless otherwise specially authorized by the Board of Revenue, licenses for retail sale as aforesaid shall be granted for the term of one year, and if continued to the holders thereof, shall be formally renewed from year to year. But it shall be incumbent on every person holding a license, who may intend not to renew it, to give notice of his intention to the Collector fifteen days previous to the expiration of the year; and if such notice be not given, and the license be not recalled by the Collector, the license held, and engagement entered into by every such person, shall remain in force as if the said license and engagement had been formally renewed.

Board to regulate form of license.

XXXVIII. The Board of Revenue shall have authority to regulate the form and conditions of all licenses granted under this Act; and every person taking out a license for the manufacture of country spirits, or for the retail sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs, shall execute a counterpart engagement in exact conformity with the tenor of such license.

Parties taking out license to execute counterpart engagements.

License may be recalled in certain cases.

XXXIX. The Collector may recall or cancel any license granted under this Act if the tax or duty therein stipulated be not duly paid, or in case of a violation of any other condition thereof, or of the holder being convicted of a breach of the peace or any other criminal offence. If the Collector desire to recall a license for any cause other than those above specified, he shall give one month's previous notice, or make such compensation for default of notice as the Commissioner or Board of Revenue shall direct.

Surrender of license.

XL. Any licensed retail vendor may surrender his license on giving fifteen days' previous notice to the Collector, and paying a sum equal to the tax for fifteen days over and above the sum payable under the license.

Recovery of arrears of tax or duty.

XLI. The Collector may recover any arrear of tax or duty due on account of any license granted under this Act, by distress and sale

of the goods and chattels of the person from whom the same is due or of his surety, or by any other process which is or may be in force for the recovery of arrears of revenue due from farmers of land or their sureties.

Penalty for refusing to produce license on demand of Abkaree Officer or for breach of license.

XLII. Every person licensed to manufacture country spirits, or to sell spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs, who shall refuse or be unable to produce his license on the demand of any Abkaree officer, or who shall commit any act in breach of any of the conditions of his license not otherwise provided for in this Act, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding fifty rupees.

Penalty for sale in contravention of license.

XLIII. Every licensed retail vendor, who shall sell any greater quantity of spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, than is allowed to be sold by retail by the provisions of this Act, and every licensed wholesale vendor who shall make a retail sale, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding two hundred rupees.

Penalty for conveying country spirits from distillery without pass, &c.

XLIV. Every person who shall convey or attempt to convey any country spirits from a distillery established under Section XXX of this Act without a pass, or exceeding the quantity for which a pass shall have been granted, or shall introduce or attempt to introduce any country spirits manufactured at another place into the limits fixed for the consumption of spirits manufactured at such distillery, or shall wilfully contravene any rule prescribed by the Board of Revenue for the management of such distillery, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Penalty for illicit manufacture or sale of country spirits, &c.

XLV. Every person other than a licensed manufacturer, who shall manufacture any country spirits, and every person other than a licensed vendor, or a person duly authorized to supply licensed vendors, who shall sell any spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, and every person authorized to supply licensed vendors, who shall sell any such liquors or drugs to any person other than a licensed vendor, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Penalty for illegal possession of country spirits, &c.

XLVI. Every person, other than a licensed manufacturer or vendor, or a person duly authorized to supply licensed vendors, who shall have in his possession any greater quantity of country spirits, or taree, or puchwye, or intoxicating drugs, except opium, than may legally be sold by retail under the provisions of Section XXXIV of this Act, or shall transport by land or by water, or have in his possession any spirituous liquors made at a distillery worked according to the European method, or any imported spirituous or fermented liquors, in larger quantity than two gallons, without a pass from the Collector or other officer duly empowered in that behalf, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding two hundred rupees; and the liquors and drugs, together with the vessels, packages, and coverings in which they are found, and the animals and conveyances used in carrying them, shall be liable to confiscation.

Proviso.

Provided always, that nothing in this Section shall extend to any spirituous liquors, wines, or beer, purchased by any person for his private use and not for sale.

Provisions of the two preceding Sections not to apply to the sale and possession of taree when supplied to sugar manufactories, nor to the sale and possession of gunjah and bhang by cultivators.

XLVII. The provisions of the two last preceding Sections, so far as they relate to the sale and possession of fermented liquors, shall not be held applicable to the sale and possession of taree, the produce of the date tree, when supplied or used for the manufacture of goor or molasses; and the provisions of the said Sections relating to the sale and possession of intoxicating drugs shall not be held applicable to the sale and possession of gunjah or bhang by the cultivators of the plants which produce those drugs respectively. But such cultivators are prohibited from selling any gunjah or bhang to any one other than a licensed vendor, or a person duly authorized to purchase by pass or license from the Collector; and every such cultivator who shall act in breach of this prohibition shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Cultivators of gunjah or bhang to sell only to licensed persons.

Penalty for having in possession a greater quantity of opium than five tolahs weight.

XLVIII. Every person other than a licensed vendor, who shall have in his possession a greater quantity of opium than five tolahs weight, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees, unless the opium found in the possession of such person shall exceed the weight of thirty-one seers and a quarter, in which case the penalty may be increased at a rate not exceeding sixteen rupees the seer for all the opium so found in excess of that weight: and the opium, together with the vessels, packages, and coverings in which it is found, and the animals and conveyances used in carrying it, shall be liable to confiscation.

Exception in favor of—

XLIX. Provided always, that nothing in the last preceding Section shall extend to the persons and circumstances hereinafter specified, namely—

Opium cultivators.

1. Authorized opium cultivators having newly extracted opium in their possession during the usual period, between the full growth of the poppy and the delivery of the produce to the opium agent.

Travellers.

2. Travellers and visitants from foreign states or countries having in their possession any quantity of foreign opium not exceeding two seers, the produce of such states and countries, and intended for the private use of such travellers and visitants, or their attendants, and not for sale or traffic.

And horse dealers.

3. Dealers in horses travelling with strings of horses from beyond the South West frontier of the territory under the Government of the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces, and having in their possession opium, the produce of foreign states or countries, not exceeding in quantity the proportion of ten tolahs weight for each horse.

Penalty for possession of excessive quantity of opium by travellers, &c.

If opium be found in the possession of any traveller or visitant, or any dealer in horses as aforesaid, in excess of the quantities above specified, such excess shall be

liable to confiscation, but the persons in whose possession it may be found shall not be subject to any further penalty.

Penalties for sale of adulterated opium, &c. to licensed vendors.

L. Every licensed vendor who shall sell or offer for sale opium adulterated with any foreign substance, not being a preparation or admixture of opium for the sale of which such vendor may have taken out a license, or shall sell or have in his possession any opium other than the opium supplied to him from the Government stores, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees, the license held by him shall be withdrawn, and the opium, together with the vessels or packages in which it is found, shall be seized and confiscated.

Penalty for conniving at the illicit manufacture or sale of spirits, &c.

LI. Every proprietor, farmer, tuhseeldar, gomashta, or other manager of land, who shall authorize or connive at the manufacture of country spirits or the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs by any unlicensed person, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Power of Abkaree officers to inspect shops.

LII. Any Abkaree officer may enter and inspect at any time by day or by night the shop or premises in which any licensed manufacturer or retail vendor shall carry on the manufacture of country spirits, or the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs.

And to arrest persons carrying spirits, &c. liable to confiscation.

LIII. Any Abkaree officer may stop and detain any person carrying any spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs liable to confiscation under this Act, and may seize the liquors or drugs, with the vessels, packages, or coverings in which they are contained, and the animals and conveyances used in carrying them; and may also arrest the person in whose possession such liquors or drugs are found.

And to arrest unlicensed distillers, &c.

LIV. Any Abkaree officer above the rank of a jemadar of peons may arrest any person having an unlicensed still in his possession, or engaged in the unlawful sale of spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, and may seize such still with the materials for working it, and all such liquors and drugs.

Power of Abkaree officers to search on information of illicit manufacture or possession.

LV. Whenever any Abkaree officer above the rank of a jemadar of peons shall have good reason to believe from information given by any person, which information shall be taken down in writing, that spirits are unlawfully manufactured, or that any spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, liable to confiscation under this Act, are kept or concealed in any house, boat, or other place, such officer may, between sunrise and sunset, but always in the presence of a darogah or other officer of Police not being under the grade of a jemadar, enter into any such house, boat, or place, and in case of resistance may break open any door, and force and remove any other obstacle to such entry; and may seize and carry away all stills and materials used in the manufacture of such spirits, and all such liquors and drugs; and may also arrest the owner or occupier of the house, boat, or place with all other persons concerned in the manufacture of such spirits, or in the keeping and concealing of such liquors or drugs.

Collector may issue warrant to search, &c.

LVI. A Collector may issue his warrant for the search of any house, boat, or other place in which he may have good reason to believe, either from information given, or from his own knowledge, or from the proceedings in any other case, that spirits are unlawfully manufactured, or that spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs, liable to confiscation under this Act, are kept or concealed, and such warrant may be executed by any officer above the rank of a jemadar of peons in the manner prescribed in the last preceding Section.

Mode of executing warrant.

Officers of Police and Revenue Departments may be vested with same powers as Abkaree officers.

LVII. The powers of seizure, search, and arrest given to Abkaree officers by Sections LIII, LIV, and LV of this Act shall, in regard to the seizure and search for contraband opium and the arrest of persons found in possession thereof, be vested also in the officers of the Police and Revenue Departments according to their respective grades. And it shall further be lawful for the Government to invest the officers of those departments, or of any of them, with the like powers with respect to the seizure of, and search for, spirituous and fermented liquors and intoxicating drugs of every description, and the arrest of persons found in possession of them; and all such officers, when so empowered, as well as all Police and Revenue officers when acting under the authority conferred by this Section for the suppression of illicit dealings in opium, shall be held and deemed to be Abkaree officers within the meaning of this Act.

Abkaree officer to report every arrest, seizure, or search to his official superior, and to carry the person arrested, &c., to the Collector for trial, &c.

LVIII. Whenever an Abkaree officer shall arrest any person, or seize any still or any liquors or drugs liable to confiscation under this Act, or enter any house, boat, or place for the purpose of searching for any such illicit articles, he shall, within twenty-four hours thereafter, make a full report of all the particulars of such arrest, or seizure, or search, to his official superior, and shall carry the person arrested, or the illicit articles seized, with all convenient despatch, to the Collector for trial or adjudication.

Penalty for obstructing Abkaree officers.

LIX. Every person who shall obstruct or molest any Abkaree officer in the due execution of this Act, or of any rules prescribed under the authority thereof, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, forfeit a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees; and shall be further liable, if an affray or breach of the peace shall happen in consequence of his resistance, to such punishment as is prescribed by law for cases of affray or breach of the peace, in addition to the penalty herein prescribed for resistance of process.

Police officers to assist Abkaree officers.

LX. All Police officers are required to aid the Abkaree officers in the due execution of this Act, upon notice given or request made by such officers; and any Police officer who, without lawful excuse, shall neglect or refuse to assist as aforesaid, and any darogah or other officer in charge of a Police station, who, on application made by an Abkaree officer under Section LV of this Act, shall fail to attend a search himself, or to depute a subordinate officer not being below the grade of a jemadar, shall, on

Penalty.

conviction before a Magistrate, forfeit for such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Penalty for maliciously giving false information.

LXI. Every person who shall maliciously give false information against any person as being engaged in the unlawful manufacture of spirits, or as having in his possession any spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs in contravention of this Act, and so procure that such person be arrested, or that any house, boat, or other place be searched to the injury or annoyance of such person, or any other person whatsoever, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, forfeit a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees, which sum, or any portion thereof, may be paid to the person aggrieved, and shall be further liable to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months.

Penalty for vexatious seizure.

LXII. Any Abkaree officer who shall vexatiously and unnecessarily seize the goods or chattels of any person on the pretence of seizing or searching for any spirituous liquors or intoxicating drugs liable to confiscation under this Act, or shall vexatiously and unnecessarily arrest any person, or commit any other excess not required for the execution of his duty, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, forfeit a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees, which sum, or any portion thereof, may be paid to the person aggrieved.

Penalty on Abkaree officers for delay in reporting arrest, &c. or in carrying person arrested to collector.

LXIII. Any Abkaree officer who shall neglect to report the particulars of an arrest, seizure, or search within twenty-four hours thereafter, or shall delay carrying to the Collector any person arrested or any illicit articles seized under this Act, shall forfeit for such offence a sum not exceeding two hundred rupees.

Penalty for conniving at escape of persons arrested, &c.

LXIV. Any Abkaree officer who shall unlawfully release or connive at the escape of any person arrested under this Act, or connive at the manufacture of spirits or the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs by any unlicensed person, or by any licensed person contrary to the terms of his license, or act in a manner inconsistent with his duty, for the purpose of enabling any person to do anything whereby any of the provisions of this Act may be evaded or broken, or the Abkaree Revenue defrauded; and any darogah of Police or other Officer invested with local jurisdiction, who shall authorize, countenance, or connive at the establishment of any unlicensed shop for the sale of such liquors or drugs as aforesaid in any place subject to his control—shall forfeit for such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Penalty for asking or taking gratuities and for offering bribes to officers.

LXV. Any Abkaree officer who shall ask or take any gratuity not authorized by any law or order of Government or of the Board of Revenue, in consideration of doing or omitting to do any act in his official capacity, and any person who shall offer any bribe to any such officer, in order to induce him to act in a manner inconsistent with his duty, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, forfeit a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Adjudication of penalties and seizures.

LXVI. All forfeitures leviable from Abkaree and other officers under Sections LXIII and LXIV shall be adjudged by the Collector, Magistrate, or other authority to whom such officers shall be respectively subordinate; and all other forfeitures and penalties prescribed for offences against the provisions of this Act, except as herein otherwise provided, and all seizures of goods declared liable to confiscation under this Act, shall be adjudged by the Collector.

Time and mode of preferring complaints on information.

LXVII. Complaints or informations of offences committed against the provisions of this Act shall be received on unstamped paper; but no such complaint or information shall be admitted unless it be preferred within the period of six months after the commission of the offence to which the complaint or information refers.

Collector may issue warrant of arrest in certain cases.

LXVIII. If from any complaint or information lodged before him, or from circumstances within his own knowledge, or the proceedings in any other case, a Collector has good reason to believe that any person has actually in his possession an illicit still, or any spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, liable to confiscation under this Act, he may issue his warrant for the arrest of the person believed to be in the possession of such illicit articles, or a warrant for search and arrest as provided in Section LVI of this Act.

In all other cases summons to issue.

LXIX. In all other cases of complaint or information of offences against the provisions of this Act, the cognizance whereof is vested in the Collector, that officer shall issue a summons requiring the attendance of the accused person on or before a certain day to be specified therein, and shall at the same time summon such witnesses as may be named by the informer or as he may judge it necessary to examine in proof of the accusation. If, on the summons being duly served, the accused person shall fail to attend, the Collector may issue a warrant for his apprehension.

If accused fail to attend, warrant may issue.

Mode of trial by Collector.

LXX. When an accused or suspected person shall be sent in to the Collector by any officer authorized to make arrests under this Act, or shall be apprehended on the warrant of the Collector, or shall attend in pursuance of summons, the Collector shall proceed to investigate the case with as little delay as possible. In the summoning and examination of witnesses the Collector shall exercise the same powers which he is authorized to exercise when acting judicially in the trial of summary suits for rent. Any person giving intentionally and deliberately a false deposition on oath or affirmation shall be held to be guilty of perjury, and shall be liable to the penalties prescribed for that offence by law.

Penalty for false deposition.

Recovery of penalty.

LXXI. Whenever any person shall be convicted of any offence and sentenced to pay any penalty forfeited under this Act, in case of non-payment of the same, the Collector, or other officer by whom the forfeiture shall have been adjudged, may issue his warrant for the distress and sale of any personal property belonging to the offender; and if no such property sufficient for the payment of the forfeiture be found, the Collector or other officer may pass an order that the offender be im-

prisoned in the criminal jail for any period not exceeding one month if the offence of which he has been convicted is punishable under this Act with a pecuniary penalty not exceeding fifty rupees, for a period not exceeding three months if the limit of the penalty is two hundred rupees, and for a period not exceeding six months if the limit is any sum above two hundred rupees. Provided always that, if the offender declare his inability to pay the forfeiture, it shall be lawful for the Collector or other officer, at his discretion, to pass an order for such imprisonment as aforesaid, instead of issuing a warrant of distress and sale. Provided also, that the imprisonment prescribed by this Section shall be in addition to any other period of imprisonment to which the offender may be sentenced under the provisions of this Act.

Punishment on second or subsequent conviction.

LXXII. Whenever any person shall be convicted of an offence against this Act, after having been previously convicted of a like offence, he shall be liable, in addition to the penalty attached to such offence, to imprisonment in the criminal jail for a period not exceeding six months; and a like punishment of imprisonment not exceeding six months shall be incurred, in addition to the punishment which may be inflicted for a first offence, upon every subsequent conviction after the second. The warrant of the Collector, or other officer adjudicating any case under the provisions of this Act, shall be authority for the Magistrate or other person in charge of the criminal jail to hold the person described therein in confinement in such jail, and for such time as may be specified and required in the said warrant.

Penalty for vexatious complaint or information.

LXXIII. Whenever any person shall attend on summons, in consequence of a complaint or information exhibited against him of any offence committed against this Act, if it shall appear on investigation that the complaint or information originated in malice or in motives clearly vexatious and unwarrantable, the Collector or other officer adjudicating the case may impose on the complainant or informant a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, which fine or any part thereof may on realization be paid to the party summoned, or may order such complainant or informant to be imprisoned for a period not exceeding fifteen days.

Disposal of goods and chattels adjudged to confiscation.

LXXIV. All goods and chattels adjudged to confiscation, except opium, shall be disposed of by the Collector by public sale. Opium seized and confiscated shall be sent for examination to the civil surgeon of the station, and, if declared by him to be fit for use, shall be transmitted to the Government factories, or otherwise disposed of in such manner as the Board of Revenue shall direct. If declared to be unfit for use, it shall be immediately destroyed.

Disposal of fines, &c. as rewards.

LXXV. One-half of all fines and forfeitures levied from persons convicted of the unlawful manufacture of spirits, or of the unlawful sale or possession of spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs, and one-half of the proceeds from sale of all confiscated articles, except opium, and in the case of opium confiscated and declared by the civil surgeon to be fit for use, a reward of one rupee eight annas for each seer shall, upon adjudication of the case, be awarded to the officer or officers who apprehended the offender; and the other half of such fines and forfeitures and proceeds of sale, or in the case of opium as aforesaid, a reward of one rupee eight annas for each seer, shall be given to the informer. If the fine or forfeiture is not realized, the Board of Revenue may grant such reasonable reward, not exceeding the sum of two hundred rupees, as may seem to them fit; and the said Board may direct by general order what classes of Abkaree officers shall receive rewards, and what classes shall have no title to share therein.

Rewards where no fine is realized.

Fines and disposed of to belong to Government.

Special rewards to informers.

LXXVI. All fines and forfeitures levied under this Act, the disposal of which is not specially provided for, shall belong to Government; but the Board of Revenue may appropriate any portion thereof, not exceeding one-half, for rewarding informers, or for compensating persons subjected to annoyance or injury by any proceedings under this Act.

Appeals from orders and sentences passed under this Act.

LXXVII. All orders and sentences passed by a Collector or other officer under this Act shall be appealable in the usual manner under the laws and regulations in force relative to appeals from the orders of Collectors or of such other officers. Provided always, that all orders passed by an officer invested with the charge of the Abkaree Revenue shall be appealable to the Commissioner, in the same manner as if the orders were passed by a Collector.

Collector with the sanction of the Board of Revenue may farm out the duties leviable on the sale of spirits, &c., except opium.

LXXVIII. It shall be lawful for the Collector, with the sanction of the Board of Revenue, to let in farm, for any period not exceeding five years, the duties leviable on the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, or any description of such liquors or drugs, except opium, in any pergunnah or other known division of a district.

Board of Revenue to regulate form of tenders and conditions of lease.

LXXIX. The Board of Revenue may prescribe rules for the invitation and acceptance of tenders for such farms, and for the requisition of security for the due fulfilment of the engagements entered into by the farmers. The said Board may also regulate the form and conditions of lease; and any breach of those conditions shall render the lease liable to annulment.

The farmer to make his own arrangements with the manufacturers and vendors within the limits of his farm, &c.

LXXX. When the duties leviable on any of the articles above enumerated are let in farm, the farmer shall be at liberty to make his own arrangements with the manufacturers and vendors within the limits of his farm; and all the penalties and forfeitures prescribed by this Act for the unlawful manufacture, sale, or possession of any such article shall be incurred by all persons manufacturing, selling, or possessing the same without license or authority from the farmer.

Proviso.

LXXXI. Provided always, that every such farmer shall be required to file in the Collector's office a list of all the licenses granted by him in such form as may be prescribed by the Board of Revenue. Provided also, that it shall be lawful for the Col.

lector, with the sanction of the said Board, before entering into engagements for any such farm, to make such reservations or restrictions with respect to the grant of licenses as may be deemed proper and expedient.

Compensation for losses to be granted to farmers in certain cases.

LXXXII. If a farm be cancelled for any cause other than a breach on the part of the farmer of the conditions of the lease, or if any reservation or restriction with respect to the grant of licenses be imposed within the period of the lease, the farmer shall be entitled to receive such compensation for any loss which he may sustain thereby as the Board of Revenue shall think just and proper.

Recovery of arrears of tax or duty from or by farmers.

LXXXIII. The provisions of Section XLI of this Act shall be applicable to any arrear that may be due from any farmer of Abkaree revenue; and every such farmer shall be authorized and empowered to use the same means and processes for the recovery of any arrear of tax or duty due to him from any authorized vendor, which may be lawfully used by zemindars and farmers of land for the recovery of arrears of rent due to them from their under-tenants.

Rules respecting the manufacture and sale of spirits, &c. in military cantonments.

LXXXIV. Within the limits of any military cantonment, and within a circle drawn at a distance of two miles, or such other distance as may in any case be prescribed by Government, from such limits, licenses for the manufacture of spirits and for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors shall not be granted, nor shall the duties leviable upon such spirits and liquors be let in farm, otherwise than with the knowledge and consent of the Commanding Officer; and upon the requisition of such Officer, any license which may have been granted either by the Collector or by a farmer within such circle or limits shall be immediately withdrawn.

Mode of making arrest or search within military cantonments.

LXXXV. In all other respects the foregoing provisions of this Act shall have full force and effect within such circle and limits as aforesaid. Provided, however, that, when arrest or search is to be made within the limits of any cantonment, the Collector or other officer authorized under this Act to make arrest or search shall, whenever it may be practicable, give previous notice to the Commanding Officer, and in all other cases shall report the arrest or search to such Commanding Officer with as little delay as possible. Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall affect or interfere with the provisions of Act No. XVIII of 1853.

Powers vested in officers of the Opium Department.

LXXXVI. In the districts in which the poppy is cultivated on account of Government, the Deputy Opium Agents and Sub-deputy Agents shall exercise the powers vested by this Act in Collectors and Deputy Collectors, so far as the same relate to the suppression or punishment of illegal dealings in opium; and the officers of the Opium Department shall exercise the powers vested by this Act in Abkaree officers for the seizure of illicit opium and the arrest of persons found in possession thereof, and, in respect to such seizures and arrests, shall be held and deemed to be Abkaree officers within the meaning of this Act.

Proceedings of officers of the Opium Department.

LXXXVII. The proceedings of Sub-deputy Agents under this Act shall be subject to the revision of the Deputy Agents in the same manner as the proceedings of Deputy Collectors under Regulation IX of 1833 are subject to the revision of the Collectors; and all orders and decisions of a Deputy Agent or Sub-deputy Agent under this Act shall be appealable to the Commissioner, in the same manner as the orders and decisions of a Collector or Deputy Collector.

Provisions not applicable to the town of Calcutta.

LXXXVIII. Nothing in this Act relating to the grant of licenses for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors and intoxicating drugs, and the recovery of arrears of tax or duty due under such licenses, to the illicit sale, carrying, or possession of spirituous and fermented liquors and intoxicating drugs, and the penalties incurred thereby, and to the appointment, duties, and responsibilities of Abkaree officers, shall extend to the town of Calcutta; but the provisions of Act No. XI of 1849 shall continue in full force and effect as if this Act had not been passed.

Saving of provisions of Act XI. 1849.

Interpretation.

LXXXIX. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction.

The word "Government" means the Lieutenant-Governors of Bengal and of the North-Western Provinces.

The expression "Board of Revenue" means the Board of Revenue in Calcutta, and the Sudder Board of Revenue at Agra.

The word "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of a Revenue Division, or a Commissioner of Abkaree, whenever such officer shall be specially appointed for the superintendence of the Abkaree revenue.

The word "Collector" means any Collector, Deputy Collector, or other Revenue officer in independent charge of a district, or any officer specially invested with the charge of the Abkaree revenue.

The word "Magistrate" means any Magistrate, Joint Magistrate, or other person lawfully exercising the powers of a Magistrate.

The expression "Country spirit" means any spirit made by the native process of distillation.

Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

FORM.

A.

Know all men by these presents, That we

are jointly and severally held and firmly bound unto the Honorable the East India Company, in the sum of Company's Rupees to be paid to the said East India Company, or their certain attorney, agents, successors, or assigns; for which payment well and truly to be made, we jointly and severally bind ourselves, and each of us binds himself and each and every one of our re-

spective heirs, administrators, and representatives by these presents, sealed with our respective seals, dated the day of in the year of Christ one thousand eight hundred

Whereas the above-bounden

are justly and truly indebted to the East India Company in the sum of Company's Rupees

being the amount of duty payable to the East India Company, at the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon London-proof, for gallons of manufactured at which the said ha been allowed to remove thence direct to without having paid the amount of such duty, but in lieu thereof the above written obligation has been accepted by the said East India Company, the said bind ing themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, and representatives, to pay to the said East India Company, their successors, or assigns, duty at the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon London-proof, for so much thereof as shall not be exported, by sea within the space of four calendar months from the date of these presents. Now the condition of this obligation is such, that, if the above-bounden his or their heirs, executors, administrators, or representatives, or some or one of them, do and shall, at the expiration of four calendar months from the date of this obligation, well and truly pay or cause to be paid to the said East India Company, their successors, or assigns, duty at the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon London-proof for all or any portion of the above-mentioned which shall not have been then exported by sea [of which exportation, if any, due proof shall be given by the said to the Collector of aforesaid,] then this obligation to be void, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

Sealed and delivered in the presence of }

B.

Know all men by these presents, That we

are jointly and severally held and firmly bound unto the Honorable the East India Company, in the sum of Company's Rupees to be paid to the said East India Company, or their certain attorney, agents, successors, or assigns; for which payment well and truly to be made, we jointly and severally bind ourselves, and each of us binds himself and each and every one of our respective heirs, administrators, and representatives by these presents, sealed with our respective seals, dated the day of in the year of Christ one thousand eight hundred and

Whereas the above-bounden

are justly and truly indebted to the said East India Company in the sum of Company's Rupees being the amount of duty payable to the East India Company at the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon of proof spirit, for dozens of bottles, or gallons of cordials and liqueurs as specified in the annexed Schedule, manufactured at which the said

have been allowed to remove thence direct to without having paid the amount of such duty, but in lieu thereof the above written obligation has been accepted by the said East India Company, the said binding themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, and representatives, to pay to the said East India Company, their successors, or assigns, duty at the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon of proof spirit for so much thereof as shall not be exported by sea within the space of four calendar months from the date of these presents. Now the condition of this obligation is such, that, if the above-bounden his or their heirs, executors, administrators, or representatives, or some or one of them, do and shall, at the expiration of four calendar months from the date of this obligation, well and truly pay or cause to be paid to the said East India Company, their successors, or assigns, duty at the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon of proof spirit for all or any portion of the above-mentioned cordials and liqueurs which shall not have been then exported by sea [of which exportation, if any, due proof shall be given by the said to the Collector of aforesaid,] then this obligation to be void, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

Sealed and delivered in the presence of }

SCHEDULE.

Description of Cordials and Liqueurs.	Quantity in bottles or gallons.	Quantity of proof spirit.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Notifications, Appointments, &c.

No. 215.

Fort William, Home Department,
The 13th February 1856.

Notifications.—The following Notification, relating to an Examination of Candidates for the Indian Civil Service, to be held in July 1856, is published for general information :—

CIVIL SERVICE OF THE EAST INDIA COMPANY.

1. In July 1856 an examination will take place of candidates for appointments to the Civil Service of the East India Company. Notice will be hereafter given of the days and place of examination.

2. Any natural-born subject of Her Majesty, who shall be desirous of entering the Civil Service of the East India Company, will be entitled to be examined at such examination, provided he shall, before the 1st of May 1856, have transmitted to the India Board, Cannon Row, Westminster :—

(*a*) A certificate of his birth, showing that his age, on the 1st of May 1856, will be above eighteen years and under twenty-three years.

(*b*) A certificate, signed by a physician or surgeon, of his having no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity, unfitting him for the Civil Service of the East India Company.

(*c*) A certificate of good moral character, signed by the head of the school or college at which he has last received his education; or, if he has not received education at any school or college since the year 1853, then such proof of good moral character as may be satisfactory to the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India.

(*d*) A statement of those of the branches of knowledge, hereinafter enumerated, in which he desires to be examined.

3. The examination will take place only in the following branches of knowledge—

English Language and Literature :—

Composition,	500
English Literature and History, including that of the Laws and Constitution,	1,000
	1,500
Language, Literature, and History of Greece,	750
" " " Rome,	750
" " " France,	375
" " " Germany,	375
" " " Italy,	375
Mathematics, pure and mixed,	1,000
Natural Science, that is, Chemistry, Electricity and Magnetism, Natural History, Geology, and Mineralogy,	500
Moral Sciences, that is, Logic, and Mental, Moral, and Political Philosophy,	500
Sanscrit Language and Literature,	375
Arabic Language and Literature,	375
	6,875

4. The merit of the persons examined will be estimated by marks, according to the ordinary system in use at several of the Universities, and the number set opposite to each branch in the preceding paragraph denotes the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it.

5. No candidate will be allowed any marks in respect of any subject of examination, unless he shall obtain, in respect of that subject, one-sixth of the number of marks set against that particular subject.

6. The examination will be conducted by means of printed questions and written answers, and by *vivâ voce* examination.

7. After the examination shall have been completed, the marks obtained by each candidate, in respect of each of the subjects in which he shall have been examined, shall be added up, and the names of the twenty candidates who shall have obtained a greater aggregate number of marks than any of the remaining candidates shall be set forth in order of merit; and such twenty candidates shall be deemed to be selected candidates for the Civil Service of the East India Company. Their choice, so far as it can be allowed, of the Presidency in India to which they shall be appointed, shall be determined by the order in which they stand on such list.

8. In August 1857, a further examination of the selected candidates will take place in the following subjects :—

Law, including the ordinary rules of taking evidence and the mode of conducting civil and criminal trials,	1,000
The History of India,	400
Political Economy,	400
Any Vernacular Language of India, to be previously fixed by the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India,	200

and such further examination will be conducted in the same manner as that above described. (The number set opposite to each subject denotes the greatest number of marks which can be obtained in respect of such subject.)

9. Any selected candidate who shall not, at such further examination in 1857, obtain in each of the subjects above-mentioned, one-sixth of the number of marks set against such particular subject, shall be struck off the list of selected candidates.

10. The selected candidates who, at such further examination, shall be deemed by the examiners to have a competent knowledge (ascertained in the manner mentioned in the preceding paragraph) of Law, the History of India, Political Economy, and one Language of India, shall be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of the East India Company; and the names of such candidates shall be placed in a list in the order of their merit in such examination, estimated, as above, by the total number of marks which they shall have obtained in respect of all the subjects in which they shall have been examined at such examination.

11. The seniority in the Civil Service of the East India Company of such candidates shall be determined according to the order in which they stand on the list resulting from such further examination.

12. No person will, even after such examination, be allowed to proceed to India, unless he shall comply with the regulations in force at the time for the Civil Service of the East India Company, and shall be of sound bodily health and good moral character.

13. The Commissioners for the Affairs of India will be ready to receive, at any time previous to the 1st of May 1856, the testimonials of persons desirous of being appointed to the Office of Examiner; but, with respect to the examinations above-mentioned, no such appointment will be made until after the date above-mentioned.

14. All papers relating to the above-mentioned examinations are to be sent, and all inquiries are to be addressed, thus :—

"The Secretary,
"India Board,
"Westminister."

"E. I. C. Civil Service
"Examination."

By order of the Most Noble the Governor General in Council.

No. 216.

Mr. J. W. Dalrymple, Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the Home and Financial Departments, reported his departure for England by the Steamer *Oriental*, which vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 10th instant.

No. 217.

The 14th February 1856.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to re-attach to the North-Western Provinces and the Punjab Mr. C G. Hillersdon, of the Civil Service, who reported his return from Furlough on the 9th instant.

No. 218.

The Central Committee of the Patriotic Fund at Calcutta having closed their proceedings, and having, with the sanction of the Government of India, made over their Books and Accounts to this Office, it is hereby notified, that any Subscriptions that may be sent hereafter will be received at the Home Office, and remitted from thence to the Honorary Secretaries of the Fund in London.

The result of the Committee's proceedings is reported to be as follows :—

Amount of Subscriptions received in Calcutta and from its neighbourhood, Rs.	1,32,270	
Ditto ditto from the Provinces, ...	2,74,324	
		4,06,594
Remitted to the Home Authorities of the Fund £41,000, equivalent to .....Rs.	3,94,070	
Advertising Charges, Establishment, Printing, Stationery and Postage,...Rs.	8,249	
		4,02,319
Balance,..... Rs.		4,275

And this balance, the Committee resolved, under date the 15th January 1856, to remit to the Honorary Secretaries in London.

By order of the Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council.

No. 223.

The 15th February 1856.

Since the publication of the Notification No. 1343, dated the 1st November 1855, Furloughs have been assigned to the following Members of the Civil Service, for the periods specified opposite their respective names. The Furloughs will commence from the date of embarkation for Europe :—

Mr. E. F. Radcliffe, ... One year.
" A. Ross, ... Three years.
Mr. J. E. L. Brandreth, ... Three years.
" H. Nelson, ... Two years.
" A. Hope, ... Three years.
" O. Toogood, ... Three years.
" H. R. Madocks, ... Three years.

No. 224.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to grant the Reverend W. W. Phelps, Assistant Chaplain, leave of absence on Medical certificate to proceed to Europe for a period of eighteen months, commencing from the date of his embarkation at Kurrachee.

No. 225.

Mr. E. F. Radcliffe, of the Civil Service, reported his departure for England by the Ship *Blenheim*, which vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 10th instant.

No. 226.

Mr. J. H. Batten, of the Civil Service, reported his departure for England by the Steamer *Oriental*, which vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 10th instant.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 921.

Fort William, Foreign Department,
The 15th February 1856.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. R. P. Harrison, Officiating Judge at Moorshedabad, to officiate as Governor General's Agent at Moorshedabad, in addition to his own duties, during the absence on leave of Lieutenant-Colonel G. H. Macgregor, C. B., or until further orders.

No. 922.

Mr. Carapiet Stephen is appointed to be an Extra Assistant in the Punjab.

No. 923.

Mr. T. D. Forsyth, C. S., is appointed a Third Class Assistant Commissioner in the Punjab.

No. 924.

Lieutenant H. M. Eliott, Junior Assistant to the Commissioner of Mysore, has obtained leave of absence for four days, in extension of the leave for seven days granted him in G. O. dated 29th ultimo, No. 496.

Lieutenant Eliott returned from Madras and resumed charge of his Office on the 20th ultimo.

No. 925.

Dr. D. Brandis, Superintendent of Forests in Pegu, received charge of his Office on the 30th ultimo.

Major A. Fytche, Deputy Commissioner of Bassein, made over charge of the current duties of

his Office to Mr. T. J. Fallon, Extra Assistant Commissioner, on the 9th ultimo.

G. F. EDMONSTONE,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 29.

Fort William, Public Works Department,
PUBLIC.
The 14th February 1856.

Appointment.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Lieutenant W. D. Chapman, of the 17th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, to be an Executive Officer of a 2nd Class Division of Public Works, Nagpore Provinces, *vice* Lieutenant W. O. Swanston, of the 7th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, appointed an Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Class in the Province of Oude, in Foreign Department Notification No. 762, dated 11th February 1856.

W. E. BAKER, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 6.

Fort William, Financial Department,
The 15th February 1856.

Notification.—Notice is hereby given, that the Salaries, Pay, Batta and Allowances of the Civil, Military and Marine Departments, for the month of February 1856, will be payable as under :—

Military and Marine Departments, on Monday the 10th proximo.

Civil Ditto on Saturday the 15th proximo.

By order of the Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council,

C. HUGH LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 445.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Appointments.—The 9th February 1856.—Moulavy Fyzoollah to be a Member of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Beerbhoom.

The 12th February 1856.—Mr. J. H. Young to officiate, until further orders, as Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of the Burdwan Division.

Mr. J. E. S. Lillie to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of East Burdwan, and to exercise the powers of a Special Commissioner under Regulation III. of 1828 in that District.

Mr. E. McDonell to be Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Mooteeharry.

Dr. R. Lyell to be Principal Assistant to the Opium Agent of Behar.

Mr. J. K. Walter to be First Assistant and Opium Examiner at the Benares Opium Agency.

The 13th February 1856.—The Reverend T. J. E. Steel to officiate as Chaplain of Dum-Dum.

Leave of Absence.—The 12th February 1856.—Mr. W. H. Elliott, Officiating Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of the Burdwan Division, for one month, under Section XII. of the new revised Absentee Rules.

Mr. C. D. Russell, Collector of Sarun, for one month, under Section XII. of the new revised Absentee Rules, from the 1st of April next.

The Reverend H. Smith, Chaplain of Dum-Dum, for eighteen months, under Section XI. of the Military Rules of the 17th November 1854.

The 14th February 1856.—Mr. A. Hope, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Barraset, for one month, under Section XII. of the new revised Absentee Rules.

Notification.—The 13th February 1856.—The receipt of the following further Subscription to the "Wellington Endowment Fund" is acknowledged :—

Captain W. F. Nuthall,..... Rupees 200 0 0

W. GREY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 809*E* of 1856.

General Department,
Agra, the 5th February 1856.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. Charles Paget Carmichael, Assistant Secretary to the Government, North-Western Provinces, for one month, under Section XII. of the Absentee Rules, from the 5th instant.

Notification.—Major G. W. Williams, Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Agra, will assume charge also of the Office of Assistant Secretary to Government, during Mr. Carmichael's absence, or till further orders.

No. 856 of 1856.

Judicial and Revenue Department,
The 9th February 1856.

Appointment.—Mr. William Ford to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Goorgaon.

W. MUIR,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 792 of 1856.

Judicial Department,
Agra, the 8th February 1856.

Appointment.—The under-mentioned Tehseeldars to be Deputy Magistrates under Act XV. of 1843, with the powers of a Covenanted Assistant as laid down in Section XX., Regulation IX. of 1807, as also with authority to receive and try cases under the provisions of Act X. of 1854, within the limits of their respective jurisdictions, *viz.* :—

Allee Hoossein, of Pergunnah Nuggra, and Mahomed Shuffee, of Pergunnah Mahool, ... } Zillah Azimgurh.

No. 836 of 1856.

Notification.—Rae Moona Lall, having exercised the full powers of a Magistrate when Deputy Magistrate at Etawah, will continue to exercise those powers as Deputy Magistrate at Panceput.

No. 839 of 1856.

Judicial and Revenue Department.

Appointment.—The services of Lieutenant J. Ritchie, 1st Co. 4th Battalion Bombay Artillery, attached to the Force at Neemuch, having been placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor by the Officer Commanding there, he is temporarily appointed as Assistant to the Superintendent at Jawud Neemuch.

By order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces,

C. P. CARMICHAEL,
Asst. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

General Orders by the Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council.

Fort William, 11th February 1856.

No. 231 *A. of* 1856.—The services of the undermentioned Officers are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department :—

Lieutenant-Colonel P. Goldney, of the 22nd Regiment Native Infantry.
Major J. S. Banks, 33rd Regiment Native Infantry.
Captain J. W. Carnegie, of the 15th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant James Reid, of the 37th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant W. Vincent, of the 49th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant R. P. Anderson, of the 25th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant E. G. Clark, of the 21st Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant H. S. Lester, of the 32nd Regiment Native Infanrry.
Lieutenant F. A. V. Thurburn, of the 14th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant J. A. Grant, of the 3rd Madras European Regiment, employed in the Hyderabad Contingent.
Colonel J. C. Gray, of the 34th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant H. P. Wildig, of the 34th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant J. S. Tulloh, Lieutenant St. Geo. Ashe, Lieutenant D. C. Alexander, Lieutenant R. Murray, } Bengal Artillery.
Lieutenant G. N. Hardinge, of the 45th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant A. H. Alexander, of the 68th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant J. S. Shepherd, of the 7th Light Cavalry.
Lieutenant G. C. Rowcroft, of the 41st Regiment Native Infantry.
Ensign F. W. Graham, of the 11th Regiment Native Infantry.
Captain G. T. Gowan, of the 27th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant W. Smith, of the 58th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant M. Petrie, of the 21st Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant C. W. Miles, of the 23rd Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant W. H. Hawes, of the 63rd Regiment Native Infantry.
Captain G. W. Boileau, of the 34th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant J. Sykes, of the 66th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant W. R. Gordon, of the 68th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant J. C. L. Clarke, of the 67th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant C. V. Jenkins, of the 47th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant J. A. Dorin, of the 68th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant T. A. Carey, of the 17th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant R. D. Campbell, of the 63rd Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant A. H. B. Bruce, of the 43rd Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant J. T. Watson, of the 12th Regiment Native Infantry.
Lieutenant G. D. Barbor, of the 20th Regiment Native Infantry.

Fort William 12th February 1856.

No. 243 *of* 1856.—The following Proclamation, issued in the Foreign Department, is published in General Orders :—

No. 761, *dated* 11*th February* 1856.—By a Treaty concluded in the year 1801, the Hon'ble East India Company engaged to protect the Sovereign of Oude against every foreign and domestic enemy; while the Sovereign of Oude, upon his part, bound himself to establish "such a system of Administration, to be carried into effect by his own Officers, as should be conducive to the prosperity of his subjects, and calculated to secure the lives and properties of the inhabitants."

The obligations which the Treaty imposed upon the Hon'ble East India Company have been observed by it for more than half a century, faithfully, constantly, and completely.

In all that time, though the British Governnent has itself been engaged in frequent wars, no foreign foe has everset his foot on the soil of Oude; no rebellion has ever threatened the stability of its throne; British Troops have been stationed in close proximity to the King's person; and their aid has never been withheld whenever his power was wrongfully defied.

On the other hand, one chief and vital stipulation of the Treaty has been wholly disregarded by every successive Ruler of Oude, and the pledge which was given for the establishment of such a system of Administration as should secure the lives and properties of the people of Oude, and be conducive to their prosperity, has from first to last been deliberately and systematically violated.

By reason of this violation of the compact made, the British Government might long since have justly declared the Treaty void, and might have withdrawn its protection from the Rulers of Oude, but it has hitherto been reluctant to have recourse to measures which would be fatal to the power and authority of a royal race who, whatever their faults towards their own subjects, have ever been faithful and true to their friendship with the English nation.

Nevertheless, the British Government has not failed to labor, during all that time, earnestly and perseveringly for the deliverance of the people of Oude from the grievous oppresion and misrule under which they have suffered.

Many years have passed since the Governor General, Lord William Bentinck, perceiving that every previous endeavour to amelorate the condition of the people of Oude had been thwarted or evaded, made formal declaration to the Court of Lucknow that it would become necessary that he should proceed to assume the direct management of the Oude Territories.

The words and the menace which were then employed by Lord William Bentinck were, eight years ago, repeated in person by Lord Hardinge to the King. The Sovereign of Oude was on that day solemnly bid remember that, whatever might now happen, "it would be manifest to all the world that he had received a friendly and a timely warning."

But the friendly intentions of the British Government have been wholly defeated by the obstinacy, or incapacity, or apathy of the Viziers and Kings of Oude. Disinterested counsel and indignant censure, alternating through more than fifty years with repeated warning, remonstrance and threats, have all proved ineffectual and vain. The chief condition of the Treaty remains unfulfilled; the promises of the King rest unperformed; and the people of Oude are still the victims of incompetency, corruption, and tyranny, without remedy or hope of relief.

It is notorious throughout the land, that the King, like most of his predecessors, takes no real share in the direction of public affairs.

The powers of Government throughout his Dominions are for the most part abandoned to worthless favourites of the Court, or to violent and corrupt men, unfit for their duties and unworthy of trust.

The Collectors of the Revenue hold sway over their Districts with uncontrolled authority, extorting the utmost payment from the people, without reference to past or present engagements.

The King's Troops, with rare exceptions, undisciplined and disorganized, and defrauded of their pay by those to whom it is entrusted, are permitted to plunder the villages for their own support; so that they have become a lasting scourge to the Country they are employed to protect.

Gangs of freebooters infest the Districts; Law and Justice are unknown; armed violence and bloodshed are daily events; and life and property are nowhere secure for an hour.

The time has come when the British Government can no longer tolerate in Oude these evils and abuses, which its position under the Treaty serves indirectly to sustain, or continue to the Sovereign that protection which alone upholds the power whereby such evils are inflicted.

Fifty years of sad experience have proved that the Treaty of 1801 has wholly failed to secure the happiness and prosperity of Oude; and have conclusively shown that no effectual security can be had for the release of the people of that Country from the grievous oppression they have long endured, unless the exclusive Administration of the Territories of Oude shall be permanently transferred to the British Government.

To that end it has been declared, by the special authority and consent of the Hon'ble the Court of Directors, that the Treaty of 1801, disregarded and violated by each succeeding Sovereign of Oude, is henceforth wholly null and void.

His Majesty Wajid Ali Shah was invited to enter into a new engagement, whereby the Government of the Territories of Oude should be vested exclusively, and for ever, in the Hon'ble East India Company, while ample provision should be made for the dignity, affluence, and honor of the King and of his family.

But His Majesty the King refused to enter into the amicable agreement which was offered for his acceptance.

Inasmuch, then, as His Majesty Wajid Ali Shah, in common with all his predecessors, has refused or evaded or neglected to fulfil the obligation of the Treaty of 1801, whereby he was bound to establish within his Dominions such a system of Administration as should be conducive to the prosperity and happiness of his subjects; and inasmuch as the Treaty he thereby violated has been declared to be null and void; and inasmuch as His Majesty has refused to enter into other agreements which were offered to him in lieu of such Treaty; and inasmuch as the terms of that Treaty, if it had still been maintained in force, forbade the employment of British Officers in Oude, whithout which no efficient system of Administration could be established there, it is manifest to all that the British Government had but one alternative before it.

Either it must altogether desert the people of Oude, and deliver them up helpless to oppression and tyranny which, acting under the restrictions of Treaty, it has already too long appeared to countenance; or it must put forth its own great power on behalf of a people for whose happiness it more than fifty years ago engaged to interpose, and must at once assume to itself the exclusive and permanent Administration of the Territories of Oude.

The British Government has had no hesitation in choosing the latter alternative.

Wherefore Proclamation is hereby made that the Government of the Territories of Oude is henceforth vested, exclusively and for ever, in the Hon'ble East India Company.

All Amils, Nazims, Chuckladars, and other Servants of the Durbar; all Officers, Civil and Military, the Soldiers of the State, and all the Inhabitants of Oude, are required to render henceforth implicit and exclusive obedience to the Officers of the British Government.

If any Officer of the Durbar, Jageerdar, Zemindar, or other person, shall refuse to render such obedience; if he shall withhold the payment of Revenue, or shall otherwise dispute or defy the authority of the British Government; he shall be declared a rebel, his person shall be seized, and his jageers or lands shall be confiscated to the State.

To those who shall immediately and quietly submit themselves to the authority of the British Government, whether Amils or Public Officers, Jageerdars, Zemindars, or other Inhabitants of Oude, full assurance is hereby given of protection, consideration and favour.

The Revenue of the Districts shall be determined on a fair and settled basis.

The gradual improvement of the Oude Territories shall be steadily pursued.

Justice shall be measured out with an equal hand.

Protection shall be given to life and property; and every man shall enjoy henceforth his just rights without fear or molestation.

No. 244 *of* 1856.—The following Notifications, from the Foreign Department, are published in General Orders:—

No. 762, *dated* 11*th February* 1856.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council has been pleased to make the following appointments in the Province of Oude:—

To be Chief Commissioner, and Agent to the Governor General.

Major General J. Outram, C. B.

Secretary.

Mr. G. Couper, C. S.

Military Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, and Assistant to the Agent Governor General.

Captain F. F. C. Hayes, M. A., 62nd Native Infantry.

Judicial Commissioner.

Mr. M. C. Ommanney, C. S.

Financial Commissioner.

Mr. Martin R. Gubbins, C. S.

To be Commissioners.

Mr. C. J. Wingfield, C. S.
" J. G. Christian, C. S.
Lieutenant-Colonel P. Goldney, 22nd N. I.
Major J. S. Banks, 33rd N. I.

To be Deputy Commissioners.

1ST CLASS.

Mr. H. B. Thornhill, C. S.
" R. Simson, C. S.
" W. A. Forbes, C. S.
" C. B. Denison, C. S.

2ND CLASS

Mr. W. Balmain, C. S.
Captain A. Orr, (Oude Local Service.)
" Bunbury, (ditto.)
" H. L. Evans, 17th Bombay N. I.

3RD CLASS.

Captain P. Orr, (Oude Local Service.)
" L. Barrow, 5th Madras Cavalry.
Mr. C. E. Boileau, C. S.

Assistant Commissioners.

1ST CLASS.

Mr. W. R. Benson, C. S.
" H. Gonne, C. S.
" W. C. Capper, C. S.
Lieutenant J. Reid, 37th N. I.
" James Black, 2nd Bom. Grendrs.
Mr. A. H. G. Block, C. S.

2ND CLASS.

Mr. G. H. Lawrence, C. S.
" A. Jenkins, C. S.
" C. W. Cunliffe, C. S.
" J. B. Thornhill, C. S.
Lieutenant J. A. Grant, 3rd Madras Europeans.
" H. S. Lester, 32nd N. I.

3RD CLASS.

Lieutenant W. Vincent, 49th N. I.
" R. P. Anderson, 25th N. I.
" E. G. Clarke, 21st N. I.
" G. A. Mallock, 25th N. I.
" W. O. Swanston, 7th Madras N. I.
Mr. S. G. Stroyan, Extra Assistant, Punjaub.

Special Assistant to the Deputy Commissioner of Lucknow, for charge of the City.

Captain J. W. Carnegie, 15th N. I.

Ditto Ditto, for Fyzabad.

Lieutenant F. A. V. Thurburn, 14th N. I.

Superintendent of Military Police.

Captain G. R. Weston, 65th N. I.

Commandants of Police Corps.

Lieutenant W. Hearsey, (Oude Local Service.)
" J. Hearsey, (ditto.)
" Adolphus Orr, (ditto.)

No. 763, *dated* 11*th February* 1856.—The Governor General in Council has been pleased to make the following appointments in the Oude Irregular Force :—

To be Brigadier.

Colonel J. C. Gray, 34th Regiment Bengal N. I.

Brigade Major.

Lieut. H. P. Wildig, 34th Regiment Bengal N. I.

Engineer.

Lieut. J. C. Anderson, Madras Engineers.

To be Commandants of Batteries.

1st Lieut. J. S. Tulloh, Bengal Artillery.
" St. George Ashe, Bengal Artillery.
" D. C. Alexander, Bengal Artillery.

To be Commandant of Reserve Company of Artillery, with charge of Ordnance Stores.

1st Lieut. R. Murray, Bengal Artillery.

Commandants of Cavalry.

Capt. G. H. L. Gall, 5th Madras Cavalry.
" H. Daly, 1st European Bombay Fusiliers.
Lieut. G. N. Hardinge, 45th Bengal N. I.

Second in Command.

Lieut. A. H. Alexander, 68th Regt. Bengal N. I.
" W. T. Johnson, 6th Bombay N. I.
" J. S. Shepherd, 7th Bengal Light Cavy.

Adjutants.

Lieut. R. G. Hope Johnstone, 13th Bombay N. I.
" G C. Rowcroft, 41st Bengal N. I.
Ensign F. W. Graham, 11th Bengal N. I.

Commandants of Infantry.

Captain G. T. Gowan, 27th Bengal N. I.
" J. H. M. Babington, 48th Madras N. I.
" G. W. Harding, 2nd Bombay N. I.
Lieut. W Smith, 58th Bengal N. I.
" M. Petrie, 21st Bengal N. I.
" C. W. Miles, 23rd Bengal N. I.
" W. H. Hawes, 63rd N. I., Cantonment Magistrate, Cawnpore.
Capt. G. W. Boileau, 34th Bengal N. I.

Second in Command.

Lieut. J. Sykes, 66th Bengal N. I.
" W. R. Gordon, 68th Bengal N. I.
" J. C. L. Clarke, 67th Bengal N. I.
" C. V. Jenkins, 47th Bengal N. I.
" G. Grant, 9th Bombay N. I.
" G. Lewin, 2nd Madras Europeans.
" J. A. Dorin, 68th Bengal N. I.
" T. A. Carey, 17th Bengal N. I.

Adjutants.

Lieut. G. J. H. Burnes, 1st Bombay European Fusiliers.
" R. D. Campbell, 63rd Bengal N. I.
Ensign C. H. Mecham, 27th Madras N. I.
Lieut. A. H. B. Bruce, 43rd Bengal N. I.
" A. Soppitt, 10th Bombay N. I.
" J. T. Watson, 12th Bengal N. I.
" C. M. Parsons, 31st Madras N. I.
" G. D. Barbor, 20th Bengal N. I.

No. 245 *of* 1856.—The following Order, issued by the Government of Bombay, is confirmed :—

No. 113, *dated* 1*st February* 1856.—Brevet-Major M. T. Blake, of the 54th Regiment Bengal Native Infantry, Commanding 2nd Infantry, Gwalior Contingent, is allowed a Furlough to Europe for fifteen months, on Medical certificate, under the new Furlough Regulations.

Fort William, 13*th February* 1856.

No. 246 *of* 1856.—The services of Lieutenant A. B. Cumberlege, Adjutant and Staff Officer, Nagpore Irregular Force, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

No. 247 *of* 1856.—The following Notfication, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces, is published in General Orders :—

No. 717, *dated* 4*th February* 1856.—Captain E. J. Rickards, Second in Command of the Mhairwarrah Battalion, to officiate as Second Assistant to the Commissioner of Ajmere, until further orders.

No. 248 *of* 1856.—The services of Major J. A. Weller, of Engineers, Commandant of the Sappers and Miners, are placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department, temporarily.

Fort William, 14*th February* 1856.

No. 249 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed hence to Europe, on leave of absence on Sick certificate:—

Captain Joseph Fisher Stevens, of the 18th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, Executive Offier, 2nd Division Great Deccan Road,.....	For fifteen months under the new Regulations.

No. 250 *of* 1856.—Ensign Frederick Thomas Bainbridge, of the 64th Regiment Native Infantry, is allowed leave of absence from the 7th January to the 7th May 1856, to visit Bombay, with permission to proceed thence to Europe on leave of absence on Sick certificate for two years, under the old Regulations.

No. 251 *of* 1856.—With reference to the 8th paragraph of Government General Order No. 154, of the 30th January 1855, the under-mentioned Ensign, recently posted, is, at his own request, transferred to the Corps specified opposite to his name :—

Ensign R. C. W. Mitford, from the 9th Regiment Native Infantry to the 3rd European Regiment at Chinsurah, (ordered to Agra,) as junior of his rank.

No. 252 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick certificate:—

Ensign William Henry Wilbraham Pringle, of the 22nd Regiment Native Infantry,	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.
Lieutenant James Sholto Douglas, of the 4th Madras Light Cavalry, Adjutant of Irregular Cavalry, Nagpore Irregular Force, ...	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 253 *of* 1856.—The Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to sanction the admission of the under-mentioned Native Officer, of the Madras Establishment, to the "Order of British India" :—

Subadar Veerasawmy, of the Corps of Sappers and Miners, to be a Bahadoor, from the 17th September 1855, *vice* Pensioned Subadar Major Mahomed Ghalib, Bahadoor, deceased.

No. 254 *of* 1856.—First Lieutenant N. T. Parsons, of the 1st Europeon Bengal Fusiliers, is appointed to do duty with the Invalids of the Hon'ble Company's Service proceeding to England on board the *Prince of Wales.*

No. 255 *of* 1856.—Colonel O. Felix, Her Majesty's Service, unattached, is appointed Military Secretary and First Aide-de-Camp to the Most Noble the Governor General of India, from the 11th instant, in succession to Major J. S. Banks, appointed to another situation.

Fort William, 15*th February* 1856.

No. 256 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough on private affairs :—

Captain Henry Mills, of the 2nd Regiment Native Infantry (Grenadiers,) ..	For three years, under the old Regulations.

Captain Mills is appointed to the Command of the Invalids of the Hon'ble Company's Service proceeding to England on the Ship *Prince of Wales.*

No. 257 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick certificate :—

Captain and Brevet Major the Hon'ble Walter Hore Ruthven, of the 25th Regiment Native Infantry, ...	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 258 *of* 1856.—Lieutenant-Colonel K. Young, Judge Advocate General of the Army, having reported his return to the Presidency on the 14th instant, resumed the charge of his office on that date.

No. 259 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough on private affairs :—

Major Henry FitzSimons, of the Invalid Establishment, ..	For two years, under the new Regulations.
Lieutenant Frederick Richard Pollock, of the 49th Regiment Native Infantry, Deputy Commissioner in the Punjaub, Dera Ghazee Khan,	For six months, under the new Regulations.
Ensign Harry Hammon Lyster, of the 72nd Regiment Native Infantry, ...	For one year, without pay, under the old Rules.

No. 260 *of* 1856.—Lieutenant R. A. Chadwick, of the 5th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, doing duty with the Pegu Light Infantry Battalion, is allowed leave of absence from the 22nd January to the 10th February 1856, to visit Calcutta, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on the leave granted to him in Government General Order No. 205, of the 4th February 1856.

No. 261 *of* 1856.—The following Notifications from the Foreign Department, are published in General Orders :—

"*No.* 814, *dated* 8*th February* 1856.—Lieutenant D. W. Wise, Adjutant of the 2nd Regiment of Cavalry, Gwalior Contingent, is permitted to resign his appointment from the 15th instant, from which date his services are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

"*No.* 818, *dated* 12*th February* 1856.—Captain J. Travers, Officiating Commandant, and Lieutenant F. L. Magniac, Officiating Second in Command, of the Bhopal Contingent, are confirmed in their respective appointments from the date on which Major E. D. Townshend embarked for Europe.

"*No.* 820, *dated* 12*th February* 1856.—Lieutenant F. R. Pollock, Deputy Commissioner in the Punjaub, has obtained two months' leave, under the Rules applicable to Military Officers on Staff employ, from such date as he may avail himself of it, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on Furlough.

"Lieutenant H. Stokes, Assistant Commissioner at Shahpore, has obtained leave of absence for four months, from the 1st instant, to visit Bombay, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe, under the Rules applicable to Military Officers on Staff employ.

"*No.* 822, *dated* 12*th February* 1856.—Civil Assistant Surgeon C. M. Smith, of Lahore, has obtained leave of absence on private affairs for eight days, from the 8th to the 15th October last, in addition to one month's indulgence leave granted to him in General Order dated 7th August last, No. 2785, which expired on the first-named date."

No. 262 *of* 1856.—The following Notifications, from the Public Works Department, are published in General Orders:—

"*No.* 24, *dated* 6*th February* 1856.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to confirm the Peshawar Division Order, dated 7th November 1855, directing Lieutenant W. Jackson, of the 51st Regiment Native Infantry, to officiate as Assistant Executive Engineer, as a temporary arrangement, in succession to Lieutenant H. Phillpotts, of the 15th Regiment Native Infantry, Officiating Assistant District Officer, ordered to re-join his Regiment.

"*No.* 27, *dated* 11*th February* 1856.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to grant to Colonel R. Napier, Chief Engineer, Punjaub, two months' leave of absence, from the 1st March next, or from the date of making over charge of his office, to visit the Presidency, preparatory to applying for leave to Europe on Medical certificate.

"Lieutenant-Colonel H. Fraser, C. B., of Engineers, Officiating Superintending Engineer, 1st Circle, Lower Provinces, is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer, Punjaub, during the absence of Colonel Napier, or until further orders.

"*No.* 28, *dated* 12*th February* 1856.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to grant Lieutenant H. Maxwell, Executive Officer, Meaday Division, Department of Public Works, leave of absence for three months, from the 8th ultimo, under the new Regulations, to proceed to Calcutta, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe on Medical certificate."

No. 263 *of* 1856.—Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Wilson Oldfield, of the 74th Regiment Native Infantry, is permitted to retire from the Service of the East India Company, on the pension of his rank, from the date of sailing of the Ship *Agamemnon.*

No. 264 *of* 1856.—Assistant Surgeon John Lamb, of the Medical Department, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Maldah, is permitted to retire from the Service of the East India Company on the pension of his rank, from the date of sailing of the Ship *Agamemnon.*

No. 265 *of* 1856.—First Lieutment William Frederick Cox, of the Regiment of Artillery, is allowed leave of absence, from the 15th February to the 15th May next, to visit Bombay, with permission to proceed thence to Europe on Furlough on private affairs, for three years, under the old Regulations.

No. 266 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick certificate:—

Lieutenant Edward Vernon Utterson, of the 27th Regiment Native Infantry, ...	For three years, under the old Regulations.

R. J. H. BIRCH, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
in the Mily. Dept.

No. 14.

Notification.

BABOO MOTHOORANAUTH BANERJEE, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector, received charge of the Rajshahye Treasury on the 9th instant.

MR. G. B. HAMPTON, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector, received charge of the Hooghly Treasury on the 14th instant.

G. G. MACKINTOSH,
Accountant to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM;
Office of Acct., Govt. of Bengal,
The 15*th February* 1856.

Notification.

BILLS at par on the Public Treasuries of the under-mentioned Districts may be had on application to the Accountant to the Government of Bengal:—

DISTRICTS.	*Amounts available on this date.*
Akyab,†	1,80,000
Bogra, ...	1,00,000
Cuttack, C. D., ...	30,000
* Hooghly, ...	1,25,000
* Mymensing, ...	3,00,000
Pooree, ...	30,000
Pubnah, ...	30,000
Rungpore, ...	50,000
* Tipperah, ...	3,50,000

G. G. MACKINTOSH,
Accountant to the Govt. of Bengal.

Accountant's Office,
The 15*th Feb.* 1856.

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* N. B.—These Treasuries will be cleared shortly, if the amounts available are not taken up in Bills.

Bills applied for after 2 P. M. will not be issued till the following day.

† At 2 per Cent. premium.

Notice.

SEALED TENDERS, from Professional Builders only, will be received by the Civil Architect, in his Office in Calcutta, up to 4 P. M., on Saturday, the 23rd February 1856, for "white washing, sand rubbing, painting and repairing the Board of Revenue at Calcutta, (late Board of Customs, Salt and Opium.)"

Time for Execution, Two (2) Months.

Specification, Forms of Tender, and further information to be obtained from the Civil Architect's Office in Calcutta.

A Deposit in Cash of One Hundred (100) Rupees is required with each Tender.

Tenders not prepared in strict accordance with the "Contract Rules," dated Military Board Office, 28th March 1853, will be returned.

By order of the Chief Engineer, Lower Provinces,

C. B. YOUNG, *Captain,*
Civil Architect.

Notice.

THE Inspector of Jails, Lower Provinces, requests that from and after the 16th instant, such Officers as may have to communicate with him will cause their letters to be directed to the Presidency.

F. J. MOUAT,
Inspector of Jails, L. P.

Dated Camp Monghyr,
The 5th February 1856.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an Examination will be held on Monday, the 25th February 1856, for the purpose of testing the acquirements of Candidates for Certificates of Qualification as Regimental Moonshees, and as Teachers of the unpassed Civil Servants, according to General Orders by the President of the Council of India dated 9th October 1850, and the Government Notification dated the 24th January 1854, respectively.

Candidates are requested to send in their applications, stating the language or languages to be passed in, on or before the 23rd proximo.

WM. N. LEES,
Secy. to the Board of Examiners.

Fort William,
The 9th February 1856.

N. B.—The Board's Office has been removed to No. 1, Little Russell Street.

حسب حکم جنرل آرڈر مورخهٔ نهم اکتوبر
سنه ۱۸۵۰ ع وحسب حکم گورمنت مورخهٔ بست و
چهارم جنوري سنه ۱۸۵۴ ع اشتهار داده مي‌شود که
تاریخ امتحان منشیان امتحان دهندگان براي عهدهٔ
منشیگري پلٹن وبراي تدریس صاحبان اهل قلم در
فورٹ ولیم کالج بست وپنجم ۲۵ فبروري روز دوشنبه
سنه حال مقرر گردیده است هرکرا امتحان دادن منظور
باشد باید که تا بست وسوم ۲۳ این‌ماه قطعهٔ درخواست
بقید زبان یعني در کدام کدام زبان امتحان خواهند
داد نوشته نزد سکریٹري بورڈ آف اکزامنرس
بگذرانند •
تحریرفي التاریخ نهم ۹ ماه‌فبروري سنه ۱۸۵۶ عیسوی

WM. N. LEES,
Secy. to the Board of Examiners.

و واضح باد که‌دفترخانبورڈ آف اکزامنرس درلیٹل رسل
مستریٹ چورنگي است

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at a General and Quarter Sessions of the Peace, holden at the Office of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the Town of Calcutta on Tuesday, the Twelfth day of February instant, it was ordered that the Assessment of the Quarter, February, March and April 1856, be taken to be the Assessment of the Quarter, May, June and July 1856, next ensuing: all persons having objections to make to the said Assessment, or to any proposed Assessment, of which due notice shall be given to them by the Assessor, are required to specify the same, and the grounds thereof, in a Petition addressed to the undersigned, and file it with him between the hours of Eleven and Four o'Clock on or before Friday, the Twenty-ninth day February instant, after which no objections will be received, and the Sessions stand adjourned to the said Twenty-ninth day of February, to be holden at the hour of noon at the Office of the said Justices, and will be continued by adjournment from time to time, until such objections shall have been heard and determined upon. And it was further ordered, that the Assessments made and allowed in these Sessions shall take effect from the First day of May, One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace have also ordered, that the Rate Books containing the Assessments shall be open to the inspection of all persons assessed therein during the interval above-mentioned, namely, from this date to the Twenty-ninth February instant, and between the hours of 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. of such days.

W. L. HARWOOD,
Clerk to the Justices.

CALCUTTA;
Police Office,
The 12th February 1856.

Sheriff's Office, the 6th February 1856.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of *Oyer* and *Terminer* and Gaol Delivery, and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Saturday, the First day of March next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

J. H. FERGUSSON,
Sheriff.

শরিফ আফিস ৬ ফিবরুয়ারি ১৮৫৬ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামী ১ মার্চ ১৮৫৬ সাল শনিবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফোর্ট উইলেমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্তে বঙ্গদেশের ফোর্ট উইলএমের শুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেলটী অর্থাৎ মহাসমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশীয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান জতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘন্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখুন।

J. H. FERGUSSON,
Sheriff.

Notice.

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to an Order of the Supreme Court at Fort William, dated 14th August 1855, in an Equity Suit, wherein WOMESCHUNDER MITTER and others are Complainants and RAJKISTO MITTER and others are Defendants, at the Office of the Master, on Friday, the 29th day of February next, at 12 o'clock, the following property belonging to the Estate of RAMKISSEN MITTER, deceased, *viz.* :—

1st.—A Two-storied Dwelling House, formerly known as No. 7, but now as No. 4 Wellington Square, with a piece of land, containing seven cottahs or thereabouts, bounded on the West by No. 3 Wellington Square, on the South by a public Road, on the East by No. 5 Wellington Square, and on the North by the House of Ramnarain Dutt.

2nd.—A Stable and piece of land known, as No. 6 Wellington Square, containing one cottah or thereabouts, bounded on the North by Uckoor Dutt's Lane, on the East by a public Lane, on the South by premises belonging to Radha Madhub Paul, and on the West by a House belonging to Mr. Edmonds.

3rd.—A Two-storied House, No. 17 College Street, Puttuldangah, in Calcutta, with a piece of land, countaining about four cottahs and a half, bounded on the West by the Fever Hospital, on the South by the House of Horromohun Chatterjee, on the East by College Street, and on the North by the House of Sadoolah Jemadar.

4th.—A Lower-roomed House, No 45 Emambaug Lane, Cossitollah, in Calcutta, with a piece of land, containing about two cottahs and three chittacks, bounded on the West and North by the House and land of Sookia Meah, on the South by Emambaug Lane, and on the East by Messieurs Cook and Company's House.

5th.—A piece of Land at Mullungah, in Calcutta, containing about one biggah and one cottah, bounded on the West by the House of Bissonath Curmocar, on the South by land of Moulovee Hajee Sahib, on the East by the House of Mr. Bampton, and on the North by Mullungah Lane.

6th.—A piece of land at Mullungah, known as No. 11 Uckoor Dutt's Lane, containing about three cottahs and twelve chittacks, bounded on the West by the House of Muddenmohun Mitter, on the South by the House of Gunganarain Ghose on the East by the House of Sumboochunder Ghose, and on the North by the Garden of Hurrymohun Shoe.

7th.—An Upper-roomed House, Godowns, Stables, and a piece of land, containing about seven cottahs, known as part of No. 7 Uckoor Dutt's Lane, bounded on the West and North by Hurrymohun Shoe's House on the East by the House No. 7 Family Dwelling House hereinafter described, and on the South by Uckoor Dutts Lane.

8th.—A Two-storied Family Dwelling House, No. 7 Uckoor Dutt's Lane, with a Tank and piece of land, containing two biggahs and twelve chittacks or thereabouts, bounded on the West by the piece of land lastly hereinbefore mentioned, on the East by the House of Surroopchunder Ghose, on the North by a Temple, and on the South by Uckoor Dutt's Lane.

Further particulars and Conditions of Sale may be had at the Office of the Master, or of Messieurs LYONS & BELL, Attorneys for the Complainants.

W. MACPHERSON,
Master.

LYONS & BELL,
Complainants' Attorneys.

CALCUTTA ;
Supreme Court, Master's Office,
The 31st day of January 1856.

Notice.

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to a Decree of the Supreme Court at Fort William, dated the 19th day of February 1855, in an Equity Suit, wherein Joychunder Paul Chowdry is Complainant and Kistnokissore Neoghy and others are Defendants by Original Bill, and John Cochrane, Esq., Assignee of Joychunder Paul Chowdry, an Insolvent, is Complainant, and Kistnokissore Neoghy and others are Defendants, by order, to revive, and John Cochrane, Esquire, Assignee of Joychund Paul Chowdry is Complainant, and Robert Fergusson Ross is Deferndant by Supplemental Bill, with the approbation of the Master, at his Office in the Court-house, on an early day, of which Notice will be given, the following zemindaries, lands and premises, *viz* :—

1. All that piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being at Sootanooty, in or near Calcutta, containing by admeasurement eleven Cottahs and and eight Chittacks.

2. Dhee Bagaut, situate, lying and being in Pergunnah Santore, in the District of Jessore and Province of Bengal.

3. Lot Pergunnah Datteah Hossainpore Bugmarah Magoorah, Gholah Mooragacha, situate, lying and being in the Zillah of Jessore and Province of Bengal aforesaid.

4. Turruff Sidhipassah, situate, lying and being in the Zillah of Jessore.

5. Mouzah Bistnopore, situate, lying and being in the Zillah of Jessore aforesaid.

Further particulars may be had at the Office of the Master, or at the Office of Messrs. Molloy and Mackintosh, Attorneys at Law.

W. MACPHERSON,
Master.

H. SWINHOE, *Attorney.*

CALCUTTA ;
Supreme Court, Master's Office,
The 15th February 1856.

Robert Ross and others *versus* David Cowie, Administrator, &c.

PURSUANT to an order of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, made in this cause on and bearing date the seventeenth day of January one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, the creditors of Thomas Charles Morton, late of Belgrave Square in the County of Middlesex in England, Barrister at Law, who died on or about the twenty-eighth day of August one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, are hereby required to come in and prove their respective debts before William Macpherson, Esquire, the Master of the said Court, at his office in the Court House, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the said order.

W. MACPHERSON.
Master.

F. C. SANDES,
Plaintiffs Attorney.

CALCUTTA;
Master's Office,
The 14th February 1856.

PROBATE of the last Will and Testament of Aushootosh Day, late of Simlah, in the Town of Calcutta, Hindoo Banian and Zemindar, having been this day granted by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, on its Ecclesiastical Side, to Charroo Chunder Ghose and Sreemutty Nobinmoney Dossee, both of Simlah, aforesaid, one of the Executors and the Executrix therein named, reserving power, &c., all persons having claims on the Estate of the said deceased are requested to make the same known to the said Executor and Executrix forthwith, and to whom those indebted to the said Estate are to make payment without delay.

OWEN & BONNERJEE,
Proctors.

Calcutta,
The 9th February 1856.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of William Martin, and Mathew Alexander Pillans, of the late firm of Martin, Pillans and Co., Insolvents.

On Monday, the 8th day of October last, it was ordered that Saturday the 4th day of October 1856, should be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent William Martin should be discharged personally as well as to his after-acquired property, from all liability for debts, claims and demands of, and against, the said Insolvent in his said firm of Martin Pillans and Co., at the time of the filing of the petition for relief.

Grant and Rogers, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of William Martin and Matthew Alexander Pillans, of the late firm of Martin, Pillans and Co., Insolvents.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of February instant, it was ordered that the first Saturday in the month of February 1857, should be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent, Mathew Alexander Pillans, should be discharged personally, as well as to his after-acquired property, from all liability for debts, claims and demands of, and against, the said Insolvent, in his said firm of Martin, Pillans and Co., at the time of the filing of the petition for relief.

Grant and Rogers, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of William Martin, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Matthew Alexander Pillans, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 8th day of October last, it was ordered, that Saturday, the 4th day of October 1856, should be appointed for the further hearing of these several matters, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvents should be discharged personal, as well as to their after-acquired property, from all liability for debts, claims and demands of, and against, the said Insolvents at the time of the filing of their petitions for relief.

Grant and Rogers, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 8th February 1856.

In the matter of Woomeschunder Mitter, late of Baug Bazar, in Calcutta, an Accountant in the London and Eastern Banking Corporation, an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 6th day of February instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent should be heard on Saturday, the 5th day of April next, and that the said Insolvent should then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Gillanders, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Frederick Henry Lochner, of No. 6, David Joseph's Lane, in Calcutta, a Clerk in the Office of the Accountant General to the Government of India, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 8th day of February instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent should be heard on Saturday, the 5th day of April next, and that the said Insolvent should then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Paul, *Attorney.*

In the matter of John Harvey, of Intally, in the suburbs of Calcutta, an Assistant to Messrs. Brunet and Quillet, of Cossitollah, in Calcutta, Merchants and Agents, but lately carrying on trade and business in Calcutta as a General Broker, an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 31st day of January last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent should be heard on Saturday, the 5th day of April next, and that the said Insolvent should then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Robertson, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Gocool Doss and Birjomohun Doss, carrying on trade and business in Calcutta as Merchants, under the style and firm of Gocooldoss, at Moorgyhutta Street, in Calcutta, Merchants and Traders, an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 31st day of January last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvents should be heard on Saturday, the 5th day of April next, and that the said Insolvents should then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Chooneylaul Ghose, of Jaun Bazar, in Calcutta, lately carrying on business as a Ship's Banian, together with one Dwarkanauth Sircar, under the style or firm of Dwarkanauth Sircar and Co., an Insolvent.

In the matter of Thomas Henry Hutteman Lee, of Boitacannah, in Calcutta, an Assistant in the Foreign Department, an Insolvent.

Insolvent in person.

On Wednesday, the 30th day of January last, it was ordered that the matters of the petitions of the said several Insolvents should be heard on Saturday, the 5th day of April next, and that the said Insolvents should then attend to be examined by the said Court.

In the matter of Henry Newcombe Lawrence, a Clerk in the Uncovenanted Service of the East India Company on their Bengal Establishment, residing at Elliott's Road, in Calcutta, an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 31st day of January last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent should be heard on Saturday, the 5th day of April next, and that the said Insolvent should then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Sherrington, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 12th February 1856.

For Dacca and Assam.

NOTICE is hereby given, that from the 1st of March next, a Steamer, with a Flat in tow, will be despatched from Calcutta to Assam on the following dates, *viz.*, 1st and 20th of March, 10th of April, 1st and 20th of May, 10th of June, 1st and 19th of July.

For Freight and Passage, apply at the Government Boat Office.

By order of the Superintendent of Marine,

J. WOODLEY,

Clerk of the Govt. Boat Office.

5th February 1856.

Steamer for Rangoon and Moulmein.

THE Honorable Company's Steamer *Fire Queen* will be despatched to the above Ports on the 20th instant.

Applications for Passage to be made to this Office, and for private Freight to the Clerk of the Government Steam Boat Office.

By Order of the Superintendent of Marine,

J. SUTHERLAND,

Offg. Secretary

FORT WILLIAM;
Marine Supt.'s Office,
The 12th Feb 1856.

Lights on Flat Island and on the Coast of Mauritius.

LIGHT-HOUSES.—AMENDED SAILING DIRECTIONS.

THE following amended Sailing Directions are published for general information, several errors existing in those inserted in *Government Gazette:* Nos. 43 and 44, of 8th and 15th September last, an asterisk has been affixed to those parts where corrections have been made.

(Signed) J. DOWLAND,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
26th October 1855.

LIGHT-HOUSES.

His Excellency the Governor directs it to be notified for general information, that the following Lights will be exhibited on Flat Island and on the Coast of Mauritius, on and from the 1st December next, *viz.:*—

A first class *revolving* Catoptric Light on Flat Island.

A first class *fixed* Catoptric Light on Cannonier Point.

A *red* Mast Light on the left bank, and at the mouth of Grand River.

A *green* Mast Light on Cooper's Island, at the mouth of the Harbour.

Detailed descriptions of, and sailing directions for these Lights, are published below for general information.

J. DOWLAND,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
7th September 1855.

Sailing Directions for making the Anchorage off the Harbour of Port Louis, Mauritius, with reference to the Light-Houses recently erected upon "Flat Island" and "Cannonier Point," and also the two Mast Lights near the entrance of the Harbour.

DESCRIPTION OF THE LIGHTS.

"FLAT ISLAND."

This is a *revolving* Catoptric Light of the first order, situated at the South-West or highest extremity of the Island, in Latitude S. 19° 53′ 26″ and Longitude E. 57° 38′ 8″, determined by Triangulation from the Observatory of Port Louis. Variation of the Compass 11° 47′ 13″ West.

Its elevation above the mean level of the sea (the rise of tide being only about 3 feet) is 366 feet, and it will be visible in clear weather from the deck of a vessel 13 feet above the water, a distance of about 25 Nautical Miles.

"CANNONIER POINT."

This is a *fixed* Catoptric Light, also of the first order.

It is situated in Latitude S. 20° 0′ 35″ and Longitude E. 57° *32′ 39″. Its elevation above the mean level of the sea is 39 feet 6 inches, and it will be seen from the deck of a vessel 13 feet above the water, a distance of about 10 Nautical Miles.

The objects of this Light are, to indicate the position of a dangerous shoal, nearly *1¼ miles from the shore, and to keep vessels clear of the coral reefs to the North-East and South-West of the Point.

"HARBOUR MAST LIGHTS."

One of these is placed as a leading Light (Red) at the Martello Tower at the mouth, and on the left bank of the Grand River; and the other (Green) at Fort George, on Tonnelier Island.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS.

Vessels making the land from the Eastward (Windward) side of the Island should give a berth of 2½ Miles to the reefs off Amber Island and be careful not to approach the Light on Flat Island on a course to the Westward of *N. N. W. ½ W., until Gunner's Quoin bears *West*, when they may shape a mid-channel course between Gunner's Quoin and Flat Island.

When to the Westward of the Quoin the Light at Cannonier Point will become visible and must be approached with the Flat Island Light, bearing astern E. N. E. ½ N., until abreast of Cannonier Point, when that Light will bear S. E. by S., a berth of rather more than 2 Nautical Miles being thus given to the dangerous reef and shoal off the Point. They may then haul up to S. W. by S. for the anchorage, distant about 10 Nautical Miles taking care to keep the Cannonier Point Light *white* for a distance of 6¾ Miles, when the Flat Island and Cannonier Lights will appear in one—the change of this color to red within that distance will indicate a too near approach to the land.

The *red* Light at the mouth of the Grand River will now be opened bearing S. S. W., for which vessels may safely steer until the Mast Light (Green) upon Fort George on Tonnelier Island bears S. E. ½ S., when they may immediately let go the anchor, being on the best ground—a nearer approach to the Light at Grand River would bring them too close to the reefs.

If the night is clear, the "Corps de Garde" Mountain will be clearly seen in line with the Grand River Light.

It is, however, generally advisable for vessels passing Cannonier Point at night, to lay to, keeping sail occasionally upon the ship, for the purpose of maintaining a good position for making the anchorage at day-break, in preference to attempting it at night, by which, in a very few instances, any time will be gained. Considerable risk, as well as the necessity for anchoring outside at all will also be thus avoided.

E. C. FROME,
Surveyor General.
EDWARD KELLY,
Harbour Master.

MEMO.

PUBLISHED for general information.

By order of the Supdt. of Marine,
JAS. SUTHERLAND,
Offg. Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM, }
The 14th January 1856. }

Notice.

THE following Packages having remained unclaimed on the Custom House Wharf beyond the prescribed period, will be sold for the realization of duty and other charges, without further notice, if not cleared on or before the 25th instant:—

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1855 Jan., .. 12th,	1 Pakage Cotton, Major N. Chamberlaine, ...	Horsburgh.
March, .. 20th,	1 Parcel Samples, W. O. Young, Esq, ...	Leonidas.
Ditto, .. „	1 Parcel ditto, marked W 40 L / C / A M in diamond, ...	Ditto.
Ditto, .. „	1 Parcel ditto, ditto, 51 to 200, J. Lyall and Co., ...	Ditto.
Ditto, .. „	1 Parcel ditto, S. Greenstreet, ...	Ditto.
July, .. 2nd,	1 Parcel ditto, Mrs. J. Watson, ...	Portland.
Aug., .. 11th,	4 Kegs Merchandise, marked H, ...	Queen of the East.
Ditto, .. 17th,	2 Cases ditto, W. Rose, Esq., ...	Typhoon.
Ditto, .. „	1 Case ditto, Mr. C. J. Major, ...	Ditto.

LIST OF PACKAGES LYING UNCLAIMED ON THE CUSTOM HOUSE WHARF.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1855 Sept., .. 12th.	5 Boxes Tin, marked I C F.	Typhoon.
Ditto, .. 27th,	1 Small Box Merchandise, C. Mathias, ...	Blackburn.
Nov., .. 6th,	5 Casks Merchandise, marked H in diamond, ...	The Duke.
Ditto, .. 7th,	1 Box Sundries, Captain Elder, ...	Cowasjee Family.
Ditto, .. 14th,	1 Package Merchandise, Lieut. Flint, 38th Regt. N. I., ...	Ditto.
Ditto, .. „	1 Case ditto, marked C D in diamond, 102 to 106, J. Skinner, ...	Asia.

CALCUTTA, CUSTOM HOUSE, }
The 14th February 1856. }

A. R. YOUNG,
Offg. Collector of Govt. Customs.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 13th February 1856.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
Proprietors' Capital, ...	1,07,00,000	0	0	Government Securities, ...	25,18,796	5	10
Reserve Fund, ...	1,98,245	8	4	Dues from Government, ...	48,419	12	7
Current Accounts, ...	73,44,190	5	1	Mint Certificates, Undue, ...	31,61,056	5	8
Cash Credits Undrawn, ...	7,93,532	4	6	Cash, ...	71,21,664	1	8
Other Claims, ...	1,24,488	2	3	Loans on Deposit of Securities, ..	1,44,42,872	13	3
Bank Notes and Post Bills, ...	1,30,50,546	10	10	Accounts of Credit on ditto, ...	20,76,379	6	9
				Government Bills Discounted, ...	1,97,432	10	5
				Mercantile Bills ditto, ...	24,81,863	10	0
				Dead Stock, ...	1,62,517	12	10
Co.'s Rs. ...	3,22,11,002	15	0	Co.'s Rs. ...	3,22,11,002	15	0

Published by order of the Directors,

J. B. PLUMB,
Secretary and Treasurer.

C. N. COOKE,
Accountant.

ABSTRACT of Operations of the Government Savings' Bank, from 1st May 1854 to 30th April 1855.

Balance due to 10,397 Depositors in 1853-54,				1109591	4	5	
Deposits in 1854-55, ...	1034503	4	0				
Interest allowed to Depositors in 1854-55, ...	41052	9	10				
				1075555	13	10	
				2185147	2	3	
DEDUCT.							
Withdrawals in 1854-55, ...	845529	11	9				
Investment in Government Loans, ...	246787	1	11				
				1092316	13	8	
Balance Co.'s Rs., ...				1092830	4	7	
DEBTS.							
Balance due to 10,243 Depositors in 1854-55,	1092830	4	7				
Ditto at credit of Bank Book Fund, ...	5609	0	0				
Ditto ditto of Suspense Deposit Account,	765	7	4½				
				1099204	11	11½	
ASSETS.							
Due by General Books, ...	1058152	2	1½				
Interest allowed to Depositors in 1854-55, ...	41052	9	10				
				1099204	11	11½	

H. B. DEVEREUX,
Secy., Govt. Savings' Bank.

HURCHUNDER DUTT,
Actuary.

Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China

CALCUTTA BRANCH.

RATES OF EXCHANGE

ON LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK,

	s.	d.	
At 6 months' sight, ...	2	2	per Rupee.
At 3 months' sight, ...	2	1½	"
At 3 days' sight, ...	2	1	"
On Scotland, or Ireland on demand, ..	2	1	"

The Bank grants Drafts and Letters of Credit on the Head Office at Bombay and on its Branches and Agencies at the following places, London, Ceylon, Madras, Singapore, Canton, and Shanghai. Bills collected at any of the above places at a uniform charge of ½ per cent.

For the convenience of parties travelling through Europe, Egypt and the Australian Colonies, the Bank issues Circular Notes payable in all of the principal towns in those countries.

The Bank will act as Agents for the purchase or sale of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities; Draw Interest and Dividends payable in Calcutta, when due. Commission charged ¼ per cent.

No charge made when the proceeds of sale or amount of Interest or Dividends drawn is remitted in the Bank's Bills.

Government Paper and other Securities received for safe custody, free of charge, to the constituents of the Bank.

Rates of Interest allowed

ON DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO

3 months' notice of withdrawal, ...		4	per Cent. per annum
6	Ditto, ...	5	"
12	Ditto, ...	6	"

Notice may be given when the money is lodged or at any time thereafter, but will be dispensed with in cases when the money is to be remitted through the Bank.

Current Accounts kept, and on Balances of Rs. 500 and upwards, Interest at 2 per cent. per annum will be allowed.

N. B.—Hours of business 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. On Saturdays 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

D. T. ROBERTSON,
Manager.

LYONS' RANGE;
Calcutta,
The June 1855.

India General Steam Navigation Company

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Half-yearly General Meeting of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the Company's Office on Monday, the 10th of March next, at 3 P. M., for passing the Accounts and declaring a Dividend.

By order of the Directors,

J. F. STACE,
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
26th January 1856.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing, and carried on, under the style or firm of STEWART AND CALROW, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All outstandings will be settled by WM. C. STEWART.

WM. C. STEWART.
R. F. CALROW,
By his Attorney,
WM. C. STEWART.

Calcutta,
31st December 1855.

THE undersigned will continue the business as heretofore under the firm of WM. C. STEWART & Co.

WM. C. STEWART.

Calcutta,
1st January 1856.

Notice.

THE interest and responsibility of MR JOHN WIENHOLT ceased in our firm on the 31st ultimo.

WIENHOLT, BROTHERS AND CO.

1st January 1856.

Notice.

WANTED.—A Superintendent of Roads qualified to prepare Plans and Estimates of Works proposed, and to undertake the superintendence of Works in progress under the direction of the Maldah Ferry Fund Committee. Proposed salary; 50 Rs. per month. Satisfactory certificates of qualification or references and security will be required. Applications to be addressed to the undersigned.

E. C. CRASTER,
Secy. to the Ferry Fund Committee.

MALDAH;
Secy. F. F. Committee,
The 29th Jany. 1856.

Lost or Missing.

From the Dwelling House of the under-mentioned, certain Title Deeds, Pottah, &c. of the House, No. 27, in Zig-Zag Lane, and also all the Title Deeds, Deeds, &c. of the House No. 27-1, adjoining the former, both standing in the name of his late father Mothoormohun Ghose.—Any person giving information as to lead to their recovery shall be (if required) suitably rewarded.

GOLUCK CHUNDER GHOSE.

No. 17, Puttotollah Lane.

Stolen at Jessore.

Bank of Bengal Note No. 1672, for Rupees 500, payment of which has been stopped at the Bank, and six Notes of the Public Works Loan, *viz.*:—

No.	10076, ...	1,000
„	10081, ...	500
„	320 of 4607, ...	1,500
„	454 of 3927, ...	1,000
„	561 of 4047, ...	1,500
„	4772, ...	1,000
	Co.'s Rs.,...	6500

All parties are hereby warned against negotiating the above Securities; and any who can give information leading to their recovery will be rewarded, on application to O. W. Malet, Esq., Jessore, or to his Agents.

COLVIN, AINSLIE, COWIE & CO.

Just Published,

ON FLOWERS AND FLOWER GARDENS,

BY D. L. RICHARDSON.

PRICE THREE RUPEES.

Published by Messrs. P. S. DeRozario & Co.

*** The book extends to 264 full-sized octavo pages.

The new book by D. L. R., which we have for some time past been anxiously looking for, is published, and will no doubt be as popular as the preceding works of this justly favorite author, whose writings are even more highly esteemed in England and America than in India.—*Bengal Hurkaru, September* 28, 1855.

He is well known in the literary circles of England as one of the purest English writers of the day. To say that the work before us is among the happiest productions of his pen, is to say more for it than the highest eulogy can express. It has been long expected, but public patience has received an ample reward.—*Eastern Star, September* 29, 1855.

It is a valuable contribution to our Indian Literature.—*Calcutta Christian Advocate, October* 6.

A Book of Gems, well worthy the Author's high reputation.—*Central Star, October* 13.

We cannot but recommend this volume to all who admire sprightly writing and elegantly selected poetry.—*Indian Times, October* 17.

Mr. Richardson—better known to the reading public as "D. L. R."—has a wide reputation as a careful and polished writer.—*Bombay Telegraph and Courier, October* 22.

A very pleasant book which we can cordially recommend to the attention of our readers—A delightful *melange* about flowers and flower gardens, floriculture in general, and the enjoyments of rural life.—*Bombay Times, October* 27, 1855.

His last work is well worthy of a post in any library where the *quality* and not *quantity* of books is considered.—*Phœnix, November* 13, 1855.

Just Published

[BY MESSRS. THACKER, SPINK AND CO.]

THE

NEW BENGAL DIRECTORY FOR 1856.

IN announcing the above Publication, Messrs. SAMUEL SMITH AND CO. beg to inform their Subscribers and the Public that they have completed their DIRECTORY for the present year which, in every Department of Information or Reference, has been amplified and corrected up to the latest date, and which, for convenience of Form, comprehensiveness, and elegance, considerably surpasses its predecessor of 1855.

Post Office Notifications.

No. 1114.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Mails for the Straits and China, for transmission per Steamer *Chusan*, will be closed at this Office on Thursday, the 21st instant.

FORT WILLIAM;
General Post Office,
The 13th February 1856.

C. K. DOVE,
Deputy Post-master General.

No. 1122.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Mails for Rangoon and Moulmein, for transmission per H. C. Steamer *Fire Queen*, will be closed at this Office on Tuesday, the 19th instant.

FORT WILLIAM;
General Post Office,
The 14th February 1856.

C. K. DOVE,
Deputy Post-master General.

Postal Notice.

A POST OFFICE will be established temporarily at Mhayjee, in Khandeish, during the ensuing Fair, from the 15th instant to the 15th March next. All Letters, &c. for that place are to be enclosed in the Packets for the Post Office at Dhoolia.

(Signed) W. BLOWERS,
Officiating Post-master General.

BOMBAY;
Post-master Genl.'s Office,
The 16th Jan. 1856.

No. 4760.

THE above is notified for the information of the Public.

J. R. B. BENNETT,
Post master General of Bengal.

Post-master General's Office;
Camp Chittagong, 7th Feb. 1856.

Packets for the reception of Letters by the following Ships are open at this Office:—

Names of Vessels.	Agents.	Intended Departure.	For what Port.	Touching at	Remarks.
Agamemnon, ..	Allan, Deffell and Co. ..	17th Feb. 1856, ..	London.		
Steamer Lancefield, ..	Jardine, Skinner and Co.,	Ditto, ..	China, ..	Singapore.	
Steamer Fire Queen,	... .	20th ditto, ..	Rangoon and Moulmein.		
Steamer Chusan, ...	P. and O. S. N. Co., ..	22nd ditto, ..	China, ..	Straits.	
Myaram Dyaram, ..	.. .. ..	In a day or two, ..	Mauritius.		

CALCUTTA;
General Post Office,
The 15th February 1856.

C. K. DOVE,
Deputy Post-master General.

CALCUTTA:—*Printed and Published by* THOMAS JONES, *at the* "CALCUTTA GAZETTE" OFFICE, *No. 54, Council-House Street.—for the Government Contractors,* SAMUEL SMITH AND CO.

SECOND SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1856.

Statement of Prices Current in the under-mentioned Districts,

ARTICLES.	Patna.		Behar.				
	Patna.	Dinapore.	Gyah.	Jehanabad, 30 miles from Sudder Station.	Daoodnuggur, 40 miles from Sudder Station.	Behar, 40 miles from Sudder Station.	Shergotty, 20 miles from Sudder Station.
	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.
Attah, ...per Rupee,...	16 0	17 7	18 0	20 0	29 8	18 0	18 14
Barley, (Jow,) " " ...	32 0	19 6	35 0	30 0	42 0	40 0	36 0
Betel-nut, (Suparee,) " " ...	4 4	3 12	4 8	4 8	5 0	4 0	3 11
Bhoosa, White, " " ...	90 0	115 0	50 0	120 0	22 bkts.	85 0	90 0
" Missah, " " ...	110 0	160 0	100 0	100 0	23 do.	100 0	108 0
Cardamoms, " " ...	0 5	0 13¼	2 8	2 4	2 10	2 4	0 4
Chillies, " " ...	8 0	7 2	5 0	7 8	7 8	20 0	0 0
Cocoanuts, " " ...	0 0	0 0	21 No.	0 0	3 2	2 12	1 6½
Coriander-seed, (Dhunia,) ...	13 0	12 12	16 0	13 0	15 8	9 0	10 5½
Cotton, " " ...	4 8	4 0	4 0	4 4	4 12	3 12	3 10
Dal, Urhur, " " ...	16 0	18 8	16 0	18 0	24 0	17 0	15 5
" Gram, " " ...	17 0	20 3	20 0	20 0	25 0	15 0	0 0
" Khesaree, " " ...	26 4	26 6½	24 0	25 0	35 8	20 0	21 11
" Maskullye, " " ...	22 0	0 0	20 0	19 0	20 8	18 0	21 11
" Moong, " " ...	19 0	21 0	16 0	16 0	20 4	18 0	14 6½
" Mussoor, " " ...	22 0	22 1½	21 4	21 8	28 0	18 0	18 0
" Muttur, " " ...	25 8	0 0	22 0	22 8	32 8	19 0	0 0
Eggs, " " ...	96 No.	90 No.	168 No.	160 No.	126 No.	165 No.	168 No.
Fire-wood, " " ...	128 0	0 0	200 0	200 0	1 hacky.	180 0	216 0
Flour, (Midah,) " " ...	14 0	12 0	14 0	18 0	19 0	15 0	0 0
Garlic, " " ...	8 0	0 0	40 0	19 0	27 0	20 0	18 0
Ghee, Cow's, " " ...	0 0	0 0	2 2	2 4	2 6	2 8	2 ½
" Buffaloe's, " " ...	2 6	2 10	2 4	2 8	2 14	3 0	2 4
Ginger, " " ...	32 0	0 0	20 0	13 0	15 8	22 0	5 14
Goor, Cane, " " ...	22 0	22 0	22 8	24 0	25 0	22 0	17 2
" Date, " " ...	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Gram, (Boot,) 1st sort, " ...	23 0	25 8	22 0	25 0	31 8	20 0	22 8
" " 2nd sort, " ...	24 0	0 0	23 0	26 4	33 0	22 0	23 6
Grass, Dry, " " ...	10 bdls.	0 0	0 0	30 bdls.	0 0	0 0	0 0
Indigo, " " ...	0 4	0 0	0 4	0 6½	0 0	0 4	0 0
Indian-corn, (Bhoottah,) " ...	35 0	35 0	27 0	30 0	48 0	33 0	23 6
Joar, " " ...	32 0	0 0	28 0	27 8	30 0	33 0	22 8
Jute, " " ...	14 12	21 0	15 0	0 0	25 0	13 0	0 0
Kullye, " " ...	27 8	0 0	25 0	27 8	34 8	0 0	24 5
Milk, " " ...	23 0	27 0	30 0	30 0	40 0	28 0	28 13
Mustard-seed, " " ...	0 0	10 0	11 0	11 0	15 8	10 0	10 13
Oil, Cocoanut, " " ...	0 0	2 12	2 8	2 0	2 10	1 4	0 0
" Linseed, " " ...	3 4	0 0	4 0	4 0	4 10	3 8	0 0
" Mustard, " " ...	3 0	0 0	3 8	3 8	4 6	3 8	3 13
Onions, " " ...	19 0	24 0	40 0	0 0	27 0	35 0	0 0
Paddy, (Dhan,) " " ...	0 0	46 0	35 0	40 0	40 0	45 0	31 8
Potatoes, " " ...	50 0	48 0	35 0	40 0	41 0	30 0	31 8
Rice, 1st sort, " " ...	22 0	20 2	22 0	25 0	25 0	28 0	18 0
" 2nd sort, " " ...	24 0	21 3	23 0	26 0	27 0	30 0	18 14½
" Bausmuttee, " " ...	16 0	16 0	15 0	19 0	16 12	18 0	11 11
" Urrooah, " " ...	22 0	20 0	17 0	20 0	21 0	20 0	17 2
" Uttub, " " ...	0 0	0 0	20 0	30 0	27 0	0 0	19 13
Salt, 1st sort, " " ...	8 8	8 0	8 0	8 0	9 4	0 0	0 0
" 2nd sort, " " ...	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
" Samber, " " ...	0 0	0 0	0 0	7 8	0 0	0 0	0 0
" Pangah, " " ...	9 2	9 0	8 0	8 0	8 12	8 0	6 12
Soojee, " " ...	8 8	0 0	10 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Sugar, Cane, " " ...	4 0	4 0	4 8	0 0	0 0	6 0	0 0
" Date, " " ...	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Sugar-candy, " " ...	2 12	2 8	3 0	2 12	3 14	3 0	2 ½
Sukker, " " ...	16 0	14 0	9 0	17 0	15 4	14 0	9 0
Straw, " " ...	128 bd'ls.	0 0	300 bdls.	20 bdls.	21 bdls.	0 0	0 0
Suttoo, " " ...	16 0	16 0	15 0	21 0	27 0	16 0	16 13
Teel, " " ...	12 12	0 0	11 0	20 0	15 4	10 0	10 13
Tobacco, " " ...	11 0	0 0	8 0	12 0	9 12	6 0	6 12
Turmeric, " " ...	9 0	16 0	10 0	7 0	9 12	6 0	5 6
Wheat, (Gaho,) " " ...	19 0	20 1½	20 0	23 0	30 0	20 0	22 8

Stations and Markets, as on the 31st January 1856.

Sarun.																Bhaugulpore.		Monghyr.		Tirhoot.		Purneah.		Rajshahye.	
Sootehar, 16 miles from Sudder Station.		Byputtee Dighuarra, 18 miles from Sudder Station.		Burrowlee, 38 miles from Sudder Station.		Aleegunge, 38 miles from Sudder Station.		Meergunge, 44 miles from Sudder Station.		Soozagunge.		Sudder Station.		Mozufferpore.		Sudder Station.		Rampore Beauleah.	
Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.
17	0	18	0	16	0	20	0	18	0	16	4	17	8	18	0	13	8	16	0
30	0	30	0	0	0	33	0	32	4	37	8	40	0	38	12	60	0	0	0
4	0	4	0	5	0	5	0	5	6	4	11	4	8	4	12	4	8	5	10
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	200	0	120	0	0	0	60	0	37	8
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	250	0	140	0	0	0	80	0	48	12
2	0	2	4	2	8	0	0	3	4	0	5	1	4	2	0	0	5	2	0
7	0	6	0	24	0	8	0	6	8	4	6	24	0	9	0	32	0	12	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	No.	32	No.	0	0	32	No.	32	No.
12	0	12	8	13	0	17	0	18	0	17	8	16	0	15	0	16	0	24	0
4	0	4	0	4	0	4	8	4	8	3	14	3	0	3	12	4	0	3	12
19	0	17	0	16	0	17	0	18	0	16	4	17	8	14	0	14	0	21	0
23	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	23	4	12	8	14	0	17	0	14	0	16	0
26	0	25	0	24	0	24	0	24	0	22	8	22	0	26	4	40	0	33	3
21	0	20	0	19	0	23	0	21	8	25	0	22	0	16	0	25	0	22	8
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	15	0	15	0	10	0	10	0
24	0	23	0	24	0	28	0	24	0	0	0	18	0	15	0	25	0	26	4
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	8	22	0	19	0	32	0	26	4
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	128	No.	100	No.	140	No.	128	No.	128	No.
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	200	0	200	0	200	0	240	0	280	0
13	0	15	0	0	0	14	0	12	8	10	0	13	0	13	0	10	0	6	0
17	0	17	0	15	0	21	0	9	0	13	12	15	0	15	0	16	0	30	0
1	12	2	0	1	12	0	0	2	4	1	14	1	4	1	4	1	8	1	11
2	8	2	12	2	12	3	0	3	2	2	3	1	12	2	0	2	0	0	0
20	0	21	0	36	0	24	0	36	0	13	12	20	0	24	0	16	0	22	8
24	0	24	0	24	0	27	0	28	0	20	0	19	0	25	0	16	0	12	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	8
25	0	27	0	24	0	27	0	24	0	20	0	20	0	21	8	25	0	18	12
25	8	28	0	27	0	28	0	27	0	21	4	21	0	22	8	27	8	20	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18 bdls.		0	0	32 bdls.		0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0S. 6C. 3T.		0	5	0	0	0	4	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	38	12	40	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	42	0	47	0	41	8	31	4	36	0	35	0	50	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	16	0	21	0	24	6
28	0	27	0	0	0	49	0	25	0	31	4	26	0	21	8	35	0	35	10
21	0	20	0	0	0	21	0	0	0	30	0	25	0	25	0	32	0	16	0
16	0	16	8	10	0	16	0	11	6	10	0	12	0	10	0	20	0	13	8
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	12	2	8	2	8
4	4	4	0	3	8	3	8	3	10	3	2	1	8	3	4	3	0	0	0
4	0	4	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	3	12	3	0	3	4	4	0	3	9¾
0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0	12	8	50	0	40	0	16	0	64	0	32	0
40	0	40	0	48	0	45	0	48	0	46	4	45	0	48	12	60	0	60	0
40	0	42	0	48	0	16	0	50	0	50	0	35	0	45	0	32	0	20	0
22	0	21	0	27	0	27	0	27	8	17	8	20	0	26	4	35	0	28	2
26	0	25	0	32	0	28	0	30	8	20	0	22	0	27	8	37	8	32	0
0	0	17	0	0	0	14	0	19	0	25	0	17	0	16	0	20	0	0	0
20	0	18	0	24	0	24	0	24	8	0	0	20	0	17	0	22	0	0	0
23	0	20	0	27	0	25	0	28	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	30	0	26	4
0	0	0	0	9	0	7	8	8	6	0	0	9	0	7	0	8	8	9	6¾
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	9	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	8	9	8	8	0	7	8	8	6	9	6	0	0	0	0	9	0	9	6¾
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	12	11	0	7	8	8	0	4	8
6	0	7	0	5	0	4	0	6	8	4	6	4	8	4	12	4	8	4	8
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	2	4	2	12	2	0	3	8	2	3	2	8	2	4	3	0	2	0
11	0	11	8	12	0	9	0	12	8	9	9	17	0	15	0	10	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16 bdls.		12 bdls.		0	0	16 bdls.		1000 bdls.	
24	0	24	0	27	0	32	0	28	12	20	0	15	0	12	8	21	0	16	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	3	4	8	0	12	0
10	0	10	0	8	0	11	0	8	4	8	12	13	0	7	8	12	0	10	0
10	0	8	0	12	0	10	0	8	0	5	10	6	0	9	0	10	0	7	8
21	0	24	0	24	0	24	0	19	12	16	4	20	0	19	0	20	0	15	0

Statement of Prices Current in the under-mentioned Districts,

ARTICLES.	Pubnah. Sudder Station.		Rungpore Sudder Station.		Bograh. Sudder Station.		Dinagepore. Sudder Station.		Dacca. Sudder Station.		Furridpore. Sudder Station.		Sylhet. Sudder Station.	
	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.
Attah, ... per Rupee,...	16	0	10	2	16	13	10	8	9	0	14	0	12	3
Barley, (Jow,) „ „ ...	40	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	65	0	50	0	8	8
Betel-nut, (Suparee,) „ ...	7	0	4	8	5	8	3	0	5	4	4	0	5	12
Bhoosa, White, „ „ ...	100	0	0	0	0	0	75	0	80	0	160	0*	46	12
„ Missah, „ „ ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	90	0	81	4	0	0	53	0
Cardamoms, „ „ ..	0	6	0	3½	1	14	0	3	0	5	0	4	0	3
Chillies, „ „ ..	13	0	13	8	5	8	17	0	5	0	5	8	6	8
Cocoanuts, „ „ ...	32	No	24	No.	0	0	28	No.	30	No.	40	No.	36	No.
Coriander-seed, (Dhunia,) ..	32	0	13	8	22	0	15	0	16	0	20	0	55	0
Cotton, „ „ ...	5	0	3	1½	3	7	4	0	3	0	3	4	4	12
Dal, Urhur, „ „ ...	21	5	18	0	20	14	15	0	16	0	12	0	15	8
„ Gram, „ „ ...	12	0	9	0	15	7	8	12	16	0	12	0	15	12
„ Khesaree, „ „ ...	45	0	29	4	22	0	30	0	30	0	40	0	30	0
„ Maskullye, „ „ ...	30	0	18	0	22	0	18	0	30	0	27	0	38	0
„ Moong, „ „ ...	13	0	5	10	11	0	7	4	14	0	11	0	15	12
„ Mussoor, „ „ ...	26	8	18	0	14	7	17	8	12	0	17	0	20	0
„ Muttur, „ „ ...	42	8	18	0	22	0	17	8	30	0	22	0	15	8
Eggs, „ „ ...	128	No.	256	No.	0	0	120	No.	180	No.	0	0	133	No.
Fire-wood, „ „ ...	280	0	256	bdls	0	0	110	0	140	0	280	0	280	0
Flour, (Midah,) „ „ ...	16	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	8	0	11	0	7	8
Garlic, „ „ ...	32	0	18	0	11	0	20	0	32	0	8	0	40	0
Ghee, Cow's, „ „ ...	2	8	1	11	1	14	1	10	2	0	1	8	2	4
„ Buffaloe's, „ „ ...	2	12	1	11	1	14	1	12	1	12	0	0	2	12
Ginger, „ „ ...	35	0	18	0	11	0	17	0	22	0	6	0	11	8
Goor, Cane, „ „ ...	16	0	11	4	12	6	14	8	11	0	15	0	10	8
„ Date, „ „ ...	18	0	0	0	0	0	16	8	15	0	20	0	13	8
Gram, (Boot,) 1st sort, „ ...	0	0	0	0	22	0	15	0	18	12	16	0	22	8
„ „ 2nd sort, „ ..	26	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	20	0	27	0
Grass, Dry, „ „ ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	bdls.	4	bdls.	0	0	141	bdls.
Indigo, „ „ ...	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	4	0	0	0	3
Indian-corn, (Bhoottah,) „ ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Joar, „ „ ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jute, „ „ ...	32	8	0	0	27	8	17	0	22	0	18	0	10	0
Kullye, „ „ ...	47	8	33	12	0	0	22	8	45	0	35	0	52	0
Milk, „ „ ...	30	0	15	12	30	0	19	0	16	0	18	0	17	0
Mustard-seed, „ „ ...	16	0	0	0	18	3	9	0	14	0	10	0	19	4
Oil, Cocoanut, „ „ ...	3	12	0	0	2	12	1	12	3	0	2	8	1	12
„ Linseed, „ „ ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	4	0	0	6	8
„ Mustard, „ „ ...	4	8	5	0	4	6	4	0	2	12	2	10	2	12
Onions, „ „ ..	37	8	22	8	22	0	36	0	32	0	75	0	42	0
Paddy, (Dhan,) „ „ ...	80	0	75	0	82	8	36	0	80	0	65	0	101	0
Potatoes, „ „ ...	16	0	2	10	0	0	37	0	24	0	7	0	15	8
Rice, 1st sort, „ „ ...	26	8	31	8	22	0	27	0	30	0	16	0	38	0
„ 2nd sort, „ „ ...	42	8	33	12	0	0	28	8	35	0	35	0	40	0
„ Bausmuttee, „ „ ...	23	0	0	0	0	0	27	0	16	0	0	0	28	8
„ Urrooah, „ „ ...	35	0	18	0	0	0	22	0	32	0	0	0	30	0
„ Uttub, „ „ ...	40	0	20	4	27	8	22	0	32	0	27	0	45	0
Salt, 1st sort, „ „ ...	0	0	9	0	0	0	9	0	9	0	0	0	8	12
„ 2nd sort, „ „ ...	0	0	9	0	0	0	9	0	9	0	0	0	9	4
„ Samber, „ „ ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0
„ Pangah, „ „ ...	14	0	0	0	9	4	9	0	9	0	10	0	0	0
Soojee, „ „ ...	5	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	7	0	3	12	3	12
Sugar, Cane, „ „ ...	6	0	4	8	4	2	4	4	4	0	4	0	5	8
„ Date, „ „ ...	8	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	5	0	6	0	7	8
Sugar-candy, „ „ ...	2	12	1	6½	2	1	1	12	9	0	2	0	2	4
Sukker, „ „ ...	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	12	0	10	8
Straw, „ „ ...	10	bdls.	32	bdls.	0	0	7	puns.	0	0	450	bdls.	72	bdls.
Suttoo, „ „ ...	21	5	0	0	0	0	16	0	7	4	19	0	28	0
Teel, „ „ ...	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	19	0
Tobacco, „ „ ...	16	0	9	0	11	0	15	0	8	0	11	0	7	0
Turmeric, „ „ ...	11	0	6	12	7	6	4	12	5	0	6	0	11	8
Wheat, (Gaho,) „ „ ...	30	0	0	0	27	8	14	8	14	8	30	0	23	0

AUSPICIO REGIS ET SENATUS ANGLIÆ

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

Published by Authority.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1856.

Land-Sale Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given under Section VI., Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates in Zillah Sylhet will be put up to public and unreserved Sale at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 3rd day of March 1856, for arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 18th day of January 1856.

Clause I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 54.—Talook Hurry Narain Dutt and Ramkisto Dutt, Pergunnah Daccadukin; recorded proprietor, Chunder Pershaud Deb; sudder jumma, rupees 16-10-3.

No. 372.—Talook Bijoy Ram Dutt, Pergunnah Daccadukin; recorded proprietor, Radha Bullub Dutt; sudder jumma, rupees 10-3-10.

No. 373.—Talook Madhub Ram Dutt, Pergunnah Daccadukin; recorded proprietor, Kaleka Pershaud; sudder jumma, rupees 10-7-3.

No. 4.—Talook Onunt Ram Chowdry, Pergunnah Ooturgatch; recorded proprietor, Shubol Ram Doss; sudder jumma, rupees 27-11-9

No. 7. No. 2309-4.—Mududmash Mahomed Shuffee, Khunkar Nunnee Beebee, Pergunnah Sunkhire; recorded proprietor, himself, sudder jumma, rupees 16-7-8.

No. 111. No. 2692-1.—Tunkha Gunneshur Bhutt, Ramlochun Nacpunchanun, Pergunnah Daccadukin; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 35-3-5.

No. 3. No. 4275-22.—Mududmash Rohemkhan Ashrufally, Pergunnah Ooturgatch; sudder jumma, rupees 10-3-9.

No. 1589.—Talook Omed Ram, Pergunnah Chapghaut; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 21-8-9.

No. 13.—Talook Olfut Mahomed, Pergunnah Bhorun; recorded proprietors, Hurry Ram and others; sudder jumma, rupees 23-7-5.

No. 16.—Talook Roghoo Ram Paul, Pergunnah Punchkhundkalla; recorded proprietors, Shoda Nund and others; sudder jumma, rupees 24-0-0.

No. 58.—Talook Emambux, Pergunnah Bahadoorpore; recorded proprietors, Jeeaoolah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 10-3-10.

No. 282.—Talook Ahmeer Mahomed, Pergunnah Kooshearcool; recorded proprietors, Kally Churn Surmah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 12-12-10.

No. 337.—Talook Shonakam Mooktaram, Pergunnah Kooshearcool; recorded proprietor, Moolook Chundro; sudder jumma, rupees 20-4-3.

No. 340.—Talook Woolfut Warish, Pergunnah Kooshearcool; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 11-15-2.

No. 5. No. 4636-6.—Mududmash Syud Moosakhunkar, Pottah Khamar Meeah, and Golam Reza, Pergunnah Chapghat; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 13 2-4.

No. 1. No. 2198-3.—Cheragee Mooftee Mahomed Diem, Pottah Gouree Churn Paul, Pergunnah Punchhundkalla; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 11-15-5.

No. 1. No. 1998-8.—Cheragee Kootool Awaliah Hosainbux, Kunkar Pottah, Moulvee Khohloolah, Pergunnah Protabgor; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 16-0-6.

No. 2. No. 2482-2.—Mududmash Mahomed Baser Pottah, Mahomed Hosain and Golam Reza, Pergunnah Barohaul; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 10-13-10.

No. 3. No. 2482-2.—Mududmash ditto Pottah, Mahomed Munsoor, Mahomed Baser, Mahomed Nazim, Shofath Banoo, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 13-1-11.

No. 2. No. 4555-1.—Nancar Kanoongoe, Mosoodbuksh Pottah, Joymonee Surma, Mohun Ram Doss, Roop Churn Surma, Neetie Doss, Bhageeruthee Debia, Parbutty Debia, Gour Doss, Kolly Churn Doss, Joshmonth Ram Surma, Jeeolee Dossee, Chundee Churn Surma, Ram Churn Doss, Rajbollub Doss, Ramkisheen Doss, Joygobind Doss, Kistokanth Surma, and Sunker Paul, Pergunnah Barohaul; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 10-0-8.

No. 1531.—Talook Mahomed Moorad, Pergunnah Lunglah; recorded proprietor, Rezanally; sudder jumma, rupees 15-2-4.

No. 3. No. 554-7.—Cheragee Durgie Shaw Tooker, Pottah Ashgurally and Beebun Beebee, Pergunnah Lunglah; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 11-2-4.

No. 1. No. 1530-78.—Mududmash Syud Mahomed Noim, Pottah Hafizakhatoon, Syud Nazirally and Booranoodin Hossein, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 19-14-8.

No. 66.—Talook Dowluthkhan, Pergunnah Sheik Shonaitha; recorded proprietor, Madhubram Surma; sudder jumma, rupees 30-8-1.

No. 87.—Talook Joyram Khan, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietors, Ramgobind and others; sudder jumma, rupees 10-0-5.

No. 2.—Talook Gokool Shod eb, Pergunnah Havilley Jatooah; recorded proprietors, Gungaram and others; sudder jumma, rupees 47-12-7.

No. 328.—Talook Cazejelloodeen, Pergunnah Coureeah; recorded proprietors, Kamdebram and others; sudder jumma, rupees 17-1-1.

No. 348.—Talook Bhobanee Churn, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietors, Rajah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 258-5-7.

No. 351.—Talook Binoderam, Pergunnah ditto; recorde d proprietors, Bijoyram and others; sudder jumma, rupees 16-10-3.

No. 103.—Talook Rajkisto Roy, Pergunnah Havilley Shonaitha; recorded proprietors, Mahomed Esa and others; sudder jumma, rupees 16-3-5.

No. 44.—Talook Korumhazaree, Pergunnah Laoor; recorded proprietors, Bukshee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 17-1-1

No. 67.—Talook Kashul, Pergunnah Laoor; recorded proprietors, Peerally and others; sudder jumma, 31-2-4.

No. 114.—Talook Shonaram, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Radhakanth Doss; sudder jumma, rupees 37-1-11.

No. 121.—Talook Onunthram Anund, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 15-12-7.

No. 4.—Mehal Seega Buktear Sing, Pottah Shohuroolah, Abidoolah, Rohomuthoolah, Jellall Mahomed, Banoo Shaw and Lall Mahomed, Pergunnah Hashnabad; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 10-6-2.

No. 5.—Mehal Seegah, Mahomedally Khan, Pottah Mosoomuth, Bunnoo Beebee, Chand Beebee, Syud Akhatoon and Dongoorram Doss, Pergunnah Noigong; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 54-6-2.

No. 6. No. 3052-3.—Mududmash Peer Bodur Allum, Pottah Khoorshad Allum, Syud Johoor Allum and Syud Jeegurdusth Allum, Pergunnah Atooahjan; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 17-11-5.

No. 2. No. 4541-1.—Nankar No. 2, Mahomed Afzul, Pergunnah Sheekshinaitha; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 10-7-10.

No. 1. No. 3102-2.—Mududmash Danameeah, No. 1, Mehar Banoo, Pergunnah Paglah; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 29-11-7.

No. 3. No. 2941-20.—Cheragee Sherjunmah Khan, Pottah Abdoolally, Mahomed Adil, Jolill Mahomed, and Mahomed Ashruf, Pergunnah Coureeah; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 25-11-2.

No. 1. No. 2959-49.—Mududmash Mahomed Tally, Pottah Shamram Doss, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 23-9-1.

No. 5. No. 2959-49.—Mududmash Mahomed Ally, Pottah Sheik Omed, Sreekisto Surma, Ahmeer, Sheik Easdy and Gooroopersaud Chowdry, Pergunnah Coureeah; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 12-13-0.

No. 7. No. 2958-62.—Mududmash Mirjafur, Pottah Ally Reza and Mahomed Azim; Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 21-0-1.

No. 1. No. 2954-83.—Mududmash Rohim Khan, Pottah Sheik Shahebdy and Nubby, Noor Mahomed, Noboo, Charoo, Sheik Beerie, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor himself; sudder jumma, rupees 16-8-6.

No. 24. No. 3027-11.—Mududmash Rohimkhan, Pottah Bysnub Churn Dhur, and Brojo Kishore Deb, Pergunnah Echacolush; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 11-9-0.

No. 5. No. 3063-1.—Mududmash Arzanally, Pottah Syud Mozofurally, Pergunnah Kismut Atooajaun; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 11-9-1.

No. 1. No. 4267-9.—Cheragee, Noaz Shaw and others, Pottah Somee Shaw, Shabaun Shaw, Pergunnah Laoor; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 11-9-9.

No. 10. No. 4267-9.—Ditto ditto, Pottah Kacharam Doss, Gonesh Ram Surma, Ramhurry Surma, Benode Ram Deb, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 10-13-5.

No. 6.—Talook Ramkisto Zootah, Pergunnah Bajah Shonaitha; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 23-4-1.

No. 30.—Talook Modhusoodun, Pergunnah Jalshooka; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 75-11-9.

No. 14. No. 1897-1.—Nankar Moujrai, Pottah Kally Nath Surma, Brijogobind Bhooi, Moulvee Mahomed Idris Khan, Roygoind Bhooi, Pergunnah Kismut Baja Shonaitha; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 15-2-6.

No. 3. No. 3729-2.—Nancar Omed Reza and Koorban Reza, Pottah Joman Reza, Pergunnah Baniachong; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 17-4-0.

No. 1719. No. 4496.—Chowgurkhanaree, Pottah Mosomut Womunkhyr Beebee, Pergunnah Baneachong; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 13-7-4.

No. 1968 No. 4496.—Chowgurkhanabaree, Pottah ditto ditto ditto ditto; sudder jumma, rupees 11-1-8.

No. 1. No. 3679-1.—Cheragee Nuseeroolah, Pottah Gour Churn Doss, Pergunnah Bowaljor; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 10-3-10.

No. 2. No. 3647-5.—Mududmash Goasoodeen, Pottah Mahomed Ashgur, Mosimoolah, Jakir Mahomed, Basir Mahomed, Anwor Mahomed, Sheik Baparee, Mahomed Kazim, Khan Mahomed, Sheik Baroo, Pergunnah Batricool; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 16-3-0.

No. 5.—Mehaul Halabaddy, Talook Joygopaul Chowdry and Shamanund Roy, Pergunnah Doolally; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 19-3-2.

No. 1.—Talook Roghoonundun, Pergunnah Allynogur; recorded proprietors, Kanie Paul and others; sudder jumma, rupees 31-12-7.

No. 5.—Talook Jeebun Roy, Pergunnah Allinogur; recorded proprietor, A. J. Vincent; sudder jumma, rupees 88-1-8.

No. 21.—Talook Juggoo Roy, Pergunnah Havilley Mourapore; recorded proprietor, Adith Ram; sudder jumma, rupees 12-2-7.

No. 27.—Talook Gelaum Gouse, Pergunnah Bahshira; recorded proprietors Chand Ram and others; sudder jumma, rupees 47-9-2.

No. 5. No. 4778-11.—Khaneh Baree, Anund Ram Dutt, Gourkisere Dutt, and Neelkunt Dutt, Pottah Bydeenath Dybuggy, Govind Dybuggy, Bhorosha Ram Deb, Gonie Nath, Shumbhoo Nath, Sheek Damoo, Monee Chung, Jadub Chung, Govind Chung, Moolook Ram Naoo, Laloo Ram Loohar, Juggooram Shonar, Boshoonauth, Shona Nath, Naroo Nath, Sheeb Nath, Okee Nath, Bhoohee Nath, Sheek Sheedee, Juggurnath Dutt, Doolub Nath, Pergunnah Sathgow; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 22-0-0.

No. 35. No. 4492-1.—Charagee Pottah Alimoodeen, Kisto Ram Deb, Mahomed Hazee, Mohorum Khan, Isuboolah, Areza Bebee, Pergunnah Chytunnogun; recorded proprietor, Doorgachurn Mojoomdar; sudder jumma, rupees 14-2-8.

No. 274.—Talook Mooktaram, Pergunnah Rajoorah; recorded proprietors, Doorgachurn Deb and others; sudder jumma, rupees 53-5-4.

No. 2.—Talook Syud Ahmudally, Hissa Syed, Modun Reza, Pergunnah Turruf; recorded proprietors, Rambullub Deb and others; sudder jumma, rupees 2874-3-2.

No. 2.—Talook ditto, Hissa Syud Hamed Reza, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietors, Shaw Korimool Hosain and others; sudder jumma, rupees 710-5-4.

No. 2.—Talook ditto, Hissa Syud Kolim Reza, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietors, Joygobind Roy and others; sudder jumma, rupees 718-12-10.

No. 758.—Talook Akooth Ram, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietors, Shabhebram and others; sudder jumma, rupees 10-12-10.

No. 1120.—Talook Shoba Ram Baparee, Pergunnah Turruff; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 20-9-7.

No. 1220.—Talook Kashigunga-hurteeluck-attah and Shaker Mehomed, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 11-5-4.

No. 1254.—Talook Ahamud Ahid, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 18-1-1.

No. 1338.—Talook Anisa Banoo, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 40-14-11.

No. 153.—Talook Kartick Sing, Pergunnah Bamoi; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 11-9-7.

No. 7. No. 1180-3.—Mududmash Syud Mahomed Mendhee, Pottah Obhoya Churn Kur, Shama Churn Kur, Syud Arshud Ally, Pergunnah Turruf; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 15-8-11.

No. 83. No. 919-2.—Mududmash Shaw Godahossein, Pottah Sheik Meeadhun, Pergunnah Godahosseinnogur; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 13-1-2.

No. 5. No. 1864-1.—Haneh Baree Mahomed Afzul, Pottah Ibrahim, Pergunnah Daoodnogur; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 10-8-5.

No. 1. No. 22-9.—Mududmash Chuck Jamal Mahomed, Pottah Radhagobind Audicarry, Pergunnah Bamoi; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 29-2-1.

F. A. GLOVER,
Officiating Collector.

SYLHET COLLECTORSHIP,
The 7th February 1856.

THOS. JONES, "CALCUTTA GAZETTE" OFFICE.

Stations and Markets, as on the 31st January 1856.—(Continued.)

Cachar.	Backergunge.		Chittagong.	Tipperah.	Bullooah.	Nuddea.		Baraset.	Jessore.
Sylchar.	Burrisaul.	Nulchity, 10 miles from Sudder Station.	Sudder Station.	Comilah.	Sudder Station.	Kishennagore.	Chogdah, 24 miles from Sudder Station.	Sudder Station.	Sudder Station.
Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.
0 0	10 0	12 0	14 0	7 0	8 0	10 10	8 0	9 0	13 0
0 0	20 0	25 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	50 0	40 0	26 0	32 0
700 No.	6 0	8 0	800 No.	4 0	1 Khn.	5 0	6 8	5 5	6 8
0 0	40 0	130 0	60 0	0 0	80 0	40 0	60 0	0 0	32 0
0 0	64 0	100 0	43 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	53 8
0 0	0 5	1 8	0 6	0 4	0 5	1 10	2 0	0 0	2 0
4 8	3 8	4 4	6 0	5 5	5 14	8 0	7 0	5 5	32 0
32 0	60 No	80 No.	32 No	0 0	55 No.	32 No.	64 No.	64 No.	80 No.
0 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	16 0	20 0	16 0	20 0	16 0	20 0
10 0	3 0	2 0	3 8	3 0	8 0	3 2	3 4	3 4	3 8
16 0	16 0	16 0	13 0	12 12	13 0	18 0	13 0	16 0	16 0
16 0	12 12	15 0	10 0	12 12	13 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	11 0
28 0	25 0	32 0	27 8	32 0	32 0	26 8	32 0	26 8	29 0
0 0	21 4	30 0	21 0	32 0	18 0	24 0	26 0	26 8	28 8
16 0	12 12	14 0	10 0	16 0	12 0	11 0	10 0	8 0	11 0
16 0	12 0	14 0	21 0	16 0	22 0	24 0	25 0	22 0	16 0
0 0	21 4	30 0	13 0	0 0	28 0	24 0	32 0	26 8	21 8
0 0	128 No.	0 0	192 No.	256 No	350 No.	0 0	0 0	128 No.	128 No.
32 bdls.	64 bdls.	180 0	240 0	32 bdls.	8 bdls.	80 bdls.	240 0	180 0	200 0
0 0	8 0	0 0	12 0	7 0	8 0	9 0	8 0	8 0	11 0
21 0	21 4	30 0	21 0	32 0	20 0	16 0	16 0	0 0	0 0
2 0	1 12	1 10	1 4	1 0	0 0	1 10	1 8	1 4	1 8
2 2	0 0	0 0	1 12	0 0	1 14	0 0	1 10	1 9	0 0
0 0	8 0	20 0	8 0	10 12	12 0	11 0	16 0	16 0	16 0
11 0	10 12	12 8	13 0	16 0	12 0	9 0	12 0	8 0	0 0
12 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	18 0	10 0	16 0	12 0	32 0
0 0	20 0	18 0	16 0	16 0	18 0	18 8	18 0	18 0	14 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	20 0	0 0	0 0	20 8	20 0	0 0	16 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	12 bdls.	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
0 0	0 3	0 4	0 6	0 0	0 4	0 0	0 0	0 3¼	0 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
16 0	21 4	19 0	13 0	21 5	20 0	18 0	16 0	16 0	0 0
26 0	32 0	0 0	30 0	45 11	38 0	32 0	30 0	26 8	32 0
18 0	22 0	20 0	20 0	16 0	25 0	16 0	20 0	16 0	16 0
14 0	0 0	13 0	10 0	16 0	0 0	12 0	10 8	9 0	11 0
0 0	2 10	0 0	2 8	2 0	2 12	2 14	3 0	3 0	3 0
0 0	2 10	0 0	1 4	0 0	0 0	3 4	3 4	0 0	0 0
3 0	2 8	0 0	2 8	3 0	2 6	3 0	3 4	3 0	3 0
16 0	21 4	32 0	21 0	42 8	16 0	13 0	32 0	32 0	16 0
100 0	65 0	80 0	70 0	0 0	85 0	50 0	60 0	40 0	0 0
0 0	16 0	0 0	10 0	0 0	13 0	32 0	30 0	21 8	16 0
50 0	28 0	31 0	22 8	42 8	40 0	30 8	26 0	0 0	16 0
60 0	32 0	32 8	27 8	45 0	42 8	32 0	30 0	25 0	30 0
0 0	16 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	20 0	16 0	20 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	32 0	0 0	33 8	32 0	0 0	0 0
0 0	27 12	24 0	27 0	42 8	32 0	24 0	26 0	20 0	26 10
8 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	9 2	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
0 0	0 0	10 0	18 0	10 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
0 0	6 8	8 0	0 0	6 0	8 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
0 0	8 0	0 0	18 0	0 0	10 11	10 0	11 0	10 0	9 0
3 0	4 0	0 0	10 0	0 0	4 0	0 0	6 0	6 8	8 0
5 0	3 8	4 8	0 0	4 0	3 8	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0
0 0	5 4	11 0	4 0	6 0	5 8	4 8	5 0	4 8	6 0
0 0	2 0	2 12	1 8	1 5	2 8	2 8	3 0	2 12	4 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	8 0	0 0	0 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	0 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	25 bdls.	20 bdls.	0 0	12 puns.	0 0	9 puns	0 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	10 8	11 0
5 0	0 0	14 0	4 0	0 0	0 0	11 4	10 0	8 0	3 8
21 0	8 0	12 0	12 0	10 0	7 0	12 0	11 0	12 0	16 0
0 0	5 4	6 0	6 0	32 0	4 8	5 12	8 0	0 0	0 0
	13 0	0 0	20 0	12 12	0 0	16 0	16 0	13 8	26 0

Statement of Prices Current in the under-mentioned Districts

ARTICLES.	Moorshedabad.	Burdwan.			Hooghly.	Ban-	
	Berhampore.	Sudder Station.	Calnaeah, 32 miles from Sudder Station.	Catooah, 40 miles from Sudder Station.	Sudder Station.	Sudder Station.	Bishunpore, 20 miles from Sudder Station.
	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.
Attah, ... per Rupee,...	12 0	12 0	0 0	12 12	11 0	10 12	8 0
Barley, (Jow,) „ „ ...	40 0	37 8	45 0	41 4	32 0	0 0	0 0
Betel-nut, (Suparee,) „ ...	4 0	4 8	5 4	6 0	6 0	5 0	5 0
Bhoosa, White, „ „ ...	34 0	57 8	45 0	45 0	45 0	50 0	0 0
„ Missah, „ „ ...	38 0	41 4	50 0	60 0	50 0	64 0	0 0
Cardamoms, „ „ ...	1 12	1 8	1 14	2 4	2 8	1 10	1 12
Chillies, „ „ ...	5 8	7 8	7 8	8 4	6 0	5 8	6 0
Cocoanuts, „ „ ...	25 No.	32 No.	40 No.	40 No.	64 No.	32 No.	0 0
Coriander-seed, (Dhunia,) ...	15 0	9 0	18 12	27 0	24 0	16 0	0 0
Cotton, „ „ ...	4 0	3 12	3 3	3 12	3 4	0 0	0 0
Dal, Urhur, „ „ ...	16 0	18 12	14 4	19 8	18 0	18 0	21 0
„ Gram, „ „ ..	13 0	15 0	11 4	15 0	13 0	11 4	12 0
„ Khesaree, „ „ ...	25 0	33 12	35 0	33 12	30 0	0 0	0 0
„ Maskullye, „ „ ...	19 0	30 0	25 0	18 0	24 0	0 0	0 0
„ Moong, „ „ ...	9 0	15 0	13 8	12 0	14 0	16 0	15 0
„ Mussoor, „ „ ...	16 0	27 0	18 12	26 4	23 0	18 0	22 0
„ Muttur, „ „ ...	25 0	37 8	28 0	30 0	28 0	16 0	16 0
Eggs, „ „ ...	126 No.	128 No.	128 No.	128 No.	128 No.	256 No.	0 0
Fire-wood, „ „ ...	160 0	150 0	183 12	270 0	160 0	240 0	0 0
Flour, (Midah,) „ „ ...	11 0	10 8	10 2	12 0	10 8	9 8	6 8
Garlic, „ „ ...	15 0	24 0	20 0	26 4	32 0	12 0	0 0
Ghee, Cow's, „ „ ..	1 8	1 8	1 11	1 9½	1 8	1 12	1 14
„ Buffaloe's, „ „ ...	1 8	1 14	1 11	1 12½	1 8	2 0	0 0
Ginger, „ „ ...	15 0	26 4	20 0	15 0	20 0	16 0	0 0
Goor, Cane, „ „ ...	8 0	9 15	14 4	13 8	13 0	16 0	0 0
„ Date, „ „ ...	0 0	12 0	17 4	19 8	18 0	0 0	0 0
Gram, (Boot,) 1st sort, „ ...	20 0	18 12	15 0	21 0	18 0	17 0	17 0
„ „ 2nd sort, „ ..	21 0	19 8	16 8	21 12	20 0	18 0	0 0
Grass, Dry, „ „ ...	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	8 bdls	0 0
Indigo, „ „ ...	0 3	0 3	0 2¼	0 0	0 0	0 4	0 0
Indian-corn, (Bhoottah,) „ ...	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Joar, „ „ ...	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Jute, „ „ ...	19 0	15 0	20 0	22 8	19 0	0 0	0 0
Kullye, „ „ ...	29 0	30 0	32 0	29 4	29 0	23 0	20 8
Milk, „ „ ...	16 0	24 0	24 0	13 8	16 0	20 0	0 0
Mustard-seed, „ „ ...	10 0	12 0	10 8	10 8	10 0	9 0	16 0
Oil, Cocoanut, „ „ ...	2 4	3 6	3 0	3 0	3 0	2 6	0 0
„ Linseed, „ „ ...	3 4	3 0	2 13	2 13	2 8	0 0	0 0
„ Mustard, „ „ ...	3 0	3 6	3 3	2 13	3 4	0 0	0 0
Onions, „ „ ...	40 0	48 0	32 0	30 0	40 0	12 0	0 0
Paddy, (Dhan,) „ „ ...	52 8	67 8	60 0	60 0	45 0	0 0	0 0
Potatoes, „ „ ...	20 0	24 0	32 0	30 0	26 8	0 0	0 0
Rice, 1st sort, „ „ ..	29 0	35 10	22 0	33 12	20 0	44 0	40 0
„ 2nd sort, „ „ ...	30 0	39 0	32 0	39 12	26 8	50 0	0 0
„ Bausmuttee, „ „ ...	0 0	26 4	0 0	21 0	16 0	0 0	0 0
„ Urrooah, „ „ ...	0 0	24 0	0 0	24 0	13 0	32 0	0 0
„ Uttub, „ „ ...	24 0	37 8	21 4	29 4	21 0	0 0	0 0
Salt, 1st sort, „ „ ...	0 0	10 8	10 11	10 14	10 0	0 0	0 0
„ 2nd sort, „ „ ...	10 0	10 14	10 8	11 4	10 8	0 0	0 0
„ Samber, „ „ ...	0 0	0 0	0 0	12 6	8 0	0 0	0 0
„ Pangah, „ „ ..	8 12	10 8	11 1	10 14	10 8	9 0	10 0
Soojee, „ „ ...	6 0	9 0	6 0	7 8	10 0	5 0	0 0
Sugar, Cane, „ „ ...	4 0	5 4	4 0	4 4	4 8	0 0	0 0
„ Date, „ „ ...	0 0	6 0	3 12	6 12	6 0	0 0	0 0
Sugar-candy, „ „ ...	3 0	3 12	2 8½	3 3	3 0	2 8	0 0
Sukker, „ „ ...	8 8	9 0	8 0	10 0	13 0	14 0	0 0
Straw, „ „ ...	5½ puns	8 puns	7 puns	4 puns	480 bdls.	14 puns	0 0
Suttoo, „ „ ...	15 0	12 0	12 0	11 4	16 0	0 0	0 0
Teel, „ „ ...	9 8	10 8	11 0	11 4	11 0	13 0	0 0
Tobacco, „ „ ...	8 0	10 8	12 0	15 0	11 0	7 8	9 8
Turmeric, „ „ ...	8 8	5 4	6 12	6 12	6 0	5 0	4 8
Wheat, (Gaho,) „ „ ...	16 8	26 8	18 0	16 0	14 0	14 0	0 0

Stations and Markets, as on the 31st January 1856.—(Continued.)

coorah.	Beer-bhoom.	Midna-pore.	Cuttack.	Balasore.	Man-bhoom.	Goalpar-rah.	Kamroop.	Darjeeling.
Kotulpore, 30 miles from Sudder Station.	Sooree.	Sudder Station.	Sudder Station.	Sudder Station.	Sudder Station.	Sudder Station.	Goahatty.	Sudder Station.
Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.
11 0	12 12	8 14	11 13	13 0	12 0	13 0	11 0	9 0
60 0	0 0	24 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
5 0	4 0	5 0	5 4	7 0	4 8	6 0	4 0	4 0
60 0	34 0	37 8	84 0	64 0	64 0	0 0	120 0	0 0
0 0	40 0	40 0	84 0	8 0	0 0	106 0	60 0	0 0
0 0	0 3¾	1 8	1 5	1 2	1 8	0 4½	0 4	4 0
0 0	4 0	5 8	5 14½	5 4	4 8	7 8	2 12	6 0
0 0	32 No.	32 No.	48 No.	32 No.	0 0	32 No.	16 No.	8 No.
0 0	12 0	18 0	21 0	16 0	12 0	20 0	16 0	6 0
0 0	3 12	3 0	3 4½	3 0	3 0	4 0	4 0	2 0
14 0	12 0	12 0	18 6	13 0	14 0	11 8	11 0	8 0
0 0	0 0	9 8	13 2	0 0	12 0	8 0	12 0	11 0
0 0	21 0	24 0	28 14	21 0	21 0	30 0	27 0	16 0
0 0	21 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	22 0	20 0	32 0	13 0
18 0	9 8	14 0	21 0	21 0	12 0	8 0	8 0	10 0
24 0	17 12	21 0	15 12	21 0	16 0	30 0	16 0	13 0
0 0	21 12	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	28 0	16 0	13 0
0 0	128 No.	125 No.	128 No.	192 No.	0 0	124 No.	192 No.	64 No.
0 0	96 0	8 challas	630 0	256 0	9 0	10 bdls.	16 bdls.	480 0
0 0	9 0	7 8	7 14	8 0	9 0	0 0	10 0	8 0
9 0	24 0	16 0	10 8	10 8	20 0	7 0	16 0	8 0
2 0	1 10½	1 10	2 2	1 12	2 0	1 12	2 8	2 0
0 0	1 12	1 11	2 4¾	2 0	2 2	1 13	1 6	3 0
0 0	16 0	16 0	8 8½	15 4	10 0	8 0	16 0	8 0
13 0	0 0	14 0	13 2½	16 0	16 0	12 0	8 0	8 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	13 0	0 0	0 0
16 0	0 0	12 8	0 0	16 0	19 0	16 0	13 0	13 0
0 0	0 0	13 0	21 0	0 0	20 0	16 0	16 0	14 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	16 bdls.	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
0 4½	0 4	0 5	0 2½	0 2½	0 4	0 0	0 2	0 3½
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	48 0	0 0	0 0	24 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	24 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
0 0	18 0	15 0	10 8	32 0	0 0	23 0	20 0	8 0
25 0	26 0	20 0	52 8	32 0	26 0	40 0	40 0	16 0
0 0	24 0	20 0	21 0	16 0	32 0	16 0	16 0	15 0
15 0	8 0	14 0	15 12	16 0	12 0	14 0	16 0	8 0
0 0	1 13½	3 0	3 9¾	3 0	2 8	2 0	2 0	1 8
0 0	0 0	3 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 12
0 0	2 9	3 8	5 4	4 8	3 4	3 4	2 0	2 4
0 0	16 0	15 0	27 9	16 0	24 0	8 0	8 0	8 0
0 0	53 8	64 0	105 0	160 0	100 0	60 0	80 0	16 0
0 0	13 0	16 0	42 0	0 0	20 0	48 0	8 0	16 0
0 0	27 12	18 0	38 1	16 0	40 0	23 0	16 0	14 0
0 0	33 8	34 0	40 11	28 0	47 0	30 0	30 0	15 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	40 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
0 0	29 8	33 0	38 1	48 0	0 0	20 0	20 0	13 0
0 0	23 12	38 0	36 12	52 0	36 0	20 0	35 0	13 0
0 0	10 6	0 0	0 0	0 0	8 0	11 0	10 0	6 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	22 0	0 0	8 4	11 4	11 0	6 4
0 0	0 0	0 0	2 4¾	2 8	3 0	0 0	3 0	7 0
10 0	0 0	9 2	20 0	17 0	8 4	0 0	11 0	5 0
0 0	5 12	5 0	6 9	5 0	5 8	8 0	5 0	7 8
0 0	3 11	4 7	0 0	4 8	0 0	4 0	5 0	3 4
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	5 8	6 0	0 0
0 0	2 3	2 12	2 10	2 4	2 0	1 12	2 0	1 0
0 0	7 14	9 0	13 2	10 0	9 0	0 0	10 0	6 0
10 puns	4 puns	12 puns	1800 bdls.	800 bdls.	0 0	800 bdls.	2000 bdls.	0 0
0 0	0 0	8 0	0 0	10 0	12 0	0 0	8 0	8 0
16 0	0 0	15 0	14 7	15 0	13 8	13 0	8 0	8 0
0 0	10 6	9 0	3 15	8 0	6 0	10 0	8 0	8 0
0 0	3 10	6 0	7 14	6 0	4 8	6 0	2 0	2 0
13 5	20 0	10 8	12 0	16 0	18 0	30 0	26 0	13 0

By order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces,

A. GROTE, *Secretary.*

Stations and Markets, as on the 31st January 1856.—(Continued.)

coorah.	Beer-bhoom.	Midna-pore.	Cuttack.	Balasore.	Man-bhoom.	Goalpar-rah.	Kamroop.	Darjeeling.
Kotulpore, 30 miles from Sudder Station.	Sooree.	Sudder Station.	Sudder Station.	Sudder Station.	Sudder Station.	Sudder Station.	Goahatty.	Sudder Station.
Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.
11 0	12 12	8 14	11 13	13 0	12 0	13 0	11 0	9 0
60 0	0 0	24 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
5 0	4 0	5 0	5 4	7 0	4 8	6 0	4 0	4 0
60 0	34 0	37 8	84 0	64 0	64 0	0 0	120 0	0 0
0 0	40 0	40 0	84 0	8 0	0 0	106 0	60 0	0 0
0 0	0 3¾	1 8	1 5	1 2	1 8	0 4½	0 4	4 0
0 0	4 0	5 8	5 14½	5 4	4 8	7 8	2 12	6 0
0 0	32 No.	32 No.	48 No.	32 No.	0 0	32 No.	16 No.	8 No.
0 0	12 0	18 0	21 0	16 0	12 0	20 0	16 0	6 0
0 0	3 12	3 0	3 4½	3 0	3 0	4 0	4 0	2 0
14 0	12 0	12 0	18 6	13 0	14 0	11 8	11 0	8 0
0 0	0 0	9 8	13 2	0 0	12 0	8 0	12 0	11 0
0 0	21 0	24 0	28 14	21 0	21 0	30 0	27 0	16 0
0 0	21 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	22 0	20 0	32 0	13 0
18 0	9 8	14 0	21 0	21 0	12 0	8 0	8 0	10 0
24 0	17 12	21 0	15 12	21 0	16 0	30 0	16 0	13 0
0 0	21 12	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	28 0	16 0	13 0
0 0	128 No.	125 No.	128 No.	192 No.	0 0	124 No.	192 No.	64 No.
0 0	96 0	8 challas	630 0	256 0	9 0	10 bdls.	16 bdls.	480 0
0 0	9 0	7 8	7 14	8 0	9 0	0 0	10 0	8 0
9 0	24 0	16 0	10 8	10 8	20 0	7 0	16 0	8 0
2 0	1 10½	1 10	2 2	1 12	2 0	1 12	2 8	2 0
0 0	1 12	1 11	2 4¾	2 0	2 2	1 13	1 6	3 0
0 0	16 0	16 0	8 8½	15 4	10 0	8 0	16 0	8 0
13 0	0 0	14 0	13 2½	16 0	16 0	12 0	8 0	8 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	13 0	0 0	0 0
16 0	0 0	12 8	0 0	16 0	19 0	16 0	13 0	13 0
0 0	0 0	13 0	21 0	0 0	20 0	16 0	16 0	14 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	16 bdls.	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
0 4½	0 4	0 5	0 2½	0 2½	0 4	0 0	0 2	0 3¼
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	48 0	0 0	0 0	24 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	24 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
0 0	18 0	15 0	10 8	32 0	0 0	23 0	20 0	8 0
25 0	26 0	20 0	52 8	32 0	26 0	40 0	40 0	16 0
0 0	24 0	20 0	21 0	16 0	32 0	16 0	16 0	15 0
15 0	8 0	14 0	15 12	16 0	12 0	14 0	16 0	8 0
0 0	1 13½	3 0	3 9¾	3 0	2 8	2 0	2 0	1 8
0 0	0 0	3 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 12
0 0	2 9	3 8	5 4	4 8	3 4	3 4	2 0	2 4
0 0	16 0	15 0	27 9	16 0	24 0	8 0	8 0	8 0
0 0	53 8	64 0	105 0	160 0	100 0	60 0	80 0	16 0
0 0	13 0	16 0	42 0	0 0	20 0	48 0	8 0	16 0
0 0	27 12	18 0	38 1	16 0	40 0	23 0	16 0	14 0
0 0	33 8	34 0	40 11	28 0	47 0	30 0	30 0	15 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	40 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
0 0	29 8	33 0	38 1	48 0	0 0	20 0	20 0	13 0
0 0	23 12	38 0	36 12	52 0	36 0	20 0	35 0	13 0
0 0	10 6	0 0	0 0	0 0	8 0	11 0	10 0	6 0
0 0	0 0	0 0	22 0	0 0	8 4	11 4	11 0	6 4
0 0	0 0	0 0	2 4¾	2 8	3 0	0 0	3 0	7 0
10 0	0 0	9 2	20 0	17 0	8 4	0 0	11 0	5 0
0 0	5 12	5 0	6 9	5 0	5 8	8 0	5 0	7 8
0 0	3 11	4 7	0 0	4 8	0 0	4 0	5 0	3 4
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	5 8	6 0	0 0
0 0	2 3	2 12	2 10	2 4	2 0	1 12	2 0	1 0
0 0	7 14	9 0	13 2	10 0	9 0	0 0	10 0	6 0
10 puns	4 puns	12 puns	1800 bdls.	800 bdls.	0 0	800 bdls.	2000 bdls.	0 0
0 0	0 0	8 0	0 0	10 0	12 0	0 0	8 0	8 0
16 0	0 0	15 0	14 7	15 0	13 8	13 0	8 0	8 0
0 0	10 6	9 0	3 15	8 0	6 0	10 0	8 0	8 0
0 0	3 10	6 0	7 14	6 0	4 8	6 0	2 0	2 0
13 5	20 0	10 8	12 0	16 0	18 0	30 0	26 0	13 0

By order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces,

A. GROTE, *Secretary.*

Numb. 15. [277]

The Calcutta Gazette.

Published by Authority.

Notifications.

THE 14TH MAY 1853.—*The Government of Bengal having entered into a Contract with Messrs. Samuel Smith and Co., for the execution of the Government Printing Work, from the 1st July next, Public Officers employed under this Government are hereby directed not to employ any other Printing Establishment for the execution of the Government Work from and after that date.*

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

THE 2ND FEBRUARY 1855.—*The Government of Bengal having entered into a Contract with Messrs. Samuel Smith and Co., for the execution of the Government Printing Work, all Public Officers under the Government of India at the Presidency are hereby directed not to employ any other Printing Establishment for the execution of Government Work.*

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1856.

Legislative Council.

The 9th February 1856.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Most Noble the Governor General on the 4th February 1856, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. II OF 1856.

An Act to enable Magistrates and certain other Officers to take cognizance of certain offences without requiring a written complaint.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to enable Magistrates and certain other Officers to take cognizance of all offences which affect the public, without requiring a complaint in writing or the attendance of a complainant : It is enacted as follows :—

Laws repealed.

I. So much of Section V Regulation IX. 1793, of Section V Regulation VI. 1803, of Section VI Regula- IX. 1807, of the Bengal Code, and so much of Section XV Regulation IX. 1816 of the Madras Code, and so much of any other enactment, as require a complaint in writing to be preferred to a Magistrate, or the attendance of a complainant, shall not apply to any offence which affects the public.

Magistrate may take cognizance of offences affecting the public on information sworn &c.

II. A Magistrate or other Officer having jurisdiction over such offence may, on the information of a Police Officer or other person, to be given on oath or affirmation, or on his own personal knowledge (having first recorded the grounds thereof in his own hand-writing), proceed against any person for such offence in the same manner as if a complaint in writing had been preferred and duly deposed to.

Appeal.

III. All proceedings under this Act shall be subject to the like appeal as other proceedings of such Magistrates and Officers.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council.

The 9th February 1856.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council, received the assent of the Most Noble the Governor General on the 8th February 1856, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. III OF 1856.

An Act to amend Act No. XI of 1849 *and Act No. XIX of* 1852.

Preamble.

WHEREAS the office of Commissioner for the superintendence of the Abkaree Revenue, heretofore existing under Act No. XXV of 1840, has been abolished, and it is expedient to make provision for the exercise of the powers and duties vested by Act No. XI of 1849 in the Commissioner of Abkaree; and whereas it is also expedient to declare the powers of Abkaree officers to make arrests in certain cases : It is enacted as follows :—

Powers and duties of Commissioner of Abkaree vested in Commissioner of Revenue.

I. The Commissioner of Revenue of the Division within which the Town of Calcutta is or may be situated, shall possess the powers and perform the duties vested by Act No. XI of 1849 in the Commissioner of Abkaree.

Abkaree officers empowered to make arrests in certain cases.

II. Whenever an Abkaree officer shall, under Section XIX Act XI of 1849 or Section XIX Act XIX of 1852, seize any spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs, as liable to con-

fiscation, he may also arrest the person in whose possession such liquors or drugs may be found; and all the provisions of the aforesaid Acts relative to arrests shall be applicable to arrests made under this Act.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council.

The 9th February 1856.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council, received the assent of the Most Noble the Governor General on the 8th February 1856, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. IV OF 1856.

An Act to prevent the malicious or wanton destruction of Cattle.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision for the apprehension and punishment of persons who maliciously or wantonly destroy cattle: It is enacted as follows :—

Malicious or wanton destruction of Cattle to be proceeded against under Regulation XX. 1817 as a heinous offence.

I. Within the territories under the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, whoever is charged with maliciously or wantonly causing the death of any cattle, the property of another, may be proceeded against in the mode prescribed in Section XXV Regulation XX. 1817 of the Bengal Code for proceeding against persons charged with a heinous offence, and shall, on conviction before a Magistrate or other officer exercising the powers of a Magistrate, be liable to imprisonment with hard labor for any period not exceeding three years, or, at the discretion of the said Magistrate, may be committed for trial before the Sessions Judge, and, on conviction, shall be liable to imprisonment with hard labor for any period not exceeding nine years.

Punishment.

Provisions of Act XVI. 1850 applicable.

II. The provisions of Act XVI of 1850 shall be applicable to persons convicted of offences under this Act.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council.

The 9th February 1856.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council on the 9th February 1856, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 13th of April next :—

A Bill to consolidate and amend the Law relating to the Abkaree Revenue in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the laws relating to the manufacture of spirits and the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors and intoxicating drugs, and the collection of the revenue derived therefrom, should be consolidated and amended: It is enacted as follows :—

Regulations and Acts repealed.

I. Regulation II. 1802; Regulation X. 1813; Regulation XVII. 1814; Section XLI and the following Sections of Regulation XIII. 1816; Regulation XI. 1818; Regulation VII. 1824, except the first five Clauses of Section XVIII, and Sections XXIII and XXIV; and Regulation VIII. 1826, of the Bengal Code; and Act No. XXV of 1840; Act No. IX of 1841; and Act No. XXIII of 1848, are hereby repealed, except so far as they repeal the whole or part of any other Regulation or Act, and except as to acts done, offences committed, and liabilities incurred before the passing of this Act.

Collectors of Land Revenue to have charge of the Abkaree Revenue.

II. The collection of the revenue arising from the manufacture of spirits, and the sale of spirits and spirituous and fermented liquors and intoxicating drugs, shall be ordinarily under the charge of the Collectors of Land Revenue, who shall perform the duties connected therewith under the control and direction of the Commissioners of Revenue, and of the Boards of Revenue. But the Government may appoint any other qualified person to be Superintendent of Abkaree Revenue in any district or locality, and may vest such person with the charge of the Abkaree Revenue therein; and any person so appointed shall exercise in such district or locality all the powers and authority vested by this Act in the Collector of Land Revenue, and such powers and authority shall cease to be exercised in such district or locality by the Collector of Land Revenue during the continuance of such appointment.

Government may appoint Commissioners of Abkaree.

III. The Government may also appoint a Commissioner or Commissioners for the superintendence of the Abkaree Revenue in any district or districts: and when such appointment is made, the Commissioner of Abkaree shall exercise within such district or districts the powers and authority vested by this Act in Commissioners of Revenue; and the Revenue Commissioner shall cease to exercise such powers and authority in the said district or districts during the continuance of such appointment.

Collectors may make over any part of their duties to Deputy or Assistant Collectors.

IV. It shall be lawful for a Collector to make over to any Deputy or Assistant Collector, or to any Deputy Collector appointed under Regulation IX. 1833, all or any of the duties of a Collector under this Act, and to resume the same at his discretion.

Assistants not to exercise judicial powers.

Provided that no Assistant Collector, who has not been invested by Government with the powers of a Deputy Collector, shall exercise any judicial power conferred on Collectors by this Act.

Collectors may appoint Abkaree Officers.

V. Collectors may appoint darogahs, jemadars, peons, surveyors, gaugers, and other officers, for the collection of the Abkaree Revenue, and for the prevention of smuggling; and the officers so appointed shall, in addition to their ordinary designations, be styled Abkaree Officers.

Tuhseeldars may be Abkaree darogahs.

In districts where there are tuhseeldars and mofussil establishments for the collection of the land revenue, the office of Abkaree darogah may be united with that of tuhseeldar; and in such cases the tuhseeldar and the subordinate officers of his establishment shall be held and deemed to be Abkaree Officers within the meaning of this Act.

VI. It shall not be lawful for any person to construct or work a distillery after the manner in which distilleries are constructed and worked in Europe, without a license under the signature of the Collector of the district in which such distillery is situated, or in case the distillery is within twenty miles of Calcutta, or such other distance less than twenty miles as may from time to time be prescribed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, under the signature of the Collector of Calcutta.

European distilleries not to be constructed or worked without license.

VII. The Board of Revenue, with the sanction of Government, may prescribe such rules relative to the granting of licenses under the preceding Section, to the notices to be given by the proprietor of a licensed distillery when he commences and discontinues work, to the size and description of the stills, to the passing and storing of the spirits, to the inspection and examination of the distillery and warehouses, and of the spirits manufactured and stored therein, and to the furnishing of statements and lists of such spirits, and of the stills, coppers, casks, and other utensils used in the distillery, as may from time to time be judged expedient; and such rules, when sanctioned by Government, shall have the force of law.

Board of Revenue to prescribe rules for regulating European distilleries.

VIII. A duty shall be levied on spirits manufactured at distilleries worked according to the European method at the rate of one rupee the imperial gallon London-proof, to be augmented or reduced in proportion to the strength of the spirit. No spirit shall be removed from any such distillery, or the warehouses connected therewith, upon which the aforesaid duty has not been paid, or for the duty chargeable on which a bond has not been executed as hereinafter provided; and for all spirits removed upon payment of duty or under bond, passes shall be issued by the Collector, which shall specify the quantity and strength of the spirit, the place of its destination, the person to whom it is consigned, and whether the duty has been paid or secured by bond.

Rate of duty to be levied on spirits.

IX. A drawback of the duty paid as above on spirits manufactured after the European method, and exported by sea, in the manner hereinafter prescribed, to any port not subject to the Government of the East India Company, or to the Straits of Malacca, shall be allowed by the Collector of Customs at the port of exportation. Provided always, that the exportation shall be made within one year from the date of the payment of duty under this Act, and that the spirits when brought to the Custom House shall be accompanied by the pass in which such payment is certified.

Drawback on exportation.

X. Spirits may be removed from any licensed distillery for exportation as aforesaid without payment of duty, under such rules and restrictions as may be from time to time prescribed by the Board of Revenue, on the person removing them executing a bond with security to the East India Company in the Form A. hereunto annexed, for the payment of the prescribed duty upon such portion of the said spirits as may not be exported within four months from the date of the bond. Provided, however that it shall be lawful for the Collector, with the sanction of the Commissioner, on sufficient cause shown, to extend the period allowed for the exportation of the spirits for a further term of four months.

Spirits may be removed for exportation under bond.

XI. Spirits intended for exportation by sea shall be gauged and proved, previous to shipment, by an officer of the Customs. The amount of drawback to be allowed upon spirits for which duty has been paid shall be regulated according to the strength and quantity of the said spirits as ascertained by such proof and gauge; and the quantity of spirits brought for exportation under any bond shall be determined in the same manner. Spirits under bond shall be taken from the distillery direct to the Custom House Wharf under passes to be granted for that purpose by the Collector.

Rules to be observed in the exportation of spirits.

XII. When spirits are passed from a distillery under bond, duty shall be recoverable upon any difference between the quantity of spirits so passed from the distillery and the quantity ascertained by gauge and proof at the Custom House, less such allowance for ullage and leakage as may be prescribed by the Board of Revenue. If, upon proof at the Custom House, the strength of any spirits shall be found to be less than that at which they were passed from the distillery, as entered in the pass or invoice thereto annexed by the surveyor or officer in charge of the distillery, such spirits, with the cask in which they are contained, shall be liable to confiscation.

Duty to be recovered on any deficiency in spirits under bond.

Spirits deficient in strength to be liable to confiscation.

XIII. Spirits brought to the Custom House Wharf under bond for exportation may nevertheless be removed for local consumption, under passes to be granted for that purpose by the Collector of Revenue, upon payment of the prescribed duty of one rupee the imperial gallon London-proof on the quantity so removed. Spirits so removed shall be treated on settlement of the bond in the same manner as if they had been exported by sea.

Spirits intended for exportation may be removed for local consumption.

XIV. All sums due to Government under bonds executed according to the provisions of this Act may be recovered either by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the parties by whom the bonds are executed, or by suit on the bond against those parties in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Recovery of sums due under bonds.

XV. Spirits intended for exportation by sea, either under bond or with claim to drawback, shall not be shipped from any place except the Custom House, or upon any vessel to which a Custom House officer has not been appointed to superintend the receipt of export cargo. All spirits put on board of any vessel, otherwise than as above directed, shall be treated as if passed for local consumption. If the duty on the said spirits has been paid, no drawback shall be allowed; and if the spirits have been passed from the distillery under bond, the duty chargeable thereon shall remain due upon the bond. Spirits shipped for exportation shall not be re-landed without a special pass from the Collector of Revenue,

Spirits how to be shipped.

Spirits shipped for exportation not to be re-landed.

in addition to the usual order of the Collector of Customs.

No drawback on spirits exported to Indian ports or shipped as stores.

XVI. No drawback shall be allowed on spirits exported to any Port to which the operation of Section III Act No. VI of 1848 may extend, or upon spirits shipped as stores; nor shall spirits under bond be so exported or shipped without payment of the duty prescribed by this Act.

Rum Shrub, &c. how to be charged with duty—may be exported under the same rules as spirits.

XVII. Rum shrub, cordials, and other liquors, prepared in a licensed distillery under the supervision of the surveyor or officer in charge of the distillery, shall be charged with duty according to the quantity of spirit used in the preparation; and all the provisions contained in this Act respecting spirits, except such as relate to gauge and proof, shall be applicable to such liquors. When any such liquors are removed for exportation without payment of duty, the bonds to be executed by the persons removing them shall be in the annexed Form B.

Distilleries within twenty miles of Calcutta to be under the Collector of Calcutta.

XVIII. All licensed distilleries constructed and worked after the European method, and situated within twenty miles of Calcutta or such other distance less than twenty miles as may from time to time be prescribed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, shall be under the superintendence and control of the Collector of Calcutta, who shall exercise, with respect to such distilleries and to the spirits manufactured therein, all the powers vested in Collectors by this Act; and the Collectors of districts in which any such distilleries are situated shall have no jurisdiction with respect to such distilleries, or to the spirits manufactured therein, except when any such spirits shall be passed out for local consumption in those districts.

Penalty for constructing or working a distillery, or collecting materials, without license.

XIX. Every person who shall construct or work, or collect materials for working, a distillery after the European method, without a license from the Collector, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding one thousand rupees; and all spirits so manufactured, and all materials and implements collected for the purpose of such manufacture, shall be liable to confiscation.

Penalty for non-observance of rules prescribed by Board of Revenue.

XX. Every proprietor or manager of a distillery licensed under Section VI of this Act, who shall omit to furnish any notice or any statement or list required of him under the rules prescribed by the Board of Revenue with the sanction of Government, or shall do any act in contravention of the said rules, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees; and if any such offence be committed a second time with respect to the same distillery, the license granted for the working of such distillery may be withdrawn.

Penalty for removing spirituous liquors without payment of duty.

XXI. Every person who shall remove or attempt to remove from any distillery licensed under Section VI of this Act any spirituous liquors upon which the duty has not been paid, or for the duty on which a bond has not been executed, or any spirituous liquors for which a proper pass has not been issued by the Collector, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding one thousand rupees: the license granted for the construction or working of the distillery from which such liquors have been removed or attempted to be removed may be withdrawn, and the spirits, materials, and utensils contained therein shall be liable to confiscation.

Penalty for irregular re-land of spirituous liquors.

XXII. Every person who shall re-land, or attempt to re-land, any spirituous liquors shipped for exportation, without a special pass from the Collector of Revenue at the place of exportation, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees; and the liquors, together with the casks and vessels containing the same, and the carts, boats, and animals employed in carrying them, shall be liable to confiscation.

Spirits from foreign territory subject to duty.

XXIII. Spirituous liquors manufactured at the foreign settlement of Chandernagore, or at any other place beyond the limits of the Company's territories, shall, on passing those limits, be charged with the duty prescribed for proof spirits in Section VIII of this Act; and any such liquors which may be found within the limits of the Company's territories subject to this Act, without a pass from the Collector certifying the payment of such duty, shall be liable to confiscation.

Spirituous and fermented liquors not to be sold without license.

XXIV. Spirituous liquors passed from distilleries worked according to the European method, and spirituous and fermented liquors imported either by land or by sea, shall not be sold except under license from the Collector.

Fee for wholesale license.

XXV. Persons taking out licenses for the wholesale vend of spirituous and fermented liquors as aforesaid, shall pay for every such license the sum of sixteen rupees. The license shall be current only during the official year and in the district in which it is granted. But travelling merchants may obtain a general license, authorizing them to sell by wholesale in any district which they may visit in the course of their travel, without taking out a fresh license for that district, under such rules and restrictions as may be from time to time prescribed by the Board of Revenue.

Fee for retail license.

XXVI. Persons taking out licenses for the retail sale of spirituous and fermented liquors as aforesaid shall pay for every such license such fee or tax as may be fixed by the Board of Revenue, and such fee or tax shall be payable at such periods as the said Board may direct. Provided that such fee or tax shall be at such rate for each license as shall not exceed the total sum of one hundred rupees for the whole year. Any sale of spirituous or fermented liquors as aforesaid in less quantity than two imperial gallons, or one dozen of quart bottles, shall be held to be a retail sale.

Country spirits, liquors, and drugs not to be sold without license.

XXVII. It shall not be lawful for any person to manufacture spirits after the native process, nor to sell such spirits, or taree, or puchwye, or gunjah, bhang, churrus, opium, or any preparation or admixture of the same, except under license from the Collector.

Taree to be held to be a fermented liquor.

XXVIII. All the provisions relating to the sale or possession of fermented liquors contained in the following Sections of this Act shall

be held applicable to the sale or possession of taree, whether in a fermented state or otherwise; and all taree, both fresh and fermented, shall be held to be included in the expression "fermented liquors" as used in the following Sections of this Act.

Proviso.

XXIX. Provided, however, that it shall be lawful for Government, on the report of the Board of Revenue, to pass an order suspending the operation of all the provisions relating to taree contained in this Act, with respect to any district in which the consumption of taree in a fermented state is inconsiderable; and after the passing of any such order, it shall be lawful for taree to be possessed and sold without license in any such district, notwithstanding any thing contained in this Act.

Collectors may establish distilleries for country spirits.

XXX. The Collector, with the sanction of the Board of Revenue, may establish at any place within his jurisdiction a distillery in which spirits may be manufactured after the native process; and may from time to time fix limits within which no country spirits, except such as are manufactured at the said distillery, shall be introduced or sold without a special pass from the Collector, and within which no stills shall be constructed or worked, or spirits manufactured, except at the said distillery. He may also, with the like sanction, discontinue any distillery so established whenever its discontinuance may appear to be expedient.

Board may prescribe rules for distilleries.

XXXI. The Board of Revenue may prescribe such rules relative to the internal management of distilleries established as above, to the conditions on which spirits may be manufactured in the said distilleries, and to the passes to be issued for the conveyance of such spirits to the shops of the vendors, as may from time to time be judged expedient.

And regulate the mode of supplying taree and intoxicating drugs to the licensed vendors thereof.

XXXII. The Board of Revenue may regulate the mode in which taree shall be supplied to licensed vendors of the same; and may frame rules for the grant of licenses or passes to persons purchasing, transporting, or storing gunjah, bhang, or churrus for the supply of the licensed vendors of those drugs. They may also place the cultivation, preparation, and store of the intoxicating drugs above-mentioned under such supervision as may be deemed necessary to secure the duty leviable thereon.

Supply of Opium to licensed vendors.

XXXIII. Opium shall be supplied to licensed vendors from the Government stores in such manner and at such prices as the Board of Revenue may direct; and no other description of opium shall be sold by such vendors.

Sale of more than specified quantities of country spirits, &c. prohibited.

XXXIV. Except for the supply of licensed vendors, country spirits, taree, and puchwye and intoxicating drugs shall not be sold in larger quantities than are hereunder specified—namely, country spirits one seer, taree or puchwye four seers, gunjah or bhang, or any preparation or admixture of the same, one quarter of a seer, churrus or opium, or any preparation or admixture of the same, five tolahs weight; and the sale of any such quantity as is herein allowed shall be deemed to be a retail sale within the meaning of this Act.

Duty on the retail sale of country spirits, &c.

XXXV. Whenever a license for the retail sale of country spirits, taree, or puchwye, or intoxicating drugs, shall be granted under this Act, the Collector shall be authorized to demand in consideration of the privilege granted, such tax or duty, or a tax or duty adjusted on such principles, as may from time to time be fixed with the sanction of the Board of Revenue; and such tax or duty shall be payable at such periods as the said Board may direct. The Collector may grant special licenses for the sale of unfermented taree, only at those periods of the year when the fresh juice is in request: fees may be demanded for such special licenses at a rate not exceeding one rupee for each license; and the vendors shall not be subject to any other tax or duty.

Licensed retail vendors of country spirits to furnish security.

XXXVI. Persons taking out licenses for the retail sale of country spirits, taree, or puchwye or intoxicating drugs, shall give such security for the performance of their engagements, or make such deposit in lieu of security, as the Collector may require.

Duration and renewal of license.

XXXVII. Unless otherwise specially authorized by the Board of Revenue, licenses for retail sale as aforesaid shall be granted for the term of one year, and if continued to the holders thereof, shall be formally renewed from year to year. But it shall be incumbent on every person holding a license, who may intend not to renew it, to give notice of his intention to the Collector fifteen days previous to the expiration of the year; and if such notice be not given, and the license be not recalled by the Collector, the license held, and engagement entered into by every such person, shall remain in force as if the said license and engagement had been formally renewed.

Board to regulate form of license.

XXXVIII. The Board of Revenue shall have authority to regulate the form and conditions of all licenses granted under this Act; and every person taking out a license for the manufacture of country spirits, or for the retail sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs, shall execute a counterpart engagement in exact conformity with the tenor of such license.

Parties taking out license to execute counterpart engagements.

License may be recalled in certain cases.

XXXIX. The Collector may recall or cancel any license granted under this Act if the tax or duty therein stipulated be not duly paid, or in case of a violation of any other condition thereof, or of the holder being convicted of a breach of the peace or any other criminal offence. If the Collector desire to recall a license for any cause other than those above specified, he shall give one month's previous notice, or make such compensation for default of notice as the Commissioner or Board of Revenue shall direct.

Surrender of license.

XL. Any licensed retail vendor may surrender his license on giving fifteen days' previous notice to the Collector, and paying a sum equal to the tax for fifteen days over and above the sum payable under the license.

Recovery of arrears of tax or duty.

XLI. The Collector may recover any arrear of tax or duty due on account of any license granted under this Act, by distress and sale

of the goods and chattels of the person from whom the same is due or of his surety, or by any other process which is or may be in force for the recovery of arrears of revenue due from farmers of land or their sureties.

Penalty for refusing to produce license on demand of Abkaree Officer or for breach of license.

XLII. Every person licensed to manufacture country spirits, or to sell spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs, who shall refuse or be unable to produce his license on the demand of any Abkaree officer, or who shall commit any act in breach of any of the conditions of his license not otherwise provided for in this Act, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding fifty rupees.

Penalty for sale in contravention of license.

XLIII. Every licensed retail vendor, who shall sell any greater quantity of spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, than is allowed to be sold by retail by the provisions of this Act, and every licensed wholesale vendor who shall make a retail sale, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding two hundred rupees.

Penalty for conveying country spirits from distillery without pass, &c.

XLIV. Every person who shall convey or attempt to convey any country spirits from a distillery established under Section XXX of this Act without a pass, or exceeding the quantity for which a pass shall have been granted, or shall introduce or attempt to introduce any country spirits manufactured at another place into the limits fixed for the consumption of spirits manufactured at such distillery, or shall wilfully contravene any rule prescribed by the Board of Revenue for the management of such distillery, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Penalty for illicit manufacture or sale of country spirits, &c.

XLV. Every person other than a licensed manufacturer, who shall manufacture any country spirits, and every person other than a licensed vendor, or a person duly authorized to supply licensed vendors, who shall sell any spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, and every person authorized to supply licensed vendors, who shall sell any such liquors or drugs to any person other than a licensed vendor, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Penalty for illegal possession of country spirits, &c.

XLVI. Every person, other than a licensed manufacturer or vendor, or a person duly authorized to supply licensed vendors, who shall have in his possession any greater quantity of country spirits, or taree, or puchwye, or intoxicating drugs, except opium, than may legally be sold by retail under the provisions of Section XXXIV of this Act, or shall transport by land or by water, or have in his possession any spirituous liquors made at a distillery worked according to the European method, or any imported spirituous or fermented liquors, in larger quantity than two gallons, without a pass from the Collector or other officer duly empowered in that behalf, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding two hundred rupees; and the liquors and drugs, together with the vessels, packages, and coverings in which they are found, and the animals and conveyances used in carrying them, shall be liable to confiscation. Provided always, that nothing in this Section shall extend to any spirituous liquors, wines, or beer, purchased by any person for his private use and not for sale.

Proviso.

Provisions of the two preceding Sections not to apply to the sale and possession of taree when supplied to sugar manufactories, nor to the sale and possession of gunjah and bhang by cultivators.

XLVII. The provisions of the two last preceding Sections, so far as they relate to the sale and possession of fermented liquors, shall not be held applicable to the sale and possession of taree, the produce of the date tree, when supplied or used for the manufacture of goor or molasses; and the provisions of the said Sections relating to the sale and possession of intoxicating drugs shall not be held applicable to the sale and possession of gunjah or bhang by the cultivators of the plants which produce those drugs respectively. But such cultivators are prohibited from selling any gunjah or bhang to any one other than a licensed vendor, or a person duly authorized to purchase by pass or license from the Collector; and every such cultivator who shall act in breach of this prohibition shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Cultivators of gunjah or bhang to sell only to licensed persons.

Penalty for having in possession a greater quantity of opium than five tolahs weight.

XLVIII. Every person other than a licensed vendor, who shall have in his possession a greater quantity of opium than five tolahs weight, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees, unless the opium found in the possession of such person shall exceed the weight of thirty-one seers and a quarter, in which case the penalty may be increased at a rate not exceeding sixteen rupees the seer for all the opium so found in excess of that weight: and the opium, together with the vessels, packages, and coverings in which it is found, and the animals and conveyances used in carrying it, shall be liable to confiscation.

Exception in favor of—

XLIX. Provided always, that nothing in the last preceding Section shall extend to the persons and circumstances hereinafter specified, namely—

Opium cultivators.

1. Authorized opium cultivators having newly extracted opium in their possession during the usual period, between the full growth of the poppy and the delivery of the produce to the opium agent.

Travellers.

2. Travellers and visitants from foreign states or countries having in their possession any quantity of foreign opium not exceeding two seers, the produce of such states and countries, and intended for the private use of such travellers and visitants, or their attendants, and not for sale or traffic.

And horse dealers.

3. Dealers in horses travelling with strings of horses from beyond the South West frontier of the territory under the Government of the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces, and having in their possession opium, the produce of foreign states or countries, not exceeding in quantity the proportion of ten tolahs weight for each horse.

Penalty for possession of excessive quantity of opium by travellers, &c.

If opium be found in the possession of any traveller or visitant, or any dealer in horses as aforesaid, in excess of the quantities above specified, such excess shall be

liable to confiscation, but the persons in whose possession it may be found shall not be subject to any further penalty.

Penalties for sale of adulterated opium, &c. to licensed vendors.

L. Every licensed vendor who shall sell or offer for sale opium adulterated with any foreign substance, not being a preparation or admixture of opium for the sale of which such vendor may have taken out a license, or shall sell or have in his possession any opium other than the opium supplied to him from the Government stores, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees, the license held by him shall be withdrawn, and the opium, together with the vessels or packages in which it is found, shall be seized and confiscated.

Penalty for conniving at the illicit manufacture or sale of spirits, &c.

LI. Every proprietor, farmer, tuhseeldar, gomashta, or other manager of land, who shall authorize or connive at the manufacture of country spirits or the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs by any unlicensed person, shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Power of Abkaree officers to inspect shops.

LII. Any Abkaree officer may enter and inspect at any time by day or by night the shop or premises in which any licensed manufacturer or retail vendor shall carry on the manufacture of country spirits, or the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs.

And to arrest persons carrying spirits, &c. liable to confiscation.

LIII. Any Abkaree officer may stop and detain any person carrying any spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs liable to confiscation under this Act, and may seize the liquors or drugs, with the vessels, packages, or coverings in which they are contained, and the animals and conveyances used in carrying them; and may also arrest the person in whose possession such liquors or drugs are found.

And to arrest unlicensed distillers, &c.

LIV. Any Abkaree officer above the rank of a jemadar of peons may arrest any person having an unlicensed still in his possession, or engaged in the unlawful sale of spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, and may seize such still with the materials for working it, and all such liquors and drugs.

Power of Abkaree officers to search on information of illicit manufacture or possession.

LV. Whenever any Abkaree officer above the rank of a jemadar of peons shall have good reason to believe from information given by any person, which information shall be taken down in writing, that spirits are unlawfully manufactured, or that any spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, liable to confiscation under this Act, are kept or concealed in any house, boat, or other place, such officer may, between sunrise and sunset, but always in the presence of a darogah or other officer of Police not being under the grade of a jemadar, enter into any such house, boat, or place, and in case of resistance may break open any door, and force and remove any other obstacle to such entry; and may seize and carry away all stills and materials used in the manufacture of such spirits, and all such liquors and drugs; and may also arrest the owner or occupier of the house, boat, or place with all other persons concerned in the manufacture of such spirits, or in the keeping and concealing of such liquors or drugs.

Collector may issue warrant to search, &c.

LVI. A Collector may issue his warrant for the search of any house, boat, or other place in which he may have good reason to believe, either from information given, or from his own knowledge, or from the proceedings in any other case, that spirits are unlawfully manufactured, or that spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs, liable to confiscation under this Act, are kept or concealed, and such warrant may be executed by any officer above the rank of a jemadar of peons in the manner prescribed in the last preceding Section.

Mode of executing warrant.

Officers of Police and Revenue Departments may be vested with same powers as Abkaree officers.

LVII. The powers of seizure, search, and arrest given to Abkaree officers by Sections LIII, LIV, and LV of this Act shall, in regard to the seizure and search for contraband opium and the arrest of persons found in possession thereof, be vested also in the officers of the Police and Revenue Departments according to their respective grades. And it shall further be lawful for the Government to invest the officers of those departments, or of any of them, with the like powers with respect to the seizure of, and search for, spirituous and fermented liquors and intoxicating drugs of every description, and the arrest of persons found in possession of them; and all such officers, when so empowered, as well as all Police and Revenue officers when acting under the authority conferred by this Section for the suppression of illicit dealings in opium, shall be held and deemed to be Abkaree officers within the meaning of this Act.

Abkaree officer to report every arrest, seizure, or search to his official superior, and to carry the person arrested, &c., to the Collector for trial, &c.

LVIII. Whenever an Abkaree officer shall arrest any person, or seize any still or any liquors or drugs liable to confiscation under this Act, or enter any house, boat, or place for the purpose of searching for any such illicit articles, he shall, within twenty-four hours thereafter, make a full report of all the particulars of such arrest, or seizure, or search, to his official superior, and shall carry the person arrested, or the illicit articles seized, with all convenient despatch, to the Collector for trial or adjudication.

Penalty for obstructing Abkaree officers.

LIX. Every person who shall obstruct or molest any Abkaree officer in the due execution of this Act, or of any rules prescribed under the authority thereof, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, forfeit a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees; and shall be further liable, if an affray or breach of the peace shall happen in consequence of his resistance, to such punishment as is prescribed by law for cases of affray or breach of the peace, in addition to the penalty herein prescribed for resistance of process.

Police officers to assist Abkaree officers.

LX. All Police officers are required to aid the Abkaree officers in the due execution of this Act, upon notice given or request made by such officers; and any Police officer who, without lawful excuse, shall neglect or refuse to assist as aforesaid, and any darogah or other officer in charge of a Police station, who, on application made by an Abkaree officer under Section LV of this Act, shall fail to attend a search himself, or to depute a subordinate officer not being below the grade of a jemadar, shall, on

Penalty.

conviction before a Magistrate, forfeit for such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Penalty for maliciously giving false information.

LXI. Every person who shall maliciously give false information against any person as being engaged in the unlawful manufacture of spirits, or as having in his possession any spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs in contravention of this Act, and so procure that such person be arrested, or that any house, boat, or other place be searched to the injury or annoyance of such person, or any other person whatsoever, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, forfeit a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees, which sum, or any portion thereof, may be paid to the person aggrieved, and shall be further liable to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months.

Penalty for vexatious seizure.

LXII. Any Abkaree officer who shall vexatiously and unnecessarily seize the goods or chattels of any person on the pretence of seizing or searching for any spirituous liquors or intoxicating drugs liable to confiscation under this Act, or shall vexatiously and unnecessarily arrest any person, or commit any other excess not required for the execution of his duty, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, forfeit a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees, which sum, or any portion thereof, may be paid to the person aggrieved.

Penalty on Abkaree officers for delay in reporting arrest, &c. or in carrying person arrested to Collector.

LXIII. Any Abkaree officer who shall neglect to report the particulars of an arrest, seizure, or search within twenty-four hours thereafter, or shall delay carrying to the Collector any person arrested or any illicit articles seized under this Act, shall forfeit for such offence a sum not exceeding two hundred rupees.

Penalty for conniving at escape of persons arrested, &c.

LXIV. Any Abkaree officer who shall unlawfully release or connive at the escape of any person arrested under this Act, or connive at the manufacture of spirits or the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs by any unlicensed person, or by any licensed person contrary to the terms of his license, or act in a manner inconsistent with his duty, for the purpose of enabling any person to do anything whereby any of the provisions of this Act may be evaded or broken, or the Abkaree Revenue defrauded; and any darogah of Police or other Officer invested with local jurisdiction, who shall authorize, countenance, or connive at the establishment of any unlicensed shop for the sale of such liquors or drugs as aforesaid in any place subject to his control—shall forfeit for such offence a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Penalty for asking or taking gratuities and for offering bribes to officers.

LXV. Any Abkaree officer who shall ask or take any gratuity not authorized by any law or order of Government or of the Board of Revenue, in consideration of doing or omitting to do any act in his official capacity, and any person who shall offer any bribe to any such officer, in order to induce him to act in a manner inconsistent with his duty, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, forfeit a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Adjudication of penalties and seizures.

LXVI. All forfeitures leviable from Abkaree and other officers under Sections LXIII and LXIV shall be adjudged by the Collector, Magistrate, or other authority to whom such officers shall be respectively subordinate; and all other forfeitures and penalties prescribed for offences against the provisions of this Act, except as herein otherwise provided, and all seizures of goods declared liable to confiscation under this Act, shall be adjudged by the Collector.

Time and mode of preferring complaints on information.

LXVII. Complaints or informations of offences committed against the provisions of this Act shall be received on unstamped paper; but no such complaint or information shall be admitted unless it be preferred within the period of six months after the commission of the offence to which the complaint or information refers.

Collector may issue warrant of arrest in certain cases.

LXVIII. If from any complaint or information lodged before him, or from circumstances within his own knowledge, or the proceedings in any other case, a Collector has good reason to believe that any person has actually in his possession an illicit still, or any spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, liable to confiscation under this Act, he may issue his warrant for the arrest of the person believed to be in the possession of such illicit articles, or a warrant for search and arrest as provided in Section LVI of this Act.

In all other cases summons to issue.

LXIX. In all other cases of complaint or information of offences against the provisions of this Act, the cognizance whereof is vested in the Collector, that officer shall issue a summons requiring the attendance of the accused person on or before a certain day to be specified therein, and shall at the same time summon such witnesses as may be named by the informer or as he may judge it necessary to examine in proof of the accusation. If, on the summons being duly served, the accused person shall fail to attend, the Collector may issue a warrant for his apprehension.

If accused fail to attend, warrant may issue.

Mode of trial by Collector.

LXX. When an accused or suspected person shall be sent in to the Collector by any officer authorized to make arrests under this Act, or shall be apprehended on the warrant of the Collector, or shall attend in pursuance of summons, the Collector shall proceed to investigate the case with as little delay as possible. In the summoning and examination of witnesses the Collector shall exercise the same powers which he is authorized to exercise when acting judicially in the trial of summary suits for rent. Any person giving intentionally and deliberately a false deposition on oath or affirmation shall be held to be guilty of perjury, and shall be liable to the penalties prescribed for that offence by law.

Penalty for false deposition.

Recovery of penalty.

LXXI. Whenever any person shall be convicted of any offence and sentenced to pay any penalty forfeited under this Act, in case of non-payment of the same, the Collector, or other officer by whom the forfeiture shall have been adjudged, may issue his warrant for the distress and sale of any personal property belonging to the offender; and if no such property sufficient for the payment of the forfeiture be found, the Collector or other officer may pass an order that the offender be im-

prisoned in the criminal jail for any period not exceeding one month if the offence of which he has been convicted is punishable under this Act with a pecuniary penalty not exceeding fifty rupees, for a period not exceeding three months if the limit of the penalty is two hundred rupees, and for a period not exceeding six months if the limit is any sum above two hundred rupees. Provided always that, if the offender declare his inability to pay the forfeiture, it shall be lawful for the Collector or other officer, at his discretion, to pass an order for such imprisonment as aforesaid, instead of issuing a warrant of distress and sale. Provided also, that the imprisonment prescribed by this Section shall be in addition to any other period of imprisonment to which the offender may be sentenced under the provisions of this Act.

Punishment on second or subsequent conviction.

LXXII. Whenever any person shall be convicted of an offence against this Act, after having been previously convicted of a like offence, he shall be liable, in addition to the penalty attached to such offence, to imprisonment in the criminal jail for a period not exceeding six months; and a like punishment of imprisonment not exceeding six months shall be incurred, in addition to the punishment which may be inflicted for a first offence, upon every subsequent conviction after the second. The warrant of the Collector, or other officer adjudicating any case under the provisions of this Act, shall be authority for the Magistrate or other person in charge of the criminal jail to hold the person described therein in confinement in such jail, and for such time as may be specified and required in the said warrant.

Penalty for vexatious complaint or information.

LXXIII. Whenever any person shall attend on summons, in consequence of a complaint or information exhibited against him of any offence committed against this Act, if it shall appear on investigation that the complaint or information originated in malice or in motives clearly vexatious and unwarrantable, the Collector or other officer adjudicating the case may impose on the complainant or informant a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, which fine or any part thereof may on realization be paid to the party summoned, or may order such complainant or informant to be imprisoned for a period not exceeding fifteen days.

Disposal of goods and chattels adjudged to confiscation.

LXXIV. All goods and chattels adjudged to confiscation, except opium, shall be disposed of by the Collector by public sale. Opium seized and confiscated shall be sent for examination to the civil surgeon of the station, and, if declared by him to be fit for use, shall be transmitted to the Government factories, or otherwise disposed of in such manner as the Board of Revenue shall direct. If declared to be unfit for use, it shall be immediately destroyed.

Disposal of fines, &c. as rewards.

LXXV. One-half of all fines and forfeitures levied from persons convicted of the unlawful manufacture of spirits, or of the unlawful sale or possession of spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs, and one-half of the proceeds from sale of all confiscated articles, except opium, and in the case of opium confiscated and declared by the civil surgeon to be fit for use, a reward of one rupee eight annas for each seer shall, upon adjudication of the case, be awarded to the officer or officers who apprehended the offender; and the other half of such fines and forfeitures and proceeds of sale, or in the case of opium as aforesaid, a reward of one rupee eight annas for each seer, shall be given to the informer. If the fine or forfeiture is not realized, the Board of Revenue may grant such reasonable reward, not exceeding the sum of two hundred rupees, as may seem to them fit; and the said Board may direct by general order what classes of Abkaree officers shall receive rewards, and what classes shall have no title to share therein.

Rewards where no fine is realized.

Fines undisposed of to belong to Government.

LXXVI. All fines and forfeitures levied under this Act, the disposal of which is not specially provided for, shall belong to Government; but the Board of Revenue may appropriate any portion thereof, not exceeding one-half, for rewarding informers, or for compensating persons subjected to annoyance or injury by any proceedings under this Act.

Special rewards to informers.

Appeals from orders and sentences passed under this Act.

LXXVII. All orders and sentences passed by a Collector or other officer under this Act shall be appealable in the usual manner under the laws and regulations in force relative to appeals from the orders of Collectors or of such other officers. Provided always, that all orders passed by an officer invested with the charge of the Abkaree Revenue shall be appealable to the Commissioner, in the same manner as if the orders were passed by a Collector.

Collector with the sanction of the Board of Revenue may farm out the duties leviable on the sale of spirits, &c., except opium.

LXXVIII. It shall be lawful for the Collector, with the sanction of the Board of Revenue, to let in farm, for any period not exceeding five years, the duties leviable on the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors, or intoxicating drugs, or any description of such liquors or drugs, except opium, in any pergunnah or other known division of a district.

Board of Revenue to regulate form of tenders and conditions of lease.

LXXIX. The Board of Revenue may prescribe rules for the invitation and acceptance of tenders for such farms, and for the requisition of security for the due fulfilment of the engagements entered into by the farmers. The said Board may also regulate the form and conditions of lease; and any breach of those conditions shall render the lease liable to annulment.

The farmer to make his own arrangements with the manufacturers and vendors within the limits of his farm, &c.

LXXX. When the duties leviable on any of the articles above enumerated are let in farm, the farmer shall be at liberty to make his own arrangements with the manufacturers and vendors within the limits of his farm; and all the penalties and forfeitures prescribed by this Act for the unlawful manufacture, sale, or possession of any such article shall be incurred by all persons manufacturing, selling, or possessing the same without license or authority from the farmer.

Proviso.

LXXXI. Provided always, that every such farmer shall be required to file in the Collector's office a list of all the licenses granted by him in such form as may be prescribed by the Board of Revenue. Provided also, that it shall be lawful for the Col-

lector, with the sanction of the said Board, before entering into engagements for any such farm, to make such reservations or restrictions with respect to the grant of licenses as may be deemed proper and expedient.

Compensation for losses to be granted to farmers in certain cases.

LXXXII. If a farm be cancelled for any cause other than a breach on the part of the farmer of the conditions of the lease, or if any reservation or restriction with respect to the grant of licenses be imposed within the period of the lease, the farmer shall be entitled to receive such compensation for any loss which he may sustain thereby as the Board of Revenue shall think just and proper.

Recovery of arrears of tax or duty from or by farmers.

LXXXIII. The provisions of Section XLI of this Act shall be applicable to any arrear that may be due from any farmer of Abkaree revenue; and every such farmer shall be authorized and empowered to use the same means and processes for the recovery of any arrear of tax or duty due to him from any authorized vendor, which may be lawfully used by zemindars and farmers of land for the recovery of arrears of rent due to them from their under-tenants.

Rules respecting the manufacture and sale of spirits, &c. in military cantonments.

LXXXIV. Within the limits of any military cantonment, and within a circle drawn at a distance of two miles, or such other distance as may in any case be prescribed by Government, from such limits, licenses for the manufacture of spirits and for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors shall not be granted, nor shall the duties leviable upon such spirits and liquors be let in farm, otherwise than with the knowledge and consent of the Commanding Officer; and upon the requisition of such Officer, any license which may have been granted either by the Collector or by a farmer within such circle or limits shall be immediately withdrawn.

Mode of making arrest or search within military cantonments.

LXXXV. In all other respects the foregoing provisions of this Act shall have full force and effect within such circle and limits as aforesaid. Provided, however, that, when arrest or search is to be made within the limits of any cantonment, the Collector or other officer authorized under this Act to make arrest or search shall, whenever it may be practicable, give previous notice to the Commanding Officer, and in all other cases shall report the arrest or search to such Commanding Officer with as little delay as possible. Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall affect or interfere with the provisions of Act No. XVIII of 1853.

Powers vested in officers of the Opium Department.

LXXXVI. In the districts in which the poppy is cultivated on account of Government, the Deputy Opium Agents and Sub-deputy Agents shall exercise the powers vested by this Act in Collectors and Deputy Collectors, so far as the same relate to the suppression or punishment of illegal dealings in opium; and the officers of the Opium Department shall exercise the powers vested by this Act in Abkaree officers for the seizure of illicit opium and the arrest of persons found in possession thereof, and, in respect to such seizures and arrests, shall be held and deemed to be Abkaree officers within the meaning of this Act.

Proceedings of officers of the Opium Department.

LXXXVII. The proceedings of Sub-deputy Agents under this Act shall be subject to the revision of the Deputy Agents in the same manner as the proceedings of Deputy Collectors under Regulation IX of 1833 are subject to the revision of the Collectors; and all orders and decisions of a Deputy Agent or Sub-deputy Agent under this Act shall be appealable to the Commissioner, in the same manner as the orders and decisions of a Collector or Deputy Collector.

Provisions not applicable to the town of Calcutta.

LXXXVIII. Nothing in this Act relating to the grant of licenses for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors and intoxicating drugs, and the recovery of arrears of tax or duty due under such licenses, to the illicit sale, carrying, or possession of spirituous and fermented liquors and intoxicating drugs, and the penalties incurred thereby, and to the appointment, duties, and responsibilities of Abkaree officers, shall extend to the town of Calcutta; but the provisions of Act No. XI of 1849 shall continue in full force and effect as if this Act had not been passed.

Saving of provisions of Act XI. 1849.

Interpretation.

LXXXIX. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction.

The word "Government" means the Lieutenant-Governors of Bengal and of the North-Western Provinces.

The expression "Board of Revenue" means the Board of Revenue in Calcutta, and the Sudder Board of Revenue at Agra.

The word "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of a Revenue Division, or a Commissioner of Abkaree, whenever such officer shall be specially appointed for the superintendence of the Abkaree revenue.

The word "Collector" means any Collector, Deputy Collector, or other Revenue officer in independent charge of a district, or any officer specially invested with the charge of the Abkaree revenue.

The word "Magistrate" means any Magistrate, Joint Magistrate, or other person lawfully exercising the powers of a Magistrate.

The expression "Country spirit" means any spirit made by the native process of distillation.

Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

FORM.

A.

Know all men by these presents, That we

are jointly and severally held and firmly bound unto the Honorable the East India Company, in the sum of Company's Rupees

to be

paid to the said East India Company, or their certain attorney, agents, successors, or assigns; for which payment well and truly to be made, we jointly and severally bind ourselves, and each of us binds himself and each and every one of our re-

spective heirs, administrators, and representatives by these presents, sealed with our respective seals, dated the day of in the year of Christ one thousand eight hundred

Whereas the above-bounden

are justly and truly indebted to the East India Company in the sum of Company's Rupees

being the amount of duty payable to the East India Company, at the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon London-proof, for gallons of manufactured at which the said ha been allowed to remove thence direct to without having paid the amount of such duty, but in lieu thereof the above written obligation has been accepted by the said East India Company, the said bind ing themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, and representatives, to pay to the said East India Company, their successors, or assigns, duty at the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon London-proof, for so much thereof as shall not be exported, by sea within the space of four calendar months from the date of these presents. Now the condition of this obligation is such, that, if the above-bounden his or their heirs, executors, administrators, or representatives, or some or one of them, do and shall, at the expiration of four calendar months from the date of this obligation, well and truly pay or cause to be paid to the said East India Company, their successors, or assigns, duty at the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon London-proof for all or any portion of the above-mentioned which shall not have been then exported by sea [of which exportation, if any, due proof shall be given by the said to the Collector of aforesaid,] then this obligation to be void, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

Sealed and delivered in the presence of }

B.

Know all men by these presents, That we

are jointly and severally held and firmly bound unto the Honorable the East India Company, in the sum of Company's Rupees to be paid to the said East India Company, or their certain attorney, agents, successors, or assigns; for which payment well and truly to be made, we jointly and severally bind ourselves, and each of us binds himself and each and every one of our respective heirs, administrators, and representatives by these presents, sealed with our respective seals, dated the day of in the year of Christ one thousand eight hundred and

Whereas the above-bounden

are justly and truly indebted to the said East India Company in the sum of Company's Rupees being the amount of duty payable to the East India Company at the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon of proof spirit, for dozens of bottles, or gallons of cordials and liqueurs as specified in the annexed Schedule, manufactured at which the said

have been allowed to remove thence direct to without having paid the amount of such duty, but in lieu thereof the above written obligation has been accepted by the said East India Company, the said binding themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, and representatives, to pay to the said East India Company, their successors, or assigns, duty at the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon of proof spirit for so much thereof as shall not be exported by sea within the space of four calendar months from the date of these presents. Now the condition of this obligation is such, that, if the above-bounden his or their heirs, executors, administrators, or representatives, or some or one of them, do and shall, at the expiration of four calendar months from the date of this obligation, well and truly pay or cause to be paid to the said East India Company, their successors, or assigns, duty at the rate of one rupee per imperial gallon of proof spirit for all or any portion of the above-mentioned cordials and liqueurs which shall not have been then exported by sea [of which exportation, if any, due proof shall be given by the said to the Collector of aforesaid,] then this obligation to be void, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

Sealed and delivered in the presence of }

SCHEDULE.

Description of Cordials and Liqueurs.	Quantity in bottles or gallons.	Quantity of proof spirit.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council.

The 16th February 1856.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council on the 16th February 1856, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 20th of May next :—

A Bill to provide for the execution of Criminal process in places out of the jurisdiction of the authority issuing the same.

Preamble.

WHEREAS, by Act No. VII of 1854, certain provisions were made for the execution, in any part of the territories under the Government of the East India Company, of warrants of arrest issued by competent officers in any other parts thereof; and whereas it is expedient that similar means should be provided for the execution as aforesaid of all other criminal process issued as aforesaid: It is enacted as follows :—

All criminal process may be executed in any part of the territories after having been endorsed by the Magistrate of the place where it is executed.

I. Any criminal process whatever, including summonses, subpœnas, and search warrants, as well as warrants of arrest, issued by any Magistrate having jurisdiction in any part of the territories under the Government of the East India Company, may be executed within the jurisdiction of any other Magistrate having jurisdiction in any part of the said territories, whether in the same Presidency or not, upon having a written authority under the hand and seal of the Magistrate within whose jurisdiction it may be executed, previously endorsed thereon.

Magistrate endorsing process not liable for illegality in the issuing thereof.

II. The Magistrate endorsing any process under this Act shall not be liable to any action or other proceeding in consequence of any illegality in the issuing of the process; but any Magistrate illegally or improperly issuing the same shall be liable for any act in pursuance of the endorsement in the same manner, and to the same extent only, as if the process had been executed within his own jurisdiction.

Provisions of Act VII. 1854, and of this Act, applicable to process executed within limits of Supreme Court.

III. The provisions of Act No. VII of 1854, and of this Act, do and shall extend and apply to any warrant or other process of any Magistrate having jurisdiction in the territories beyond the local limits of the Supreme Courts of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay respectively, which shall be executed within those limits. Provided that, if a Magistrate having jurisdiction within those limits shall object to endorse any warrant or other process on account of any apparent defect therein or for any other cause, he shall refer such warrant or other process to a Judge of the Supreme Court, who shall deal therewith according to the provisions of Act No. XXIII of 1840.

Proviso.

Interpretation.

IV. The word "Magistrate," as used in this Act, includes a Joint Magistrate, or any person lawfully exercising the powers of a Magistrate, and also a Justice of the Peace.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Notifications, Appointments, &c.

No. 234.

Fort William, Home Department,
The 18th February 1856.

Notification.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to grant Mr. E. H. C. Monckton, of the Civil Service, leave of absence to Europe, on urgent private affairs, for one year.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 1007.

Fort William, Foreign Department,
The 15th February 1856.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments, with retrospective effect from the dates severally noted :—

Lieutenant G. Dangerfield, from the Bassein District, to be Assistant Commissioner, stationed at Pegu, in the Rangoon District, from 11th July 1854.

Lieutenant E. Dangerfield, from the Henzada District, to be Assistant Commissioner, stationed at Ngathonig Kyoung, in the Bassein District, from 23rd June 1854.

Lieutenant E. J. Spilsbury, Assistant Magistrate at Rangoon, to be Assistant Commissioner, stationed at Henzada from 24th July 1854.

Lieutenant M. Lloyd, of the Madras Artillery, to be Assistant Magistrate at Rangoon, from the 13th July 1854.

No. 1008.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant A. R. McMahon, 30th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, to officiate as an Assistant Commissioner in Pegu, and Lieutenant E. B. Sladen 1st Madras Fusiliers, to officiate as additional Assistant Commissioner in the Tenasserim and Martaban Provinces. This cancels the appointments of those Officers, notified in G. O. of the 5th instant, No. 662.

No. 1009.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Major R. G. Taylor to be a Deputy Commissioner of the 2nd Class in the Punjab.

No. 1010.

Captain J. Chambers, 21st Regiment Native Infantry, to be Cantonment Joint Magistrate at Sealkote.

No. 1011.

Colonel J. H. Sandys, Political Agent at Mehidpore, has obtained leave of absence for one month, from the 18th instant, to visit Bombay, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe.

No. 1012.

The 19th February 1856.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. F. Shaw to be Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, *vice* Mr. G. Couper, Officiating from the 4th instant, on which date he assumed charge of his duties, and permanently from the 11th instant.

No. 1013.

Major C. Macpherson, Political Agent at Gwalior, has obtained leave of absence for one month, from the 15th instant, to visit the Presidency, under the Rules applicable to Military Officers on Staff Employ.

No. 1014.

Mr. W. McMahon, Extra Assistant at Googaira, in the Punjaub, has passed an examination for the higher standard.

No. 1015.

Revd. R. B. Maltby, late Chaplain of Murree, has obtained eighteen days' general leave, in excess of the privilege leave for one month, which was granted to him in G. O. of 24th August last, No. 3078.

G. F. EDMONSTONE,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 7.

Fort William, Financial Department,

The 18th February 1856.

Notification.—Mr. J. A. Crawford received charge of the Office of the Government Agent and of the Secretary to the Government Savings' Bank, from the Honorable H. B. Devereux, on the 13th instant.

No. 8.

The 19th February 1856.

Appointments.—Mr. H. A. Mangles to be Assistant to the Sub-Treasurer, *vice* Mr. J. A. Crawford, appointed Government Agent.

Mr. E. Grey, at present officiating Assistant to the Sub-Treasurer, on being relieved by Mr. Mangles, to officiate as 2nd Assistant to the Accountant General to the Government of India.

C. HUGH LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 30.

Fort William, Public Works Department,

PUBLIC.

The 14th February 1856.

Appointment.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Major J. A. Weller, of Engineers, Commandant of the Sappers and Miners, to officiate as Superintending Engineer, 1st Circle, Lower Provinces, during the absence on leave of Major W. Abercrombie, or until further orders.

No. 31.

The 18th Februury 1856.

Notification.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to confirm the leave of absence granted by the Officiating Chief Commissioner, Punjab, to Mr. N. G. Steele, Assistant Civil Engineer, for six months, on private affairs, from such date as he may avail himself of the same, after the adjustment of his accounts.

W. E. BAKER, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 471.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Appointments.—The 15th February 1856.—Mr P. F. Bellew to be Register of Deeds and Marriage Registrar in the District of Mymensing.

The 16th February 1856.—Mr. G. P. Leycester to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of Midnapore.

Mr. R. J. Scott, Additional Judge of Dacca and Backergunge, to officiate also until further orders as Civil and Sessions Judge of Dacca, and to exercise the powers of a Special Commissioner, under Regulation III. of 1828, in that District.

The 18th February 1856.—The Reverend J. Robinson to be Marriage Registrar of Serampore.

Leave of Absence.—The 14th February 1856.—Mr. C. J. Muller, Deputy Collector under Regulation IX. of 1833, in Patna, for one month, from the 29th ultimo, preparatory to availing himself of the leave already granted to him on the 15th ultimo.

The Hon'ble A. Eden, Deputy Commissioner of the Sonthal Pergunnahs, from the 4th instant, on Medical certificate.

Notifications.—The 12th February 1856.—Mr. J. E. S. Lillie, of the Civil Service, reported his return to the Presidency on the 8th instant, on the Steamer "Lancefield," from which date the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him on the 3rd of November last is cancelled.

The unexpired portion of the leave granted to Mr. G. P. Leycester, on the 15th August last, is cancelled from the 15th ultimo.

The 14th February 1856.—The services of Mr. H. A. Mangles have been placed at the disposal of the Government of India.

W. GREY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 912 of 1856.

Public Works Department,

Agra, the 12th February 1856.

Leave of Absence.—Captain W. E. Morton, Superintendent Eastern Jumna Canal, for one month, from the 1st proximo, to proceed to Calcutta, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe, on Medical certificate.

No. 945 of 1856.

Judicial Department.

Notification.—The appointments of Mr. C Chester to be Commissioner of Allahabad, and Mr. W. S. Paterson to be Magistrate and Collector of Goruckpore, notified in Orders of 30th January last, will have effect from the 22nd ultimo, the date on which the privilege leave granted to Mr. Lowther in Orders of the 25th September last expired.

By order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North Western Provinces,

W. MUIR,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

General Orders by the Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council.

Fort William, 12th February 1856.

No. 245 *A. of* 1856.—The Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council, having been pleased to direct that a Force comprising the Troops stated in the margin, should proceed into Oude, and be placed at the disposal of the Resident, now Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor General, the following appointments are made in the Force :—

1 European and 2 Native Companies of Foot Artillery, with 3 Light Field Batteries.
1 Regiment and a Wing of Light Cavalry.
1 Regiment of European Infantry.
5 Regiments of Native Infantry.
1 Regiment Irregular Cavalry.

Colonel F. Wheler, of the 1st Regiment Light Cavalry, to be a Brigadier of the Second Class, and to Command the Force.

Captain J. H. Brooks, of the 1st Regiment Light Cavalry, to be Major of Brigade.

The appointments of Brigadier Wheler and Captain Brooks are to have effect from the date on which these Officers entered on the performance of their duties.

Captain D. C. Shute, Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General of the Army, to do duty with the Force in that capacity.

Lieutenant R. D. Macpherson, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, will do duty with the Force.

The Force is placed in regard to Medical Superintendence under the Superintending Surgeon Cawnpore Circle, and will draw its supplies from the Medical Depôt at Cawnpore.

The Force is to be included in the circle of payment of the Deputy Pay Master at Cawnpore.

Fort William, 15th February 1856.

No. 267 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs :—

Lieutenant Shakespear Sage, of the 30th Regiment Native Infantry, ...	For three years, under the old Rules.

Fort William, 16th February 1856.

No. 268 *of* 1856.—The services of Surgeon John Macrae, M. D., late in Civil Medical charge of Malacca, which he vacates on promotion, are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 269 *of* 1856.—The Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council is pleased, in conformity with Clauses 1 to 3, of Government General Order No. 196, of the 20th May 1848, to confer the distinction of a silver Medal and Annuity to each of the under-mentioned Non-Commissioned Officers of the Bombay Army, as specified opposite to their respective names, as a Reward for distinguished and meritorious service, to be held while serving, and after discharge with or without pension.

Serjeant Major Patrick Murray, 1st Bombay European Regiment, (Fusiliers,)	£20	From the 16th February 1856.
Quarter Master Serjeant Nicholas Hand, 1st Troop Bombay Horse Artillery, ...	£10	

No. 270 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick certificate :—

Captain and Brevet Major Henry Daniel Maitland, of the 72nd Regiment Native Infantry, Major of Brigade, Thayatmew (Pegu)	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 271 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Gentleman, whose appointment was announced in Government General Order No. 262, of the 21st February 1855, having satisfied Government on the points of qualification prescribed by existing Regulations, is admitted to the Service as a Cadet

of Infantry, on this Establishment, from the 12th instant, and promoted to the rank of Ensign, leaving the date of his Commission for future adjustment.

Infantry,

Mr. Robert Eckford.

Fort William, 18th February 1856.

No. 272 *of* 1856.—The following Notification, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal, is published in General Orders :—

"*Dated* 12*th February* 1856.—*Appointment.*—Assistant Surgeon R. Lyell to be Principal Assistant to the Opium Agent of Behar."

No. 273 *of* 1856.—The Pay and Batta and other Allowances for February 1856, of the Troops at the Presidency, and at the other Stations of the Army, will be issued on or after Monday, the 10th proximo.

No. 274 *of* 1856.—The following Notification, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant Governor, North-Western Provinces, is published in General Orders :—

"*No.* 809 *E, dated 5th February* 1856.—Major G. W. Williams, Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Agra, will assume charge also of the Office of Assistant Secretary to Government, during Mr. Carmichael's absence, or till further orders."

No. 275 *of* 1856.—The services of Lieutenant D. A. Chase, of the 64th Regiment Native Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

Fort William, 19th February 1856.

No. 276 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick certificate :—

Brevet Colonel Hugh Troup, of the 31st Regiment N. I., ...	For three years, under the old Regulations.
First Lieutenant John Grant Sombre Matheson, of the 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, ...	For eighteen months, under the old Regulations.

No. 277 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officers of the Infantry are promoted to the rank of Captain by Brevet, from the date expressed opposite their names :—

3rd Regiment Native Infantry. Lieutenant James Marquis, ... *23rd Regiment Native Infantry.* Lieutenant Alexander Lamotte McMullin, ...	17th February 1856.

No. 278 *of* 1856.—The services of Lieutenant A. K. Comber, of the 18th Regiment Native Infantry, Second in Command of the 1st Assam Light Infantry Battalion, are temporarily placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal.

No. 279 *of* 1856.—The Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to direct, that the following changes shall be made in existing Rules for the supply of Accoutrements, Saddlery, and Harness to the Army.

BUFF ACCOUTREMENTS.

The minimum period of service of Buff Accoutrements is reduced from ten to seven years, and that of Leather Accoutrements from five to four years.

Bridles belonging to sets of Artillery Harness are required to last four years instead of five.

When Accoutrements which have lasted the prescribed time, may be considered unfit for further service, they may be at once condemned by Special Committees without waiting for the assembly of the Annual Committee at the usual period and may be replaced by Indents on the nearest Magazines.

The same rule will be observed with regard to Harness and Saddlery, supplies of which will however be kept in certain Magazines only.

With a view to prevent the delay that has hitherto occurred in the re-placement of worn-out Saddlery and Harness, it is directed that every Officer whose equipment may have served one year less than the prescribed period and is likely to require renewal, shall inform the Commissary in charge of the Magazine on which he may be dependent, in order that measures may be adopted for the timely provision of a new equipment.

Saddlery and Harness will be supplied directly from the manufactories to the under-mentioned Magazines.

To that at Ferozepore, which will issue supplies to all Corps North-West of Umballa.

2. To the Delhi Magazine, which will provide for all Corps above Muttra, including those at Umballa.

3. To the Cawnpore Magazine, which will provide for all Corps at or above Dinapore, including Muttra.

4. To the Arsenal, which will provide for all Corps below Dinapore as well as those in Burmah.

A few Articles, furnished by the Ferozepore Magazine, will be kept at the Frontier Depôts to replace quickly any that may be destroyed or lost on service.

The Officers in charge of the four main Depôts of Saddlery will so regulate their Indents on the manufactories as to prevent any considerable quantity of Saddlery aud Harness being kept more than one year in store.

No. 280 *of* 1856.—The services of Lieutenant John Murray Murray, of the 6th Regiment Light Cavalry, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 281 *of* 1856.—The services of the under-mentioned Officers are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department :—

Major R. G. Taylor, of the 2nd Regiment Light Cavalry.

Captain J. Chambers, of the 21st Regiment Native Infantry.

No. 282 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick certificate :—

Ensign William Henry Wise, of the 64th Regiment Native Infantry, ...	For three years, under the old Regulations.

No. 283 *of* 1856.—Captain Thomas Henry Sale, of the Corps of Engineers, Executive Engineer, Peshawur, is permitted to proceed to Europe, on private affairs, under the old Regulations, for a period of sixteen months, being the residue of the Furlough on the same account granted to him in Government General Order, No. 117, of the 3rd April 1847.

No. 284 *of* 1856.—Senior Surgeon Hugh Guthrie, M. D., of the Medical Department, Superintending Surgeon of the Cawnpore Circle, is permitted to retire from the Service of the East India Company, on the pension of £(700) seven hundred per annum, from the date of departure of the Steam-ship "Bentinck."

No. 285 *of* 1856.—Major William Humphrey Lomer, of the 21st Regiment Native Infantry, is permitted to retire from the Service of the East India Company, on the pension of his rank, from the 27th instant.

R. J. H. BIRCH, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
in the Mily. Dept.

Notification.

BILLS at par on the Public Treasuries of the under-mentioned Districts may be had on application to the Accountant to the Government of Bengal :—

DISTRICTS.	*Amounts available on this date.*
Bogra, ...	1,00,000
Cachar, ...	19,000
Cuttack, C. D., ...	30,000
* Hooghly, ...	1,25,000
* Mymensing, ...	3,00,000
Pooree, ...	30,000
Pubnah, ...	16,000
Rungpore, ...	40,000
* Tipperah, ...	3,50,000

G. G. MACKINTOSH,
Accountant to the Govt. of Bengal.

Accountant's Office,
The 19th Feb. 1856.

* N. B.—These Treasuries will be cleared shortly if the amounts available are not taken up in Bills

Bills applied for after 2 P. M. will not be issued till the following day.

Government Notification.

THE following Notice is published for general information :—

By order,
ROBERT CHURCH,
Secy. to the Governor.

Singapore, 12th October 1855.

RAFFLES LIGHT HOUSE.

ON and after the 1st of November 1855, a fixed bright Dioptric Light of the third order will be exhibited from sun-set to sun-rise on the Islet called the "Coney" near Barn Island, at the Western entrance of the Straits of Singapore, situated according to the Admiralty Charts, in Latitude 1° 8′ 15″ North and Longitude 103° 45′ 20″ East.

The height of the centre of the Light from high water mark is 105 feet.

The Light will be visible from the decks of vessels at a distance of about 12 nautical miles.

The Light will illuminate about 233 degrees of the horizon, *viz.*, from Saint John's Island, proceeding Southerly to the North-westward near the Sultan Shoal.

Vessels losing the Light when to the Eastward or Westward will thereby be warned of the dangers respectively of Middle Island or of the Sultan Shoal, as laid down in Chart of the Straits of Singapore by Messrs. Congalton and Thomson, corrected up to 1855.

(Signed) J. RUSSELL,
Master Attendant.

Notification.

THE following Estimate of Cash, expected to be available at the under-mentioned Treasuries on the dates and to the extent mentioned, is published for general information. Bills at par and at sight may be had at the General Treasury, payable on those dates, or before, as funds become available ; and to prevent disappointment from the clearing out of Treasuries, parties requiring Bills are requested to communicate with the Accountant, Government of Bengal, at their early convenience.

Bills upon the Treasuries marked (*) may be obtained from the Collectors of Dacca, Moorshedabad, or Patna, to the extent available at the time of application.

This Estimate is published only as a guide to parties interested. The amounts available at the several Treasuries on intermediate dates will be notified as usual in the weekly lists.

Bills available.

Bograh,*	to	1st November,	80,000
		15th January,	1,00,000
		1st April,	70,000
		1st July,	30,000
Bullooah,*	to	1st November,	2,00,000
		15th January,	2,50,000
		1st April,	2,50,000
		1st July,	2,00,000
Tipperah,*	to	10th November,	2,50,000
		15th January,	3,50,000
		1st April,	2,00,000
		1st July,	1,00,000
Mymensingh,*		10th November,	1,50,000
		15th January,	2,30,000
		1st April,	1,90,000
		1st July,	60,000
Sylhet,*		20th January,	1,00,000
		1st May,	1,00,000
Pubna,*		1st November,	1,00,000
		15th January,	1,00,000
		1st April,	80,000
Rungpore,*		1st November,	1,80,0000
		15th January,	2,70,000
		1st April,	3,50,000
		1st July,	1,00,000
Dinagepore,		1st November,	25,000
		15th January,	4,50,000
		1st April,	5,50,000
		1st July,	1,00,000
Nuddeeah,		1st November,	2,00,000
		15th January,	80,000
		1st April,	20,000
Jessore,		1st November,	3,00,000
		15th January,	3,00,000
		1st April,	3,00,000
Purneeah,		1st November,	1,00,000
		15th January,	3,00,000
		1st April,	4,00,000

EDMUND DRUMMOND,
Accountant to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 9th October 1855.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an Examination will be held on Monday, the 25th February 1856, for the purpose of testing the acquirements of Candidates for Certificates of Qualification as Regimental Moonshees, and as Teachers of the unpassed Civil Servants, according to General Orders by the President of the Council of India dated 9th October 1850, and the Government Notification dated the 24th January 1854, respectively.

Candidates are requested to send in their applications, stating the language or languages to be passed in, on or before the 23rd proximo.

WM. N. LEES,
Secy. to the Board of Examiners.

Fort William,
The 9th February 1856.

N. B.—The Board's Office has been removed to No. 1, Little Russell Street.

حسب حکم جنرل آرڈر مورخهٔ نهم اکتوبر سنه ۱۸۵۰ ع وحسب حکم گورمنت مورخهٔ بست و چهارم جنوري سنه ۱۸۵۴ ع اشتهار داده مي‌شود که تاریخ امتحان منشیان امتحان دهندگان براي عهدهٔ منشیگري پلٹن وبراي تدریس صاحبان اهل قلم در فورت ولیم کالج بست وپنجم ۲۵ فبروري روز دوشنبه سنه حال مقرر گردیده است هرکرا امتحان دادن منظور باشد باید که تا بست وسوم ۲۳ این‌ماه قطعهٔ درخواست بقید زبان یعني در کدام کدام زبان امتحان خواهند داد نوشته نزد سکریٹري بورڈ آف اکزامنرس بگذرانند ٭

تحریري التاریخ نهم ۹ ماه‌فبروري سنه ۱۸۵۶ عیسوی

WM. N. LEES,
Secy. to the Board of Examiners.

و واضح باد که‌دفترخانه بورڈ آف اکزامنرس در لیٹل رسل استریٹ چورنگي است

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at a General and Quarter Sessions of the Peace, holden at the Office of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the Town of Calcutta on Tuesday, the Twelfth day of February instant, it was ordered that the Assessment of the Quarter, February, March and April 1856, be taken to be the Assessment of the Quarter, May, June and July 1856, next ensuing: all persons having objections to make to the said Assessment, or to any proposed Assessment, of which due notice shall be given to them by the Assessor, are required to specify the same, and the grounds thereof, in a Petition addressed to the undersigned, and file it with him between the hours of Eleven and Four o'Clock on or before Friday, the Twenty-ninth day February instant, after which no objections will be received, and the Sessions stand adjourned to the said Twenty-ninth day of February, to be holden at the hour of noon at the Office of the said Justices, and will be continued by adjournment from time to time, until such objections shall have been heard and determined upon. And it was further ordered, that the Assessments made and allowed in these Sessions shall take effect from the First day of May, One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace have also ordered, that the Rate Books containing the Assessments shall be open to the inspection of all persons assessed therein during the interval above-mentioned, namely, from this date to the Twenty-ninth February instant, and between the hours of 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. of such days.

W. L. HARWOOD,
Clerk to the Justices.

CALCUTTA;
Police Office,
The 12th February 1856.

Sheriff's Office, the 6th February 1856.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of *Oyer* and *Terminer* and Gaol Delivery, and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto,

at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Saturday, the First day of March next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

J. H. FERGUSSON,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস ৬ ফিবরুয়ারি ১৮৫৬ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামী ১ মার্চ ১৮৫৬ সাল শনিবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার কোর্ট উইলেমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্তে বঙ্গদেশের কোর্ট উইলএমের সুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেলটী অর্থাৎ মহাসমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মকদ্দমা নিস্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশীয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান জতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘন্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখুন।

J. H. FERGUSSON,
Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to a Decretal Order of this Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, bearing date the 29th day of November 1855, made in a certain Cause, wherein Aushootosh Day, Sreemutty Nemoymoney Dossee and Sreemutty Satoomoney Dossee, Executor and Executrixes of the last Will and Testament of Promothonauth Day, who was the sole Executor of the last Will and Testament of Kistonundo Biswas, deceased, Complainants, and Sreemutty Rajcoomaree Dossee, Sreemutty Bamasoondery Dossee, widows, heiresses, and legal Representatives, of the said Kistonundo Biswas and Dwarkanauth Ghose, a Creditor of the said Kistonundo Biswas, Defendants, with the approbation of the Master of the said Court at his Office in the Court House, some time in the month of April next, of which notice will hereafter be given, the following properties, that is to say, half share of Pergunnah Aunurpore, in the Zillah of Twenty-four Pergunnahs; half part or share of Mehal Madrasah, in the Zillah aforesaid; Talook Sreebattee, in the said Zillah aforesaid; Talook Pultah, in the Zillah aforesaid; Talook Hattearah, in the Zillah aforesaid; three Dwelling Houses, situate at Shoba-bazar, in Durmahutta, in the Town of Calcutta; a house in Nundoram Sein's street, also in Calcutta, a Family Dwelling House, at Khurdah, in the Twenty-four Pergunnahs; half part or share of the Place of Worship and Ghaut, at Khurdah, also in the Twenty four Pergunnahs; two thousand and two hundred biggahs of Debutter Land, situate at the Pergunnah of Aunurpore in the said Zillah of Twenty-four Pergunnahs; an Indigo Factory situate at Jogerah in the said Zillah of Twenty-four Pergunnahs; an Indigo Factory, at Modoomooralee, in the said Zillah of Twenty-four Pergunnahs, together with a Khatcharee Battee Talook Battah in the Zillah of Bhoolooah Talook, Sagurdee, also in Zillah Bhoolooah and Talook Kistocaunt Bottaup, also in Zillah Bhoolooah; further particulars may be had at the Master's Office, Supreme Court, or of Mr. Henry Swinhoe, Attorney for the Complainants.

W. MACPHERSON,
Master.

Denman, Hatch and Davis, *Attorneys.*

CALCUTTA;
Supreme Court, Master's Office,
The 16th February 1856.

Eliza Ann Lawler. *versus.* Maurice FitzGerald Sandes, Administrators, with the Will annexed of Major William Hemmings, deceased.

PURSUANT to an order of the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William in Bengal, made in this cause on and bearing date the 19th day of September 1854, the creditors of William Hemmings, late a Major in the Honorable East India Company's Service, on their Bengal Establishment, who died in the year 1810, and the legatees under his Will, are forthwith to come in and prove their respective claims before William Macpherson, Esq., the Master of the said Court, at his Office in the Court House, or in default they will be excluded from the benefit of the said order.

W. MACPHERSON,
Master.

SANDES AND WATTS, *Attorneys.*

CALCUTTA;
Supreme Court, Master's Office,
The 16th February 1856.

PURSUANT to an order of Her Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain cause wherein Edun Bebee is the plaintiff, and Saum Nicarry Sudden Ramjaney and Poloo are defendants, on and bearing date the 13th day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty three, the creditors of Shaik Mynoddeen, late a Mahomedan Inhabitant of Toltollah, in the Town of Calcutta, deceased, who died some time in the year one thousand eight hundred and four, are, on or before the seventh day of March instant, to come in and prove their debts before William Macpherson, Esquire, the Master of the said Court, at his Office in the Court House, or in default they will be peremptorily excluded the benefit of the said order.

W. MACPHERSON,
Master.

J. P. PAUL *Plaintiff's Attorney.*
Informa Paupers.

CALCUTTA;
MASTER'S OFFICE,
The 14th February 1856.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of William Martin, and Mathew Alexander Pillans, of the late firm of Martin, Pillans and Co., Insolvents.

On Monday, the 8th day of October last, it was ordered that Saturday the 4th day of October 1856, should be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent William Martin should be discharged personally as well as to his after-acquired property, from all liability for debts, claims and demands of, and against, the said Insolvent in his said firm of Martin Pillans and Co., at the time of the filing of the petition for relief.

Grant and Rogers, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of William Martin and Matthew Alexander Pillans, of the late firm of Martin, Pillans and Co., Insolvents. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of February instant, it was ordered that the first Saturday in the month of February 1857, should be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent, Mathew Alexander Pillans, should be discharged personally, as well as to his after-acquired property, from all liability for debts, claims and demands of, and against, the said Insolvent, in his said firm of Martin, Pillans and Co., at the time of the filing of the petition for relief.

Grant and Rogers, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of William Martin, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Matthew Alexander Pillans, an Insolvent. } On Monday, the 8th day of October last, it was ordered, that Saturday, the 4th day of October, 1856, should be appointed for the further hearing of these several matters, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvents should be discharged personal, as well as to their after-acquired property, from all liability for debts, claims and demands of, and against, the said Insolvents at the time of the filing of their petitions for relief.

Grant and Rogers, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 8th February 1856.

In the Matter of Tarrucknauth Mookerjee, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of February instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge, under the Act XI. Vic. Cap. XXI., as to all persons named in his Schedule as Creditors, or claiming to be Creditors respectively, except the debt of Shaik Suriff Sirdar, for Cos. Rs. 125, who appears not to have been served with notice of the day of hearing in this matter.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Syed Dosoo, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of February instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge, under the Act XI. Vic. Cap. XXI., as to all persons named in his Schedule as Creditors, or claiming to be Creditors respectively.

Goodall, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Hurrochunder Day, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of February instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge under the Act XI. Vic. Cap. XXI., as to all persons named in his Schedule as Creditors, or claiming to be Creditors respectively, except the debt of Issurchunder Bonnerjee, for Co.'s Rs. 14, who appears not to have been served with notice of the day of hearing in this matter.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of William Gilbert Campion, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of February instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge, under the Act XI. Vic. Cap. XXI., as to all persons named in his Schedule as Creditors, or claiming to be Creditors respectively, except the debt of Foyze Ally, Coachman, for Co.'s Rs. 49-2-6; Hingun Syee, for Co.'s Rs. 20-8; Lollbund, for Co.'s Rs. 39-5; Mr. H. C. Watts, for Co.'s Rs. 54, and Bibee Hingoo Jaun, for Co.'s Rs. 126, who appear not to have been served with notice of the day of hearing in this matter.

W. H. Poe, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Prosonocoomar Paul, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd of February instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge, under the Act XI. Vic. Cap. XXI., as to all persons named in his Schedule as Creditors, or claiming to be Creditors respectively, except the debt of Porremessur Shaw, for Co.'s Rs. 60, who appears not to have been served with notice of the day of hearing in this matter.

Lyons and Bell, *Attornies.*

In the matter of John Mackay, at present of Jackson's Ghat Street, in Calcutta, Merchant, formerly carrying on business in co-partnership together with Donald Campbell Mackey, and Edward Creaton, under the style and firm of D. C. Mackay and Co., an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of February instant, it was ordered, that the order made in this matter on the 3rd day of December 1853, should be further enlarged, and that the further hearing in this matter should stand adjourned until Saturday, the 1st day of March next.

Allan and Thomas, *Attornies.*

In the matter of Peter Lawrie Pew, of Chowringhee in Calcutta, a Lieutenant Colonel Commandant of Artillery, in the Military Service of the East India Company, on their Bengal Establishment, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of February instant, it was ordered that the order made in this matter on the 4th day of August last, should be further enlarged until Saturday, the 1st day of March next, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, so far as relates to the claims of the Oriental Bank and Benares Bank respectively.

Smoult and Denman *Attorney's.*

In the matter of Samachurn Roy and Boycauntnauth Dutt, Insolvents. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of February instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent Samachurn Roy was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge under the Act XI. Vic. Cap. XXI., as to all persons named in their Schedule as Creditors, or claiming to be Creditors respectively, and it was further ordered that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. Cap. XXI., so far as relates to the said Insolvent Boycauntnauth Dutt, should be dismissed.

Molloy and Mackintosh, *Attornies.*

In the matter of John Thomas James, late a Lieutenant in Her Majesty's 29th Regiment of Foot, an Insolvent. } On Thursday, the 7th day of February instant, it was ordered that the petition of the said Insolvent filed on the 8th day of October last, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. Cap. XXI., should be dismissed.

Carruthers, *Attorney.*

In the matter of John Bodry, of Waterloo Street, in Calcutta, an Assistant to E. Pigot's Hotel, carried on under the firm of Bodry's Hotel, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 9th day of February instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent should be heard, on Saturday, the 5th day of April next, and that the said Insolvent should then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of John Bodry, of Waterloo Street, in Calcutta, an Assistant to E. Pigot's Hotel, carried on under the firm of Bodry's Hotel, an Insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. Cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, on the 9th day of February instant, and by an order of the same date, the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent, were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Samuel Henderson Scott, of No. 10, Weston's Lane, in Calcutta, formerly carrying on trade and business of Printer and Book-binder at the same place, under the name and style of Scott and Co., but now the Manager of the business of the said firm of Scott and Co., an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 9th day of February instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent should be heard on Saturday, the 5th day of April next, and that the said Insolvent should then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Paul, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Samuel Henderson Scott, of No, 10, Weston's Lane, in Calcutta, formerly carrying on trade and business of Printer and Book-binder at the same place, under the name and style of Scott and Co., but now the Manager of the business of the said firm of Scott and Co., an Insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic Cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, on the 9th day of February instant, and by an order of the same date, the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Paul, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Luttuckbehary Khettry, of Burra Bazar, in Calcutta, Broker and Merchant, an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Tuesday, the 26th day of February instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent, desirous "of opposing such application, must appear before the "said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Templeton and Carrapiet, *Attornies.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 18th February 1856.

Report showing the smallest Depth of Water in th Bhaugiruttee, Jellinghee, and Matabangah Rivers on the 7th February 1856.

Names of Rivers.	*Smallest Depth of Water.* F.	I.	*Where Shallowest.*
Bhaugiruttee River.			
At its entrance, ...	0	3	
Below the entrance,...	0	3	
From thence to Jungypore, ...	0	2	At Geereeah.
From Jungypore to Sadduckbaugh, ..	1	0	„ Dufferpore.
From Sadduckbaugh to Berhampore, ...	1	7	„ Berhampore.
From Berhampore to Cutwa, ...	1	4	„ Kalleegunge.
And from Cutwa to Nuddea, ...	2	1	„ Chackoondeeah.
Jellinghee River.			
At its entrance, ..	0	0	Closed.
From thence to Bausemarree, ...	0	0	
From Bausemarree to Teeahkattah,			
From Teeahkattah to Sonatullah,...			
And from Sonatullah to Moisgunge,			
*Matabangah River.**			
At its entrance, ...	4	0	
From thence to Haut Boleah, ...	3	0	At Dewangunge.
	2	6	„ Jahdangah.
	2	3	„ Malleeparrah.
From Haut Boleah to Katchikattah, ...	2	10	„ Boleah Entrance.
	2	4	Above Bhaugberriah.
	2	6	Below Oodaheepore.
	3	0	„ Terronullah.
	3	0	Above Puttadangah.
	2	6	At Gyegattah.
	2	6	Below Ramnugghur.
	2	6	At Onoopnugghur.
	2	8	„ Nutteedangah.
From Katchikattah to Kishengunge,	2	2	At Boalmarree.
	2	10	„ Damoorhoodah.
	2	9	„ Howlee.
	2	3	Above Jeerat.
	2	9	Below Doorgahpore.
And from Kishengunge to Seebpore,	2	10	At Gois.

Height of water on Gange at Berhampore, on the 7th February 1856, + 0 Foot 3¼ Inches.

J. Lang,
Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.

Kishnaghur,
14th February 1856.

* Since last Report, the channel of this river, at Dewangunge has been deepened by the construction of Bandahis, from 2' 3", to 3', at Jahdangah from 2' 3", to 2' 6", below Terronullah from 2', to 3', above Puttadangah from 2' 3", to 3', at Oonoopnagghur from 2', 1", to 2' 6", at Nutteedangah from 2', to 2' 8", at Damoorhoodah from 2' 3", to 2' 10", at Howlee from 2', to 2' 9", and below Doorgahpore from 2' 4", to 2' 9".

For Dacca and Assam.

Notice is hereby given, that from the 1st of March next, a Steamer, with a Flat in tow, will be despatched from Calcutta to Assam on the following dates, *viz.*, 1st and 20th of March, 10th of April, 1st and 20th of May, 10th of June, 1st and 19th of July.

For Freight and Passage, apply at the Government Boat Office.

By order of the Superintendent of Marine,

J. WOODLEY,
Clerk of the Govt. Boat Office.

5th February 1856.

Steamer for Rangoon and Moulmein.

THE Honorable Company's Steamer *Fire Queen* will be despatched to the above Ports on the 20th instant.

Applications for Passage to be made to this Office.

By Order of the Superintendent of Marine,

J. SUTHERLAND,
Offg. Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM;
Marine Supt.'s Office,
The 12th Feb. 1856.

ABSTRACT of Operations of the Government Savings' Bank, from 1st May 1854 to 30th April 1855.

Balance due to 10,397 Depositors in 1853-54,				1109591	4	5
Deposits in 1854-55, ...	1034503	4	0			
Interest allowed to Depositors in 1854-55, ...	41052	9	10			
				1075555	13	10
				2185147	2	3
DEDUCT.						
Withdrawals in 1854-55, ...	845529	11	9			
Investment in Government Loans, ...	246787	1	11			
				1092316	13	8
Balance Co.'s Rs.,...				1092830	4	7

DEBTS.						
Balance due to 10,243 Depositors in 1854-55,	1092830	4	7			
Ditto at credit of Bank Book Fund, ...	5609	0	0			
Ditto ditto of Suspense Deposit Account,	765	7	4½			
				1099204	11	11½
ASSETS.						
Due by General Books, ...	1058152	2	1½			
Interest allowed to Depositors in 1854-55, ...	41052	9	10			
				1099204	11	11½

H. B. DEVEREUX,
Secy., Govt. Savings' Bank.

HURCHUNDER DUTT,
Actuary.

Agra and United Service Bank.

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA having, by Notification of 25th January 1855, signified its intention to dissolve its existing connexion with the Government Agency, the AGRA AND UNITED SERVICE BANK will, on being furnished with the necessary powers, receive charge of Government Paper and Bank Shares from the Agent, and realize the Interest when due and Dividends when declared. The Bank will also sell or invest in these Securities for Constituents.

Forms of Letters and Powers of Attorney may be obtained on application to the Bank at Calcutta, or its Branches at Agra and Lahore.

When the proceeds of Government Paper or Shares sold, or of Interest and Dividends realized, are remitted by the Bank's Drafts on England, or on its Indian Branches, no Commission will be charged.

If otherwise paid, or when the Paper or Shares are delivered over, the charge for Commission will be ¼ per cent.

HOURS OF BUSINESS.

From and after Wednesday, the 1st August from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., except on Saturday, when the Bank will be closed at 1 P. M.

FRANCIS R. NEILSON,
Secretary.

No. 2, Council-House Street,
Calcutta, 30th January 1855.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing, and carried on, under the style or firm of STEWART AND CALROW, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All outstandings will be settled by WM. C. STEWART.

WM. C. STEWART.
R. F. CALROW,
By his Attorney,
WM. C. STEWART.

Calcutta,
31st December 1855.

THE undersigned will continue the business as heretofore under the firm of WM. C. STEWART & Co.

WM. C. STEWART.

Calcutta,
1st January 1856.

Notice.

THE interest and responsibility of MR JOHN WIENHOLT ceased in our firm on the 31st ultimo.

WIENHOLT, BROTHERS AND CO.

1st January 1856.

Notice.

WANTED.—A Superintendent of Roads qualified to prepare Plans and Estimates of Works proposed, and to undertake the superintendence of Works in progress under the direction of the Maldah Ferry Fund Committee. Proposed salary; 50 Rs. per month. Satisfactory certificates of qualification or references and security will be required. Applications to be addressed to the undersigned.

E. C. CRASTER,
Secy. to the Ferry Fund Committee.

MALDAH;
Secy. F. F. Committee,
The 29th Jany. 1856.

Caution.

WHEREAS Shumsoon Nessa Begum, the only surviving daughter and child of Moonshee Hossain Ally, and the Niccatty wife of Moonshee Buzlool Rohim, of Sealdah, the younger son of Moonshee Ameer, having left her husband's protection, and her seal being detained by her said husband, the Public are hereby cautioned from purchasing from her said husband, or from any other person or persons, any Company's Paper or other property of the said Shumsoon Nessa Begum, and that no mark or seal which may be affixed to such Papers or Documents as her mark or seal shall be admissible without bearing the attestation of her constituted Attorney, Mr. Arratoon Carapiet, or being signed and endorsed by him as such her Attorney.

J. TEMPLETON.

اشتهار براي هوشياري

چون مسماة شمس‌النسا بيگم كه صرف دختري منشي حسن‌علي است وجوزهٔ منكوحهٔ منشي بضل‌الرحيم پسر خورد منشي امير مرحوم ساكن سيالدهٔ حفاظت وپناهٔ شوهر خود ترك گرديده است و چون مهر شمس النسا بيگم مذكوره بدست شوهرش است بنابران اشتهار هذا براي اگاهي و هوشياري برخاص وعام داده مي‌شود كه كسي كاغذ كمپني‌ياجايداد ديگربيگم مذكوره خريد نكنيد زيراچه كاغذات كمپني يا دلايل ديگر با مهر و نشان دستخط شمس‌النسا بيگم مذكوره بغير دستخط مستر آرتن كراپيت صاحب كه مختار شمس‌النسا بيگم مذكوره اند اگر خريد كنند تا همچنان كاغذ كمپني ودلايل ديگر ناقص و باطل خواهد شد فقط

جي تيمپلي تون

সাবধানের বিজ্ঞাপন।

যেহেতুক সমসুন্নেশা বেগম যিনি মুন্সি হোঁসেনআলির কেবল এক জীবিত কন্যা মাত্র এবং যাঁহার নিকা সেয়ালদহ নিবাসি মুন্সি আমরের কনিষ্ঠ পুত্র শ্রীযুত বজলল রহিমের সহিত হইয়াছিল তিনি আপন স্বামির আশ্রয় পরিত্যাগ করিয়া গিয়াছেন এবং যেহেতু তাহার মোহর উক্ত স্বামি আটক করিয়া রাখিয়াছেন অতএব সর্ব্ব সাধারণকে এতদ্দ্বারা সাবধান করা যাইতেছে যে উক্ত সমসুন্নেশা বেগমের উক্ত স্বামির নিকট-হইতে অথবা অন্য কোন ব্যক্তির নিকট হইতে উক্ত সমসুন্নেশা বেগমের কোন কোম্পানির কাগজ অথবা অন্য কোন জায়দাদ খরিদ না করেন কারণ উক্ত সমসুন্নেশা বেগমের মোক্তার মেষ্টর আরাটুন কেরাপিয়ট্ সাহেবের দস্তখত ব্যতিরেক কোন নিশানি সহি অথবা মোহর যাহা উক্ত কোম্পানির কাগজে কি অন্য কোন দলিলাদিতে করা যাইবেক তাহা গ্রাহ্য হইবেক না ইতি।

জে, টেমপ্লিটান।

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The new book by D. L. R., which we have for some time past been anxiously looking for, is published, and will no doubt be as popular as the preceding works of this justly favorite author, whose writings are even more highly esteemed in England and America than in India.—*Bengal Hurkaru, September* 28, 1855.

He is well known in the literary circles of England as one of the purest English writers of the day. To say that the work before us is among the happiest productions of his pen, is to say more for it than the highest eulogy can express. It has been long expected, but public patience has received an ample reward.—*Eastern Star, September* 29, 1855.

It is a valuable contribution to our Indian Literature.—*Calcutta Christian Advocate, October* 6.

A Book of Gems, well worthy the Author's high reputation.—*Central Star, October* 13.

We cannot but recommend this volume to all who admire sprightly writing and elegantly selected poetry.—*Indian Times, October* 17.

Mr. Richardson—better known to the reading public as "D. L. R."—has a wide reputation as a careful and polished writer.—*Bombay Telegraph and Courier, October* 22.

A very pleasant book which we can cordially recommend to the attention of our readers—A delightful *melange* about flowers and flower gardens, floriculture in general, and the enjoyments of rural life.—*Bombay Times, October* 27, 1855.

His last work is well worthy of a post in any library where the *quality* and not *quantity* of books is considered.—*Phœnix, November* 13, 1855.

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Just Published

[BY MESSRS. THACKER, SPINK AND CO.]

THE

NEW BENGAL DIRECTORY FOR 1856.

IN announcing the above Publication, Messrs. SAMUEL SMITH AND CO. beg to inform their Subscribers and the Public that they have completed their DIRECTORY for the present year which, in every Department of Information or Reference, has been amplified and corrected up to the latest date, and which, for convenience of Form, comprehensiveness, and elegance, considerably surpasses its predecessor of 1855.

Post Office Notifications.

No. 1127.

OVERLAND MAIL.

THE Overland Mail, *viâ* Marseilles and Southampton, and the intermediate Ports, (Madras, Ceylon, Aden, Penang, Singapore, and Hongkong) per P. and O. Co.'s Steamer *Bentinck*, will be closed at this Office, on Friday, the 22d instant.

Letters for the United Kingdom, directed *viâ* Marseilles, cannot be pre-paid in this Country. Pre-payment of Steam Postage on Letters *viâ* Southampton is optional.

Steam Postage on all Letters for Foreign Europe *viâ* Marseilles or *viâ* Trieste, and for the United Kingdom *viâ* Trieste, as well as for places in the Mediterranean and in Egypt, must be pre-paid, but Letters for Foreign Europe *viâ* Southampton cannot be pre-paid.

Letters for the United Kingdom, directed *viâ* Trieste, if posted unpaid, (or insufficiently paid by Stamps,) will be forwarded to London *viâ* Marseilles. Those for Foreign Europe will be sent to London *viâ* Southampton, bearing the full amount of Postage due thereon, and Letters for places in Egypt and the Mediterranean will be detained and treated as Unclaimed Letters.

No money will be received in payment of Postage on Letters, which must be paid by Stamps.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, Bombay, Aden, Malacca, Penang, Singapore, and Hong-Kong, despatched by the P. and O. Co.'s Contract Steamer, are chargeable with Steam Postage, the pre-payment being optional.

Letters for the Mauritius, Australian Colonies, China (except Hong-Kong,) Manilla, Batavia, Java Bourbon, or any place not a British Possession, must be pre-paid by Steam Postage.

With regard to Newspapers and Prices Current the following abstract of Rules relating to British Postage, chargeable under a Treasury Warrant of 30th June 1855, is published for general information:—

Newspapers or Prices Current posted in India for Great Britain and France are not subject in India to any charge for British Postage, but Newspapers, &c. posted in India, addressed to any British Colony or Possession, or any Foreign Port, or any Port in India, are, if sent by Her Majesty's Mail Steamers, or *viâ* Southampton through England, liable to a Steam Postage charge of One Penny (Nine Pie,) which must be pre-paid in cash. Newspapers, &c. sent through Great Britain *viâ* Marseilles are liable to a Postage charge of Four Pence, and if addressed to British North America *viâ* the United States, a charge of One Penny must be levied on account of the United States in addition to all other Postage.

Newspapers, &c. brought to India by Her Majesty's Packets from a Foreign Port, without having passed through Great Britain, are chargeable with British Postage of One Penny (Nine Pie) on delivery.

Only one paper can be sent in one cover.

C. K. DOVE,
Deputy Post-master General.

FORT WILLIAM;
General Post Office,
The 16th February 1856.

No. 1114.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Mails for the Straits and China, for transmission per Steamer *Chusan*, will be closed at this Office on Thursday, the 21st instant.

FORT WILLIAM;
General Post Office,
The 13th February 1856.

C. K. DOVE,
Deputy Post-master General.

Postal Notice.

A POST OFFICE will be established temporarily at Mhayjee, in Khandeish, during the ensuing Fair, from the 15th instant to the 15th March next. All Letters, &c. for that place are to be enclosed in the Packets for the Post Office at Dhoolia.

(Signed) W. BLOWERS,
Officiating Post-master General.

BOMBAY;
Post-master Genl.'s Office,
The 16th Jan. 1856.

No. 4760.

THE above is notified for the information of the Public.

J. R. B. BENNETT,
Post-master General of Bengal.

Post-master General's Office;
Camp Chittagong, 7th Feb. 1856.

Erratum.

THE following Table of Southampton Steam Postage is to be substituted for that appended to the Notice dated 18th January 1856, published by the Director General of the Post Office in India, regarding the reduction in, and consolidation of, the rates of Southampton and England Postage. In the Table referred to, the Rule by which Postage on letters exceeding two ounces is to be charged was wrongly given.

H. B. RIDDELL,
Director General of the Post Office in India.

CALCUTTA;
18th February 1856.

RATES OF STEAM POSTAGE.

	Rs.	As.	Ps.
On letters not exceeding in weight half an oz.	0	4	0
Exceeding half an ounce and not exceeding one oz.	0	8	0
Exceeding one ounce and not exceeding two oz.	1	0	0

Eight annas for every additional ounce; a fraction of an ounce will be charged as an ounce.

H. B. RIDDELL,
Director General of the Post Office in India.

No. 1134.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an After Packet for the P. and O. Co.'s Steamer *Bentinck* will be made up at this Office on Saturday, the 23d instant, at 1 P. M., with the chance of overtaking her at Kedgeree.

C. K. DOVE,
Deputy Post-master General.

FORT WILLIAM;
General Post Office,
The 19th February 1856.

N. B.—The public are particularly requested to observe, that, in addition to Steam Postage, the Inland Postage to Kedgeree must be pre-paid at the following rates, on letters forwarded to Egypt or to any Foreign Ports *vid* Egypt:—

¼ Tolah,	0 0 6
½ Ditto,	0 1 0
1 Ditto,	0 2 0
1½ Ditto,	0 3 0
2 Ditto,	0 4 0

And for every Tolah or fraction of a Tolah above two Tolahs two additional annas.

Letters sent after 1 o'clock, for the purpose of being posted, will not be received under any circumstances.

CALCUTTA:—Printed and Published by THOMAS JONES, *at the* "CALCUTTA GAZETTE" OFFICE, *No. 54, Council-House Street,—for the Government Contractors,* SAMUEL SMITH AND CO.

AUSPICIO REGIS ET SENATUS ANGLIÆ

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

Published by Authority.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1856.

Land-Sale Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given under Section VI., Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates in Zillah Sylhet will be put up to public and unreserved Sale at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 3rd day of March 1856, for arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 18th day of January 1856.

Clause I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 54.—Talook Hurry Narain Dutt and Ramkisto Dutt, Pergunnah Daccadukin; recorded proprietor, Chunder Pershaud Deb; sudder jumma, rupees 16-10-3.

No. 372.—Talook Bijoy Ram Dutt, Pergunnah Daccadukin; recorded proprietor, Radha Bullub Dutt; sudder jumma, rupees 10-3-10.

No. 373.—Talook Madhub Ram Dutt, Pergunnah Daccadukin; recorded proprietor, Kaleka Pershaud; sudder jumma, rupees 10-7-3.

No. 4.—Talook Onunt Ram Chowdry, Pergunnah Ooturgatch; recorded proprietor, Shubol Ram Doss; sudder jumma, rupees 27-11-9

No. 7. No. 2309-4.—Mududmash Mahomed Shuffee, Khunkar Nunnee Beebee, Pergunnah Sunkhire; recorded proprietor, himself, sudder jumma, rupees 16-7-8.

No. 111. No. 2692-1.—Tunkha Gunneshur Bhutt, Ramlochun Nacpunchanun, Pergunnah Daccadukin; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 35-3-5.

No. 3. No. 4275-22.—Mududmash Rohemkhan Ashrufally, Pergunnah Ooturgatch; sudder jumma, rupees 10-3-9.

No. 1589.—Talook Omed Ram, Pergunnah Chapghaut; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 21-8-9.

No. 13.—Talook Olfut Mahomed, Pergunnah Bhorun; recorded proprietors, Hurry Ram and others; sudder jumma, rupees 23-7-5.

No. 16.—Talook Roghoo Ram Paul, Pergunnah Punchkhundkalla; recorded proprietors, Shoda Nund and others; sudder jumma, rupees 24-0-0.

No. 58.—Talook Emambux, Pergunnah Bahadoorpore; recorded proprietors, Jeeaoolah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 10-3-10.

No. 282.—Talook Ahmeer Mahomed, Pergunnah Kooshearcool; recorded proprietors, Kally Churn Surmah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 12-12-10.

No. 337.—Talook Shonakam Mooktaram, Pergunnah Kooshearcool; recorded proprietor, Moolook Chundro; sudder jumma, rupees 20-4-3.

No. 340.—Talook Woolfut Warish, Pergunnah Kooshearcool; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 11-15-2.

No. 5. No. 4636-6.—Mududmash Syud Moosakhunkar, Pottah Khamar Meeah, and Golam Reza, Pergunnah Chapghat; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 13-2-4.

No. 1. No. 2198-3.—Cheragee Mooftee Mahomed Diem, Pottah Gouree Churn Paul, Pergunnah Punchhundkalla; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 11-15-5.

No. 1. No. 1998-8.—Cheragee Kootool Awaliah Hosainbux, Kunkar Pottah, Moulvee Khohloolah, Pergunnah Protabgor; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 16-0-6.

No. 2. No. 2482-2.—Mududmash Mahomed Baser Pottah, Mahomed Hosain and Golam Reza, Pergunnah Barohaul; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 10-13-10.

No. 3. No. 2482-2.—Mududmash ditto Pottah, Mahomed Munsoor, Mahomed Baser, Mahomed Nazim, Shofath Banoo, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 13-1-11.

No. 2. No. 4555-1.—Nancar Kanoongoe, Mosoodbuksh Pottah, Joymonee Surma, Mohun Ram Doss, Roop Churn Surma, Neetie Doss, Bhageeruthee Debia, Parbutty Debia, Gour Doss, Kolly Churn Doss, Joshmonth Ram Surma, Jeeolee Dossee, Chundee Churn Surma, Ram Churn Doss, Rajbollub Doss, Ramkisheen Doss, Joygobind Doss, Kistokanth Surma, and Sunker Paul, Pergunnah Barohaul; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 10-0-8.

No. 1531.—Talook Mahomed Moorad, Pergunnah Lunglah; recorded proprietor, Rezanally; sudder jumma, rupees 15-2-4.

No. 3. No. 554-7.—Cheragee Durgie Shaw Tooker, Pottah Ashgurally and Beebun Beebee, Pergunnah Lunglah; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 11-2-4.

No. 1. No. 1530-78.—Mududmash Syud Mahomed Noim, Pottah Hafizakhatoon, Syud Nazirally and Booranoodin Hossein, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 19-14-8.

No. 66.—Talook Dowluthkhan, Pergunnah Sheik Shonaitha; recorded proprietor, Madhubram Surma; sudder jumma, rupees 30-8-1.

No. 87.—Talook Joyram Khan, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietors, Ramgobind and others; sudder jumma, rupees 10-0-5.

No. 2.—Talook Gokool Shodeb, Pergunnah Havilley Jatooah; recorded proprietors, Gungaram and others; sudder jumma, rupees 47-12-7.

No. 328.—Talook Cazejelloodeen, Pergunnah Coureeah; recorded proprietors, Kamdebram and others; sudder jumma, rupees 17-1-1.

No. 348.—Talook Bhobanee Churn, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietors, Rajah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 258-5-7.

No. 351.—Talook Binoderam, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietors, Bijoyram and others; sudder jumma, rupees 16-10-3.

No. 103.—Talook Rajkisto Roy, Pergunnah Havilley Shonaitha; recorded proprietors, Mahomed Esa and others; sudder jumma, rupees 16-3-5.

No. 44.—Talook Korumhazaree, Pergunnah Laoor; recorded proprietors, Bukshee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 17-1-1

No. 67.—Talook Kashul, Pergunnah Laoor; recorded proprietors, Peerally and others; sudder jumma, 31-2-4.

No. 114.—Talook Shonaram, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, Radhakanth Doss; sudder jumma, rupees 37-1-11.

No. 121.—Talook Onunthram Anund, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 15-12-7.

No. 4.—Mehal Seega Buktear Sing, Pottah Shohuroolah, Abidoolah, Rohomuthoolah, Jellall Mahomed, Banoo Shaw and Lall Mahomed, Pergunnah Hashnabad; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 10-6-2.

No. 5.—Mehal Seegah, Mahomedally Khan, Pottah Mosoomuth, Bunnoo Beebee, Chand Beebee, Syud Akhatoon and Dongoorram Doss, Pergunnah Noigong; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 54-6-2.

No. 6. No. 3052-3.—Mududmash Peer Bodur Allum, Pottah Khoorshad Allum, Syud Johoor Allum and Syud Jeegurdusth Allum, Pergunnah Atooahjan; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 17-11-5.

No. 2. No. 4541-1.—Nankar No. 2, Mahomed Afzul, Pergunnah Sheekshinaitha; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 10-7-10.

No. 1. No. 3102-2.—Mududmash Danameeah, No. 1, Mehar Banoo, Pergunnah Paglah; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 29-11-7.

No. 3. No. 2941-20.—Cheragee Sherjunmah Khan, Pottah Abdoolally, Mahomed Adil, Jolill Mahomed, and Mahomed Ashruf, Pergunnah Coureeah; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 25-11-2.

No. 1. No. 2959-49.—Mududmash Mahomed Tally, Pottah Shamram Doss, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 23-9-1.

No. 5. No. 2959-49.—Mududmash Mahomed Ally, Pottah Sheik Omed, Sreekisto Surma, Ahmeer, Sheik Easdy and Gooroopersaud Chowdry, Pergunnah Coureeah; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 12-13-0.

No. 7. No. 2958-62.—Mududmash Mirjafur, Pottah Ally Reza and Mahomed Azim; Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 21-0-1.

No. 1. No. 2954-83.—Mududmash Rohim Khan, Pottah Sheik Shahebdy and Nubby, Noor Mahomed, Noboo, Charoo, Sheik Beerie, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor himself; sudder jumma, rupees 16-8-6.

No. 24. No. 3027-11.—Mududmash Rohimkhan, Pottah Bysnub Churn Dhur, and Brojo Kishore Deb, Pergunnah Echacolush; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 11-9-0.

No. 5. No. 3063-1.—Mududmash Arzanally, Pottah Syud Mozofurally, Pergunnah Kismut Atooajaun; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 11-9-1.

No. 1. No. 4267-9.—Cheragee, Noaz Shaw and others, Pottah Somee Shaw, Shabaun Shaw, Pergunnah Laoor; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 11-9-9.

No. 10. No. 4267-9.—Ditto ditto, Pottah Kacharam Doss, Gonesh Ram Surma, Ramhurry Surma, Benode Ram Deb, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 10-13-5.

No. 6.—Talook Ramkisto Zootah, Pergunnah Bajah Shonaitha; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 23-4-1.

No. 30.—Talook Modhusoodun, Pergunnah Jalshooka; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 75-11-9.

No. 14. No. 1897-1—Nankar Moujrai, Pottah Kally Nath Surma, Brijogobind Bhooi, Moulvee Mahomed Idris Khan, Roygoind Bhooi, Pergunnah Kismut Baja Shonaitha; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 15-2-6.

No. 3. No. 3729-2.—Nancar Omed Reza and Koorban Reza, Pottah Joman Reza, Pergunnah Baniachong; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 17-4-0.

No. 1719. No. 4496.—Chowgurkhanaaree, Pottah Mosomut Womunkhyr Beebee, Pergunnah Baneachong; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 13-7-4.

No. 1968 No. 4496.—Chowgurkhanabaree, Pottah ditto ditto ditto ditto; sudder jumma, rupees 11-1-8.

No. 1. No. 3679-1.—Cheragee Nuseeroolah, Pottah Gour Churn Doss, Pergunnah Bowaljor; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 10-3-10.

No. 2. No. 3647-5.—Mududmash Goasoodeen, Pottah Mahomed Ashgur, Mosimoolah, Jakir Mahomed, Basir Mahomed, Anwor Mahomed, Sheik Baparee, Mahomed Kazim, Khan Mahomed, Sheik Baroo, Pergunnah Batricool; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 16-3-0.

No. 5.—Mehaul Halabaddy, Talook Joygopaul Chowdry and Shamanund Roy, Pergunnah Doolally; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 19-3-2.

No. 1.—Talook Roghoonundun, Pergunnah Allynogur; recorded proprietors, Kanie Paul and others; sudder jumma, rupees 31-12-7.

No. 5.—Talook Jeebun Roy, Pergunnah Allinogur; recorded proprietor, A. J. Vincent; sudder jumma, rupees 88-1-8.

No. 21.—Talook Juggoo Roy, Pergunnah Havilley Mourapore; recorded proprietor, Adith Ram; sudder jumma, rupees 12-2-7.

No. 27.—Talook Gelaum Gouse, Pergunnah Bahshira; recorded proprietors Chand Ram and others; sudder jumma, rupees 47-9-2.

No. 5. No. 4778-11.—Khaneh Baree, Anund Ram Dutt, Gourkisere Dutt, and Neelkunt Dutt, Pottah Bydeenath Dybuggy, Govind Dybuggy, Bhorosha Ram Deb, Gonie Nath, Shumbhoo Nath, Sheek Damoo, Monee Chung, Jadub Chung, Govind Chung, Moolook Ram Naoo, Laloo Ram Loohar, Juggooram Shonar, Boshoonauth, Shona Nath, Naroo Nath, Sheeb Nath, Okee Nath, Bhoohee Nath, Sheek Sheedee, Juggurnath Dutt, Doolub Nath, Pergunnah Sathgow; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 22-0-0.

No. 35. No. 4492-1.—Charagee Pottah Alimoodeen, Kisto Ram Deb, Mahomed Hazee, Mohorum Khan, Isuboolah, Areza Bebee, Pergunnah Chytunnogun; recorded proprietor, Doorgachurn Mojoomdar; sudder jumma, rupees 14-2-8.

No. 274.—Talook Mooktaram, Pergunnah Rajoorah; recorded proprietors, Doorgachurn Deb and others; sudder jumma, rupees 53-5-4.

No. 2.—Talook Syud Ahmudally, Hissa Syed, Modun Reza, Pergunnah Turruf; recorded proprietors, Rambullub Deb and others; sudder jumma, rupees 2874-3-2.

No. 2.—Talook ditto, Hissa Syud Hamed Reza, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietors, Shaw Korimool Hosain and others; sudder jumma, rupees 710-5-4.

No. 2.—Talook ditto, Hissa Syud Kolim Reza, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietors, Joygobind Roy and others; sudder jumma, rupees 718-12-10.

No. 758.—Talook Akooth Ram, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietors, Shahhebram and others; sudder jumma, rupees 10-12-10.

No. 1120.—Talook Shoba Ram Baparee, Pergunnah Turruff; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 20-9-7.

No. 1220.—Talook Kashigunga-hurteeluck-attah aud Shaker Mehomed, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 11-5-4.

No. 1254.—Talook Ahamud Ahid, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 18-1-1.

No. 1338.—Talook Anisa Banoo, Pergunnah ditto; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 40-14-11.

No. 153.—Talook Kartick Sing, Pergunnah Bamoi; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 11-9-7.

No. 7. No. 1180-3.—Mududmash Syud Mahomed Mendhee, Pottah Obhoya Churn Kur, Shama Churn Kur, Syud Arshud Ally, Pergunnah Turruf; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 15-8-11.

No. 83. No. 919-2.—Mududmash Shaw Godahossein, Pottah Sheik Meeadhun, Pergunnah Godahosseinnogur; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 13-1-2.

No. 5. No. 1864-1.—Haneh Baree Mahomed Afzul, Pottah Ibrahim, Pergunnah Daoodnogur; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 10-8-5.

No. 1. No. 22-9.—Mududmash Chuck Jamal Mahomed, Pottah Radhagobind Audicarry, Pergunnah Bamoi; recorded proprietor, himself; sudder jumma, rupees 29-2-1.

F. A. GLOVER,
Officiating Collector.

SYLHET COLLECTORSHIP,
The 7th February 1856.

THOS. JONES, "CALCUTTA GAZETTE" OFFICE.

The Calcutta Gazette.

Published by Authority.

Notifications.

THE 14TH MAY 1853.—*The Government of Bengal having entered into a Contract with Messrs. Samuel Smith and Co., for the execution of the Government Printing Work, from the 1st July next, Public Officers employed under this Government are hereby directed not to employ any other Printing Establishment for the execution of the Government Work from and after that date.*

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

THE 2ND FEBRUARY 1855.—*The Government of Bengal having entered into a Contract with Messrs. Samuel Smith and Co., for the execution of the Government Printing Work, all Public Officers under the Government of India at the Presidency are hereby directed not to employ any other Printing Establishment for the execution of Government Work.*

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1856.

Legislative Council.

The 16th February 1856.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council on the 16th February 1856, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 20th of May next :—

A Bill to provide for the execution of Criminal process in places out of the jurisdiction of the authority issuing the same.

Preamble.

WHEREAS, by Act No. VII of 1854, certain provisions were made for the execution, in any part of the territories under the Government of the East India Company, of warrants of arrest issued by competent officers in any other parts thereof; and whereas it is expedient that similar means should be provided for the execution as aforesaid of all other criminal process issued as aforesaid: It is enacted as follows :—

All criminal process may be executed in any part of the territories after having been endorsed by the Magistrate of the place where it is executed.

I. Any criminal process whatever, including summonses, subpœnas, and search warrants, as well as warrants of arrest, issued by any Magistrate having jurisdiction in any part of the territories under the Government of the East India Company, may be executed within the jurisdiction of any other Magistrate having jurisdiction in any part of the said territories, whether in the same Presidency or not, upon having a written authority under the hand and seal of the Magistrate within whose jurisdiction it may be executed, previously endorsed thereon.

Magistrate endorsing process not liable for illegality in the issuing thereof.

II. The Magistrate endorsing any process under this Act shall not be liable to any action or other proceeding in consequence of any illegality in the issuing of the process; but any Magistrate illegally or improperly issuing the same shall be liable for any act in pursuance of the endorsement in the same manner, and to the same extent only, as if the process had been executed within his own jurisdiction.

Provisions of Act VII. 1854, and of this Act, applicable to process executed within limits of Supreme Court.

III. The provisions of Act No. VII of 1854, and of this Act, do and shall extend and apply to any warrant or other process of any Magistrate having jurisdiction in the territories beyond the local limits of the Supreme Courts of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay respectively, which shall be executed within those limits. Provided that, if a Magistrate having jurisdiction within those limits shall object to endorse any warrant or other process on account of any apparent defect therein or for any other cause, he shall refer such warrant or other process to a Judge of the Supreme Court, who shall deal therewith according to the provisions of Act No. XXIII of 1840.

Proviso.

Interpretation.

IV. The word "Magistrate," as used in this Act, includes a Joint Magistrate, or any person lawfully exercising the powers of a Magistrate, and also a Justice of the Peace.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Notifications, Appointments, &c.

No. 254.

Fort William, Home Department,

MARINE.

The 22nd February 1856.

Notification.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council has been pleased to grant Captain T. E. Rogers, Superintendent of Marine,

leave of absence to England on Medical certificate, for a period of fifteen months from the 9th proximo.

Captain D. Robertson, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of Marine, during the absence of Captain Rogers, or until further orders.

Mr. J. Sutherland, is appointed to officiate as Master Attendant of the Port of Calcutta.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 1070.

Fort William, Foreign Department,
The 20th February 1856.

With reference to the Notification dated the 25th July 1854, No. 3200, "absolutely prohibiting the Officers of Government, of whatever rank or class, from selling or being concerned in the sale of property of any amount or description to Native Princes and Chiefs, or to their relatives or Ministers, or to any Native Gentlemen of rank or opulence residing under the protection of the British Government," the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify that the Notification in question was not intended to apply in its full strictness to any but Political Officers, and Officers discharging political as well as ordinary civil functions, whether employed directly under the Government of India, or under any of the Local Governments, and that in regard to all other Officers, the order of the 31st October 1821 is to be considered as still in force.

But His Lordship in Council is strongly impressed with a sense of the necessity for discouraging as much as possible pecuniary dealings of every description between Public Officers and Natives under their authority or residing within their jurisdiction, or in their vicinity, and the permission of Government will never be given to any transaction of the kind if it should appear to afford even a plausible ground for suspicion of improper motives on the part either of the buyer or the seller.

No. 1071.

22d February 1856.

Captain A. R. Thornhill, First Assistant to the Resident at Hyderabad, assumed charge of his appointment on the 6th instant.

No. 1072.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant D. A. Chase, 64th Regiment Native Infantry, to officiate as a Deputy Commissioner in Pegu.

No. 1073.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Mr. C. A. Rocke, Collector of Customs at "Dalhousie," to be an Extra Assistant Commissioner.

Mr. James Hay, to be Collector of Customs at "Dalhousie."

No. 1074.

Lieutenant A. B. Cumberlege, Adjutant and Staff Officer, Nagpore Irregular Force, to officiate as an Assistant Commissioner, 3rd Class, in the Province of Nagpore.

No. 1075.

Captain T. Clerk, Superintendent of the Astagram Division in Mysore, has obtained leave of absence for thirty days, from the 9th instant, to proceed to Madras.

G. F. EDMONSTONE,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 32.

Fort William, Public Works Department,
PUBLIC.
The 21st February 1856.

Notifications.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to grant to Captain T. H. Sale, Executive Engineer, Peshawur Division, an extension of leave from the 20th to the 23rd instant, to enable him to embark on board the Peninsular and Oriental Company's Steamer *Bentinck.*

No. 33.

The 22nd February 1856.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the following transfer :—

Captain J. Young, of Artillery, Assistant Executive Officer, from the Umballa Division to the Jullundur Division, in succession to Captain Walker, who has rejoined his Regiment.

No. 34.

Appointments.—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Private Charles Maitland, of the 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, to be an Assistant Overseer in the Department of Public Works, and to be attached to the Rangoon Division.

No. 35.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Gunner E. Handy, from the 3rd Company 4th Battalion Artillery, is appointed an Assistant Overseer in the Department of Public Works, and is posted to the new station of Dalhousie, with effect from the 8th October 1854.

W. E. BAKER, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 9.

Notification.

Fort William, Financial Department,

The 22nd February 1856.

Read a Despatch from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors No. 107 of 1855, dated the 5th December.

RESOLUTION.—The Hon'ble the Court of Directors having approved, with certain modifications, of a Code of Rules recommended by this Government for regulating leave of absence and acting allowances to Public Officers in India not in the Covenanted Service of the East India Company, the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to resolve, that the following Rules, together with the Despatch above adverted to, be published in the *Official Gazette* for general information, and be held applicable, from the date of the publication of the Notification, to all Officers in the Uncovenanted Service of the Government who may be in the receipt of salaries of Rupees 100 a month and upwards.

Financial Department.

No. 107 of 1855.

OUR GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

Letter from, dated 28th July 1855, No. 101.

Forward the report of a special Committee (consisting of the Military Auditor General, the Secretary to the Government of Bengal and the Accountant to the Government of Bengal) which was appointed by the Government to consider the subject of framing a Code of Rules for the regulation of leave of absence and acting allowances for the Uncovenanted Service, and express an earnest hope that the proposed Code may receive the Court's sanction.

1. We have carefully considered the papers accompanying your Letter noted in the margin, relative to the proposed enactment of Rules for the regulation of leave of absence, &c., to the large and increasing classes of Public Officers not in the Covenanted Service of the East India Company, but, nevertheless, in many cases performing duties of great importance and responsibility. It is scarcely necessary to observe that we desire to treat them in this, as in all other respects, with the utmost liberality and consideration that may be consistent with the interests of the Public Service.

2. Adopting as a principle to be inviolably maintained, that in each separate case of absence of an Uncovenanted Officer, the expense occasioned thereby is to be defrayed out of the Absentee's Salary, we are prepared to concur in the grant to Uncovenanted Servants (receiving Rupees 100 per month and upwards,) of the advantages as respects sick leave and leave on private affairs proposed in the Code under consideration. The advantages may be concisely stated as follows:—

1st.—Sick Leave.—The grant of leave for three years altogether, during the entire period of service, of which two years only may be continuous or reckon as service for Pension. During one year of absence, the Absentee to be subjected to the deduction of half, and during the remaining period, of two-thirds, of his allowances, provided that he shall in no case draw a larger sum than Rupees 6000, (£600,) per annum.

The maximum being thus fixed, we shall leave it to the Local Government, in the exercise of their discretion to determine in each case, how far the advantages of the Rules should be modified with reference to the length of service of the Applicant and other circumstances. We desire however that, after a continuous absence of two years on sick certificate, an interval of two years shall elapse before further leave on that account is granted.

2nd.—Leave on Private Affairs.—The grant of leave for one month in each year without deduction; for six months on sufficient cause being shown with deduction of half allowances provided the rate of Rupees 6,000 (£600,) per annum be not exceeded, and under special circumstances, for twelve months without forfeiture of appointment, but without pay and without the leave counting as service for Pension.

This latter advantage may, we think be fairly conceded in special cases to Uncovenanted Servants, since a regular Furlough on Private Affairs cannot be granted to them, and the loss of their appointments involves practically the loss to them of the service. But it should not be allowed more than once during the period of service.

3rd.—We accede to your suggestion that Heads of Offices in cases of urgency may be authorized to grant leave of absence on Medical certificate to the extent of one month, provided the same be immediately reported for the sanction of Government

4th.—The Rules proposed regarding the allowances of persons appointed to act for Absentees appear unobjectionable.

We are,

Your affectionate friends,

(Signed) E. MACNAGHTEN,

" W. H. SYKES,

and eight other Directors.

LONDON;
The 5th December 1855.

Rules for regulating Leave of Absence and Acting Allowances to Public Officers in India not in the Covenanted Service of the East India Company.

CHAPTER I.

Rules for Application of Leave of Absence.

Section I. Leave of absence to Officers not in the Covenanted Service of the East India Company, receiving their appointments direct from Government, will be granted by the Government only under which office is held, on application made publicly through the regular channel in the Department to which the Applicant may belong; but in respect of all other Officers, it will be optional with the Local Governments to delegate to heads of Offices or departments, power to act upon the Rules without special reference to higher authority.

Section II. Absence without leave will render the absentee liable to loss of appointment, and will be attended with entire forfeiture of salary for the whole period of such absence.

Section III. No leave of absence shall have any retrospective effect, except in cases of severe illness to be attested by Medical Certificate conforming in every respect to the directions contained in Section IV.

CHAPTER II.

Rules for Sick Leave.

Section IV. When an application for leave of absence is made on the ground of ill health, it must be accompanied by a statement of the case from the Medical man by whom the Applicant has been attended, distinctly stating from personal observation, the nature of the disease, the symptoms by which it is manifested, the causes by which it has been probably produced, and the period during which it has existed so far as the knowledge of the Medical Officer extends; and by a certificate from the Chief Medical Officer of the station or district, or if at a Presidency Town, from a Presidency or other Official Surgeon certifying after careful personal investigation, the necessity for temporary removal, and the period for which absence is, to the best of his judgment, absolutely requisite for restoration to health. If the requisite leave be for a longer period than six months, the certificate must in the first instance be countersigned by the Superintending Surgeon of the division in which the applicant may be located; and in cases of leave beyond Sea, be afterwards submitted, with the statement of the case, for the consideration and countersignature of the Members of the Medical Board.

The certificate shall be given in the following form:—

I, A. B., Surgeon at or of——do hereby certify that E. F. (here enter designation of office) is in a bad state of health, and I solemnly and sincerely declare that according to the best of my judgment, a change of air is essentially necessary to his recovery; and that the circumstances of his case are such as to render leave of absence for the period of——absolutely necessary (or highly desirable.)

The following form shall be observed by the Superintending Surgeon and Members of the Medical Board in countersigning the certificate:—

I (or we) do hereby certify that according to the best of my (or our) professional judgment, after careful consideration of his case, I (or we) believe the state of health of E. F. to be such as to render leave of absence for a period of——absolutely necessary (or highly desirable) for his recovery.

An application for extension of leave must, if the Applicant be in India, be accompanied by a certificate to a like effect from the Medical Officer by whom the Applicant is attended, together with a statement showing sufficient reason for the extension solicited; and such certificate must be countersigned by the Members of the Medical Board, or by the Superintending Surgeon of the division in which the Applicant may be located. In like manner, if the Applicant shall have proceeded beyond the Territories under the Government of the East India Company, he must furnish a certificate and statement to the required effect from a Surgeon or Physician, at the place of his temporary residence, by whom he has been attended; such attendance and the period of it to be stated, and the certificate to be countersigned by the Examining Physician of the East India Company if the Absentee is in Europe, or by the principal Medical Authority of the Colony or country to which the Absentee may have proceeded; or some sufficient reason stated for the want of such countersignature if not produced.

The Officer countersigning must either personally examine the Applicant, or state some sufficient reason why he has been unable to do so, when any of the required particulars are neglected, leave will be refused.

Section V. Leave of absence will be granted under the following limitations to Servants who may be declared by a sufficient Medical certificate to require leave for the restoration of their health:—

1. The limit to leave on Medical certificate is fixed at three years during the entire period of service, of which not more than two years may be continuous and two years only will be permitted to reckon as service qualifying for Pension.

2. Leave of absence on Medical certificate will not be granted for a longer period than twelve months at any one time, which may however be extended if necessary under renewed Medical certificate, for periods not exceeding six months within the limit of two years continuously. After a continuous absence of two years on Medical certificate, an interval of two years shall elapse before further leave on that account is granted.

3. During one year of the entire period of absence under this Rule, the Absentee will be subjected to a deduction of one half, and during the remainder to a deduction of two-thirds of his allowances, provided however that he shall in no case draw a larger sum than Rupees 6,000 (£600) per annum.

4. In cases of extreme urgency, the Heads of Offices are authorized to grant leave of absence on Medical certificate to the extent of one month, provided the same be immediately reported for the sanction of Government.

CHAPTER III.

Rules for Leave on Private Affairs.

Section VI. Leave of absence may be granted for one month in each year, or, to Judicial Officers, during the authorized closing of the Civil Courts, without deduction from salary.

Section VII. In addition to the above, and on sufficient cause being shewn, leave of absence may be granted on private affairs for not more than six months, one half the Absentee's salary being deducted for such period of absence, provided the rate of Rupees 6,000 (£600) per annum be not exceeded.

Clause 2. The leave granted under this Section will be computed from the date of the Absentee's quitting his post to the date of his return thereto. A second leave of the same description cannot be taken till the expiration of six years from the date of return to duty from a former leave. No portion of the salary allowed to be drawn will be claimable till the Absentee shall have returned to his duty.

Clause 3. Leave taken under this and the preceding Section will reckon as service qualifying for Pension.

Section VIII. In addition to the leave which may be granted under the preceding Rules on Medical certificate or private affairs, Government may at any time under special circumstances and at its discretion, grant leave of absence once during the period of service not exceeding twelve

months on private affairs, without forfeiture of appointment, but without pay; such period of absence not to count as service towards Pension.

Section. IX. No leave of absence on private affairs shall be claimable by any party whatever under these Rules as a matter of right; such leave will be granted only at the pleasure of the Government or its authorized Officers when the concession of the indulgence in no way interferes with the interests of the Public Service, and it shall be the duty of the Government in every instance (except in the case of leave granted under Section VI) to consider and determine whether the grounds of the application are sufficiently urgent to justify the concession of the leave.

Section X.—Parties who may desire to draw their allowances while absent on leave, will be required to give security in such amount and form, as may be fixed by Government for the refund of any excess that may be drawn in case of their coming under retrenchment.

CHAPTER IV.

Rules for Allowances, &c.

Section XI.—No person appointed to a situation under the Government shall draw the salary of his appointment for any period prior to the date of his joining it.

Section XII.—An Officer holding a situation, appointed to one of equal or higher value, will until he joins, draw so much of the salary of his new Office as may be equal to the salary of his former situation; provided he does not exceed the time allowed for joining under the following Rules; should he do so, no salary will be passed to him for such period in excess.

Section XIII.—The time ordinarily allowed for joining an appointment is to be calculated at the rate of fifteen miles a day (Sundays excepted) together with a week to prepare for the journey; but on occasions of emergency, it will be optional with the Government to prescribe the period within which any journey is to be performed.

Section XIV.—A person officiating temporarily in any situation, will draw so much of the salary of such situation as may equal the sum deducted on account of absence from the real incumbent, and the substantive allowances of every Officer temporarily acting in a situation of superior emolument, will be subject to deduction at the same rate; *but no additional expense is on any account to be incurred by the absence of any Officer on leave.*

By Order of the Most Noble the Governor General in Council.

C. HUGH LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 10.

Notification.—It is hereby notified for general information that no application for the payment of arrears of Pension due to deceased Pensioners of the Uncovenanted Service will be attended to, unless made within six months from the date of the Pensioner's demise.

C. HUGH LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 517.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Appointments.—The 18th February 1856.—Mr. E. T. Trevor, Collector and Salt Agent of the 24-Pergunnahs, to be also Collector of Calcutta, but to continue to officiate until further orders as Junior Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

Mr. F. A. Lushington, officiating Collector and Salt Agent of the 24-Pergunnahs, to officiate also as Collector of Calcutta.

Mr. F. A. Lushington to be Collector of Nuddea, but to continue to officiate until further orders as Collector and Salt Agent of the 24-Pergunnahs and Collector of Calcutta.

The above appointments will take effect from the 10th instant.

The 19th February 1856.—Lieutenant A. K. Comber to officiate as a Junior Assistant to the Commissioner of Assam.

The 21st February 1856.—Mr. J. H. Mangles to officiate as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Baraset.

Mr. A. J. Hay to have charge of the Sub-Division of Govindpore, and to exercise the powers of an Assistant to a Magistrate described in Clause 3, Section 2, Regulation III. of 1821, and the powers of an Assistant Collector, described in Section 21, Regulation VIII. of 1831, in the District of Maunbhoom.

Mr. A. E. Russell to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Bhangulpore.

Mr. A. V. Palmer to officiate until further orders as Magistrate of Tirhoot.

Mr. H. Doveton, Deputy Magistrate, to the charge of the Sub-Division of Buheera, and to exercise the powers of a Magistrate in the District of Tirhoot.

Mr. H. B. Simson to have charge temporarily of the Sub-Division of Buheera, until the arrival of Mr. Doveton.

Leave of Absence.—The 16th February 1856.—Captain H. Hopkinson, Commissioner of Arracan, for one month, under the Rules passed in the Military Department on the 20th of March 1851, making over charge of his Office to the Principal Assistant, Captain C. Sharp.

The 19th February 1856.—Mr. R. J. Loughnan, Judge of Shahabad, for fifteen months, on Medical certificate, under Section VI. of the new revised Absentee Rules.

The 21st February 1856.—The Hon'ble A. Eden, Deputy Commissioner of the Sonthal Pergunnahs, for six months on Medical certificate, under Section VI. of the new revised Absentee Rules.

Notification.—The 20th February 1856.—The services of Assistant Surgeon T. G. Heathcote are placed at the disposal of the Government of India Military Department.

The receipt of the following further Subscription to the "Wellington Endowment Fund" is acknowledged:—

Mr. P. C. Trench, ...Rupees 100 0 0

W. GREY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 1101 of 1856.

Revenue Department,

Agra, the 16th February 1856.

Mr. Lesley Charles Probyn is vested with the powers of a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, pending the result of the ensuing examination.

No. 1105 of 1856.

The services of Captain J. B. Dennys, in charge of the Survey of Jawud Neemuch, are re-placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

W. MUIR,

Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

General Orders by the Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council.

Fort William, 21st February 1856.

No. 286 *of* 1856.—The following Notifications, from the Foreign Department, are published in General Orders :—

"*No.* 1007, *dated 15th February* 1856.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments, with retrospective effect, from the dates severally noted."

"Lieutenant E. J. Spilsbury, Assistant Magistrate at Rangoon, to be Assistant Commissioner, stationed at Henzada, from the 24th July 1854."

"*No.* 1009, *dated 15th February* 1856.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Major R. G. Taylor to be a Deputy Commissioner of the 2nd Class in the Punjab."

"*No.* 1010, *dated 15th February* 1856.—Captain J. Chambers, 21st Regiment Native Infantry, to be Cantonment Joint Magistrate at Sealkote."

"*No.* 1011, *dated 15th February* 1856.—Colonel F. H. Sandys, Political Agent at Mehidpore, has obtained leave of absence for one month, from the 18th instant, to visit Bombay, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe."

No. 287 *of* 1856.—The following Notification, from the Public Works Department, is published in General Orders :—

No. 30, *dated 14th February* 1856.—*Appointment.*—The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Major J. A. Weller, of Engineers, Commandant of the Sappers and Miners, to officiate as Superintending Engineer, 1st Circle, Lower Provinces, during the absence on leave of Major W. Abercrombie, or until further orders.

No. 288 *of* 1856.—The following Notification, issued by the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor North-Western Provinces, is published in General Orders :—

No. 912, *dated 12th February* 1856.—*Leave of Absence.*—Captain W. E. Morton, Superintendent Eastern Jumna Canal, for one month, from the 1st proximo, to proceed to Calcutta, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe, on Medical certificate.

No. 289 *of* 1856.—The following Order issued by the Resident at Hyderabad is confirmed :—

No. 20, *dated 8th February* 1856.—The Division Order by Major Orr, Commanding Northern Division, dated Mominabad, 3rd February 1856, assuming command of the Northern Division from that date, is confirmed.

No. 290 *of* 1856.—Captain Norman William Mainwaring, of the 73rd Regiment Native Infantry, is permitted to proceed to the Cape of Good Hope, on Medical certificate, and to be absent from Bengal on that account, for two years, under the old Regulations.

No. 291 *of* 1856.—Captain Percival Robert Innes, of the Right Wing of the 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, having been declared incapable of performing the active duties of his profession, is, at his own request, transferred to the Invalid Establishment, from the 1st instant, his application having been received at Army Head Quarters previous to the promulgation of Government General Order No. 235, of the 12th instant.

Fort William, 22nd February 1856.

No. 292 *of* 1856.—Captain Joseph Bleaymire, of the 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, is permitted to proceed to Sea (Australia and New Zealand) on Medical certificate, and to be absent from Bengal on that account, for twelve months, under the old Regulations.

No. 293 *of* 1856.—The leave of absence for one month to visit Calcutta and Madras, granted to Captain G. H. Saxton, of the 38th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, in charge of the Ganjam Topographical Survey, in Government General Order No. 30, of the 7th January 1856, is extended to two months from the date he may quit Cuttack.

No. 294 *of* 1856.—The services of Assistant Surgeon G. K. Poole are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 295 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence on Sick certificate. :—

First Lieutenant Hamilton Maxwell, of the 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, officiating Executive Officer, Meeaday Division, Department Public Works.	For fifteen months, under the new Rules.

No. 296 *of* 1856.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe, on furlough, on private affairs :—

Captain Samuel James Browne, of the 46th Regiment Native Infantry, Commandant of the 2nd Punjaub Cavalry, ...	For six months under the new Regulations, embarking at Bombay.
Captain Wredenhall Queiros Pogson, of the 43rd Regiment Light Infantry,.....	For three years each, under the old Regulations.
Lieutenant George James Johnston, of the 28th Regiment Native Infantry,.....	

R. J. H. BIRCH, *Colonel,*

Secy. to the Govt. of India, in the Mily. Dept.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Third Sale of Opium, the Provision of 1854-55, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 10th March 1856, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,460 Chests, *viz.* :—

Behar Opium, ...	2,440
Benares Ditto, ...	1,020
Total Chests,	3,460

2nd. The general Conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 11th December 1855, and published in the *Calcutta* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3rd. The latest dates for Deposit and Clearance will be the 15th and 25th March 1856, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities, that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the Sale, will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 15th March 1856, and no Treasury Receipts, in full payment of Lots, will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 25th March 1856.

4th. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities,* more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below; the Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so :—

	Chests.
* Behar Opium of 1854-55,	21,498
Benares do. of do.,	9,170
Behar do. of 1853-54, (re-manufactured,) ..	460
Chests,	31,128

	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 14th April 1856, ..	2,440	1,020	3,460
On or about Friday, 9th May 1856, ..	2,440	1,020	3,460
On or about Monday, 9th June 1856, ..	2,440	1,020	3,460
On or about Thursday, 10th July 1856, ...	2,440	1,020	3,460
On or about Monday, 11th August 1856, ..	2,440	1,020	3,460
On or about Wednesday, 10th September 1856, ..	2,440	1,020	3,460
On or about Friday, 10th October 1856, ..	2,440	1,020	3,460
On or about Monday, 10th November 1856, ..	2,440	1,020	3,460
On or about Monday, 8th December 1856, ..	2,438	1,010	3,448
Total, ..	21,958	9,170	31,128

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM
20th February 1856.

No. 15.

Notification.

BABOO MOHESCHUNDER BOROAH, Uncovenated Deputy Collector received charge of the Kamroop Treasury on the 6th instant.

G. G. MACKINTOSH,
Accountant to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM;
Office of Acct. to the Govt. of Bengal,
The 22nd February 1856.

Notice.

THE General Treasury will be closed on Wednesday the 5th and Thursday the 6th proximo, on account of the Hindoo Holidays, Seebo Rattree.

J. I. HARVEY,
Sub-Treasurer.

GENERAL TREASURY,
The 22nd February 1856.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an Examination will be held on Monday, the 25th February 1856, for the purpose of testing the acquirements of Candidates for Certificates of Qualification as Regimental Moonshees, and as Teachers of the unpassed Civil Servants, according to General Orders by the President of the Council of India dated 9th October 1850, and the Government Notification dated the 24th January 1854, respectively.

Candidates are requested to send in their applications, stating the language or languages to be passed in, on or before the 23rd proximo.

WM. N. LEES,
Secy. to the Board of Examiners.

Fort William,
The 9th February 1856.

N. B.—The Board's Office has been removed to No. 1, Little Russell Street.

حسب حکم جنرل آرڈر مورخهٔ نهم اکتوبر سنه ۱۸۵۰ ع وحسب حکم گورمنت مورخهٔ بست و چهارم جنوري سنه ۱۸۵۴ ع اشتهار دادهٔ مي‌شود که تاریخ امتحان منشیان امتحان دهندگان براي عهدهٔ منشیگري پلٹن وبراي تدریس صاحبان اهل قلم در فورٹ ولیم کالج بست وپنجم ۲۵ فبروري روز دوشنبه سنه حال مقرر گردیدهٔ است هرکرا امتحان دادن منظور باشد باید که تا بست وسوم ۲۳ این‌ماه قطعهٔ درخواست بقید زبان یعني در کدام کدام زبان امتحان خواهند داد نوشته نزه سکریٹري بورڈ آف اکزامنرس بگذرانند ٭

تحریري التاریخ نهم ۹ ماه‌فبروري سنه ۱۸۵۶ عیسوی

WM. N. LEES,
Secy. to the Board of Examiners.

و واضح باد که‌دفترخانه بورڈ آف اکزامنرس در لیٹل رسل اسٹریٹ چورنگي است

NOTICE.—Mean Time was this day shown to the Shipping in the River, from the Semaphore Tower in the Fort, three quarters of a second (¾s.) after Mean Noon.

Fort William,
16th February 1856.

NOTICE.—Mean Time was this day shown to the Shipping in the River, from the Semaphore Tower in the Fort, half a second (½s.) before Mean Noon.

C. S. REID, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Officiating Town Major.

Fort William,
18th February 1856.

Sheriff's Office, the 6th February 1856.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of *Oyer* and *Terminer* and Gaol Delivery, and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Saturday, the First day of March next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

J. H. FERGUSSON,
Sheriff.

শরিফ আফিস ৬ ফিবরুয়ারি ১৮৫৬ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামী ১ মার্চ ১৮৫৬ সাল শনিবার দুই পুহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফোর্ট উইলেমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্তে বঙ্গদেশের ফোর্ট উইলএমের শুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেল্‌টী অর্থাৎ মহাসমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মকদ্দমা নিস্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশীয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান জতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘন্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখুন।

J. H. FERGUSSON,
Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to a Decretal Order of this Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, bearing date the 29th day of November 1855, made in a certain Cause, wherein Aushootosh Day, Sreemutty Nemoymoney Dossee and Sreemutty Satoomoney Dossee, Executor and Executrixes of the last Will and Testament of Promothonauth Day, who was the sole Executor of the last Will and Testament of Kistonundo Biswas, deceased, Complainants, and Sreemutty Rajcoomaree Dossee, Sreemutty Bamasoondery Dossee, widows, heiresses, and legal Representatives, of the said Kistonundo Biswas and Dwarkanauth Ghose, a Creditor of the said Kistonundo Biswas, Defendants, with the approbation of the Master of the said Court at his Office in the Court House, some time in the month of April next, of which notice will hereafter be given, the following properties, that is to say, half share of Pergunnah Aunurpore, in the Zillah of Twenty-four Pergunnahs; half part or share of Mehal Madrasah, in the Zillah aforesaid; Talook Sreebattee, in the said Zillah aforesaid; Talook Pultah, in the Zillah aforesaid; Talook Hattearah, in the Zillah aforesaid; three Dwelling Houses, situate at Shoba-bazar, in Durmahutta, in the Town of Calcutta; a house in Nundoram Sein's street, also in Calcutta, a Family Dwelling House, at Khurdah, in the Twenty-four Pergunnahs; half part or share of the Place of Worship and Ghaut, at Khurdah, also in the Twenty four Pergunnahs; two thousand and two hundred biggahs of Debutter Land, situate at the Pergunnah of Aunurpore in the said Zillah of Twenty-four Pergunnahs; an Indigo Factory situate at Jogerah in the said Zillah of Twenty-four Pergunnahs; an Indigo Factory, at Modoomooralee, in the said Zillah of Twenty-four Pergunnahs, together with a Khatcharee Battee Talook Battah in the Zillah of Bhoolooah Talook, Sagurdee, also in Zillah Bhoolooah and Talook Kistocaunt Bottaup, also in Zillah Bhoolooah; further particulars may be had at the Master's Office, Supreme Court, or of Mr. Henry Swinhoe, Attorney for the Complainants.

W. MACPHERSON,
Master.

Denman, Hatch and Davis, *Attorneys.*

CALCUTTA;
Supreme Court, Master's Office,
The 16th February 1856.

In the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE.

Aushootosh Day, &c.,
versus
Rajcoomary Dossee &c.,

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Monday, the 10th day of March, 1856, at one o'clock in the afternoon, Charles Swinton Hogg, Esquire, the Receiver of the Supreme Court, will put up at his Office, for Lease, the following Zemindaries, &c., belonging to the Estate of Kistwonondo, Biswas, deceased, upon such terms and conditions, and upon such security as he may think fit; that is to say:—

In 24-Pergunnahs, within the District of the Joint Magistrate of Baraset.

The following Dhees and Mouzahs of eight annas' share of Pergunnah Aunorpore, No. 146, *viz:*—

Dhee Baloorea, Dhee Kootulsahe, Dhee Kistopore, Dhee Kallikapore, Dhee Bocondo, Dhee Basdebpore, Dhee Bodye, Dhee Chore Kharah, Dhee Barooa and Dhee Sahayrah; and Mouzahs, Tol Dhathea, Panybarrah Bayhary, and Bonomallypore, with Katchary Bauteis, Hauts, Bazars, Sawyers' Ghauts, Tanks, Gardens, Shops, Factories, (Save Modo Morrally Factory,) and all other profits and appertenances to the said eight annas' share of the said Dhees and Mouzahs.

Debotra resumed permanently-settled Mehal, called Kismut Madhubpore, &c., No. 1178, with Katchary Bauties, Hauts, Factories, &c., &c., as stated above.

An Indigo Factory, called Moddoo Morrary Factory, situate in Pergunnah Aunorpore, in the Zillah of the 24-Pergunnahs, with a Tank attached to it.

In 24-Pergunnahs, within the District of the Magistrate of 24-Pergunnahs.

The following Turuffs, Mouzah and Kismut, of the eight annas' share of Mohel Modrosa, No. 145, *viz*:—

Turuffs Jangra, Panchooria, Haltoo, Kodalia, and Hautgatcha, Mouzah Bone Hooghly, and Kismut Khordah, with Katchary Bauties, Bazars Hauts, &c., &c., as stated above.

The following Turuffs, Mouzah and Kismut, of the Zemindaries No. 147, of eight annas' share of Bawotah, known by the name of Sree Bautie, in Pergunnah Calcutta, *viz*., Turuffs Byrampore, Mowsool and Rogoonothpore, and Mouzah Doorgabatty, and Kismut Kherdah, with Katchary Bauties, Hauts, Garden, &c., &c., as stated above.

The following Turuffs, Mouzahs, and Kismuts of the Zemindaries No. 169, called Hautiarah, *viz*. Turuffs Neez Hautiarah, and Khorumba, and Mouzahs Borakhollah Anharampore, Gantee, and Rygatchee, &c., and Kismuts Santgatchee, Donorot, and Chapna, with Katchary Bauties, Hauts, Bazars, Gardens, &c. &c., as stated above.

Within Sawhabaw Bangeecha, Turuff Polta, &c., permanently-settled Mohal No. 1., with Hauts, Bazars, Garden, &c. &c., as stated above.

Two Lease hold Mohels No. 1072 and 1074, called Chondy Barry, and Taj Gharry, with Katchary Bauties, Hauts, Bazars, &c., as stated above.

One fifth of one anna and three pies share of the Zemindary of late Gocool Chunder Gossain, No. 217, called Kismut Khardah, with Katchary Bauties, Hauts, Bazars, &., as stated above.

For further particulars apply at the Receiver's Office, Supreme Court.

W. MACPHERSON,
Master.

Receiver's Office, Court House,
The 21st February 1856.

Notice.

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to a Decree of the Supreme Court at Fort William, dated the 19th day of February 1855, in an Equity Suit, wherein Joychunder Paul Chowdry is Complainant and Kistnokissore Neoghy and others are Defendants by Original Bill, and John Cochrane, Esq., Assignee of Joychunder Paul Chowdry, an Insolvent, is Complainant, and Kistnokissore Neoghy and others are Defendants, by order, to revive, and John Cochrane, Esquire, Assignee of Joychunder Paul Chowdry is Complainant, and Robert Fergusson Ross is Defendant by Supplemental Bill, with the approbation of the Master, at his Office in the Court-House, on an early day, of which Notice will be given, the following lands zemindaries, and premises, *viz*:—

1. An undivided moiety of all that parcel of land, situate at Sootanooty, in Calcutta, containing by admeasurement eleven Cottahs and eight Chittacks more or less.

2. One undivided moiety of the talook or zemindary called Dhee Bagant, situate in Pergunnah Santore, in the District of Jessore.

3. One other undivided moiety in the said talook or zemindary Dhee Bagant, held in Puttooneah from Nilcomul Paul Chowdry, in the name of Sonatun Coondoo, in trust for Joychunder Paul Chowdry.

4. One undivided fourth part or share in all that talook or zemindary called Pergunnah Datteah Hossainpore Bagmarah Magoorah, Gholah and Mooragacha, situate in the Zillah of Jessore.

5. One undivided fourth part or share in all that talook or zemindary called Turruff Sidhapassah, situate in the Zillah of Jessore aforesaid.

6. One undivided fourth part or share in all the talook or zemindary called Mouzah Bistnopore, situate in the Zillah of Jessore.

Further particulars may be had at the Office of the Master, or at the Office of Mr. Henry Swinhoe, Attorney-at-law.

W. MACPHERSON,
Master.

H. SWINHOE, *Attorney.*

CALCUTTA;
Supreme Court, Master's Office,
The 19th February 1856.

Estate of Colville, Gilmore and Co.

Statement from 1st November to 31st January 1856.

				Co's Rs.	A.	P.
Amount realized,			...	7,28,895	9	7
Payments.	Co.'s Rs.	A.	P.			
Dividends,	1,84,486	15	8			
Other payments,	5,17,459	9	0	7,01,946	8	8
Balance, Co.'s Rs.,...				26,949	0	11

	Co.'s Rs.	A.	P.
In the Bank of Bengal. ...	16,587	6	5
Company's Paper purchased,	10,460	0	0
	27,047	6	5
Deduct Amount advanced by the Assignee for Current Expenses, ...	98	5	6
Co.'s Rs....	26,949	0	11

Of which Co.'s Rs. 13,817-13-7 is on Dividend Account.

A further sum of about 20,000 Rs. is expected to be realized on account of the Estate.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Official Assignee.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of John Bodry, of Waterloo Street, in Calcutta, an Assistant to E. Pigot's Hotel, carried on under the firm of Bodry's Hotel, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 9th day of February instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent should be heard, on Saturday, the 5th day of April next, and that the said Insolvent should then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Samuel Henderson Scott, of No. 10, Weston's Lane, in Calcutta, formerly carrying on trade and business of Printer and Book-binder at the same place, under the name and style of Scott and Co., but now the Manager of the business of the said firm of Scott and Co., an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 9th day of February instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent should be heard on Saturday, the 5th day of April next, and that the said Insolvent should then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Paul, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 18th February 1856.

In the matter of Thomas Ley Lewsey, of Dhurrumtollah in Calcutta, late Chief Officer of the Ganges Steam Navigation Company's Steamer "Chunar," but at present out of employ, an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Friday, the 29th day of February instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent, desirous "of opposing such application, must appear before the "said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

W. H. and H. H. Poe, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of George Macallan Gow Smith, of Ramnaghur Factory, in the District of Jessore, but at present of the Town of Calcutta, carrying on the trade or business of an Indigo Planter, an Insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Friday, the 29th day of February instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place "aforesaid.*"

Molloy and Mackintosh, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 22nd February 1856.

For Dacca and Assam.

NOTICE is hereby given, that from the 1st of March next, a Steamer, with a Flat in tow, will be despatched from Calcutta to Assam on the following dates, *viz.*, 1st and 20th of March, 10th of April, 1st and 20th of May, 10th of June, 1st and 19th of July.

For Freight and Passage, apply at the Government Boat Office.

By order of the Superintendent of Marine,

J. WOODLEY,

Clerk of the Govt. Boat Office.

5th February 1856.

Report showing the smallest Depth of Water in the Bhaugiruttee, Jellinghee, and Matabangah Rivers on the 15th February 1856.

Names of Rivers.	*Smallest Depth of Water.*		*Where Shallowest.*
Bhaugiruttee River.	*F.*	*I.*	
At its entrance, ...	0	2½	
Below the entrance,...	0	3	
From thence to Jungypore, ...	0	3	At Geereeah.
From Jungypore to Sadduckbaugh, ..	1	1	„ Dustoorhaut.
From Sadduckbaugh to Berhampore, ...	1	6	„ Berhampore.
From Berhampore to Cutwa, ...	1	5	„ Beedooparrah.
And from Cutwa to Nuddea, ...	1	10	„ Chackoondeeah.
Jellinghee River.			
At its entrance, ..	0	0	Closed.
From thence to Bausemarree, ...	0	0	
From Bausemarree to Teeahkattah,			
From Teeahkattah to Sonatullah,...			
And from Sonatullah to Moisgunge,			
*Matabangah River.**			
At its entrance, ...	3	6	
From thence to Haut Boleah, ...	2	7	At Poalberriah.
	2	3	„ Malleeparrah.
	2	3	„ Akubpore.
From Haut Boleah to Katchikattah, ...	3	6	„ Boleah Entrance.
	2	4	Below Dassparrah.
	2	6	„ Kattabangah.
	2	9	„ Moispore.
	2	6	„ Asmancolly.
	2	6	„ Bunderbhittah.
	2	6	„ Onoopnugghur.
	2	8	Above Katchikattah.
From Katchikattah to Kishengunge,	2	6	At Neemtullah.
	2	2	„ Khoodeeahcolly.
	2	9	„ Boalmarree.
	2	9	Above Howlee.
	2	4	„ Jeerat.
	2	6	„ Tahldah.
And from Kishengunge to Seebpore,	2	9	„ Gois.

Height of water on Gauge at Berhampore, on the 15th February 1856, + 0 Foot 2¾ Inches.

J. LANG,

Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.

Kishnaghur,
21st February 1856.

* Since last Report, the channel of this river, at Poalberriah has been deepened by the construction of Bandahls and by Kodalies from 2' to 4" to 2' 7", at Boleah entrance from 2' 10", to 3' 6", above Katchikattah from 2' 2", to 2' 8", at Neemtullah from 2' to 6", and at Boalmarree from 2' 2", to 2' 9".